# ATTACHMENT A CITY OF **STOCKTON** FY 2022-23 ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Stockton, California

## **CITY OF STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA**

## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

## WITH REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BY INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by: Administrative Services Department

> Kimberly Trammel Chief Financial Officer



## City of Stockton Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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March 13, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, Audit Committee and the Citizens of the City of Stockton, California

The Stockton City Charter, federal grant regulations, and agreements with investors require the City of Stockton, California ("City") to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and audited by a firm of licensed, certified public accountants. Under those requirements, we respectfully submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") of the City of Stockton for the fiscal year ("FY") ended June 30, 2023.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge, the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; and is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. This report contains all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to fully understand the City's financial affairs.

An overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year is discussed in detail in the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") section of the ACFR.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Stockton is located in the center of California's San Joaquin Valley and is the seat of San Joaquin County. Stockton is located about 80 miles east of the San Francisco Bay Area and 40 miles south of Sacramento, California's Capitol.

One of the oldest cities in the State of California, Stockton was founded in 1849 and incorporated in 1850. In 1888, the voters approved Stockton's first local Charter, which was ratified by the State Legislature in 1889. The current Charter was approved by the voters in November 1922 and became effective in 1923. This Charter changed the City from a commission form of government to the current City Council-City Manager form of government. Under the Council-Manager form of government, the City Council has policy-making and legislative authority. Representatives from six districts are chosen by district election, with the Mayor being chosen by citywide election, for staggered four-year terms, with a two-term limit. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the City Council's policies and ordinances, appointing department heads, and overseeing the City's operations. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, City Auditor, and City Clerk.

The City Charter has been amended many times since 1922, with the most recent amendments approved by voters in November 2016. Those amendments eliminated city-wide voting for Council districts, modified the Mayor's compensation, powers, and duties, and made several changes related to budget and fiscal affairs.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, community development, economic development, affordable housing, public works and street maintenance, parks, recreational

services, libraries, and water, wastewater, and stormwater utilities. The City serves approximately 55% of water accounts in the City while the California Water Service Company, an investor-owned company, provides water service to 42%, and San Joaquin County provides water service to the remaining 3%.

This report includes the Stockton Public Financing Authority's financial activity, a separate legal entity controlled by the City. The City reports the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Stockton's financial statements as a private-purpose trust fund in these financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt an annual budget following a public hearing to review the proposed annual budget. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City prepares the budget by fund, function, and department, e.g., Police. Department heads may transfer budget appropriations within a department as they see fit. Transfers between General Fund departments, however, need City Council approval. Outside the General Fund, the City Manager has the authority to transfer budget appropriations at the fund level.

## THE LOCAL ECONOMY

The City encompasses nearly 65 square miles, is surrounded by the San Joaquin Valley's fertile lands and is home to the furthest inland deep-water seaport in California. The City has a well-diversified economic base that has evolved from its agricultural roots to become a regional center for commerce, including the second-largest transportation and logistics hub in the United States. In addition to the Port of Stockton, the City is equipped with a regional airport, a Burlington Northern Santa Fe intermodal facility, and interstate freeways. The University of the Pacific, California State University-Stanislaus-Stockton campus, Humphries College, and San Joaquin Delta Community College are all located in Stockton. Four school districts serve K-12 students within City limits.

In January 2023, Stockton's population was 319,731, according to the California Department of Finance, which represents a 0.7% decrease compared to last year's population of 321,911. The California Department of Finance also projects the San Joaquin County population will continue to increase at a rate of approximately 0.8% for the next several years. As the 11th largest city in California, Stockton is comparable in size to other cities such as Lexington, Corpus Christi, Irvine, and Orlando.

According to the California Employment Development Department, the unemployment rate in Stockton has increased by approximately 20.8% from July 1, 2022 to July 1,2023, from 5.7% to 7.2%. Per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the national unemployment rate remained unchanged at 3.5% for the same period.

As of June 2023, the median price for a detached single-family home in Stockton was approximately \$435,750 which is a decrease of 4.2% compared to the previous year of \$455,000 reflecting a leveling off in prices after almost ten years of growth.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION HIGHLIGHTS

Financial results for the year compare favorably with budget estimates in most areas of the City's operations. For the General Fund, financial results for the year were better than estimated. Expenditures (including encumbrances and carryovers and other uses of funds) came to 6.2% under budget. Revenues (including other sources of funds) were 12.7% above budget estimates. As a result, the General Fund balance on June 30, 2023 was \$212.4 million and \$201.9 million excluding related funds. The Working Capital operating reserve of \$48.3 million comprises most of the unassigned funds (\$48.5 million). City Council designated reserves in the committed balance total \$78.8 million (known contingencies reserves of \$68.0 million and risk-based reserve categories of \$10.8 million). Another \$53.0 million is committed for capital projects, priority projects, external obligations, and encumbered contracts. The remaining balance of \$21.5 million is allocated for new one-time Council priority projects.

The City Council has a reserve policy that calls for the City to maintain a 17% operating reserve and establishes additional reserves for known contingencies, unforeseen revenue changes, infrastructure failures, and catastrophic events. Additionally, the policy sets an automatic process to deposit one-time revenue increases and expenditure

savings into the reserves. These policies are consistent with the Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) best practice recommendations and Governmental Accounting and Standards Board (GASB) guidance.

The Statement of Net Position (revenues and sources of funds less expenses and uses of funds) for the City is approximately \$1.9 billion. The City's net position is roughly \$99.6 million higher, or 5.6%, than the prior fiscal year, with most of the growth in Governmental Activities.

#### The City's Long-Range Financial Plan

The City maintains a comprehensive and detailed 20-year Long-Range Financial Plan ("L-RFP"), which provides a long-term forecast for the City's General Fund and other funds' impacts on the General Fund. The L-RFP is a vital tool and reflects the City's commitment to fiscal health and sustainability. This financial model is used to evaluate the immediate impact of budgetary decisions and the ongoing costs of those decisions over multiple years. The L-RFP was developed as part of the City's bankruptcy exit plan, or Plan of Adjustment, which included certain assumptions and agreements reached with creditors. Since its development, the L-RFP has become a dynamic tool that is updated based on current revenue and expenditure trends. Though the individual variables and assumptions may change over time, the L-RFP provides a consistent model to forecast the City's fiscal position.

#### A summary of the L-RFP is available in the City's Annual Budget: https://www.stocktonca.gov/government/budget\_\_\_\_financial\_reports/index.php

For a more detailed analysis of the financial performance of the City, refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis sections titled Financial Analysis of the City's Funds and General Fund Budgetary Highlights.

#### The City's Irrevocable Post-Employment Benefits Trust

On November 7, 2017, the City created an irrevocable post-employment benefits trust program, also known as an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust (Trust). This Trust is designed to pre-fund pension costs and to offset GASB 68 net pension liabilities. The ending balance in the trust as of June 30, 2023 was \$81.5 million (\$73.9 million General Fund). The Trust allows the City to set aside funds through a tax-exempt funding mechanism to mitigate long-term contribution rate volatility. The Trust will enable the City to control the assets and when the City utilizes them. Also, the statutory investment restrictions that apply to the City's investment portfolio do not apply to assets held in a post-employment benefits trust. The City will strive to accrue an amount in the Trust sufficient to fund annual CalPERS costs during economic downturns or other periods when annual revenues are forecast to be insufficient.

#### Access to the Financial Markets

The City has no long-term bonds backed by the General Fund. The last rating actions on the City's General Fundbacked debt was a Standard & Poor upgrade to "BB", with a continuing positive outlook in August 2018. In April 2019, Moody's issued an upgrade for the City's General Fund of "A3", from "Baa1". The City's Wastewater utility maintained ratings of "A" by Standard & Poor's and "A+" by Fitch. In 2023, both Standard & Poor's and Fitch re-affirmed the City's Water debt ratings of "A" and "AA-", respectively. The Parking Revenue Bonds are currently rated at BBB- after revenues declined during the COVID pandemic shutdowns.

The City does not anticipate issuing any bonds backed by the General Fund. However, the City does plan on incurring additional debt through various funding sources over the next several years to upgrade its wastewater facilities, including the renovation of the Regional Wastewater Control Facility (RWCF). The City is in the process of completing a \$46.8 million draw on a low-interest loan through the California Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) program and anticipates receipt of funds in spring 2024.

In addition, there may also be a need to issue land-based debt to support residential and industrial/commercial development.

## **RESERVE POLICIES**

The City's General Fund reserve policy calls for the City to maintain a 17% operating reserve (approximately two months of expenditures) and establishes additional reserves for known contingencies, unforeseen revenue changes, infrastructure failures, and catastrophic events. The known contingencies include amounts to address staff recruitment and retention, prefund future CalPERS costs, and replace aging infrastructure and systems. The City's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$611.0 million at the close of June 30, 2023, an increase of \$3.9 million compared with the prior fiscal year. The General Fund balance in this report, as of June 30, 2023, was \$212.4 million without encumbrances. Included in this fund balance and under the guidance of the Reserve and Fund Balance Policy – General Fund (excluding related funds), Council took action to fully fund the priority one working capital reserve at \$48.3 million, partially fund known contingency reserves at \$68.0 million, and maintain the risk-based reserves to \$10.8 million.

The policy establishes an automatic process to deposit one-time revenue increases and expenditure savings into the reserves. These policies are consistent with GFOA's best practice recommendations and GASB guidance.

The reserve policy is available on the City's website at: <u>https://www.stocktonca.gov/Documents/Government/Budget%20And%20Financial%20Reports/General\_Fund\_R</u> eserve\_Policy.pdf

#### DEBT POLICY AND ANNUAL CONTINUING DISCLOSURES

The City's debt policy is available on its website as follows:

https://www.stocktonca.gov/Documents/Government/Budget%20And%20Financial%20Reports/Financial%20Reports/Financial%20Reports/Capital\_Financing\_Debt\_Management\_Policy.pdf

The City's annual financial disclosures are available on the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's and Electronic Municipal Market Access website at <a href="http://emma.msrb.org">http://emma.msrb.org</a>.

#### **INVESTMENT POLICY**

The City adopts an investment policy annually that provides guidelines for the prudent investment of the City's cash balances. The City contracts with Public Financial Management for the day-to-day management of the City's long-term investment portfolio. The Administrative Services Department oversees both the City's long-term investment portfolio management and liquid cash requirements.

The City's investment policy is posted on the City's website: https://www.stocktonca.gov/Documents/Government/Budget%20And%20Financial%20Reports/Financial%20Re ports/Investment\_Policy.pdf

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy adopted in compliance with that Code define how the City can invest its cash. The City's policy also outlines the principles for maximizing the City's cash management operations' efficiency while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City. The average overall return rate on funds not held by fiscal agents for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, was 1.95%. This amount includes both realized and unrealized gains distributed to funds. Absent unrealized Fair Market Value gains and Accrued Interest amounts distributed on June 30, 2023, distributed returns would have been 1.56%.

Additional information on the City's cash and investment management can be found in Notes 1 and 2 in the notes to the financial statements.

#### GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The GASB establishes GAAP for local and state governments in the United States and Canada. Its counterpart for private-sector entities is the Financial Accounting Standard Board. The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and state and federal regulators require that financial reports follow GAAP to receive an unmodified audit opinion. The GFOA and the California Committee on Municipal Accounting entail additional standards that govern disclosures in the ACFR.

GAAP requires management to provide a narrative overview and analysis discussing the City's financial position to accompany the basic financial statements. This narrative overview is called Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which provides an analytical overview of the City's financial position for its significant funds, as defined by GAAP, on a government-wide basis. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and not to duplicate the MD&A. It provides additional qualitative information on impacts to the City to help improve the reader's understanding of the data presented in the ACFR.

The City's ACFR conforms to the requirements established by GAAP, the City's Charter, GFOA standards, and agreements with investors. The ACFR includes basic financial statements, footnotes, supplemental information required by GASB for GAAP financial reports, MD&A of the financial statements, the City's independent auditor's opinion regarding the conformance of the financial statements with GAAP, and other information required to conform to GFOA standards.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDIT**

The City Charter, Article XIX, Section 1911, states: "after the close of the fiscal year, an annual audit shall be made of the City's funds. Such an audit shall be made by a firm of independent certified public accountants." The Pun Group, LLP, an independent firm of licensed, certified public accountants, has audited the City of Stockton's financial statements.

The purpose of the independent audit is to obtain reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditors issued an unmodified opinion for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### SINGLE AUDIT REPORT TO FEDERAL GRANTING AGENCIES

A broader, federally-mandated "Single Audit," designed to meet federal granting agencies' needs, is also required. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report on the fair presentation of the financial statements and the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, emphasizing internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

The City prepares a separate single audit report in conformity with the Federal Single Audit Act's provisions as amended and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance, "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards." This report is filed with the federal clearinghouse on or before March 31 each year.

#### RISKMANAGEMENT

During FY 2022-23, the City continued its self-insurance program for General Liability, Property, and Workers' Compensation. The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority for General

Liability and All Risks Property Program, which is primarily underwritten by various insurance companies. The Property All Risks deductible is \$250,000. The self-insured retention ("SIR") for General Liability is \$1.25 million. The City is also a member of the Public Risk Innovation, Solutions and Management insurance pool for excess Workers' Compensation coverage. The SIR is \$500,000.

#### INTERNAL CONTROLS AND LIMITATIONS

The ACFR intends to provide the City Council and the public with an understanding of the City's financial position. City management assumes responsibility for the completeness, accuracy, and reliability of the information presented in this report. City management established an internal control framework intended to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements.

The City's comprehensive system of internal controls continues to be the subject of an ongoing review to ensure the timeliness and accuracy of the ACFR and improve management reporting and controls. The City's Finance team, along with the City's Internal Auditor (Moss Adams LLP) continues to work together to close out prior audit findings and continually improve the City's key controls, systems, and policies and procedures.

Budgetary control is at the department level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. Transfers within funds and like categories of the same department require City Manager approval. Revisions to increase appropriation authority above a department's original adopted budget require City Council approval.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This report would not have been possible without the dedicated professionals in the Administrative Services Department and employees' cooperation from throughout the City who provided detailed information and other support and assistance.

We also want to thank the Mayor, City Council, and the Audit Committee for your interest and support in planning and conducting the City's financial operations responsibly and sustainably.

Respectfully submitted,

Dar

HARRY BLACK CITY MANAGER

KIMBERLY K. TRAMMEL CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

## CITY OF STOCKTON CITY COUNCIL



KEVIN J. LINCOLN II MAYOR



KIMBERLY WARMSLEY VICE MAYOR District 6



MICHELE PADILLA COUNCILMEMBER District 1



MICHAEL BLOWER COUNCILMEMBER District 3



SUSAN LENZ COUNCILMEMBER District 4

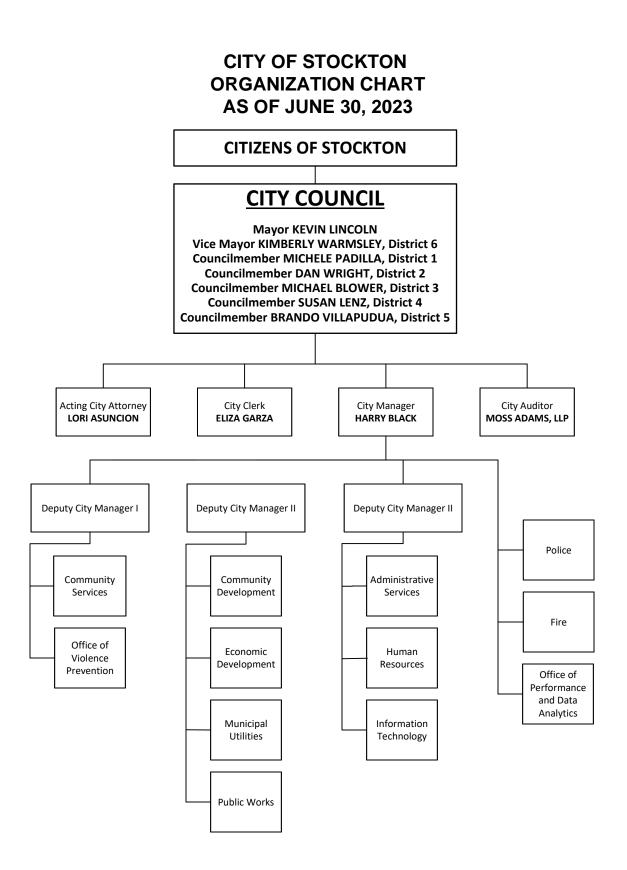


DAN WRIGHT COUNCILMEMBER District 2



BRANDO VILLAPUDUA COUNCILMEMBER District 5







200 E. Sandpointe Avenue, Suite 600 Santa Ana, California 92707

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

www.pungroup.cpa

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Stockton Stockton, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Stockton, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1Y to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standard Board ("GASB") Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Prior Period Adjustments

As discussed in Note 19 to the basic financial statements, the City recorded restatements due to GASB 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* implementation for the governmental activities and internal service funds in the amount of \$66,143 and \$47,312, respectively. In addition, the City also recorded prior period adjustments in the Special Grants Special Revenue Fund and Other Governmental Funds in the amount of \$(38,524,453) and \$621,346 due to correction of revenue recognition. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.



To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Stockton Stockton, California Page 2

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Stockton Stockton, California Page 3

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of Contributions - Pensions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of sources and uses – Measure A and B are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of sources and uses – Measure A and B are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Stockton Stockton, California Page 4

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Pur Group, UP

Santa Ana, California March 13, 2024

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS UNAUDITED

JUNE 30, 2023

## **INTRODUCTION**



As management of the City of Stockton ("City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying Transmittal Letter, the Basic Financial Statements, and the Notes to the Financial Statements. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Government-wide:

- The City's total net position for the governmental and business-type activities show that, as of June 30, 2023, total assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$1.9 billion. Of this amount, \$70.0 million represents the unrestricted net position, \$521.1 million is restricted for City's ongoing obligation related to programs with external restrictions, and \$1.3 billion represents the City's net investment in capital assets, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets.
- Governmental revenues and transfers total \$478.4 million and include program revenues of \$136.7 million and general revenues of \$341.7 million. Governmental expenses were \$379.9 million.
- Business-type program revenues and investment earnings net with transfers were \$170.3 million, while business-type expenses were \$134.6 million.

#### Fund Level:

- The City's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$611.0 million at the close of June 30, 2023, an increase of \$41.8 million compared with the prior fiscal year. The General Fund balance in this report, as of June 30, 2023, was \$212.4 million. Included in this fund balance and under the guidance of the Reserve and Fund Balance Policy General Fund (excluding related funds), Council took action to fund the priority one working capital reserve at \$48.3 million, partially fund known contingency reserves at \$68.0 million, and maintain the risk-based reserves to \$10.8 million.
- The total Governmental Fund revenues decreased from the prior fiscal year by 5.0 percent. A large portion of this decrease is attributable to special federal and state grants received in Fiscal Year (FY) 2021-22 with approximately \$75.5 million related to COVID-19 pandemic recovery efforts. Offsetting increases to revenues were due to growth in business license taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, and improved investment earnings.
- The total Governmental Fund expenditures increased by 5.0 percent compared to the prior fiscal year primarily due to a \$21.8 million increase in public safety expenditures. This increase is attributable to a 10 percent salary increase for sworn positions effective July 1, 2022 and employee retirement expenses. Capital oulay expenditures increased \$12.9 million reflecting the use federal and state one-time grant dollars.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report consists of four main components: 1) management's discussion and analysis, 2) the basic financial statements, 3) required supplementary information, and 4) combining non-major fund financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City - the government-wide and the fund financial statements:

- The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The fund financial statements focus on the City government's individual parts, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

The basic financial statements also include notes that provide additional information essential to understanding the data contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The statements and notes are followed by the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Relations Ratios and Schedule of Changes in Contributions for the City's pension plans which require supplemental information. In addition to these required elements, we have included combining statements and schedules that provide details about the City's other Governmental Funds, other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds, , Internal Service Funds, Investment Trust Funds, and Custodial Funds, each of which is presented in a column in the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements:**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City using accounting methods like those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the City's assets and liabilities and any deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The statement of activities includes all the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These government-wide statements report the City's net position and how the City's net position has changed during the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided as follows:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as police, fire, public works, community development, parks and recreation, and general government. Taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities Certain services provided by the City are funded by customer fees. Among these are the City's utility services, parking authority, and other non-major enterprise funds.

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") includes the financial activity of the separate legal entity controlled by the City, the Stockton Public Financing Authority.

The Successor Agency's activities are reported as a Private-Purpose Trust Fund in the ACFR. The City Council sits as the Successor Agency to the Stockton Redevelopment Agency's Board. All actions about the Successor Agency's obligations are made by the Successor Agency Countywide Oversight Board, which is comprised of members representing the interests of local jurisdictions affected by redevelopment activities and revenue claims.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's largest funds, not the City as a whole. The City has three types of fund financial statements: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

*Governmental Funds* – Governmental Fund statements tell how general government services such as police, fire, and public works, among others, were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Most of the City's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, focusing on (1) short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and (2) the remaining year-end balances available for spending. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliations that explain the relationship (or differences) between Governmental Funds and Governmental Activities follow the Governmental Fund Statements.

The basic Governmental Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

#### Fund Financial Statements, Continued:

*Proprietary Funds* - Services for which customer fees are intended to finance the costs of operations are generally reported in Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Fund statements, like the government-wide statements, provide short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like businesses, such as utility services, parking facilities, and marina operations.

The basic Proprietary Fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-37 of this report.

*Fiduciary Funds* - Fiduciary Fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for a closed pension plan. It is also responsible for other assets reported in an investment trust fund, which, because of trust agreements, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City was elected to serve as the Successor Agency for its former Redevelopment Agency, which was dissolved by state law. The Successor Agency activity is accounted for in a Private Purpose Trust Fund. The City is responsible for ensuring that assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these resources to finance its operations.

The basic Fiduciary Fund's financial statement can be found on pages 41-42 of this report.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes on the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 45-110 of this report.

#### **Other information**

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report presents certain required supplementary information. This information provides a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund, the Special Grants Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, as well as information about the City's participation in the PERS and PARS defined benefit pension plans.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 111-129 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Analysis of Net Position

The City's net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial health or financial position. As of June 30, 2023, the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.9 billion, which is an increase of \$134.1 million or 7.7 percent compared to the prior fiscal year.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, CONTINUED**

#### Analysis of Net Position, Continued:

The following is the condensed statement of net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 (amounts in thousands):

	Governmental				Busine	ss-Ty	ре				
	Activities				Activ	vities		Total			
		2023	2022*		2023		2022	2023	2022		
Assets:											
Current and other assets	\$	985,073 \$	936,598	\$	253,107	\$	269,527	\$ 1,238,180	\$ 1,206,12	25	
Capital assets		882,742	822,681		844,652		819,159	1,727,394	1,641,8	\$40	
Total assets		1,867,815	1,759,279		1,097,758		1,088,686	2,965,573	2,847,9	65	
Deferred Outflow of Resources:											
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt		-	-		12,736		13,645	12,736	13,6	<b>i</b> 45	
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources		178,504	59,815		6,239		2,989	184,743	62,8	304	
Total Deferrals-Outflows		178,504	59,815		18,975		16,634	197,479	76,4	49	
Liabilities :											
Current and other liabilities		147,551	145,400		28,685		40,483	176,236	185,8	383	
Long-term obligations		122,994	113,328		370,352		385,126	493,346	498,4	54	
Net Pension liability		583,215	313,515		16,642		8,391	599,857	321,9	106	
Total liabilities		853,760	572,243		415,679		434,000	1,269,439	1,006,2	:43	
Deferred Inflow of Resources :											
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources		10,025	162,705		478		6,373	10,503	169,0	)78	
Leases		1,378	1,449		32		59	1,410	1,5	508	
Total Deferrals Inflows		11,403	164,154		510		6,432	11,913	170,5	;86	
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets		817,086	764,337		473,568		438,675	1,290,654	1,203,0	)12	
Restricted		495,695	489,870		25,367		25,394	521,062	515,2	264	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(131,625)	(171,510)		201,609		200,819	69,984	29,3	;09	
Total net position	\$	1,181,156 \$	1,082,697	\$	700,544	\$	664,888	\$ 1,881,700	\$ 1,747,5	;85	

\*June 30, 2022 net position is restated with prior period adjustments.

The primary components of the City's net position consist of the following elements:

- The investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire assets still outstanding, represents the largest portion of the City's net position at \$1.3 billion or 68.6 percent. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City reports its investment in its capital assets net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because proceeds from the sale of capital assets are not used to liquidate these liabilities.
- External restrictions represent \$521.1 million or 27.7 percent of net position and are subject to various external restrictions on how they may be used. Creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws and regulations of other governments have imposed this component of the net position; or it has been imposed by law through enabling legislation or constitutional provisions.
- The unrestricted net position is \$70.0 million or 3.7 percent of the total net position. Information about changes in net position for FY 2022-23 and FY 2021-22 is summarized on the following page. The ACFR discusses the reasons for the changes in the sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, CONTINUED**

<u>Analysis of Net Position, Continued:</u> The following table indicates the change in net position for Governmental and Business-type activities (amounts in thousands):

	Governmental				Business	-Туре	e				
	Acti	vities			Activit	ties	es		То	tal	
	<u>2023</u>	20	022		<u>2023</u>	20	)22		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>
Revenues											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 68,006	\$	72,491	\$	156,442	\$ 1	56,777	\$	224,448	\$	229,268
Operating grants and contributions	42,072	1	100,879		1,653		2,500		43,725		103,379
Capital grants and contributions	26,667		47,352		12,363		12,231		39,030		59,583
General revenues:											
Property taxes	42,578		41,066		-		-		42,578		41,066
In lieu of sales tax	-		-		-		-		-		-
Utility user taxes	42,445		38,328		-		-		42,445		38,328
Sales and use taxes (City levied)	82,833		75,037		-		-		82,833		75,037
Franchise taxes	22,784		21,186		-		-		22,784		21,186
Business licenses	23,748		15,905		-		-		23,748		15,905
Hotel/motel room taxes	3,433		3,620		-		-		3,433		3,620
Document transfer taxes	1,029		1,626		-		-		1,029		1,626
Other taxes	4,628		4,016		-		-		4,628		4,016
Motor vehicle fees in lieu	29,344		27,310		-		-		29,344		27,310
Sales and use taxes (State levied)	76,954		76,239		-		-		76,954		76,239
Investment earnings	1,707	(	(25,552)		235		(7,018)		1,942		(32,570)
Miscellaneous	9,715		10,369		-		-		9,715		10,369
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	44		(132)		-		-		44		(132)
Total revenues	477,986	5	509,740		170,693	1	64,489		648,679		674,230
Expenses											
General government	54,875		72,154		-		-		54,875		72,154
Public safety	227,637	1	70,563		-		-		227,637		170,563
Public works	50,045		43,601		-		-		50,045		43,601
Library	16,275		13,107		-		-		16,275		13,107
Parks and recreation	21,141		14,300		-		-		21,141		14,300
Interest and fiscal charges	9,968		7,894		-		-		9,968		7,894
Water utility	-		-		50,185		54,532		50,185		54,532
Wastewater utility	-		-		68,976		66,991		68,976		66,991
Stormwater utility	-		-		7,914		7,288		7,914		7,288
Central parking district	-		-		6,153		5,687		6,153		5,687
Other	-		-		1,395		1,375		1,395		1,375
Total expenses	379,942	3	321,619		134,622	1	35,873		514,564		457,492
Increase/(decrease) in net											
position before transfers	98,044	1	88,121		36,071		28,616		134,115		216,738
Transfers	416		438		(416)		(438)		-		-
Change in net position	98,460	1	88,559		35,656		28,178		134,115		216,738
Net position, beginning	-	9	928,608		-	6	536,710		-		1,565,317
Prior period adjustment	-	(	(34,470)	L	-		-	L	-		(34,470)
Net position, beginning, as restated	1,082,697	8	394,138		664,888	6	536,710		1,747,585		1,530,847
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,181,156	\$ 1,0	)82,697	\$	700,544	\$ 6	64,888	\$	1,881,700	\$	1,747,585

\*June 30, 2022 net position is restated with prior period adjustments.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, CONTINUED**

#### Analysis of Net Position, Continued:

**Governmental activities:** The change in net position increased by \$98.5 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Below is an analysis of year over year variances:

- Total governmental activities revenues decreased by \$31.8 million or 6.2 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. The decrease was mostly attributable to a reduction in operating and capital grants after an abnormally high year in FY 2021-22. General revenues from taxes were up year over year by \$25.4 million and investment earnings were significantly better than the prior year when earnings were negative due to a fair market value adjustment.
- Total governmental activities expenses show an increase of \$58.3 million. This increase is primarily attributable to a 10 percent salary increase for sworn positions effective July 1, 2022, employee retirement expenses, and in increase in special one-time expenses.

**Business-type activities:** The change in net position increased by \$35.7 million compared to the prior fiscal year primarily due to improved investment earnings. Program revenues were down \$1.1 million with a reduction in grant funding and expenses declined by \$1.3 million compared to the prior year.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. This analysis should be read in conjunction with fund financial statements beginning on page 23.

#### Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2023, the City's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending balance of \$611.0 million, an increase of \$41.8 million compared to the prior fiscal year. The total fund balance of the Governmental Funds consists of the following:

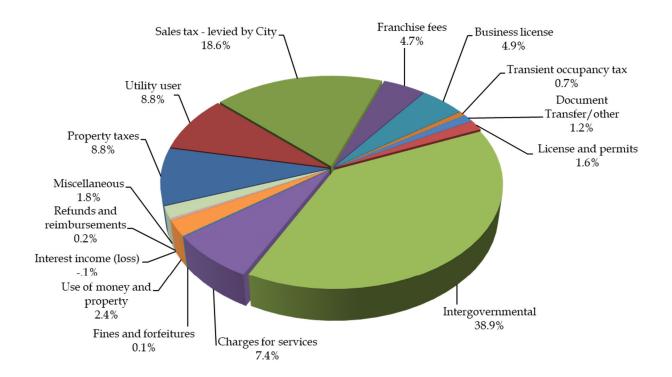
- The non-spendable fund balance of \$4.2 million were amounts that inherently cannot be spent, such as inventories and prepaid items. Also, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale would be reported here unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned.
- Restricted fund balance of \$403.4 million that is based on restrictions imposed by external parties or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance of \$150.8 million was constrained for a specific purpose by the City Council through resolution. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources.
- Assigned fund balance of \$5.4 million was constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or a body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts. The amount reported as assigned should not result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance.
- The unassigned fund balance of \$47.1 million includes the working capital reserve established in the Reserve and Fund Balance Policy-General Fund to accommodate normal fluctuations in the timing of revenues and unforeseen operational costs.

#### Governmental Funds, Continued:

Revenues – The following table presents revenues (amounts in thousands) classified by source with a comparison to the prior fiscal year:

	202	23		202	2	Increase/(Decrease)			
	Percent of				Percent of			Percent of	
Revenue by Source	Amount	Total		Amount	Total		Amount	Change	
Property taxes	\$ 42,578	8.8%	\$	41,066	8.1%	\$	1,512	3.7%	
Utility user	42,445	8.8%	\$	38,328	7.5%	\$	4,117	10.7%	
Sales tax - levied by City	90,305	18.6%	\$	82,951	16.3%	\$	7,355	8.9%	
Franchise fees	22,547	4.7%	\$	19,932	3.9%	\$	2,615	13.1%	
Business license	23,748	4.9%	\$	15,905	3.1%	\$	7,842	49.3%	
Transient occupancy tax	3,433	0.7%	\$	3,620	0.7%	\$	(187)	-5.2%	
Document Transfer/other	5,657	1.2%	\$	5,641	1.1%	\$	16	0.3%	
License and permits	7,762	1.6%	\$	9,129	1.8%	\$	(1,367)	-15.0%	
Intergovernmental	188,691	38.9%	\$	246,713	48.4%	\$	(58,022)	-23.5%	
Charges for services	35,677	7.4%	\$	39,532	7.8%	\$	(3,856)	-9.8%	
Fines and forfeitures	317	0.1%	\$	2,001	0.4%	\$	(1,684)	-84.1%	
Use of money and property	11,704	2.4%	\$	9,955	2.0%	\$	1,749	17.6%	
Interest income (loss)	(248)	-0.1%	\$	(13,673)	-2.7%	\$	13,425	-98.2%	
Refunds and reimbursements	1,029	0.2%	\$	550	0.1%	\$	479	87.0%	
Miscellaneous	8,951	1.8%	\$	8,258	1.6%	\$	693	8.4%	
Total	\$ 484,596	100.0%	\$	509,910	100.0%	\$	(25,314)	-5.0%	

The graph below shows 2023 revenue categories as a percent of the total.



#### Governmental Funds, Continued:

Overall, governmental fund revenues were down \$25.3 million compared to the prior year. Significant changes in revenues compared with the prior fiscal year are described below:

- Federal and state grant funds in the intergovernmental category were \$58.0 million lower than the prior year primarily due to additional COVID relief funds received in the prior year.
- Sales tax levied by City is up \$7.4 million or 8.9 percent, representing the transaction tax component of sales taxes. These tax revenues experienced growth, primarily in the first two quarters of the fiscal year, with the continued expansion of consumer spending.
- Business license tax revenues increased 49.3 percent in part due to the strong economic growth of the past few years reflected in gross receipt reporting and a clean-up of business license data resulting in more accurate and timely billing of business license accounts. The increased revenues also represent new types of cannabis businesses reporting annual sales activities for the first time.
- Due to the historic low interest rate environment, interest income resulted in a deficit in the prior year when adjusting for fair market value. FY 2022-23 interest income reflects an improved rate environment.

Expenditures - The following table presents expenditures (amounts in thousands) by function compared with the prior fiscal year:

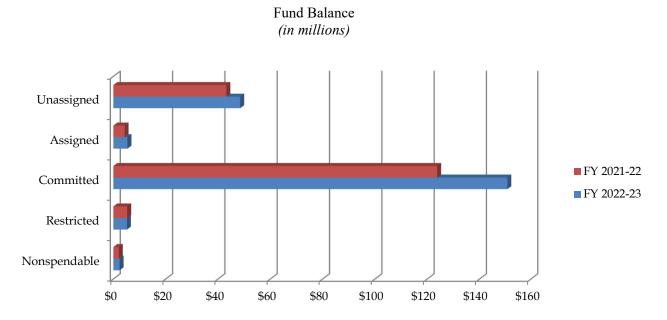
		202	3	202	2	Increase/(Decrease)			
			Percent of		Percent of			Percent of	
penditures by Function	1	Amount	Total	Amount	Total		Amount	Change	
Current:									
General government	\$	53,152	12.4%	\$ 76,830	18.8%	\$	(23,678)	-30.8%	
Public safety		227,859	53.1%	206,107	50.4%		21,752	10.6%	
Public works		35,659	8.3%	34,263	8.4%		1,396	4.1%	
Library		15,643	3.6%	14,658	3.6%		985	6.7%	
Parks and recreation		17,601	4.1%	14,552	3.6%		3,049	21.0%	
Capital outlay		65,959	15.4%	53,033	13.0%		12,926	24.4%	
Debt service		13,326	3.1%	9,340	2.3%		3,986	42.7%	
Total	\$	429,199	100.0%	\$ 408,783	100.0%	\$	20,416	5.0%	

Significant changes compared with the prior fiscal year include:

- General government expenditure decreased by \$23.7 million including a \$17.7 million reduction in expenditures funded by special grants. FY 2021-22 expenditures were at all time highs with the distribution of state and federal COVID-19 relief dollars.
- Public safety expenditures increased by 10.6 percent compared to the prior fiscal year primarily due to a 10 percent salary increase for sworn positions effective July 1, 2022, and employee retirement expenses.
- Parks and recreation expenditures increased over the prior year primarily from an expansion in special event programming at large venues and community centers that was suspended or reduced in previous fiscal years due to COVID restrictions.
- Capital outlay expenses increased \$12.9 million compared to the prior year with construction expenses for major projects such as the new City Hall, the Northeast Library and Recreation center, and upgrades at the Stockton Soccer Complex.
- Debt service expenses increased \$4.0 million with an additional payment toward a Section 108 loan from Community Development Block Grant funds and increased payments toward the Assured Guaranty settlement agreement based on the set repayment schedule and improved core revenues.

### **General Fund**

Below is a graph that depicts the change in General Fund balances between FY 2022-23 and FY 2021-22. The committed and unassigned balances have increased from the prior fiscal year.



The City's General Fund provides police, fire, development, public works, and administrative services to the City's residents, other funds, businesses, and visitors. The General Fund is distinct from the City's other funds because it is the only source of unrestricted funds that the City Council can allocate at its discretion for any municipal purpose.

General Fund revenues were \$335.5 million at the close of June 30, 2023, an increase of \$31.5 million (10.4 percent) compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant changes in General Fund revenues compared with the previous fiscal year include:

- Business license tax revenues increased by \$8.0 million in part due to the strong economic growth of the past few years reflected in gross receipt reporting and a clean-up of business license data resulting in more accurate and timely billing of business license accounts. The increased revenues also represent new types of cannabis businesses reporting annual sales activities for the first time.
- Due to the historic low interest rate environment, interest income resulted in a deficit in the prior year when adjusting for fair market value. FY 2022-23 interest income reflects an improved rate environment.
- Sales tax levied by the City and the State increased \$5.0 million in the General Fund compared to the prior fiscal year from a combination of pandemic driven shifts in consumer spending habits, federal stimulus dollars, and price inflation.
- Utility User tax revenues improved \$4.1 million because of electricity and gas usage and rate increases.

General Fund expenditures were \$263.7 million, an increase of \$19.5 million or 8.0 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. General government expenses decreased by \$2.3 million compared to the last fiscal year. Public safety expense growth of \$15.6 million was primarily the result of a 10 percent salary increase for sworn positions effective July 1, 2022, and employee retirement expenses. Parks and recreation expenses increased \$2.5 million over the prior year primarily due to the resurgence of entertainment venue activities that were suspended or reduced in previous fiscal years due to COVID restrictions.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's Proprietary Fund Financial Statements provide the same type of information found in the Government-Wide Financial Statements but in more detail. At the end of June 30, 2023, business-type activities' net position was \$700.5 million, an increase of \$35.7 million or 5.4 percent compared to the prior fiscal year.

The assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by a combined total of 11.4 million. Of this amount, the current cash and investments and other existing assets decreased by \$16.4 million, and non-current assets, including capital assets and deferred outflows, increased by \$29.1 million.

The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$24.2 million due primarily to the principal payments made on debt and pension-related adjustments.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The City's FY 2022-23 General Fund Adopted Budget funded the City's most pressing needs in support of the Council's strategic priorities. However, it continued to be constrained by the City's long-term financial outlook, especially in consideration of future pension and labor costs. The FY 2022-23 budget was developed as the City continued to respond to a once-in-a-century pandemic crisis with a focus on moving forward through the crisis and into recovery. With an unprecedented amount of state and federal dollars coming in to provide relief and recovery to Stockton citizens, capacity to deliver new operating budget programs was limited. The budget included some incremental service enhancements and high-priority one-time appropriations. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the General Fund Budgetary Information beginning on page 114.

The General Fund's original budgeted revenues totaled \$303.3 million and were increased to \$305.9 million during the fiscal year. The General Fund ended the fiscal year with total revenues of \$335.5 million, reflecting a \$29.6 million, or 9.7 percent, increase over the final budget. The most significant revenue variance was sales tax revenues at \$14.6 million more than the budget. Collection of Business license taxes improved during and after the pandemic resulting in \$7.6 million more revenues than anticipated in the final budget. The next largest budget variance was in Utility user taxes (\$3.7 million) which occurred from electricity and gas rate increases.

The General Fund's original expenditure budget of \$278.5 million was adjusted by encumbrances and commitments carried forward from the prior year for a total final budget of \$302.0 million. All General Fund departmental activities ended the fiscal year below budget. The debt service category shows an overage due to the booking of subscription related entries for the GASB 96. Actual expenditures and transfers-out were lower than the final approved budget appropriations by \$72.7 million, or 19.3 percent. Of this variance, \$48.4 million in appropriations rolled into FY 2023-24 for encumbrances, capital projects, and specific City Council authorized activities. General Government departments experienced budget savings of \$9.9 million, Public Works activities were under budget by \$1.6 million, Parks and recreation activities were under budget by \$3.2 million, Library expenses were \$2.5 million below budget, and \$20.2 million of the savings was the result of higher-than-anticipated vacancies across all General Fund departments. Many local governments are experiencing difficulties filling full-time positions in a very tight labor market. The number of full-time employees in FY 2022-23 was lower than the last five fiscal years and authorized positions have increased during this period.

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS, CONTINUED

The City's General Fund balance on June 30, 2023, was \$202.1 million on a budgetary basis, which is an increase of \$23.5 million from the prior year. The City Council authorized \$13.8 million of this increase to be added to General Fund reserves for a total funded reserve of \$127.1 million. The ACFR reporting of General Fund balance at \$212.4 million includes general services to the public such as public safety and streets, libraries, recreation centers, and emergency dispatch, whereas the quarterly budget status reports released through the City Council break down the general operations (\$201.7 million) separate from ancillary services of libraries, recreation, etc. Of the \$212.4 million total General Fund balance, \$48.5 million is unassigned, \$78.8 million is in reserves, and the remainder is restricted, committed or assigned for specific activities, projects, and commitments.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, amounted to \$1.7 billion (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). Net investment in capital assets includes infrastructure, land, buildings, and improvements other than buildings, intangible assets, equipment, construction in progress, and leases. The total change in the City's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was an increase of 5.2 percent.

The City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year (amounts in thousands):

	Governmental					Busine	s s - [	Гуре				
		Activ	S		Activ	es	Total					
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022*</u>		<u>2023</u>		2022*	<u>2023</u>			<u>2022</u>
Land	\$	38,197	\$	38,197	\$	15,127	\$	15,127	\$	53,324	\$	53,324
Intangible Assets		4,355		4,355		-		-		4,355		4,355
Building and Improvements		174,028		180,483		586,998		603,076		761,026		783,558
Machinery and Equipment		29,142		28,780		6,351		4,866		35,494		33,645
Infrastructure		374,060		377,710		-		-		374,060		377,710
Construction in Progress		252,839		192,072		233,679		193,438		486,519		385,510
Lease & Subscription Assets		10,120		11,731		2,496		2,697		12,617		14,428
Total	\$	882,742	\$	833,326	\$	844,652	\$	819,205	\$	1,727,393	\$	1,652,531

\* due to GASB 96 implementation

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 - Capital Assets of this report.

#### **Bond Indebtedness**

At the end of the fiscal year, the City's total long-term debt was \$447.4 million. The outstanding net bonded debt, including bankruptcy settlements, was \$435.8 million. Of this amount, \$64.5 million is related to governmental activities, and \$382.9 million are debt obligations of business-type activities.

Governmental activities bonded indebtedness decreased by \$198,847 because of the scheduled principal payments.

Business-type activities bonded indebtedness also decreased by \$12.8 million due to the scheduled debt service payments for the enterprise debt.

Governmental outstanding net bonded debt of \$52.9 million reflects the settlement liability to the bond insurer (Assured Guaranty) for 2007 bonds adjusted in bankruptcy.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION, CONTINUED

Business-type activities outstanding net bonded debt obligations of \$382.9 million includes \$189.0 million of revenue bonds of the Water Utility, \$151.9 million in revenue bonds and EPA WIFIA loan for the Wastewater Utility, and \$28.7 million in revenue bonds for the Parking Authority. Marina operations have a loan obligation of \$10.9 million through the State Department of Parks and Recreation. This obligation no longer accrues interest due to the bankruptcy settlement. The General Fund annually subsidizes the Marina's operations, and payments on this loan will not commence until subsidization is no longer needed.

Successor Agency bonded debt of \$86.9 million is reported separately in a Private Purpose Trust Fund. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2023, includes \$79.6 million of tax-exempt tax allocation bonds issued to refinance revenue bonds for various former redevelopment projects and \$7.3 million of taxable tax allocation bonds issued to refinance revenue bonds for various housing projects.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities of this report.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, grantors, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Administrative Services Department of the City of Stockton at City Hall, 425 North El Dorado Street, Stockton, CA 95202.







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# City of Stockton Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
ASSETS	¢ (5(004050		¢ 052 501 412
Cash and investments	\$ 656,004,858	\$ 217,776,554	\$ 873,781,412
Restricted cash and investments	83,166,239	7,771,268	90,937,507
Interest receivable	2,779,987	926,299	3,706,286
Accounts receivable, net	26,090,976	27,139,385	53,230,361
Due from other governments, net	47,242,936	2,854,434	50,097,370
Internal balances	6,368,227	(6,368,227)	-
Inventory of supplies	851,268	2,306,897	3,158,165
Prepaid items	6,730,456	378,739	7,109,195
Lease receivable	1,426,125	33,074	1,459,199
Advance deposits	2,319,207	98,171	2,417,378
Loans to Successor Agency, net	1,106,580	-	1,106,580
Loans to property owners, net	150,986,202	190,000	151,176,202
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable and nonamortizable	295,390,858	248,806,391	544,197,249
Depreciable and amortizable, net	587,350,839	595,845,189	1,183,196,028
Total assets	1,867,814,758	1,097,758,174	2,965,572,932
	1,007,014,750	1,077,750,174	2,705,572,752
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	-	12,735,989	12,735,989
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	178,503,759	6,238,971	184,742,730
Total deferred outflows of resources	178,503,759	18,974,960	197,478,719
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	29,468,249	6,273,915	35,742,164
Accrued payroll and benefits	3,574,689	1,404,934	4,979,623
Due to other governments/agencies	2,108,039	95,237	2,203,276
Accrued interest	1,679,168	3,512,040	5,191,208
Deposits and other liabilities	2,822,250	2,374,306	5,196,556
Retention payable	1,147,710		
Unearned revenue		913,284	2,060,994
	79,120,793	-	79,120,793
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year:	( 720 502	070 540	7 710 042
Compensated absences	6,738,503	979,540	7,718,043
Claims payable	13,698,028	-	13,698,028
Long-term debt	7,193,254	13,356,713	20,549,967
Due in more than one year:	<b>5 3 3 3 1 1 5</b>		
Compensated absences	5,309,112	577,282	5,886,394
Claims payable	60,369,597	-	60,369,597
Long-term debt	57,314,877	369,549,596	426,864,473
Aggregate net pension liability	583,215,119	16,641,863	599,856,982
Total liabilities	853,759,388	415,678,710	1,269,438,098
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	10,024,391	478,230	10,502,621
Leases	1,378,369	32,495	1,410,864
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,402,760	510,725	11,913,485
NET POSITION			_
Net investment in capital assets	817,085,856	473,567,976	1,290,653,832
Restricted	495,695,091	25,366,543	521,061,634
Unrestricted (deficit)	(131,624,578)	201,609,180	69,984,602
Total net position	\$ 1,181,156,369		\$ 1,881,700,068
i otai nei position	\$ 1,101,130,309	\$ 700,543,699	φ 1,001,/UU,UUδ

See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

# City of Stockton Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues	
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 54,871,482	\$ 26,165,322	\$ 33,789,364	\$ 363,828
Public safety	227,637,434	20,469,222	7,785,463	-
Public works	50,048,314	11,885,891	456,273	26,303,410
Library	16,275,308	8,293,844	40,751	-
Parks and recreation	21,141,439	1,191,418	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	9,967,641	-		
Total governmental activities	379,941,618	68,005,697	42,071,851	26,667,238
Business-type activities:				
Water utility	50,184,760	60,821,762	-	7,467,108
Wastewater utility	68,975,880	84,392,918	-	3,605,734
Stormwater utility	7,913,660	6,159,326	-	1,290,132
Parking Authority	6,152,646	4,657,460	1,653,425	-
Downtown Marina	1,215,944	391,362	-	-
Golf Courses	179,117	19,093		
Total business-type activities	134,622,007	156,441,921	1,653,425	12,362,974
Total	\$ 514,563,625	\$ 224,447,618	\$ 43,725,276	\$ 39,030,212

# **City of Stockton** Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position			
	Governmental	Business-Type		
Functions/Programs	Activities	Activities	Totals	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 5,447,032	\$ -	\$ 5,447,032	
Public safety	(199,382,749)	-	(199,382,749)	
Public works	(11,402,740)	-	(11,402,740)	
Library	(7,940,713)	-	(7,940,713)	
Parks and recreation	(19,950,021)	-	(19,950,021)	
Interest and fiscal charges	(9,967,641)	-	(9,967,641)	
Total governmental activities	(243,196,832)	-	(243,196,832)	
Business-type activities:				
Water utility	-	18,104,110	18,104,110	
Wastewater utility	-	19,022,772	19,022,772	
Stormwater utility	-	(464,202)	(464,202)	
Parking Authority	<u>.</u>	158,239	158,239	
Downtown Marina	<u>.</u>	(824,582)	(824,582)	
Golf Courses	-	(160,024)	(160,024)	
Total business-type activities		35,836,313	35,836,313	
Total	(243,196,832)	35,836,313	(207,360,519)	
General revenues and transfers:			(	
General revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	42,577,881	_	42,577,881	
Utility user	42,445,100	_	42,445,100	
Sales - levied by City	82,832,708	-	82,832,708	
Franchise fees	22,783,730	-	22,783,730	
		-		
Business license	23,747,768	-	23,747,768	
Transient occupancy tax	3,432,978	-	3,432,978	
Document transfer	1,028,481	-	1,028,481	
Other	4,628,261	-	4,628,261	
Shared revenue:			<b>2</b> 2 <b>2</b> 12 172	
Vehicle license fees	29,343,468	-	29,343,468	
Sales and use tax levied by state	76,954,150	-	76,954,150	
Investment earnings (loss)	1,707,268	234,678	1,941,946	
Miscellaneous	9,715,201	-	9,715,201	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	44,165	-	44,165	
Transfers	415,471	(415,471)	-	
Total general revenues and transfers	341,656,630	(180,793)	341,475,837	
Changes in net position	98,459,798	35,655,520	134,115,318	
Net position:				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	1,082,696,571	664,888,179	1,747,584,750	
End of year	\$ 1,181,156,369	\$ 700,543,699	\$ 1,881,700,068	



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ATTACHMENT A





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ATTACHMENT A GOVERNMENT FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds consist of the general fund, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds.

Special revenue and capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for special purposes or capital outlays, including the acquisition and development of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The City's major governmental funds include:

#### General Fund

To account for resources not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is the City's main operating fund reflecting transactions related to municipal governmental services supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services and other governmental type revenues.

#### Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund

To account for federal grant programs and other resources that provide for development of a viable urban community by providing a suitable living environment, loans to non-profit housing developers to acquire and rehabilitate abandoned and foreclose homes, and provides down payment assistance to qualified low- and moderate-income households. This fund includes the City's annual federal funding from the Community Development Block Grant, Community Rehabilitation Loan program, federal revolving loan program, revitalization activities in the designated Urban Development Action Grant area, Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108, (HOME Program) Housing grants and loans, and Neighborhood Stabilization Loan Program (NSP Funds).

#### Special Grants Special Revenue Fund

To account for one-time resources received through the federal CARES and American Rescue Plan Act and in addition to some comparatively smaller grants from federal and state governments to support public safety and other community programs which are not otherwise accounted in other special revenue funds.

#### Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund

To account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of capital facilities as required by City Council action or state law in which the projects are financed by grants, lease proceeds and transfers from other City governmental funds.

Individual nonmajor funds are presented in the Supplementary Information section.



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## City of Stockton Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Major	Funds			
		Special Rev	enue Funds	Capital Projects		
		Federal			Other	Total
	General	Housing	Special	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Grants	Grants	Improvement	Funds	Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$186,840,849	\$ 5,611,106	\$ 73,075,843	\$ 20,186,134	\$221,575,494	\$507,289,426
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	1,622,042	-	-	-	1,622,042
Receivables, net:						
Interest	1,112,175	8,159	-	5,433	963,957	2,089,724
Accounts and other receivables	18,074,245	-	940,943	-	2,537,176	21,552,364
Lease	1,424,126	-	-	-	1,999	1,426,125
Due from other governments, net	23,572,299	26,270	3,627,908	7,957,705	12,058,754	47,242,936
Inventory of supplies	788,707	-	-	-	-	788,707
Prepaid items	76,409	-	1,166,340	-	1,646,025	2,888,774
Advance deposits	1,532,011	-	108,354	-	125,387	1,765,752
Loans to Successor Agency, net	-	-	-	-	1,106,580	1,106,580
Loans to property owners, net		80,162,042			70,824,160	150,986,202
Total assets	\$233,420,821	\$ 87,429,619	\$ 78,919,388	\$ 28,149,272	\$310,839,532	\$738,758,632
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	S OF					
<b>RESOURCES AND FUND BALANC</b>	CES					
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	7,441,280	545,716	3,826,786	7,526,468	3,875,902	23,216,152
Accrued payroll and benefits	1,170,444	40,466	281,919	123,423	1,482,513	3,098,765
Due to other governments	1,790,513	9,305	-	-	308,221	2,108,039
Deposits and other liabilities	1,721,167	-	-	-	1,051,979	2,773,146
Retention payable	-	-	-	1,147,710	-	1,147,710
Unearned revenue	1,593,856		72,526,937	5,000,000		79,120,793
Total liabilities	13,717,260	595,487	76,635,642	13,797,601	6,718,615	111,464,605
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue - other	5,963,537	-	3,627,908	3,793,002	1,574,543	14,958,990
Lease	1,376,374			-	1,995	1,378,369
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,339,911		3,627,908	3,793,002	1,576,538	16,337,359
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	2,397,127				1,771,412	4,168,539
-		-	-	10 559 660		
Restricted Committed	5,218,261	86,834,132	-	10,558,669	300,772,967	403,384,029
	150,810,799	-	-	-	-	150,810,799
Assigned Unassigned (deficit)	5,447,316	-	(1 244 162)	-	-	5,447,316
	48,490,147	-	(1,344,162)		-	47,145,985
Total fund balances (deficit)	212,363,650	86,834,132	(1,344,162)	10,558,669	302,544,379	610,956,668
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$233,420,821	\$ 87,429,619	\$ 78,919,388	\$ 28,149,272	\$310,839,532	\$738,758,632
of resources and fund datances	ψ233,720,021	\$ 07, <b>7</b> 29,019	φ /0,717,500	ψ 20,1+9,272	ψ 510,057,552	φ <i>13</i> 0,130,032

## City of Stockton Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 610,956,668
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Non-depreciable (net of \$29,949,805 reported in the Internal Service Funds)	265,441,053
Depreciable and amortizable (net capital assets \$28,961,957 reported in the Internal Service Funds)	558,388,882
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide	
Statement of Net Position.	217,421,195
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental funds' Balance Sheet.	
Compensated absences (net of \$461,840 reported in Internal Service Funds)	(11,585,775)
Bonds payable and other long-term debt (net of \$6,487,080 in leases and subscription liabilities reported in Internal Service Funds)	(58,021,051)
Accrued interest payable (net of \$11,326 reported in Internal Service Funds)	(1,667,842)
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not required to be reported in the governmental funds.	(583,215,119)
Actuarially determined pension deferred outflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statements but are not reported in the governmental funds.	178,503,759
Actuarially determined pension deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statements but are not reported in the governmental funds.	(10,024,391)
Revenues which are unavailable on the Fund Balance Sheet, because they are not available currently, are reported in revenue in the Statement of Activities:	
Unavailable revenue - other	 14,958,990
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,181,156,369

## City of Stockton Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Major	Funds			
			renue Funds	Capital Projects		
		Federal		<u></u>		Total
	General	Housing	Special	Capital	Other	Governmental
	Fund	Grants	Grants	Improvement	Governmental	Funds
<b>REVENUES:</b>						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 42,577,881	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,577,881
Utility user	42,445,100	-	-	-	-	42,445,100
Sales - levied by City	49,703,488	-	-	-	40,601,949	90,305,437
Franchise fees	18,937,580	-	-	-	3,609,749	22,547,329
Business license	21,992,189	-	-	-	1,755,579	23,747,768
Hotel/motel room	3,432,978	-	-	-	-	3,432,978
Document transfer	1,028,481	-	-	-	-	1,028,481
Other	4,628,261	-	-	-	-	4,628,261
Licenses and permits	467,794	-	-	-	7,294,252	7,762,046
Intergovernmental:	,					.,,
Federal grants and subsidies	107,090	2,874,895	22,672,588	9,148,605	-	34,803,178
Sales and use tax - levied by state	76,954,150	_,	,,,	-	-	76,954,150
Other governmental	44,427,118	1,747,243	8,423,416	1,059,358	21,276,118	76,933,253
Charges for services	11,357,788	1,575	-	-,	24,317,438	35,676,801
Fines and forfeitures	181,618	-,- ,- ,- ,-	-	-	135,775	317,393
Use of money and property	9,653,318	1,158,232	-	-	892,167	11,703,717
Interest income (loss)	451,357	47,397	-	(1,350)	(745,310)	(247,906)
Refunds and reimbursements	958,953	-	-	(1,550)	69,722	1,028,675
Miscellaneous	6,173,301	-	5,000	507,799	2,265,012	8,951,112
Total revenues	335,478,445	5,829,342	31,101,004	10,714,412	101,472,451	484,595,654
Total revenues	555,478,445	5,829,542	51,101,004	10,714,412	101,472,431	464,595,054
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	17,690,153	2,474,331	23,424,127	-	9,563,497	53,152,108
Public safety	200,148,348	2,171,551	2,782,437	-	24,928,029	227,858,814
Public works	18,234,334	_	122,741	71,671	17,229,825	35,658,571
Library	11,996,043	-	733,250		2,913,944	15,643,237
Parks and recreation	12,769,610	_	1,585	-	4,829,685	17,600,880
Capital outlay	2,020,978	72,627	3,610,274	52,140,760	8,114,402	65,959,041
Debt service:	2,020,970	12,021	5,010,274	52,140,700	0,114,402	05,757,041
Principal retirement	798,168	2,454,070	47,366	_	219,460	3,519,064
Interest and fiscal charges	17,667	98,218	1,755		9,689,514	9,807,154
e e	· · · · ·			52 212 421		
Total expenditures	263,675,301	5,099,246	30,723,535	52,212,431	77,488,356	429,198,869
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE	S					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	71,803,144	730,096	377,469	(41,498,019)	23,984,095	55,396,785
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	32,664,965	9,950,644	42,615,609
Transfers out	(39,305,080)	(349,449)	-	(202,469)	(17,752,547)	(57,609,545)
Issuance of debt	1,208,028	72,627	-	-	63,238	1,343,893
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	44,165	-	-	-	-	44,165
Total other financing sources (uses)		(276,822)	-	32,462,496	(7,738,665)	(13,605,878)
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	33,750,257	453,274	377,469	(9,035,523)	16,245,430	41,790,907
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	178 612 202	86 200 050	(1 701 601)	10 504 102	286 208 040	560 165 761
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	178,613,393	86,380,858	(1,721,631)	19,594,192	286,298,949	569,165,761
End of year	\$212,363,650	\$ 86,834,132	\$ (1,344,162)	\$ 10,558,669	\$302,544,379	\$610,956,668

See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

## City of Stockton Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds:	\$ 41,790,907
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. Donated capital assets do not create or use financial resources, and are not reported in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost/fair value of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlays, donated capital assets, capital asset disposals, loss from disposal of capital assets and depreciation expense are as follows:	
Capital outlays (net of \$10,576,255 in Internal Service Fund and net \$929,844 expensed) Net transfer of capital assets to the internal service fund Capital contribution	65,029,197 (2,877,554) 471,314
Depreciation and amortization expenses (net of depreciation and amortization \$7,770,593 reported in Internal Service Funds)	(20,320,237)
Long-term debt (including refunding debt), net of bond premiums and discounts, provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of principal (including bond refundings) and costs of issuance are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets, and the costs of issuance increase deferred charges in the statement of net assets. Long-term debt proceeds, bond premiums, discounts, repayment of principal, costs of issuance and bond refundings are as follows:	
Repayment of principal, net of \$3,372,139 in Internal Service Fund Inception of lease and subscription liabilities	3,519,064 (1,343,893)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as central garage, equipment and insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. Excluding extraordinary items as a result of remeasurement of liabilities.	19,707,618
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditure in governmental funds (net change):	
Change in compensated absences (net of \$22,851 in Internal Service Fund) Change in accrued interest Change in unavailable revenue - other Changes in deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net pension liability	(69,563) (16,760) (9,100,393) 1,670,098
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 98,459,798

## ATTACHMENT A PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net positions, financial position, and cash flows. There are two different types: enterprise funds and the internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Internal service funds may be used to report any activity that provides goods and services on a cost-reimbursement basis to other City funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units, or to other governments. The City's internal service funds include: General Liability Insurance, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Employee Health Insurance, Retirement Benefits, Other Benefits and Insurance, Vehicle Fleet Equipment, Computer Equipment, Radio Equipment, and Other Equipment funds.

The City's major enterprise funds include:

### Water Utility Enterprise Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction of water treatment facilities, production, distribution and transmission of potable water to users, and operations related to the provision of services.

### Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, and operation and maintenance of wastewater facilities for collection, treatment, and disposal of wastewater, and operations related to the provision of services.

Individual nonmajor funds are presented in the Supplementary Information section.

# City of Stockton Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Major Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Wastewater	Enterprise
	Utility	Utility	Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 114,125,570	\$ 92,988,785	\$ 10,662,199
Receivables, net:			
Interest	448,839	409,668	67,792
Accounts and other receivables	11,847,821	14,427,881	863,683
Lease - due in one year	-	-	26,446
Loans to other funds - current	-	-	-
Due from other governments	2,854,434	-	-
Inventory of supplies	-	2,306,897	-
Deposits and advances	-	-	98,171
Prepaids items	100,578	217,224	60,937
Total current assets	129,377,242	110,350,455	11,779,228
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments	-	-	-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	5,862	2,950,201	4,815,205
Lease - due in more than one year			6,628
Loans to other funds - long-term	-	-	-
Loans receivable	-	-	190,000
Capital assets, net:			-
Nondepreciable	11,955,277	229,765,006	7,086,108
Depreciable and amortizable, net	278,801,288	235,753,542	81,290,359
Total noncurrent assets	290,762,427	468,468,749	93,388,300
Total assets	420,139,669	578,819,204	105,167,528
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	11,273,593	1,052,477	409,919
Pension-related deferred outflows	1,720,815	4,097,022	421,134
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,994,408	5,149,499	831,053

# City of Stockton Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

		Governmental Activities Internal Service
	Totals	Funds
ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$ 217,776,554	\$ 148,715,432
Receivables, net:	\$ 217,770,334	5 146,715,452
Interest	926,299	690,263
Accounts and other receivables	27,139,385	4,538,612
Lease - due in one year	27,139,385	4,558,012
Loans to other funds - current	20,770	1,075,810
Due from other governments	2,854,434	1,075,010
Inventory of supplies	2,306,897	62,561
Deposits and advances	98,171	553,455
Prepaids items	378,739	3,841,682
Total current assets	251,506,925	159,477,815
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments	-	81,544,197
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	7,771,268	-
Lease - due in more than one year	6,628	-
Loans to other funds - long-term	-	6,657,263
Loans receivable	190,000	-
Capital assets, net:		
Nondepreciable	248,806,391	29,949,805
Depreciable and amortizable, net	595,845,189	28,961,957
Total noncurrent assets	852,619,476	147,113,222
Total assets	1,104,126,401	306,591,037
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	12,735,989	-
Pension-related deferred outflows	6,238,971	
Total deferred outflows of resources	18,974,960	

# City of Stockton Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Major Enter	Nonmajor	
	Water	Wastewater	Enterprise
	Utility	Utility	Funds
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,272,740	4,337,531	663,644
Accrued payroll	387,897	883,496	133,541
Loans from other funds - current	-	-	655,208
Due to other governments	95,237	-	-
Deposits and other liabilities	2,147,011	74,622	152,673
Retention payable	8,202	902,770	2,312
Accrued interest	1,987,330	1,087,751	436,959
Compensated absences - current	426,029	458,165	95,346
Lease liabilities - due in one year	-	890	184,069
Subscription liability - due in one year	6,523	11,693	3,774
Self-insurance claims and judgments - current	-	-	-
Bonds payable - current	7,030,073	5,364,981	754,710
Total current liabilities	13,361,042	13,121,899	3,082,236
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences - long-term	284,123	236,466	56,693
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year	-	-	2,311,313
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	7,865	902	180
Self-insurance claims and judgments - long-term	-	-	-
Loans from other funds - long-term	-	-	5,713,019
Certificates of participation	-	146,483,900	-
Bonds payable	181,916,189	-	38,829,247
Net pension liability	4,572,369	10,971,524	1,097,970
Total noncurrent liabilities	186,780,546	157,692,792	48,008,422
Total liabilities	200,141,588	170,814,691	51,090,658
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Pension-related deferred inflows	136,311	303,337	38,582
Leases	-	-	32,495
Total deferred inflows of resources	136,311	303,337	71,077
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	113,061,306	313,805,889	46,700,781
Restricted for capital projects	5,862	7,989,504	3,089,585
Restricted for debt service	- -	12,555,972	1,725,620
Restricted for pensions	-	-	-
Unrestricted	119,789,010	78,499,310	3,320,860
Total net position	\$ 232,856,178	\$ 412,850,675	\$ 54,836,846

# City of Stockton Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

		Governmental Activities Internal Service
LIABILITIES	Totals	Funds
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	6,273,915	6,252,097
Accrued payroll	1,404,934	475,924
Loans from other funds - current	655,208	420,602
Due to other governments	95,237	120,002
Deposits and other liabilities	2,374,306	49,104
Retention payable	913,284	-
Accrued interest	3,512,040	11,326
Compensated absences - current	979,540	280,306
Lease liabilities - due in one year	184,959	316,680
Subscription liability - due in one year	21,990	3,436,336
Self-insurance claims and judgments - current		13,698,028
Bonds payable - current	13,149,764	-
Total current liabilities	29,565,177	24,940,403
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences - long-term	577,282	181,534
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year	2,311,313	301,896
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	8,947	2,432,168
Self-insurance claims and judgments - long-term	-	60,369,597
Loans from other funds - long-term	5,713,019	944,244
Certificates of participation	146,483,900	-
Bonds payable	220,745,436	-
Net pension liability	16,641,863	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	392,481,760	64,229,439
Total liabilities	422,046,937	89,169,842
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension-related deferred inflows	478,230	-
Leases	32,495	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	510,725	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	473,567,976	52,424,682
Restricted for capital projects	11,084,951	-
Restricted for debt service	14,281,592	-
Restricted for pensions	-	81,544,197
Unrestricted	201,609,180	83,452,316
Total net position	\$ 700,543,699	\$ 217,421,195

## City of Stockton Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major Enterp	Major Enterprise Funds		
	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Enterprise Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 53,367,037 7,454,725	\$ 82,906,319 1,486,599	\$ 10,989,750 237,491	
Total operating revenues	60,821,762	84,392,918	11,227,241	
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Operation and maintenance	15,049,339	44,084,202	8,317,858	
General and administrative	4,603,616	9,248,980	2,580,961	
Depreciation and amortization	8,055,262	12,901,960	3,428,411	
Purchased water	14,542,273	-	-	
Total operating expenses	42,250,490	66,235,142	14,327,230	
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	18,571,272	18,157,776	(3,099,989)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Taxes	-	-	1,449,627	
Grants and subsidies	-	-	203,798	
Investment income:			-	
Interest income (loss)	(646,887)	733,610	147,955	
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(7,934,270)	(2,740,738)	(1,134,137)	
Other nonoperating revenues		-	-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(8,581,157)	(2,007,128)	667,243	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL				
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	9,990,115	16,150,648	(2,432,746)	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:				
Capital contributions	7,467,108	2,455,370	-	
Developer contributions	-	1,150,364	1,290,132	
Transfers in	-	-	372,000	
Transfers out	(233,900)	(157,371)	(396,200)	
Total contributions and transfers	7,233,208	3,448,363	1,265,932	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	17,223,323	19,599,011	(1,166,814)	
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	215,632,855	393,251,664	56,003,660	
End of year	\$ 232,856,178	\$ 412,850,675	\$ 54,836,846	

## City of Stockton Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Totals	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:		1 01100
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 147,263,106 9,178,815	\$ 169,360,977 278
Total operating revenues	156,441,921	169,361,255
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Operation and maintenance	67,451,399	154,138,429
General and administrative	16,433,557	7,863,055
Depreciation and amortization	24,385,633	7,770,592
Purchased water	14,542,273	
Total operating expenses	122,812,862	169,772,076
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	33,629,059	(410,821)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Taxes	1,449,627	-
Grants and subsidies	203,798	-
Investment income:		
Interest income (loss)	234,678	1,948,214
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(11,809,145)	(143,727)
Other nonoperating revenues	-	223,441
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(9,921,042)	2,027,928
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	23,708,017	1,617,107
CONTRIDUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	25,706,017	1,017,107
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:		
Capital contributions	9,922,478	2,681,104
Developer contributions	2,440,496	-
Transfers in	372,000	15,409,407
Transfers out	(787,471)	
Total contributions and transfers	11,947,503	18,090,511
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	35,655,520	19,707,618
NET POSITION:		
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	664,888,179	197,713,577
End of year	\$ 700,543,699	\$ 217,421,195

# City of Stockton Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Water Process         Water Utility         Water Utility         Water Utility         Enterprise Funds           CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers and employces Miscellaneous receipts         \$ 55,480.91         \$ 79,506,738         \$ 10,820,494           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (33,359,514)         (67,891,955)         (10,704,872)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         29,575,602         13,101,382         353,113           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in (out), net         (233,900)         (157,371)         (24,200)           Loans to and from other funds         -         -         -         -           Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants         (2,284,004)         -         12           Other nonperating revenues         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from taxes         (2,518,804)         (157,371)         986,132           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         (9,01,914         1,782,390         188,165           Orphicapal paid on debt         (7,014,300)         (5,156,025)         (728,360)         -           I		Major Ente	Nonmajor	
Receipts from customers and users         \$ 55,480,391         \$ 79,506,738         \$ 10,820,494           Receipts for interfluid services provided         - <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th></td<>				-
Receipts for interfund services provided       -       -       -         Payments to suppliers and employees       (33,359,514)       (67,891,955)       (10,704,872)         Miscellancous receipts       237,491       237,491       237,491       237,491         Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities       29,575,602       13,101,382       353,113         CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:       (233,900)       (157,371)       (24,200)         Loans to and from other funds       -       -       (643,105)         Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants       (2,284,904)       -       12         Other nonoperating revenues       -       -       -       1,653,425         Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities       (2,518,804)       (157,371)       986,132         CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND       RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:       Proceeds from sale of capital assets       1,901,914       1,782,390       188,165         Purchases of capital assets       (3,043,186)       (44,580,926)       (3,034,058)       -         Casit a contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132       -         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)       0,312,65       - </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>				
Payments to suppliers and employees       (33,359,514)       (67,891,955)       (10,704,872)         Miscellancous receipts       7,454,725       1,486,599       237,491         Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities       29,575,602       13,101,382       353,113         CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:       1       (233,900)       (157,371)       (24,200)         Loans to and from other funds       -       -       (643,105)         Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants       (2,284,904)       12         Other nonoperating revenues       -       -       1,653,425         Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities       (2,518,804)       (157,371)       986,132         CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND       RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:       -       -       1,653,425         Proceeds from sates       (6,00,3,186)       (44,580,926)       (3,034,058)         Capital contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized alos on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (800,734, 970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552) <tr< th=""><th>1</th><th>\$ 55,480,391</th><th>\$ 79,506,738</th><th>\$ 10,820,494</th></tr<>	1	\$ 55,480,391	\$ 79,506,738	\$ 10,820,494
Miscellaneous receipts         7,454,725         1,486,599         237,491           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         29,575,602         13,101,382         353,113           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in (out), net         (233,900)         (157,371)         (24,200)           Loans to and from other funds         -         (643,105)         -         (643,105)           Receipt of eash subsidies and federal grants         (2,284,904)         12         -         -           Other nonoperating revenues         -         -         1,653,425         -         -           Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities         (2,518,804)         (157,371)         986,132           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         -         -         -         1,653,425           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         (9,01,914         1,782,390         188,165           Purchases of capital assets         (9,003,186)         (44,580,926)         (3,034,058)           Cashi a discount         721,389         170,583         -           Interest paid on debt         (7,014,360)         (5,156,025)         (728,360)           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount         71,1389         170,583		-	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         29,575,602         13,101,382         353,113           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in (out), net         (233,900)         (157,371)         (24,200)           Loans to and from other funds         -         -         (643,105)           Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants         (2,284,904)         -         12           Other monoperating revenues         -         -         -           Proceeds from taxes         -         -         1,653,425           Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities         (2,518,804)         (157,371)         986,132           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sale of capital assets         1,901,914         1,782,390         188,165           Purchases of capital assets         (6,003,186)         (44,580,926)         (3,034,058)           Capital contributions received         7,467,108         3,605,734         1,290,132           Principal paid on debt         (7,014,360)         (5,156,025)         (7,28,360)           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount         (7,113,89         17,458,33         -           Interest paid on debt         (8,007,835)         (2,814,238)         (1,145,431)           Net				
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         Transfers in (out), net       (233,900)       (157,371)       (24,200)         Loans to and from other funds       -       -       (643,105)         Receipt of eash subsidies and federal grants       (2,284,904)       -       12         Other nonoperating revenues       -       -       -       -         Proceeds from taxes       -       -       -       -       -       -         Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities       (2,518,804)       (157,371)       986,132         CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND       RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:       - <th>Miscellaneous receipts</th> <th>7,454,725</th> <th>1,486,599</th> <th>237,491</th>	Miscellaneous receipts	7,454,725	1,486,599	237,491
Transfers in (out), net       (233,900)       (157,371)       (24,200)         Laans to and from other funds       -       -       (643,105)         Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants       (2,284,904)       -       12         Other nonoperating revenues       -       -       -         Proceeds from taxes       -       -       -       -         Proceeds from taxes       -       -       -       -         CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND       RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:       1,901,914       1,782,390       188,165         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       1,901,914       1,782,390       188,165         Cash received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	29,575,602	13,101,382	353,113
Loans to and from other funds       -       -       (643,105)         Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants       (2,284,904)       -       12         Other nonoperating revenues       -       -       -       -       12         Proceeds from taxes       -       -       1,653,425       -       -       1,653,425         Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities       (2,518,804)       (157,371)       986,132         CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND       RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:       -       -       1,653,425         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       1,901,914       1,782,390       188,165         Purchases of capital assets       (6,003,186)       (44,580,926)       (3,034,058)         Capital contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (85	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants       (2,284,904)       -       12         Other nonoperating revenues       -       -       -       1,653,425         Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities       (2,518,804)       (157,371)       986,132         CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:       -       -       -       1,653,425         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       1,901,914       1,782,390       188,165         Purchases of capital assets       (6,003,186)       (44,580,926)       (3,034,058)         Capital contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       1       111,602       Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Net ash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,60	Transfers in (out), net	(233,900)	(157,371)	(24,200)
Other nonoperating revenues         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,653,425           Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities         (2,518,804)         (157,371)         986,132           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         -         -         -         1,653,425           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         (2,518,804)         (157,371)         986,132           Cash FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         -	Loans to and from other funds	-	-	(643,105)
Proceeds from taxes         -         -         1,653,425           Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities         (2,518,804)         (157,371)         986,132           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         -         -         -         1,653,425           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         1,901,914         1,782,390         188,165           Purchases of capital assets         6,003,186)         (44,580,926)         (3,034,058)           Capital contributions received         7,467,108         3,605,734         1,290,132           Principal paid on debt         (7,014,360)         (5,156,025)         (728,360)           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount         721,389         170,583         -           Interest paid on debt         (8,007,835)         (2,814,238)         (1,145,431)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (10,934,970)         (46,992,482)         (3,429,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         111,602         111,602         111,602           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         (859,666)         632,153         111,602           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         15,262,162         (3,416,318)         (1,978,705)     <		(2,284,904)	-	12
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities         (2,518,804)         (157,371)         986,132           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sale of capital assets         1,901,914         1,782,390         188,165           Purchases of capital assets         (6,003,186)         (44,580,926)         (3,034,058)           Capital contributions received         7,467,108         3,605,734         1,290,132           Principal paid on debt         (7,014,360)         (5,156,025)         (728,360)           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount         721,389         170,583         -           Interest paid on debt         (8,007,835)         (2,814,238)         (1,145,431)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (10,934,970)         (46,992,482)         (3,429,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment earnings (loss)         (859,666)         632,153         111,602           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         (859,666)         632,153         111,602           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         15,262,162         (33,416,318)         (1,978,705)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year         98,869,270         129,355,304         17,456,109		-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       1,901,914       1,782,390       188,165         Purchases of capital assets       (6,003,186)       (44,580,926)       (3,034,058)         Capital contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       15,262,162       (3,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	Proceeds from taxes	-	-	1,653,425
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       1,901,914       1,782,390       188,165         Purchases of capital assets       (6,003,186)       (44,580,926)       (3,034,058)         Capital contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       Investment earnings (loss)       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       15,262,162       (3,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       15,262,162       (3,416,318)       (1,978,705)	Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(2,518,804)	(157,371)	986,132
Proceeds from sale of capital assets       1,901,914       1,782,390       188,165         Purchases of capital assets       (6,003,186)       (44,580,926)       (3,034,058)         Capital contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Investment earnings (loss)       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND			
Purchases of capital assets       (6,003,186)       (44,580,926)       (3,034,058)         Capital contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Investment earnings (loss)       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital contributions received       7,467,108       3,605,734       1,290,132         Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,901,914	1,782,390	188,165
Principal paid on debt       (7,014,360)       (5,156,025)       (728,360)         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	Purchases of capital assets	(6,003,186)	(44,580,926)	(3,034,058)
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount       721,389       170,583       -         Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109		7,467,108	3,605,734	1,290,132
Interest paid on debt       (8,007,835)       (2,814,238)       (1,145,431)         Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities       (10,934,970)       (46,992,482)       (3,429,552)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	Principal paid on debt	(7,014,360)	(5,156,025)	(728,360)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (10,934,970)         (46,992,482)         (3,429,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment earnings (loss)         (859,666)         632,153         111,602           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         (859,666)         632,153         111,602           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         15,262,162         (33,416,318)         (1,978,705)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year         98,869,270         129,355,304         17,456,109		721,389	170,583	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         Investment earnings (loss)         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         (859,666)         632,153         111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH         EQUIVALENTS         15,262,162         (33,416,318)         (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:         Beginning of year         98,869,270         129,355,304	Interest paid on debt	(8,007,835)	(2,814,238)	(1,145,431)
Investment earnings (loss)       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities       (859,666)       632,153       111,602         NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(10,934,970)	(46,992,482)	(3,429,552)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         (859,666)         632,153         111,602           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         15,262,162         (33,416,318)         (1,978,705)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year         98,869,270         129,355,304         17,456,109	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH           EQUIVALENTS         15,262,162         (33,416,318)         (1,978,705)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:         Beginning of year         98,869,270         129,355,304         17,456,109	Investment earnings (loss)	(859,666)	632,153	111,602
EQUIVALENTS       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(859,666)	632,153	111,602
EQUIVALENTS       15,262,162       (33,416,318)       (1,978,705)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year       98,869,270       129,355,304       17,456,109	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
Beginning of year         98,869,270         129,355,304         17,456,109		15,262,162	(33,416,318)	(1,978,705)
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
End of year         \$ 114,131,432         \$ 95,938,986         \$ 15,477,404	Beginning of year	98,869,270	129,355,304	17,456,109
	End of year	\$ 114,131,432	\$ 95,938,986	\$ 15,477,404

# City of Stockton Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Governmental Activities Internal Service
CACH ELOWS EDOM OBED ATING A CTIVITIES.	Totals	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers and users	\$ 145,807,623	\$ -
Receipts for interfund services provided	\$ 143,807,023	ء 165,680,214
Payments to suppliers and employees	(111,956,341)	(159,743,152)
Miscellaneous receipts	9,178,815	8,667,392
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	43,030,097	14,604,454
The cash provided of (asea in) operating activities		1,000,000
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Transfers in (out), net	(415,471)	15,409,407
Due to and from other funds	(643,105)	621,593
Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants	(2,284,892)	-
Other nonoperating revenues	-	223,441
Proceeds from taxes	1,653,425	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(1,690,043)	16,254,441
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,872,469	-
Purchases of capital assets	(53,618,170)	(10,576,255)
Capital contributions received	12,362,974	-
Principal paid on debt	(12,898,745)	(3,372,139)
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	891,972	-
Interest paid on debt	(11,967,504)	(147,467)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(61,357,004)	(14,095,861)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment earnings (loss)	(115,911)	1,818,369
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(115,911)	1,818,369
NET INCOE ASE (DECDEASE) IN CASH AND CASH		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(20,132,861)	18,581,403
		, ,
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
Beginning of year	245,680,683	211,678,226
End of year	\$ 225,547,822	\$ 230,259,629

# City of Stockton Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major Enterprise Funds			Nonmajor		
			Wastewater Utility	ater Enterprise		
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS						
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -						
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:						
Cash and investments	\$	114,125,570	\$	92,988,785	\$	10,662,199
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments		-		-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		5,862		2,950,201		4,815,205
Total cash and investments	\$	114,131,432	_	95,938,986	\$	15,477,404
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	18,571,272	\$	18,157,776	\$	(3,099,989)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		8,055,262		12,901,960		3,428,411
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivables		2,113,354		(3,399,581)		(169,005)
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Prepaid items		1,104,856		157,371		2,320
Lease receivable		-		-		26,337
Lease related deferred inflows		-		-		(26,588)
Inventory of supplies		-		(260,616)		-
Deposits and advances		-		-		(8,650)
Accounts payable		(232,696)		(12,810,939)		85,133
Accrued payroll		15,656		53,201		16,239
Accrued liabilities		-		-		24
Deposits and other liabilities		289,398		(1,175,554)		11,784
Compensated absences		47,585		(72,215)		141,546
Self-insurance - claims and judgments		-		-		-
Net pension liability		2,289,593		5,273,371		687,525
Pension-related deferred outflows		(908,301)		(2,065,726)		(275,680)
Pension-related deferred inflows		(1,770,377)		(3,657,666)		(466,294)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	29,575,602	\$	13,101,382	\$	353,113
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:						
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$	721,389	\$	170,583	\$	-
Capital contributions received	Ŷ		-	1,150,364	*	1,290,132
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	721,389	\$	1,320,947	\$	1,290,132
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# City of Stockton Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Totals		overnmental Activities ternal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -				
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:				
Cash and investments	\$	217,776,554	\$	148,715,432
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments		-		81,544,197
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		7,771,268		-
Total cash and investments	\$	225,547,822	\$	230,259,629
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	33,629,059	\$	(410,821)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		24,385,633		7,770,592
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivables		(1,455,232)		(4,198,152)
Due from other funds		-		517,111
Prepaid items		1,264,547		(626,399)
Lease receivable		26,337		-
Lease related deferred inflows		(26,588)		-
Inventory of supplies		(260,616)		117,165
Deposits and advances		(8,650)		(278,960)
Accounts payable		(12,958,502)		3,036,855
Accrued payroll		85,096		(13,180)
Due to other funds		24		-
Deposits and other liabilities		(874,372)		-
Compensated absences		116,916		22,851
Self-insurance - claims and judgments		-		8,667,392
Net pension liability		8,250,489		-
Pension-related deferred outflows		(3,249,707)		-
Pension-related deferred inflows		(5,894,337)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	43,030,097	\$	14,604,454
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:				
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$	891,972	\$	
Capital contributions received	Ф	2,440,496	Φ	- 2,681,104
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Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	3,332,468	\$	2,681,104



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ATTACHMENT A

## FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

The fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and which, therefore, cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Funds financial statements. The fiduciary funds category includes custodial funds and private-purpose trust funds.

#### **Custodial Funds**

To account for land secured financing, developer area of benefit fees, pass-thru public fees on behalf of other entities, funds held in trust as security for development projects, and various community enhancement programs the City administers on behalf of other entities.

#### Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Stockton

To account for a separate legal entity, which was formed to hold the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency pursuant to the City Council actions taken on August 23, 2011. The nature and significance of the relationship between the City and the Successor agency is such that it would be misleading to exclude the Successor Agency from the City's financial statements. The Successor Agency is presented herein in the City's fiduciary funds as a private-purpose trust fund.



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# City of Stockton Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Receivables, net:	\$ 24,343,524 11,829,489	\$ 8,999,903 1,214
Interest	132,884	34,601
Accounts and other receivables	2,203,123	1,133
Lease	-	33,710
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable	-	12,231,979
Depreciable and amortizable, net		11,405,560
Total assets	38,509,020	32,708,100
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	16,061	2,549
Accrued payroll	-	7,255
Deposits and other liabilities		561
Due to other governments	1,712,129	-
Loans from the City	-	1,106,580
Accrued interest	-	1,188,613
Lease liabilities - current	-	7,179
Lease liabilities - noncurrent	-	5,398
Bonds payable - current	-	4,455,555
Bonds payable - noncurrent	-	82,442,932
Pollution remediation		275,000
Total liabilities	1,728,190	89,491,622
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Lease	-	33,324
Total deferred inflows of resources		33,324
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Held in Trust	_	(56,816,846)
Restricted for individual, organization, and other governments	36,780,830	(50,010,040)
Total net position (deficit)		¢ (56.916.946)
rotai net position (denen)	\$ 36,780,830	\$ (56,816,846)

# City of Stockton Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS:			
Property tax	\$ 8,268,542	\$ 9,303,430	
Use of money and property	5,473	7,020	
Investment income (loss)	238,041	9,256	
Debt issued	19,504,313	-	
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	84,409	
Total additions	28,016,369	9,404,115	
DEDUCTIONS:			
General government	394,189	272,710	
Public works	14,625,514	-	
Debt obligations	8,654,088	3,050,484	
Depreciation and amortization	-	574,543	
Miscellaneous		2,759,589	
Total deductions	23,673,791	6,657,326	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,342,578	2,746,789	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):			
Beginning of year	32,438,252	(59,563,635)	
End of year	\$ 36,780,830	\$ (56,816,846)	



ATTACHMENT A





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# City of Stockton Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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## City of Stockton Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Stockton, California (the "City") have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards in the United States. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on July 25, 1850, under the general laws of the State of California. Under the charter adopted in 1923, the City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, community services, engineering services, planning services, public works, general administrative services, and capital improvements.

These basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and either the City can impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable for an organization if that organization is fiscally dependent (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year-end. The following entities are reported component units:

### Fiduciary Component Unit – Successor Agency

The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Stockton ("Successor Agency") is a separate legal entity, which was formed to hold the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency under City Council action taken on August 23, 2011. The nature and significance of the relationship between the City and the Successor Agency are such that it would be misleading to exclude the Successor Agency from the City's financial statements. The Successor Agency is presented herein in the City's fiduciary funds as a private-purpose trust fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

### The Stockton Public Financing Authority (the "SPFA")

The SPFA was created in June 1990 and carries out bonded debt and lease financing for the City. The governing body of the SPFA is comprised of City Council members. The SPFA is authorized to borrow money for the purpose of financing the acquisition of bonds, notes and other obligations of, or for the purpose of making loans to the City and to refinance outstanding obligations of the City. The SPFA does not prepare separate financial statements.

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### **Excluded Agencies**

A governmental agency in which the City participates is the San Joaquin Area Flood Control Agency ("SJAFCA") which is jointly governed by the City and the County of San Joaquin ("County"). The City retains neither an on-going financial interest in nor obligation to SJAFCA. Therefore financial information for the SJAFCA is not included in the accompanying financial statements.

### B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized by funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance or net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The City's financial position and results of operations are presented from two perspectives in the following two sets of financial statements:

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of governmental activities and business-type activities for the City, the primary government, accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or programs are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, are identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements with nonmajor funds aggregated in and combined with the major funds.

The Government-Wide financial statements are presented on an "*economic resources*" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, including capital assets, and infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents the Change in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)**

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made for inter-fund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and netted in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated and reported as transfers The following inter-fund activities have been eliminated:

- Loans to, Loans from other funds
- Transfers in, Transfers out

### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "*current financial resources*" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing use) in fund balances.

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both "*measurable*" and "*available*" to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period as soon enough after that to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, and other taxes.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured or been earned. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds as capital outlay. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Revenues and expenditures not meeting recognition criteria are treated as deferred inflows or outflows (Note 1C).

The Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences.

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

### • General Fund

To account for resources not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is the City's main operating fund reflecting transactions related to municipal governmental services supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services and other governmental type revenues.

### • Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund

To account for federal grant programs and other resources that provide for development of a viable urban community by providing a suitable living environment, loans to non-profit housing developers to acquire and rehabilitate abandoned and foreclose homes and providing affordable housing assistance to qualified low- and moderate-income households. This fund includes the City's annual federal funding from the Community Development Block Grant, Community Rehabilitation Loan program, federal revolving loan program, revitalization activities in the designated Urban Development Action Grant area, Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108, HOME Housing grants and loans, and Neighborhood Stabilization Loan Program (NSP Funds).

### • Special Grants Special Revenue Fund

To account for one-time resources received through the federal CARES and American Rescue Plan Act and in addition to some comparatively smaller grants from federal and state governments to support public safety and other community programs which are not otherwise accounted for in other special revenue funds.

• Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund

To account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of general governmental capital facilities as required by City Council action or state law in which the projects are financed by grants, lease proceeds, and transfers from other City governmental funds.

### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "*economic resources*" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

# B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

• Water Utility Enterprise Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction of water treatment facilities, production, distribution and transmission of potable water to users, and operations related to the provision of services.

• Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, and operation and maintenance of wastewater facilities for the collection, treatment, and disposal of wastewater, and operations related to the provision of services.

A column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are a type of proprietary fund used to report the provision of goods and services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds include eight individual funds which provide services directly to other City funds.

• The Internal Service Funds of the City are the General Liability Insurance, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Employee Health Insurance, Retirement Benefits, Other Benefits and Insurance, Vehicle Fleet Equipment, Computer and Radio Equipment, and Other Equipment funds.

### **Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements**

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds represent agency funds and private purpose trust funds. Both custodial funds and the private purpose trust funds are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting. The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The **Private Purpose Trust Fund** is used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the Stockton Redevelopment Agency.

The **Custodial Funds** account for resources held by the City in custodial capacity for collections to bondholders and for programs that the City administers on behalf of other governmental and private sector entities and organizations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

### C. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds report separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources** represent a consumption of net assets that apply to future periods.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources** represent an acquisition of net assets that apply to future periods.

### **D.** Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of budgetary controls.

### E. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents. The statement of cash flows requires presentation of "cash and cash equivalents." For the statement of cash flows, the City considers all proprietary fund pooled cash and investments as "cash and cash equivalents," including restricted cash held by fiscal agents for debt service and capital projects.

The City participates in an external investment pool managed by the State of California (the "State"), the Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF"). The City records its investment in LAIF at fair value based on information obtained from the State on the holdings in the pool.

The change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease in investment assets and investment income or loss. Investment income (loss) consists of interest income, dividend income, and recognized gains or losses on investments. Money market investments and certain guaranteed investment contracts are carried at cost. Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available. The City allocates the fair value adjustment for unrealized gains and losses at June 30 of each year. Interest earnings on investments are allocated to the individual pooled funds quarterly based on each fund's average quarterly pooled cash and investments balances. The City reported its investments at fair value, and the unrealized losses on investments amounted to (\$35,280,860) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for Deposits and Investment Risks in the following areas are presented in the footnotes:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
  - Overall
    - Custodial Credit Risk
  - Concentration of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

# F. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments consist of cash and investments held by fiscal agents that are restricted due to limitations on their use by bond covenants or cash or investments with donor limitations. Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the bond investors hold investments arising from the proceeds of long-term debt issuances. The funds may be used for specific capital outlays or for the payment of certain bonds, certificate of participation or tax allocation bonds and have been invested as permitted by specific State statutes or applicable City ordinance, resolution or bond indenture. Cash held in the Water and Wastewater Rate Stabilization Fund was established under the issuance of bonds in 2009 and 2014, respectively.

### G. Fair Value Measurement

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosure about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

### H. Receivables

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except revenues subject to accrual (up to 90 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are sales tax, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes, interest revenue, rental revenue and certain charges for services.

Federal and State grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met on the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statement of net positions. The amount recognized as revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental funds is limited to the amount that is deemed measurable and available.

Long-term loans receivable, which consist of the principal amount of the loan plus the accrued borrower's deferred interest is reported in the governmental fund statements and classified as restricted fund balance as the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables was restricted. Long-term loans receivable reported in the governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net position as it is recorded on an accrual basis at its net realizable value based on an estimate of uncollectible amounts for loan losses.

Billed but not collected and unbilled utility revenue earned is recognized as revenue and accounts receivable in the enterprise funds.

### I. Interfund Loans and Advances

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "loans to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Management has determined that there are some inter-fund balances which may or may not be repaid within a reasonable period. U.S. GAAP permits the reporting of inter-fund balances such as inter-fund loans and advances only when repayment is expected within a reasonable period. However, City policy does not permit the elimination of inter-fund balances without City Council approval. Accordingly, inter-fund balances, which are not expected to be repaid within a reasonable period or not at all, have been offset by an allowance for uncollectible advances in both the borrowing and the lending funds.

### J. Inventory of Supplies

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are valued at weighted average cost using the first-in-first-out basis. Inventories of all funds are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased. Inventory of supplies is recorded in the Wastewater Fund, for the City's Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Enterprise Funds which operates as a central store for all of the City's utilities.

# K. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements by using purchase method. A nonspendable fund balance has been reported in the governmental funds to show that the prepaid items do not constitute "available spendable resources," even though they are a component of current assets.

### L. Lease Receivable

The City is a lessor for leases of land, buildings, and cell towers and recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

At the commencement of a lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. The City established a threshold of \$5,000 for lease receivables. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received.

The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

### L. Lease Receivable (Continued)

- The City uses incremental borrowing rate (IBR) provided by the financial institution at July 1, 2021 for existing leases or the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.
- > The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease plus any option periods that are likely to be exercised.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

### M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if the actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 for equipment and works of art; \$10,000 for land, buildings, improvements and intangible assets; \$50,000 for infrastructure, all of which must have an estimated useful life more than one year. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Infrastructure	30-100 years
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 years
Machinery and equipment	3-30 years

Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as projects progress and once constructed begin depreciation. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed. Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for the business-type funds as part of the asset cost.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if the actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

The City established a \$5,000 threshold to recognize right-to-use assets, including lease assets or subscriptionbased information technology arrangement ("SBITA") assets ("subscription assets"), in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

# Right-of-Use Lease Assets

Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and adjusted by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service. Lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the City has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

### M. Capital Assets (Continued)

### Right-of-Use Subscription Assets

Subscription assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the SBITA liabilities ("subscription liabilities") and adjusted by any subscription payments to the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term along with subscription implementation costs. Subscription assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying information technology assets.

### N. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are comprised of cash and assets donated from developers. Connection fees are reported as capital contributions in the Water Utility and Wastewater Utility enterprise funds.

### **O.** Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities

The City is on a semi-monthly payroll period, and employees are paid seven calendar days after the end of the payroll periods ending on the 15th and the end of the month or the last working day before that date. As of June 30, 2023, the payroll accrual is recorded in the respective funds when the related liability is incurred.

### **P.** Compensated Absences

By negotiated labor agreements, employees accumulate earned, but unused vacation, other compensated leave, and sick leave pay benefits. Employees were allowed to apply 100% of accrued sick leave hours for additional California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") service credit upon retirement depending upon bargaining unit and date of hire. As of July 1, 2013, employees separating from service will receive their full vacation payout.

After subtracting the sick leave balance equivalent of one full year of service credit (2080 hours), which may be applied to CalPERS service credit, any sick leave balance remaining upon separation shall be paid at a specific percentage of the cash value to employees who have remained in City service until the dates specified in the labor agreements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

For governmental and business-type activities, compensated absences are recorded as expenses when earned.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

For governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year paid. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

# Q. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term financial obligations are reported as liabilities.

Bond issuance premiums and discounts, as well as prepaid insurance, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount except for insurance prepaid bond insurance premiums.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, in the year of issuance. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. The differences between the government-wide and fund financial statements are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

### R. Lease Liabilities

The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a lease term greater than one year in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance of the lessee or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses incremental borrowing rate provided by the financial institution at July 1, 2021 for existing leases or the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease payable is composed of fixed payments to the lessor.

# S. Subscription Liabilities

The City recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a subscription term greater than one year in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance of the City, usage of the underlying information technology assets, or number of user seats are not included in the measurement of the subscription liability.

At the commencement of a subscription, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITA include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The City uses the incremental borrowing rate provided by institution at July 1, 2022 by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITA.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure any subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

# T. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable by benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Fund and special revenue are typically used to liquidate pension liabilities for governmental funds.

The following time frames are used for pension reporting:

<u>CALPERS</u>	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Period	July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022
PARS	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Period	July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

# T. Pensions (Continued)

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

# U. Net Position

In governmental-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, Net Position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and amortization reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, and excludes unspent debt proceeds. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

<u>*Restricted*</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of the net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of the net position.

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to first spend the restricted net position.

### V. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are (1) not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventories and long-term receivables for which the payment of proceeds are not restricted or committed with respect to the nature of the specific expenditures of that fund or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan funds.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has legislative restrictions on amounts collected and reported in the City's various governmental funds. As a result, these restrictions have been classified as restricted for community development, debt service reserve, general government, housing projects/loans, libraries and arts, parks and recreation, public safety, public services, redevelopment projects, solid waste/recycling and streets, transit and traffic.

### V. Fund Balances (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> – This amount indicates the portion of fund balances which can only be used for specific purposes under formal resolution or ordinance of the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts that have been allocated by action of an official authorized by the Stockton City Council in which the City's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The City considers this level of authority to be the City Manager.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This amount is for any portion of the fund balances that do not fall into one of the above categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is first to expend restricted fund balances, then unrestricted fund balances as they are needed.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes where only unrestricted fund balances are available, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned depending on the nature of the expenditure.

### W. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable by property owners in two installments: November 1 and February 1 of each year. Property taxes become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, for the first and second installments, respectively. The lien date is January 1. The County of San Joaquin, California ("County") bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the City according to a payment schedule established by the County. The County generally operates under the Teeter Plan, whereby the County pays the City 100% of the taxes levied. The County assumes responsibility for collecting any delinquent amounts and upon collection retains the penalty and interest portion of those amounts. Therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

Property Valuations are established by the Assessor of the County of San Joaquin for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls: the utility property tax rolls are valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provisions of Article XIIA of the State Constitution (Proposition 13 adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978) properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base of assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2%. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied, provided the taxes are received within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year. Property taxes received after this date are not considered available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year operations of the City and, therefore, are not recorded as revenue until collected.

### X. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

### Y. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 91 In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* (GASB Statement No. 91), to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94 In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB Statement No. 94) to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96 In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB Statement No. 96), to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset- -an intangible asset and a corresponding subscription liability: (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Implementation of this Statement had a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The Statement is effective immediately for the requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 63. The Statement is effective for fiscal year years beginning after June 15, 2022 for requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAS. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of cash, cash equivalents, and investments, including restricted cash and investments on June 30, 2023:

Deposits:	
Cash on Hand	\$ 24,630
Demand Deposits	 62,587,640
Total Deposits	62,612,270
Investments	947,280,779
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,009,893,049
Presented in the government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 873,781,412
Restricted Cash and Investments	90,937,507
Presented in the statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and Investments	33,343,427
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 11,830,703
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,009,893,049

### A. Cash Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's pooled cash deposits was \$62,587,640 at June 30, 2023. Bank balances before reconciling items were \$69,422,418 at that date, the total amount of which was insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Fund's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures or by donor direction. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

# Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

### **B.** Authorized Investments

### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code ("CGC") or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, which are more restrictive to address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City.

		Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
	Maximum	in	Legal	Investments in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	Rating	One Issuer
Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies:				·
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes and Bills	No Limit	No Limit	N/A	No limit
State of California Obligations	10 Years	No Limit	N/A	5%
49 other States Obligations	10 Years	No Limit	N/A	5%
California Non Stockton Local Agency Obligations	10 Years	No Limit	N/A	No limit
U.S. Agency and U.S. Government sponsored				
Enterprise Securities	10 Years**	No Limit	N/A	No limit
City of Stockton Obligations	5 Years*	None	None	No limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years*	30%	AA	5%
Time Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	20%	N/A	No limit
Bankers' Acceptances	180 Days	40%	A, A-1	5%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	A1, P1, F-1	5%; 10% of outstanding CP of any single issuer
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	Α	5%
California Local Agency Investment Fund				
- Investments made in County or other types of investment pools require due diligence	Upon Demand	\$75,000,000 per account	N/A	\$75,000,000 per account
California Asset Management Program	Upon Demand	No Limit	N/A***	10%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	N/A	No limit
Reverse Repurchase Agreements - If the City invests in Repurchase Agreements, a Master Repurchase Agreement is required	92 days	20%	N/A	No limit
Demand Accounts - Insured/Collateralized Medium Term Notes	N/A	No Limit	N/A	No limit
Mutual Funds SEC registered Money Market Funds limited to a percentage of the City's surplus as narrowly defined in the California Government Code Section 53601 et seq.	N/A	20%	AAA	No limit
<ul> <li>N/A- Not Applicable</li> <li>* Limited to 5 years, except permits investment in variable rate demand obligations (VRDQ) that are City obligations up to</li> </ul>				

Limited to 5 years, except permits investment in variable rate demand obligations (VRDO) that are City obligations up to 10 years maturity, as allowed under IRS and SEC rulings. VRDO investments are limited to 15% of the portfolio. Securities with term to maturity greater than 5 years shall not

 $\ast\ast$  exceed 30% of the total portfolio value.

\*\*\* Pool composition restricted by CSA 53601.

# Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

# **B.** Authorized Investments (Continued)

### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by the City's bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreement, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Legal	in	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Rating	Portfolio	One Issuer
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	Top Four Rating Categories	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes and Bills	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Agency and U.S. Government				
Sponsored Enterprise Securities	No limit	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit
State Obligations	No Limit	Not lower than their bond rating	No Limit	No Limit
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1+	No Limit	No Limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Time Certificates of Deposit	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Corporate Notes and Bonds	No Limit	Not lower than their bond rating	No Limit	No Limit
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	No Limit	Not lower than their bond rating	No Limit	No Limit
Shares of Beneficial Interest	No Limit	Top Rating Category	No Limit	No Limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	No Limit	AAm	20%	No Limit
Bankers' Acceptances	365 days	A-1+	30%	30%
Municipal Bonds	No Limit	AAA	No Limit	No Limit
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Upon Demand	N/A	\$75,000,000	\$75,000,000
California Asset Management Program	Upon Demand	N/A	No Limit*	No Limit*
Investment Agreements	No Limit	AA-	No Limit	No Limit

\*Pool is constrained by Code 53601 as to % that the pool must abide by

### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

### C. Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments in LAIF included a portion of pool funds invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from mortgages (such as Collateralized mortgage obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had \$30,073,756 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.78% of the Pool investment funds in medium-term and short-term structured notes as well as asset-backed securities. The face value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

### D. Investments in California Asset Management Program

The City is a participant in CAMP which is a California Joint Powers Authority ("JPA") established in 1989 to provide California public agencies with professional investment services. The CAMP Pool is a permitted investment for all local agencies under California Government Code Section 53601(p). Structured Notes and Asset Backed Securities are not permitted under CAMP's current investment policy.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had \$112,656,911 invested in CAMP, which had invested 11.62% of the Pool investment funds in medium-term and short-term structured notes or asset backed securities. The face value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

# E. Fair Value of Investments

At June 30, 2023, investments are reported at fair value. The following table presents the fair value measurements of investments on a recurring basis and the levels with GASB 72 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2023. Deposits and withdrawals related to the investments in LAIF, CAMP, and money market funds are valued on amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Accordingly, under the fair value hierarchy these investments are uncategorized.

# Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

# E. Fair Value of Investments (Continued)

				N	Measu	rement Inpu	ıt	
Investments subject to fair value measurement categorizations:		June 30, 2023	Level 1		Level 2		Uncategorized <sup>(3)</sup>	
U. S. Agencies <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	154,177,714	\$	-	\$ 1	54,177,714	\$	-
U. S. Treasuries		370,960,126	370,96	0,126		-		-
M edium term notes <sup>(1)</sup>		136,786,965		-	1	36,786,965		-
Supranationals <sup>(2)</sup>		11,557,397		-		11,557,397		-
Municipal Bonds <sup>(1)</sup>		15,941,249		-		15,941,249		-
Federal Agency CMOs <sup>(1)</sup>		10,680,035		-		10,680,035		-
Negotiable CD <sup>(1)</sup>		2,799,300		-		2,799,300		-
Cmmercial Paper <sup>(1)</sup>		10,230,562		-		10,230,562		-
Asset backed securities <sup>(1)</sup>		10,203,214		-		10,203,214		-
Cash - PARS 115 Trust <sup>(3)</sup>		24,927		-		-		24,927
Equity Mutual Fund- PARS 115 Trust		19,948,073		-		19,948,073		-
Fixed Income MutuaL Fund- PARS 115 Trust <sup>(1)</sup>		44,160,035		-		44,160,035		-
Idle Funds in Reserve Portfolio <sup>(3)</sup>		1,847,787		-		-		1,847,787
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		30,073,756		-		-		30,073,756
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)		112,656,911		-		-		112,656,911
Money Market Funds (attributable to 115 Trust)		15,232,728		-		-		15,232,728
Total	\$	947,280,779	\$ 370,96	0,126	\$4	16,484,544	\$	159,836,109

<sup>(1)</sup> Pricing based on Institutional Bond Quotes - evaluations based on various market and industry inputs.

<sup>(2)</sup> Pricing based on Intercontinental Exchange Extel Financial Ltd - evaluations based on various market factors.

<sup>(3)</sup> Investments are valued at an amortized cost which approximates fair value.

### Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

### F. Risk Disclosures

### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy provides that final maturities of securities cannot exceed ten years. The exceptions to this policy are that U.S. Treasury or U.S. Agency securities may be invested in greater than five years and investment in variable rate obligations of the City is permissible when allowed by the IRS and SEC. Investments maturing beyond a five-year horizon should not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the total portfolio value at any given time. The maturity of investments is evaluated before purchase depending on liquidity needs.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by fiscal agents) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date.

	Investment Maturities									
Investment Type	Fair Value	1 year or less	1-3 years	3-5 years	5 years or more					
U.S. Agencies	\$ 154,177,715	\$ 47,984,339	\$ 82,047,011	\$ 4,244,780	\$ 19,901,585					
U.S. Treasuries	370,960,127	47,425,946	174,102,540	77,238,228	72,193,413					
Medium Term (Corporate) Notes	136,786,965	27,369,040	74,017,190	35,400,735	-					
Supranationals	11,557,397	3,664,726	7,892,671	-	-					
Municipal Bonds	15,941,249	4,356,367	11,584,882	-	-					
Federal Agency CMOs	10,680,034	936,157	-	9,743,877	-					
Local Agency Investment Fund	30,073,756	30,073,756	-	-	-					
Capital Asset Management Program	112,656,911	112,656,911	-	-	-					
Money Market Funds (attributable to 115 Trust)	15,232,727	15,232,727	-	-	-					
Negotiable CD	2,799,300	-	2,799,300	-	-					
Asset Backed Securities	10,203,214	-	6,054,949	4,148,265	-					
Commercial paper	10,230,562	10,230,562	-	-	-					
Cash - PARS 115 Trust	24,927	24,927	-	-	-					
Equity Mutual Fund- PARS 115 Trust	19,948,073	19,948,073	-	-	-					
Fixed Income Mutual Fund- PARS 115 Trust	44,160,035	44,160,035	-	-	-					
Idle Funds in Reserve Portfolio	1,847,787	1,847,787	-	-	-					
Total	\$ 947,280,779	\$ 365,911,353	\$ 358,498,543	\$ 130,775,885	\$ 92,094,998					
Allocation by percentage	100%	35%	40%	24%	1%					

# Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

# F. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

# <u>Credit Risk</u>

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. It is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2023, for each investment type as provided by Standard and Poor's investment rating system:

Investment Type	А	AA/AAAm	A	A / AA+ / AA-	 A / A+/ A-		A-1+		BBB+		Total
Held by the City and its Component Units:											
U. S. Agencies:											
Non-callable	\$	-	\$	511,419,806	\$ -	\$	13,183,522	\$	-	\$	524,603,328
Callable		-		4,108,931	-		-		-		4,108,931
Medium term notes:											
Non-callable		-		23,111,458	52,562,424		-		3,683,269		79,357,151
Callable		7,477,180		5,955,571	41,402,856		-		2,594,207		57,429,814
Asset Backed Securities		8,549,721		-	-		-		-		8,549,721
Commercial Paper		-		-	-		10,230,562		-		10,230,562
Negariable CDs		-		-	2,799,300		-		-		2,799,300
Supranationals		11,557,397		-	-		-		-		11,557,397
Municipal securities		2,772,839		13,168,411	-		-		-		15,941,250
Total	\$	30,357,137	\$	557,764,177	\$ 96,764,580	\$	23,414,084	\$	6,277,476		714,577,454
Not rated or exempt from rating disclosure:											
Asset Backed Securities											1,653,493
Local Agency Investment Fund											30,073,756
California Asset Management Program											112,656,911
U. S. Agencies											7,105,616
Section 115 Trust Mutual Funds (not rated)											79,340,835
Cash Held in 115 Trust											24,927
Idle Funds in Reserve Portfolio											1,847,787
						Tot	al Investment	ts		\$	947,280,779
										<u> </u>	.,,./2

The City's portfolio manager utilized ratings of S&P in compiling the previous table. In August 2011, S&P took an extraordinary stance of downgrading the debt of the United States and numerous agencies whose debt it stands behind. Moody's and Fitch only took moves to lower the outlook on U.S. debt while still maintaining the AAA ratings on these entities. On March 16, 2023, S&P affirmed the AA+ rating with a stable outlook that is still in place today. Moody their AAA rating with negative outlook in November 2023. In May of 2023 Fitch placed its AAA rating on a negative watch ultimately downgrading the U.S. to a AA+ rating in August of 2023.

# Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk refers to the event in which the custodial bank (outside party) in possession of an investment security fails to supply the value of investments or collateral securities to the City upon demand. All securities, except the money market mutual funds and LAIF, are held by a third-party custodian, US Bank. US Bank is a registered member of the Federal Reserve Bank. The securities held by US bank are in the street name with a customer number assigned to the City that identifies ownership.

# Concentration Credit Risk

The City's investment policy regarding the amount that can be invested in any one issuer is stipulated by the California Government Code. Concentrations of 5.0% or more in investments in any one issuer, held by individual funds in the securities of issuers other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools are required to be disclosed.

### Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

### F. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

### Concentration Credit Risk (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the City's Pooled investments that represent a concentration in the securities of any individual issuers, other than U. S. Treasury securities or mutual funds, are set forth below:

			Reported		
Issuer	Investment Type				otal Holdings
Held by City:				\$	947,280,779
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities	\$	86,213,224		9.10%

### G. Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds and other long-term liabilities are classified as restricted cash and investments on the Statement of Net Position as their use is limited by applicable indentures or covenants. Covenants provide that these funds, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, certificates, or leases, may be invested by the ordinances, resolutions or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may require. The ordinances, resolutions, and indentures are more restrictive than the City's investment policy. Restricted cash and investments of the City are primary for the construction or acquisition of facilities, and reserves for payment of debt service as required by the bond indentures.

Cash and investments with fiscal agents are one component of the City's restricted cash. At June 30, 2023, the restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents are as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 83,166,239
Business-type activities:	
Water Utility	5,862
Wastewater Utility	2,950,201
Parking Authority	4,815,205
Subtotal	7,771,268
Fiduciary Funds	 11,830,703
Total restricted cash and investments	\$ 102,768,210

The City has a reserve policy for its Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Funds governing the establishment of reserve funds and the procedures for Rate Stabilization accounts. The reserve policy is in place to mitigate future revenue fluctuations, where revenues are interrupted or otherwise insufficient to offset the operating expenditures and to minimize the impact of rate increases. In addition to the reserve policy, the City has established a Rate Stabilization Fund in the Water Fund in connection with the issuance of its 2010 Variable Rate Demand Water Revenue Bonds and in the Wastewater Fund in connection with the 2014 Wastewater Refunding Bonds. The City use money on deposit in the Rate Stabilization Fund for any lawful purpose. All interest or other earnings in the Rate Stabilization Fund may be withdrawn and accounted for as revenues or used for any lawful purpose. The balances in the Water and Wastewater Rate Stabilization Accounts at June 30, 2023, were \$2,890,795 and \$12,605,720, respectively.

### Note 3 – Interfund Transactions

### A. Loans To/From Other Funds

"Loans to" and "loans from" balances represent loan activity between funds. These balances are expected to be paid back per a City council approved repayment schedule. The amount of \$7,733,073 of interfund loan balances, broken down by short and long-term net of interest, as of June 30, 2023 is shown below.

The inter-fund transactions were as follows:

Fund Making Loan	Fund Receiving Loan	Sh	ort-Term	I	ong-term	 Total
Internal Service Funds -Workers' Compensation	Parking Authority	\$	655,208	\$	5,713,019	\$ 6,368,227
Internal Service Funds -Workers' Compensation	Internal Service Funds -Vehicle Fleet Equipment		420,602		944,244	 1,364,846
					Total	\$ 7,733,073

- The \$6,368,227 interfund loan balance from the Workers' Compensation Insurance Internal Service Fund to the Parking Authority Enterprise Fund was used to pay-off the existing 2006 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series A, saving the City 2% in annual interest.
- The \$1,364,846 interfund loan balance from the Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund to the Internal Services Vehicle Fleet Equipment Fund was used to pay off three of four remaining Fire Truck Leases, saving the City 2% in annual interest.

# **B.** Transfers

Interfund transfers report the nonreciprocal contributions of resources from one fund to another that include program support, debt service and settlement, and other one-time transfers. The following is a summary of transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023:

		Transfers In			ransfers Out	Ν	et Transfers
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>							
General Fund	Program Support	\$	-	\$	(6,306,542)	\$	(6,306,542)
General Fund	Capital Improvement		-		(14,576,488)		(14,576,488)
General Fund	Debt Service		-		(8,422,050)		(8,422,050)
General Fund	Retirement		-		(10,000,000)		(10,000,000)
Federal Housing Grants	Debt Service/ Settlement		-		(349,449)		(349,449)
Nonmajor Government Funds	Program Support		976,676		(17,752,547)		(16,775,871)
Nonmajor Government Funds	Debt Service		8,973,968		-		8,973,968
Capital Improvement	Program Support		32,664,965		(202,469)		32,462,496
Internal Service Funds	Program Support		5,409,407		-		5,409,407
Internal Service Funds	Retirement		10,000,000		-		10,000,000
Total governmental activities			58,025,016		(57,609,545)		415,471
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>							
Water Utility	Program Support		-		(233,900)		(233,900)
Wastewater Utility	Program Support		-		(157,371)		(157,371)
Stormwater Utility	Program Support		-		(396,200)		(396,200)
Downtown Marina	Program Support		262,000		-		262,000
Golf Courses	Program Support		110,000		-		110,000
Total business-type activities			372,000		(787,471)		(415,471)
Total Government-Wide Statements		\$	58,397,016	\$	(58,397,016)	\$	-

# Note 4 – Lease Receivable

Lease receivables consist of agreements with others for the right-to-use of the underlying assets for land and buildings owned by the City at various locations. The remaining terms of the agreements range from 26 to 600 months. The incremental borrowing rates used were between 0.2450% to 1.800% depending on the length of the lease term. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$71,038, \$26,587, and \$7,790 in lease revenue and \$24,436, \$195, and \$308 in interest revenue for the Governmental Activities, the Business-Type Activities, and the Successor Agency, respectively. The outstanding receivables are in the amounts of \$1,426,125, \$33,074, and \$33,710 for the Governmental Activities, the Business-Type Activities, and the Successor Agency, respectively.

The future required payments for these leases, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ending		Gove	rnm	ental Acti	vitie	s	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					Fidicuary Funds						
June 30,	Pr	incipal	Ι	nterest		Total	Pr	incipal	Int	terest		Total	Pı	rincipal	Int	erest		Total
2024	\$	40,230	\$	47,658	\$	87,888	\$	26,446	\$	86	\$	26,532	\$	7,674	\$	246	\$	7,920
2025		41,129		48,703		89,832		6,628		5		6,633		7,737		183		7,920
2026		44,165		48,766		92,931		-		-		-		7,800		120		7,920
2027		47,343		48,830		96,173		-		-		-		7,864		56		7,920
2028		49,513		48,882		98,395		-		-		-		2,635		4		2,639
2029 - 2033		282,875		91,769		374,644		-		-		-		-		-		-
2034 - 2038		349,725		66,295		416,020		-		-		-		-		-		-
2039 - 2043		66,297		48,568		114,865		-		-		-		-		-		-
2044 - 2048		72,543		42,322		114,865		-		-		-		-		-		-
2049 - 2053		79,377		35,488		114,865		-		-		-		-		-		-
2054 - 2058		86,855		28,010		114,865		-		-		-		-		-		-
2059 - 2063		95,038		19,827		114,865		-		-		-		-		-		-
2064 - 2068		103,991		10,874		114,865		-		-		-		-		-		-
2069 - 2071		67,044		1,879		68,923		-		-		-		-		-		-
	\$1,	426,125	\$	587,871	\$2	,013,996	\$	33,074	\$	91	\$	33,165	\$	33,710	\$	609	\$	34,319

### Note 5 - Successor Agency - Loans from City, Net

With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency effective January 31, 2012, the following loans are outstanding as of June 30, 2023, most of which are offset by an Allowance for Uncollectible Loans. The Successor Agency received its Finding of Completion from the State Department of Finance on October 30, 2014. On November 4, 2015, the Oversight Board adopted a resolution finding 51 Redevelopment loans from the City were made for legitimate redevelopment purposes. Dissolution law required that the accrued interest on outstanding loans be recalculated quarterly at a simple interest of 3% from the date the loans were originally authorized by the former Redevelopment Agency. Also, the Department of Finance required approved resolutions and signed loan agreements for the loans to be approved for repayment. However, City staff was unable to locate signed loan agreements or documents and approved resolutions for all of the 51 loans. Adjustments for the write off of all loans were disallowed by the Department of Finance in the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

In addition, the interest on the loans is limited to the Local Agency Investment Fund interest rate calculated from the inception date of each loan. The total outstanding loan balance (including accrued interest) as of June 30, 2023, is \$2,853,824 and has been offset by an allowance for uncollectible loan and interest in the amount of \$1,747,244, except the loan amount from Low – Moderate Income Housing Loans.

Fund Providing Loan	Fund Receiving Loan	Outstanding Balance			lowance for ncollectible Loans	Net Balance		
Low - Moderate Income Housing RDA Loans	Private-Purpose Trust Fund - Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency	\$	1,106,580	\$	-	\$ 1,106,580		
Non-Major Governmental - CDBG Fund	Private-Purpose Trust Fund - Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency		512,853		(512,853)	-		
	Interest on Redevelopment Agency Loans		1,234,391		(1,234,391)	-		
	Total	\$	2,853,824	\$	(1,747,244)	\$ 1,106,580		

• The \$1,106,580 outstanding loan balance from the Low - Moderate Income Housing fund, a City Special Revenue Fund, to the former Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Funds was to fund the Waterfront Redevelopment Project Area.

• The \$512,853 outstanding loan balance from the CDBG Programs, a Special Revenue Fund, to the former Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund was for the project area expenditures. The outstanding principal balance is subject to a 3% simple annual interest rate. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding accrued interest balance is \$1,234,391.

### Note 6 – Loans to Property Owners

Loans provided to property owners are managed by the City's Economic Development Department (EDD). Loans receivables under the City's loan programs on June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Governmental Activites									
Loan Programs		Principal Balance		Deferred Interest		llowance for ncollectible Loans	ľ	Net Balance		
First Time Home Buyers Program (HOME)	\$	41,725,245	\$	9,839,358	\$	(1,735,238)	\$	49,829,365		
Community Development Block Grant Programs		16,176,412		2,580,380		(880,170)		17,876,622		
Neighborhood Stabilization First Time Home Buyer Program		10,753,236		1,702,819		-		12,456,055		
California Home Loans		2,797,421		367,121		(953,697)		2,210,845		
Low & Moderate Income Housing Programs (former Agency)		53,768,473		14,844,842		-		68,613,315		
Total	\$	125,220,787	\$	29,334,520	\$	(3,569,105)	\$	150,986,202		

# First Time Home Buyers Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME)

The Home Investment Partnerships Loan Programs are funded through U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development HOME funds. The programs include deferred gap financing loans for qualified first-time homebuyers, owner-occupied housing rehabilitation loans to qualified borrowers, and multifamily loans to qualified housing developers. Loan repayments are re-deposited into the program cash accounts and are redistributed as future loans.

# Community Development Block Grant Programs

The Community Development Block Grants Loan Programs are funded through U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development CDBG funds. The programs include deferred gap financing loans for qualified first-time homebuyers, owner occupied emergency repair loans, public facility project loans, and commercial loan programs. Loan repayments are re-deposited into the program cash accounts and are redistributed as future loans.

# Neighborhood Stabilization First Time Home Buyer Program

The Neighborhood Stabilization Program loans are funded through U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Neighborhood Stabilization program funds. The programs include acquisition, rehabilitation, and resale of foreclosed homes (properties) to qualified home buyers, deferred gap financing loans for qualified home buyers; and acquisition, rehabilitation, and rent of foreclosed properties in targeted areas. Loan repayments are re-deposited into the program cash accounts and are redistributed as future loans.

# California Home Loans Program

The California Home Loans Program are funded through the California Department of Housing and Community Development. The programs include deferred gap financing loans to qualified first-time homebuyers and owner occupied rehabilitation loans. Loan repayments are re-deposited into the program cash accounts and are redistributed as future loans.

# Low and Moderate-Income Housing Program (Former Agency)

The City's Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Programs are funded through the Low and Moderate-Income Housing City Loans Special Revenue Fund and Strong Neighborhoods Initiative Bond proceeds. The programs include loans for rehabilitation and construction of affordable housing units which are deed restricted for occupancy by low- and moderate-income households for at least fifty-five years. Interest income is recorded as payments when received.

# Note 7 – Capital Assets

# A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2023, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	G	overnmental Activities	B	usiness -Type Activities	Total		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	38,196,565	\$	15,127,218	\$	53,323,783	
Intangible assets - easements		4,354,960		-		4,354,960	
Construction in progress		252,839,333		233,679,173		486,518,506	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		295,390,858		248,806,391		544,197,249	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure		623,722,939		-		623,722,939	
Buildings and improvements		324,338,702		1,058,646,939		1,382,985,641	
Machinery and equipment		91,924,681		20,732,210		112,656,891	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,039,986,322		1,079,379,149		2,119,365,471	
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure		(249,663,022)		-		(249,663,022)	
Buildings and improvements		(150,310,618)		(471,649,054)		(621,959,672)	
Machinery and equipment		(62,782,244)		(14,381,154)		(77,163,398)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(462,755,884)		(486,030,208)		(948,786,092)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		577,230,438		593,348,941		1,170,579,379	
Intangible assets, being amortized:							
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets		2,291,649		2,847,464		5,139,113	
Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions		11,892,463		61,204		11,953,667	
Total intangible assets, being amortized		14,184,112		2,908,668		17,092,780	
Less accumulated amortization for:							
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets		(398,930)		(384,186)		(783,116)	
Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions		(3,664,781)		(28,234)		(3,693,015)	
Total accumulated amortization		(4,063,711)		(412,420)		(4,476,131)	
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net		10,120,401		2,496,248		12,616,649	
Capital assets, net	\$	882,741,697	\$	844,651,580	\$	1,727,393,277	

# Note 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

# **B.** Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30,2023, are as follows:

Capital assets, not being depreciated:         S         38,196,565         S         S         S         S         S         S         38,196,565           Intangible assets - casements         43,354,960         -         S         -         S         38,196,565           Construction in progress         192,071,580         63,796,556         -         (3,028,803)         252,839,333           Total capital assets, not being depreciated         234,623,105         63,796,556         -         (3,028,803)         295,390,858           Capital assets, being depreciated:         -         -         623,722,939         334,38,702         -         -         623,722,939           Buildings and improvements         324,338,702         -         -         3,303,668         91,924,681           Total capital assets, being depreciated         1,002,6305,901         10,376,753         -         3,303,668         1,039,986,322           Less accumulated depreciation for:         -         -         (249,663,022)         -         -         (249,663,022)           Buildings and improvements         (143,856,222)         (6,6454,396)         -         -         (150,310,618)           Machinery and equipment         (57,357,324)         (5,424,920)         -	Governmental activities:	Balance July 1, 2022 As restated)	 Additions	D	eletions	Transfers	 Balance June 30, 2023
Intangible assets - easements         4,354,960         -         -         -         4,354,960           Construction in progress         192,071,580         63,796,556         (3,028,803)         252,839,333           Total capital assets, not being depreciated         234,623,105         63,796,556         -         (3,028,803)         295,390,858           Capital assets, being depreciated:         Infrastructure         615,830,270         7,892,669         -         -         623,722,939           Buildings and improvements         324,338,702         -         -         324,338,702           Machinery and equipment         86,136,929         2,484,084         -         3,303,668         91,924,681           Total capital assets, being depreciated         1,026,305,901         10,376,753         -         -         (249,663,022)           Buildings and improvements         (143,856,222)         (6,454,396)         -         (150,310,618)           Machinery and equipment         (57,357,324)         (5,424,920)         -         (462,755,884)           Total capital assets, being depreciated, net         586,971,838         (13,045,068)         -         3,303,668         577,230,438           Intangible asset, neing amortized         12,728,557         3,058,384         (1,602,829) <td>Capital assets, not being depreciated:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Land	\$ 38,196,565	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 38,196,565
Total capital assets, not being depreciated $234,623,105$ $63,796,556$ $ (3,028,803)$ $295,390,858$ Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure $115,830,270$ $7,892,669$ $  623,722,939$ Buildings and improvements $324,338,702$ $  324,338,702$ $  324,338,702$ Machinery and equipment $86,136,929$ $2,484,084$ $ 3,303,668$ $91,924,681$ Total capital assets, being depreciated $1,026,305,901$ $10,376,753$ $ 3,303,668$ $10,939,86,322$ Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure $(238,120,517)$ $(11,542,505)$ $ (249,663,022)$ Buildings and improvements $(143,856,222)$ $(6,454,396)$ $ (150,310,618)$ Machinery and equipment $(57,357,324)$ $(5,424,920)$ $ (427,755,884)$ Total acpital assets, being amortized: Intangible asset, being amortized: Intangible asset, seing amortized: Intangible asset, seing amortized: Intangible asset, seing amortized $2,728,557$ $3,005,838$ $(1,602,829)$ $ 2,291,649$ Intangible asset, being amortized $12,728,557$ $3,058,384$ $(1,602,829)$ $ 2,291,649$ Intangible asset, being amortized $12,728,557$ $3,058,384$ $(1,602,829)$ $ 2,291,649$ Intangible asset, right to use leased assets Intangible asset, right to use subscriptions $0,711,087$ $1,181,376$ $ (3,664,781)$ $-$ Intangible asset, right to use subscriptions $-$ <t< td=""><td>Intangible assets - easements</td><td>4,354,960</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>4,354,960</td></t<>	Intangible assets - easements	4,354,960	-		-	-	4,354,960
Capital assets, being depreciated:         Infrastructure         615,830,270         7,892,669         -         -         623,722,939           Buildings and improvements         324,338,702         -         -         324,338,702           Machinery and equipment         86,136,929         2,484,084         -         3,303,668         91,924,681           Total capital assets, being depreciated         1,026,305,901         10,376,753         -         3,303,668         1,039,986,322           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (238,120,517)         (11,542,505)         -         -         (249,663,022)           Buildings and improvements         (143,856,222)         (6,454,396)         -         -         (150,310,618)           Machinery and equipment         (57,357,324)         (5,424,920)         -         -         (62,782,244)           Total capital assets, being depreciated, net         586,971,838         (13,045,068)         -         3,303,668         577,230,438           Intangible asset, being amortized:         Intangible asset, right to use subscriptions         10,711,087         1,877,008         (1,602,829)         -         11,892,463           Total capital assets, being amortized         12,728,557         3,058,884         (1,602,829)         -	Construction in progress	 192,071,580	63,796,556			(3,028,803)	 252,839,333
Infrastructure         615,830,270         7,892,669         -         -         623,722,939           Buildings and improvements         324,338,702         -         -         324,338,702           Machinery and equipment         86,136,929         2,484,084         -         3,303,668         91,924,681           Total capital assets, being depreciated         1,026,305,901         10,376,753         -         3,303,668         1,039,986,322           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (238,120,517)         (11,542,505)         -         -         (150,310,618)           Machinery and equipment         (57,357,324)         (5,424,920)         -         -         (62,782,244)           Total capital assets, being depreciated, net         586,971,838         (13,045,068)         -         3,303,668         577,230,438           Intangible asset, being amortized:         Intangible asset, being amortized:         -         -         11,892,463           Intangible asset, right to use lassed assets         2,017,470         1,877,008         (1,602,829)         -         2,291,649           Intangible asset - right to use lassed assets         0,0711,087         1,181,376         -         11,892,463           Total intangible asset - right to use lassed assets         (9	Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 234,623,105	63,796,556		-	 (3,028,803)	295,390,858
Buildings and improvements $324,338,702$ $324,338,702$ Machinery and equipment $86,136,929$ $2,484,084$ - $3,303,668$ $91,924,681$ Total capital assets, being depreciated $1,026,305,901$ $10,376,753$ - $3,303,668$ $1,039,986,3222$ Less accumulated depreciation for:Infrastructure( $238,120,517$ ) $(11,542,505)$ ( $249,663,022$ )Buildings and improvements( $143,856,222$ )( $6,454,396$ )( $150,310,618$ )Machinery and equipment( $57,357,324$ )( $5,424,920$ )( $62,782,244$ )Total accumulated depreciation( $439,334,063$ )( $23,421,821$ )( $462,755,884$ )Total apital assets, being depreciated, net $586,971,838$ ( $13.045,068$ )- $3,303,668$ $577,230,438$ Intangible asset, being amortized:Intangible asset, being amortized1 $1,711,087$ $1,181,376$ -1 $1,892,463$ Total intangible asset, being amortized12,728,557 $3,058,384$ ( $1,602,829$ )-1 $4,184,112$ Less accumulated amortization for:Intangible asset - right to use leased assets( $997,527$ ) $(1,004,232)$ $1,602,829$ -( $398,930$ )Intangible asset - right to use leased assets( $997,527$ ) $(1,602,829)$ -( $3,664,781$ )Intangible asset - right to use leased assets( $997,527$ ) $(1,602,829)$ -( $3,664,781$ )( $3,664,781$ )Total accu	Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Machinery and equipment $86,136,929$ $2,484,084$ - $3,303,668$ $91,924,681$ Total capital assets, being depreciated $1,026,305,901$ $10,376,753$ - $3,303,668$ $1,039,986,322$ Less accumulated depreciation for:Infrastructure $(238,120,517)$ $(11,542,505)$ $(249,663,022)$ Buildings and improvements $(143,856,222)$ $(6,454,396)$ $(150,310,618)$ Machinery and equipment $(57,357,324)$ $(5,424,920)$ $(62,782,244)$ Total accumulated depreciation $(439,334,063)$ $(22,421,821)$ $(462,755,884)$ Total capital assets, being depreciated, net $586,971,838$ $(13,045,068)$ - $3,303,668$ $577,230,438$ Intangible asset, being amortized:Intangible asset - right to use leased assets $2,017,470$ $1,877,008$ $(1,602,829)$ - $2,291,649$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions $10,711,087$ $1,181,376$ - $11,892,463$ Total intangible asset, being amortized $12,728,557$ $3,058,384$ $(1,602,829)$ - $14,184,112$ Less accumulated amortization for: $(3,664,781)$ - $(3,664,781)$ - $(3,664,781)$ Total accumulated amortization $(997,527)$ $(4,669,013)$ $1,602,829$ - $(4,063,711)$ Total accumulated amortization $(997,527)$ $(4,669,013)$ $1,602,829$ - $(4,063,711)$ Total accumulated amortized $11,731,030$ $(1,610,629)$ - $ 10,12$	Infrastructure	615,830,270	7,892,669		-	-	623,722,939
Total capital assets, being depreciated         1,026,305,901         10,376,753         -         3,303,668         1,039,986,322           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (238,120,517)         (11,542,505)         -         -         (249,663,022)           Buildings and improvements         (143,856,222)         (6,454,396)         -         -         (150,310,618)           Machinery and equipment         (57,357,324)         (5,424,920)         -         -         (462,755,884)           Total capital assets, being depreciated, net         586,971,838         (13,045,068)         -         3,303,668         577,230,438           Intangible asset, being amortized:         Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         2,017,470         1,877,008         (1,602,829)         -         2,291,649           Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         2,017,470         1,877,008         (1,602,829)         -         11,892,463           Total intangible asset - right to use leased assets         0,97,527         3,058,384         (1,602,829)         -         14,892,463           Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         (997,527)         (1,004,232)         1,602,829         -         (3,664,781)           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -	Buildings and improvements	324,338,702	-		-	-	324,338,702
Less accumulated depreciation for:         1 <th1< th="">         1         <th1< th="">         &lt;</th1<></th1<>	Machinery and equipment	86,136,929	2,484,084		-	3,303,668	91,924,681
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total capital assets, being depreciated	 1,026,305,901	 10,376,753		-	 3,303,668	 1,039,986,322
Buildings and improvements $(143,856,222)$ $(6,454,396)$ $(150,310,618)$ Machinery and equipment $(57,357,324)$ $(5,424,920)$ $(62,782,244)$ Total accumulated depreciation $(439,334,063)$ $(23,421,821)$ $(462,755,884)$ Total capital assets, being depreciated, net $586,971,838$ $(13,045,068)$ - $3,303,668$ $577,230,438$ Intangible asset, being amortized: $2,291,649$ Intangible asset - right to use leased assets $2,017,470$ $1,877,008$ $(1,602,829)$ - $2,291,649$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions $10,711,087$ $1,181,376$ $11,892,463$ Total intangible asset, being amortized $12,728,557$ $3,058,384$ $(1,602,829)$ - $(398,930)$ Intangible asset - right to use leased assets $(997,527)$ $(1,004,232)$ $1,602,829$ - $(398,930)$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions- $(3,664,781)$ $(3,664,781)$ Total accumulated amortization $(997,527)$ $(4,669,013)$ $1,602,829$ - $(4,063,711)$ Total intangible asset, being amortized, net $11,731,030$ $(1,610,629)$ $10,120,401$	Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Machinery and equipment $(57,357,324)$ $(5,424,920)$ $(62,782,244)$ Total accumulated depreciation $(439,334,063)$ $(23,421,821)$ $(462,755,884)$ Total capital assets, being depreciated, net $586,971,838$ $(13,045,068)$ - $3,303,668$ $577,230,438$ Intangible asset, being amortized: Intangible asset - right to use leased assets $2,017,470$ $1,877,008$ $(1,602,829)$ - $2,291,649$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions $10,711,087$ $1,181,376$ -11,892,463Total intangible assets, being amortized $12,728,557$ $3,058,384$ $(1,602,829)$ - $(398,930)$ Intangible asset - right to use leased assets $(997,527)$ $(1,004,232)$ $1,602,829$ - $(3,664,781)$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions $ (3,664,781)$ - $ (3,664,781)$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions $ (3,664,781)$ - $ (3,664,781)$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions $ (3,664,781)$ - $ (3,664,781)$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions $ (3,664,781)$ $  (3,664,781)$ Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions $ (3,664,781)$ $  (3,664,781)$ Intangible asset, being amortized, net $11,731,030$ $(1,610,629)$ $  10,120,401$	Infrastructure	(238,120,517)	(11,542,505)		-	-	(249,663,022)
Total accumulated depreciation         (439,334,063)         (23,421,821)         -         -         (462,755,884)           Total capital assets, being depreciated, net         586,971,838         (13,045,068)         -         3,303,668         577,230,438           Intangible assets, being amortized:         Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         2,017,470         1,877,008         (1,602,829)         -         2,291,649           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         10,711,087         1,181,376         -         11,892,463           Total intangible assets, being amortized         12,728,557         3,058,384         (1,602,829)         -         14,184,112           Less accumulated amortization for:         Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         (997,527)         (1,004,232)         1,602,829         -         (398,930)           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -         (3,664,781)         -         -         (3,664,781)           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -         (3,664,781)         -         -         (3,664,781)           Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,62	Buildings and improvements	(143,856,222)	(6,454,396)		-	-	(150,310,618)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net         586,971,838         (13,045,068)         -         3,303,668         577,230,438           Intangible assets, being amortized:         Intangible assets, being amortized:         -         2,291,649         -         2,291,649           Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         2,017,470         1,877,008         (1,602,829)         -         2,291,649           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         10,711,087         1,181,376         -         -         11,892,463           Total intangible assets, being amortized         12,728,557         3,058,384         (1,602,829)         -         14,184,112           Less accumulated amortization for:         Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         (997,527)         (1,004,232)         1,602,829         -         (398,930)           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -         (3,664,781)         -         -         (3,664,781)           Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,629)         -         -         10,120,401	Machinery and equipment	 (57,357,324)	 (5,424,920)		-	 -	 (62,782,244)
Intangible assets, being amortized:         2,017,470         1,877,008         (1,602,829)         -         2,291,649           Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         2,017,470         1,877,008         (1,602,829)         -         2,291,649           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         10,711,087         1,181,376         -         -         11,892,463           Total intangible assets, being amortized         12,728,557         3,058,384         (1,602,829)         -         14,184,112           Less accumulated amortization for:         Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         (997,527)         (1,004,232)         1,602,829         -         (398,930)           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -         (3,664,781)         -         -         (3,664,781)           Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,629)         -         -         10,120,401	Total accumulated depreciation	 (439,334,063)	 (23,421,821)		-	 -	 (462,755,884)
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets       2,017,470       1,877,008       (1,602,829)       -       2,291,649         Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions       10,711,087       1,181,376       -       -       11,892,463         Total intangible assets, being amortized       12,728,557       3,058,384       (1,602,829)       -       14,184,112         Less accumulated amortization for:	Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 586,971,838	(13,045,068)		-	 3,303,668	577,230,438
Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         10,711,087         1,181,376         -         -         11,892,463           Total intangible assets, being amortized         12,728,557         3,058,384         (1,602,829)         -         14,184,112           Less accumulated amortization for:         Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         (997,527)         (1,004,232)         1,602,829         -         (398,930)           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -         (3,664,781)         -         -         (3,664,781)           Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,629)         -         -         10,120,401	Intangible assets, being amortized:						
Total intangible assets, being amortized         12,728,557         3,058,384         (1,602,829)         -         14,184,112           Less accumulated amortization for:         Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         (997,527)         (1,004,232)         1,602,829         -         (398,930)           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -         (3,664,781)         -         -         (3,664,781)           Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,629)         -         10,120,401	Intangible asset - right to use leased assets	2,017,470	1,877,008		(1,602,829)	-	2,291,649
Less accumulated amortization for:         (1,004,232)         (1,602,829)         -         (398,930)           Intangible asset - right to use leased assets         (997,527)         (1,004,232)         1,602,829         -         (398,930)           Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -         (3,664,781)         -         -         (3,664,781)           Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,629)         -         10,120,401	Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions	10,711,087	1,181,376		-	-	11,892,463
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets       (997,527)       (1,004,232)       1,602,829       -       (398,930)         Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions       -       (3,664,781)       -       -       (3,664,781)         Total accumulated amortization       (997,527)       (4,669,013)       1,602,829       -       (4,063,711)         Total intangible assets, being amortized, net       11,731,030       (1,610,629)       -       -       10,120,401	Total intangible assets, being amortized	 12,728,557	3,058,384		(1,602,829)	-	14,184,112
Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions         -         (3,664,781)         -         -         (3,664,781)           Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,629)         -         -         10,120,401	Less accumulated amortization for:						
Total accumulated amortization         (997,527)         (4,669,013)         1,602,829         -         (4,063,711)           Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,629)         -         10,120,401	Intangible asset - right to use leased assets	(997,527)	(1,004,232)		1,602,829	-	(398,930)
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net         11,731,030         (1,610,629)         -         10,120,401	Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions	 -	 (3,664,781)		-	 -	 (3,664,781)
	Total accumulated amortization	 (997,527)	 (4,669,013)		1,602,829	 -	 (4,063,711)
Governmental activities capital assets, net         \$ 833,325,973         \$ 49,140,859         -         \$ 274,865         \$ 882,741,697	Total intangible assets, being amortized, net	 11,731,030	 (1,610,629)		-	 -	 10,120,401
	Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 833,325,973	\$ 49,140,859	\$	-	\$ 274,865	\$ 882,741,697

Governmental activities depreciation and amortization expenses for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

# **Governmental Activities:**

General Government	\$ 1,362,853
Public Works	13,563,538
Parks and Recreation	3,379,429
Library	469,426
Public Safety	1,544,996
Internal Service Funds	7,770,592
Total	\$ 28,090,834

# Note 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

# C. Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Business-type activities:	Balance July 1, 2022 (As restated)	 Additions	Deletions	Transfers	 Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 15,127,218 193,438,375	\$ - 43,846,166	(317,066)	\$ (3,288,302)	\$ 15,127,218 233,679,173
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 208,565,593	43,846,166	 (317,066)	(3,288,302)	248,806,391
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	1,051,872,475 17,956,150	3,486,163 3,050,925	 - -	3,288,302 (274,865)	 1,058,646,940 20,732,210
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 1,069,828,625	 6,537,088	 -	3,013,437	 1,079,379,150
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	 (448,796,561) (13,090,312)	 (22,852,494) (1,290,842)	 -	-	(471,649,055) (14,381,154)
Total accumulated depreciation	(461,886,873)	 (24,143,336)	 -	-	 (486,030,209)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	607,941,752	(17,606,248)	-	3,013,437	 593,348,941
Intangible assets, being amortized: Intangible asset - right to use leased assets Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions	2,866,646 45,850	26,017 15,354	(45,199)	-	2,847,464 61,204
Total intangible assets, being amortized	2,912,496	41,371	 (45,199)	-	2,908,668
Less accumulated amortization for: Intangible asset - right to use leased assets Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions	(215,324)	 (214,061) (28,234)	45,199	-	(384,186) (28,234)
Total accumulated amortization	 (215,324)	 (242,295)	 45,199	-	 (412,420)
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net	2,697,172	(200,924)	 -	-	2,496,248
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 819,204,517	\$ 26,038,994	\$ (317,066)	\$ (274,865)	\$ 844,651,580

Business-type activities depreciation and amortization expenses for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

### **Business-type Activities:**

Water Utility	\$ 8,055,262
Wastewater Utility	12,901,960
Stormwater Utility	1,736,693
Parking Authority	1,050,405
Golf Courses	93,905
Marina	 547,406
Total	\$ 24,385,631

# Note 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

# **D.** Fiduciary Fund Activities

Summary of Changes in Fiduciary Fund capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Fiduciary fund activities:	Balance ıly 1, 2022	Additions		Deletions		Transfers			Balance ne 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 12.131.979	\$		\$		\$		\$	12,131,979
Land Intangible assets - easements	\$ 12,131,979	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	э	12,131,979
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	12,231,979				-		-		12,231,979
Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	 10,898,549 10,929,529 471,546		- -		-		- - -		10,898,549 10,929,529 471,546
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 22,299,624		-		-		-		22,299,624
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	(3,274,921) (6,764,175) (298,060)		(249,654) (301,151) (18,677)		-		-		(3,524,575) (7,065,326) (316,737)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (10,337,156)		(569,482)		-		-		(10,906,638)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	11,962,468		(569,482)		-		-		11,392,986
Intangible assets, being amortized: Intangible asset - right to use leased assets	 7,615		14,372		(7,615)		-		14,372
Total intangible assets, being amortized	 7,615		14,372		(7,615)		-		14,372
Less accumulated amortization for: Intangible asset - right to use leased assets	 (4,352)		(5,061)		7,615		-		(1,798)
Total accumulated amortization	 (4,352)		(5,061)		7,615		-		(1,798)
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net	 3,263		9,311		-		-		12,574
Fiduciary fund activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,197,710	\$	(560,171)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,637,539

Fiduciary fund depreciation and amortization expenses for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

\$

#### **Fiduciary Fund Activities:**

Successor Agency

574,543

### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

### A. Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022 (As restated)	I	Additions		Payments/ Payments/	Balance June 30, 2023		Short-Term		Long term	
Governmental Fund Activities Debt											
City Debt											
Assured Guaranty Settlement											
Assured Settlement Obligation	\$ 53,083,658	\$	-	\$	(198,847)	\$	52,884,811	\$	237,557	\$	52,647,254
Subtotal Settlement Obligation Bonds	53,083,658		-		(198,847)		52,884,811		237,557		52,647,254
Other Long-Term Obligations											
CDBG_											
USD-HUD Housing Note	4,365,000		-		(2,445,000)		1,920,000		1,920,000		-
Subtotal CDBG	4,365,000		-		(2,445,000)		1,920,000		1,920,000		-
Lease Liabilities											
Leases liabilities	335,602		1,877,005		(314,908)		1,897,699		1,020,138		877,561
Subtotal Lease Liabilities	335,602		1,877,005		(314,908)		1,897,699		1,020,138		877,561
Subscription liabilities											
Subscription liabilities	10,644,943		1,093,126		(3,932,448)		7,805,621		4,015,559		3,790,062
Subtotal Subscription Liabilities	10,644,943		1,093,126		(3,932,448)		7,805,621		4,015,559		3,790,062
Total	\$ 68,429,203	\$	2,970,131	\$	(6,891,203)	\$	64,508,131	\$	7,193,254	\$	57,314,877

### **Pension Obligation Bonds**

### Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 2007 Series A and Series B (the "2007 POBs")

The 2007 POBs were issued on March 26, 2007, to refinance the obligation of the City to make payments to the California Public Employees Retirement System for retirement benefits accruing to its employees and retirees. The 2007 POBs for Series A were issued in the amount of \$96,985,000. As of June 30, 2023, bonds totaling \$71,755,000 were due in installments of principal ranging from \$3,420,000 on September 1, 2023, to \$8,400,000 on September 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 5.365% to 5.455%, and a final maturity date of September 1, 2037. The 2007 POBs for Series B were issued in the amount of \$28,325,000. As of June 30, 2023, bonds totaling \$23,960,000 are due in installments of principal ranging from \$1,140,000 on September 1, 2023, to \$2,800,000 on September 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 5.675% to 5.795%. The Series A and Series B for the 2007 POBs are insured by Assured Guaranty and do not have a reserve fund. The above liabilities are written down and an alternate liability is being recorded which reflects the payments required by the City under a settlement agreement reached with Assured Guaranty. This background on the original liabilities is shown in this footnote due to the bonds still trading in the secondary markets.

# A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

### Pension Obligation Bonds (Continued)

### Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 2007 Series A and Series B (the "2007 POBs") (Continued)

As part of a settlement between the City and Assured Guaranty, that became effective upon implementation of the approved Plan of Adjustment. The City is obligated, under a revised indenture, to pay a new series of payments. That series of payments is made up of Non-Contingent General Fund payments which are made up of three types; Special Fund, Ask, and Supplemental, which have all been determined. Special Fund payments range from \$1,646,025 on July 1, 2023 to \$2,009,482 due on July 1, 2053; Lease Ask Fund payments are due in in installments ranging from \$2,529,125 on June 1, 2024 to \$2,531,250 due on June 1, 2052; and Supplemental Payments are due in installments of \$250,000 from June 1, 2024, to June 1, 2042, and installments of \$350,000 from June 1, 2043, to June 1, 2052. Additionally, there are Contingent General Fund Payments, which are yet to be determined by future revenues of the City's General Fund. These Contingent Payments extend from June 1, 2022, to June 1, 2053, should General Fund Revenues require them to be made. The payment due June 1, 2024, is currently anticipated to be \$5,027,000.

Payments made after the original debt service end date of September 1, 2037, will be retained by Assured Guaranty. The obligation of the City to pay these settlement amounts when due is an absolute and unconditional obligation of the City imposed by law and is not limited to any special source of funds. Under the Revised Indenture, the City is obligated to deposit non-contingent settlement payments with the Trustee as detailed above and reflected in the table below.

Under the settlement agreement, payments are to be made from all legally available funds and resources available to the City. Under extraordinary events, the City may notice Assured Guaranty and suspend contingent payments. Should this occur, unpaid amounts accrue interest at the Prime Rate plus 3% and must be paid no later than ten years after the suspension date. Additionally, any delinquent payments due under the agreement shall also accrue interest at the prime rate plus 3%.

Debt Service on the original bonds expires in September 2037, and payments under the settlement agreement extend to July 2053. If contingent payment streams drastically exceed expectations, it is possible that scheduled payments could reach a point of paying back funds forwarded and accrued interest associated with these funds. Should this occur, it is possible that payments could cease before July 2053.

The City settlement with Assured Guaranty was confirmed as part of the City's Approved Bankruptcy Plan of Adjustment. The plan for the adjustment of the City's debts provides for material modifications of the City's obligations on the 2007 POBs and results in a schedule of payments reflected in the following table.

The City pledged all available sources available to the City, up to and including the General Fund as collateral for the Bonds.

Should default in prompt payment or in other obligations under the settlement agreement with Assured Guaranty occur and remain unresolved, under section 5.02 of the Reimbursement Agreement, non-contingent payment streams accelerate and are immediately due and payable. Assured Guaranty is allowed to exercise all rights and remedies legally available (without limitation) to enforce payment of Contingent General Fund Payments due in each year as they become required.

# Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

### A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

### **Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

Year Special Fund Payments			2007 Lease A	sk P	ayments	Supplemental Payments					
June 30,		Principal	_	Interest	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2024	\$	237,557	\$	1,408,468	\$ -	\$	2,529,125	\$	-	\$	250,000
2025		278,378		1,395,364	-		2,527,750		-		250,000
2026		321,242		1,380,009	-		2,530,563		-		250,000
2027		93,227		1,362,289	-		2,532,500				250,000
2028		147,406		1,357,147	-		2,528,625				250,000
2029-2033		1,221,605		6,629,352	-		12,649,689		-		1,250,000
2034-2038		2,234,697		6,187,504	497,220		12,152,407		-		1,250,000
2039-2043		4,751,681		5,295,729	6,660,087		5,988,977		186,025		1,163,975
2044-2048		6,214,976		3,832,434	8,711,902		3,937,724		1,205,203		544,797
2049-2053		8,128,897		1,918,513	8,863,925		1,255,076		1,226,349		173,651
2054		1,904,434		105,049	 -		-		-		-
	\$	25,534,100	\$	30,871,858	\$ 24,733,134	\$	48,632,436	\$	2,617,577	\$	5,632,423

The amounts in the annual debt service requirements to maturity schedule are the scheduled debt service under the bond indentures and settlement agreements.

### **Other Long-term Obligations**

### Notes Payable

The City entered into four Section 108 loan guarantee agreements with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to complete redevelopment projects. All but one has been repaid. On February 9, 2023, the City sent a Notice of Election to Defease to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development in which the final payment due was submitted and accepted in the amount of \$615,000. The loan still has one remaining installment due of \$1,920,000, which will be paid on August 1, 2023.

The City pledged its federal funds under the HUD program available to the City as collateral for the Bonds. Should default in prompt payment with respect to the payment under these loans occur, future payments to the City under the HUD program would be held back and used as payment for these loans.

## Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Year Ending	U.S. I	Dept. of Housing	& Urban	Development
June 30,	]	Principal	]	Interest
2024	\$	1,920,000	\$	41,541

**Notes Pavable** 

### A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

### Leases Liabilities

The City has entered leases for the building and machine uses. The terms of the agreements range from 21 months to 59 months. The calculated interest rates used were between 0.3080% to 0.56% based on the term of the agreements. Principal and interest payments to maturity at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending	Leases				
June 30,	]	Principal	Interest		
2024	\$	1,020,138	\$	4,730	
2025		788,380		1,516	
2026		83,713		227	
2027		5,468		2	
Total	\$	1,897,699	\$	6,475	

# Subscription Liabilities

The City has entered into subscriptions for information technology arrangements. The terms of the arrangements range from 14 to 72 months with implicit rates used between 1.850% to 3.651%. Principal and interest to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Subscriptions				
June 30,		Principal	Interest		
2024	\$	4,015,559	\$	185,598	
2025		2,141,967		90,998	
2026		1,058,539		47,271	
2027		300,817		15,897	
2028		288,739		7,784	
Total	\$	7,805,621	\$	347,548	

# Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

### **B.** Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance						
Water Utility Obligations	July 1, 2022 (As restated)	Additions	Payments/	Amort/Prem/	Balance June 30,2023	Short-Term	Long-Term
2018A Water System Demand Revenue Bonds	\$ 129,930,000	\$ -	\$ (5,645,000)	\$ -	\$ 124,285,000	\$ 5,650,000	\$ 118,635,000
Premium	12,331,335	-	-	(810,073)	11,521,262	810,073	10,711,189
2019A Water System Demand Taxable Revenue	53,700,000	-	(560,000)	-	53,140,000	570,000	52,570,000
Subscription liabilities	13,675	15,354	(14,641)	-	14,388	6,523	7,865
Subtotal Water Utility Obligations	195,975,010	15,354	(6,219,641)	(810,073)	188,960,650	7,036,596	181,924,054
Wastewater Utility Obligations							
2014 Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds	43,755,000	-	(4,410,000)	-	39,345,000	4,635,000	34,710,000
Premium (on 2014 refunding)	5,233,863	-	-	(729,982)	4,503,881	729,981	3,773,900
2020 EPA WIFIA loan	108,000,000	-	-	-	108,000,000	-	108,000,000
Subscription liabilities	24,414	-	(11,819)	-	12,595	11,693	902
Lease liabilities	5,114	1,105	(5,329)	-	890	890	-
Subtotal Wastewater Utility Obligations	157,018,391	1,105	(4,427,148)	(729,982)	151,862,366	5,377,564	146,484,802
Stormwater Obligations							
Subscription liabilities	7,762	-	(3,808)	-	3,954	3,774	180
Subtotal Stormwater Obligations	7,762	-	(3,808)	-	3,954	3,774	180
Central Parking District							
2020 Parking Lease Revenue Bonds	24,110,000	-	(360,000)	-	23,750,000	545,000	23,205,000
Premium	5,172,846	-	-	(209,710)	4,963,136	209,710	4,753,426
Lease liabilities	2,642,633	24,912	(172,163)	-	2,495,382	184,069	2,311,313
Subtotal Central Parking District	31,925,479	24,912	(532,163)	(209,710)	31,208,518	938,779	30,269,739
Marina Operation							
CDBW Harbor Facility Construction							
and Planning Loans	10,870,821	-	-	-	10,870,821	-	10,870,821
Subtotal Marina Operation	10,870,821	-	-	-	10,870,821	-	10,870,821
Total - Enterprise Fund Activities Debt	\$ 395,797,463	\$ 41,371	\$ (11,182,760)	\$ (1,749,765)	\$ 382,906,309	\$ 13,356,713	\$ 369,549,596

# Water Utility

### Stockton Public Financing Authority Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2018A

The 2018 Water Revenue Bonds, Series A were issued in the amount of \$145,220,000 by the SPFA on November 20, 2018. The SPFA issued the Bonds to refinance three series of bonds issued in 2002, 2005, and 2009, that finance multiple projects, including the majority of the financing for the Delta Water Supply Project. As of June 30, 2023, \$124,285,000 of 2018A Bonds remain outstanding with installments of principal ranging from \$5,650,000 to \$12,195,000 due October 1, 2023, through October 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%.

The repayment of the 2018A Bonds is from a pledge of available revenues of the fund. Available funds are net revenues of the fund and the 2018 Bonds have parity lien with the 2019A bonds (see below). The principal amount due is reported net of the unamortized premium of \$11,521,262.

### **B.** Business-Type Activities (Continued)

### Water Utility (Continued)

# Stockton Public Financing Authority Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2019A Federally Taxable (Green Bonds)

The 2019 Water Revenue Bonds, Series were issued in the amount of \$54,785,000 by the SPFA on November 19, 2019. The SPFA issued the Bonds to refinance bonds issued in 2010 that financed the final portion of the Delta Water Supply Project. As of June 30, 2023, \$53,140,000 of 2019A Bonds remain outstanding with installments of principal ranging from \$570,000 to \$15,635,000 due from October 1, 2023, through October 1, 2040, with interest rates ranging from 2.274% to 3.61%. There was no gain or loss as a result of the current refunding.

The repayment of the 2019A Bonds is from a pledge of net revenues of the fund and the Bonds are issued on parity with the 2018A water bonds.

### Pledge Revenues

The City has pledged future net system revenues from the Water Fund for the repayment of all the Revenue Bonds of the Water Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2023, total principal and interest paid was \$14,301,450 and net revenues were \$33,814,3619. Rate stabilization Funds balances at June 30, 2023 stand at \$2,890,795. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Water Utility Revenue Bonds are \$255,839,055.

Events of default with finance related consequences and subjective acceleration are included in section 7 of the indentures for both of the bonds listed above. These acceleration clauses only occur upon continued default in payment of performance of covenanted actions and receipt of a written request of not less than a majority of the bondholders, after which the Trustee would pull from funds on hand under the separate section of the agreement, and then upon court order from net revenues of the system held by the City.

The bonds and notes of the Water Utility are secured by and payable from certain revenues of the City's water enterprise fund (the "Water Fund"), amounts that are derived from "property related fees" collected by the City for water service. Application of amounts in the Water Fund is governed by the requirements of Article XIIID, Section 6 of the California Constitution, which provides that the Water Fund may only be used for the water enterprise and may not be used for general governmental purposes. The City is in compliance with its covenants in connection with its obligations, including covenants on the current rates and charges, and the Water Fund has revenues sufficient to meet the operation and maintenance costs of the water enterprise, scheduled debt service and required debt service coverage.

### Debt Covenants

The Revenue Bonds all require the maintenance of a financial covenant of minimum debt service coverage (DSC) ratio. The minimum DSC ratio for the water bonds is 115% of net system revenues, which are pledged for repayment of the revenue bonds. The DSC ratio is the measure of the Water Fund's ability to have sufficient resources to pay its debt service. The Water Fund has met its DSC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

### Unused lines of Credit

There are no unused lines of credit as it pertains to the operation of the water utility.

# **B.** Business-Type Activities (Continued)

### Water Utility (Continued)

### Subscription Liabilities

The Water Utility has entered into subscriptions for information technology arrangements. The terms of the arrangements range from 16 to 36 months with implicit rates used between 1.8503% to 3.378%.

### Wastewater Utility

### Stockton Public Financing Authority Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (1998 Wastewater Project and 2003 Wastewater Project) were issued in an amount of \$69,440,000 by the SPFA on November 24, 2014. As of June 30, 2023, bonds totaling \$39,345,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$4,635,000 to \$6,530,000 from September 1, 202, through September 1, 2029, with interest rates of 5.00% on the bonds outstanding. The Bonds were issued to advance refund the 1998 and 2003 certificates of participation. Repayment of the Bonds is a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater Fund.

### Stockton Public Financing Authority- 2020 Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) Loan

The WIFIA loan was entered into with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (the"EPA") on September 29, 2020, and secured long-term financing in the amount of \$108.000,000 at a rate of 1.20%. The payments are interest only until March 1, 2030. As of June 30, 2023, bonds totaling \$108,000,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$4,318,797 to \$5,548,218 from March 1, 2030 through March 1, 2051.

This long-term financing is for the Regional Wastewater Control Facility upgrades, which are necessary to maintain compliance with updated state and federal standards. Repayment of the WIFIA loan is from a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater Fund and the loan is issued on parity with the 2014A bonds. The loan was issued at par value.

At the event of default, 1) the EPA may suspend or terminate all of its obligations with respect to the disbursement of any undisbursed amounts of the loan, 2) may apply the default rate provisions of the interest rate specified in the agreement, 3) may suspend or debar the City from further participation in any government program administered by the EPA and to notify other departments and agencies of such default; and/or be 4) entitled and empowered to institute any actions or proceedings at law or in equity for the collection of any sums due and unpaid.

### Pledge Revenues

The City has pledged future net revenues from the Wastewater Fund for the repayment of the Bonds and Notes. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid total principal and interest of \$7,516,625 and had net revenues of \$36,266,219. Rate stabilization Funds balances at June 30, 2023 stand at \$12,605,720. On June 30, 2023, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Wastewater Bonds are \$177,956,902.

# B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

### Wastewater Utility (Continued)

### Pledge Revenues (Continued)

The bonds of the Wastewater Utility are secured by and payable from certain revenues of the City's wastewater enterprise fund (the "Wastewater Fund"), amounts that are derived from "property related fees" collected by the City for wastewater service. Application of amounts in the enterprise fund is governed by the requirements of Article XIIID, Section 6 of the California Constitution, which provides that the enterprise fund may only be used for the wastewater enterprise and may not be used for general governmental purposes. The City is in compliance with its covenants in connection with its obligations, including covenants on the current rates and charges, and the Wastewater Fund has revenues sufficient to meet the operation and maintenance costs of the wastewater utility, scheduled debt service and required debt service coverage.

### Debt Covenants

The Bonds requires the maintenance of a financial covenant of minimum debt service coverage (DSC) ratio. The minimum DSC ratio for Bonds is 115% of Adjusted Net System Revenues which are pledged toward repayment of all bonds. The DSC ratio is the measure of the Wastewater Fund's ability to have sufficient resources to pay its debt service. The Wastewater Fund has met its DSC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, at each measurement period.

### Unused lines of Credit

There is no unused lines of credit as it pertains to the operation of the wastewater utility.

### Lease Liabilities

On September 10, 2021, the City entered into a 23 month lease as Lessee for the use of Building ID 32627. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,758 as of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$5,114. Stockton, CA is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$366. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3080%. The buildings estimated useful life was 23 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 of \$9,863 with accumulated amortization of \$9,250 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class Activities.

### Subscription Liabilities

The Wastewater Utility has entered into subscriptions for information technology arrangements. The terms of the arrangements range from 16 to 31 months with implicit rates used between 1.8503% to 2.3543%.

# B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

### **Stormwater**

The Stormwater has entered into subscriptions for information technology arrangements. The terms of the arrangements range from 16 to 31 months with implicit rates used between 1.8503% to 2.3543%.

### **Parking Authority**

### Stockton Public Financing Authority- Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2020

The 2020 Parking Revenue Bonds were issued in the amount of \$24,355,000 by the SPFA on February 12, 2020. As of June 30, 2023, the 2020 Parking Bonds totaling \$23,750,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$545,000 on March 1, 2024 to \$1,605,000 on March 1, 2047, with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%, and a final maturity date of March 1, 2047. The 2020 Parking Bonds were issued to refund the bankruptcy settlement on the 2004 Parking bonds, and along with payments from the bond insurer, to payoff the holders of the 2004 Parking bonds, and to provide \$3 million in capital funding to finance repairs and upgrades to facilities. The 2004 bonds had financed the construction of the Stockton Events Center Parking Structure, the Edward S. Coy Parking Garage, and other parking facilities within the Parking Authority.

### Stockton Public Financing Authority- Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 (Continued)

The repayment of the 2020 Bonds is from a pledge of net revenues of the fund. The principal amount due is reported net of the unamortized premium of \$4,963,136.

### Lease Liabilities

The City has entered leases for the land, land improvements, buildings. The terms of the agreement range from 21 to 183 months. The calculated interest rates used were 0.3080% to 1.5120% based on the term of the agreements.

### Pledged Revenues

The city has pledged future net revenues from the Parking Authority Fund for the repayment of the settlement liability. For the year ended June 30,2023, the city paid total principal and interest of \$1,521,950 and had net revenues of \$657,569.

### **Downtown Marina**

### Construction and Planning Loans

On March 17, 1997, the City entered into an agreement with the California Department of Boating and Waterways ("DBAW") for a planning loan to provide funding for a feasibility study regarding the potential construction of waterfront improvements. That feasibility study was approved on May 16, 2000, and the City entered into an agreement with DBAW for the construction loan to develop a small craft harbor facility on August 9, 2004. Engineering work began in the fiscal year 2006. Construction of the facility started during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, and the project was completed in 2011. The principal remaining to be paid on both the planning and construction loans as of June 30, 2023 is \$10,870,821.

### Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

# B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

#### **Downtown Marina (Continued)**

#### Construction and Planning Loans (Continued)

The construction note was scheduled to be repaid under a 30-year repayment schedule at 4.5% interest beginning in August 2011. Repayment of the Note is secured by a pledge of the gross revenues of the Downtown Marina, which have been insufficient to pay the full debt service. The loan provides that, subject to the requirements of Article XVI, Section 18 of the California Constitution (the "Debt Limit"), the City will make up any shortfall in debt service after application of Marina revenues. The Marina does not currently generate sufficient annual revenues to cover operational costs (net of debt service), and the City continues to provide an annual subsidy to the operator to cover this shortfall.

Under a settlement agreement with the Department of Boating and Waterways (DBAW), net revenues of the marina are pledged toward reducing the liability. The marina operates on a subsidy from the City and, absent that subsidy, is anticipated to operate at a loss for the foreseeable future. It is anticipated that settlement payments with the bond insurer for the 2004 bonds. There is a covenant to set rates such that they will provide net coverage for Operation and Maintenance (including the settlement payments) of 1.0 coverage. There are no events of default with finance related consequences and subjective acceleration clauses do not exist with respect to these frozen obligations.

The City's settlement with DBAW as to the treatment of this obligation was confirmed as part of the City's Approved Bankruptcy Plan of Adjustment. The terms of the settlement call for the outstanding principal to be paid from net operating revenues of the Marina operation, with no interest accruing on the unpaid portion. The settlement removes the General Fund backing and a reserve fund balance formerly in place in the General Fund has been removed. With operations continuing to receive an annual subsidy, it is unknown when any principal reduction payment will occur. The debt payment schedule was not included in the table listed below in the "Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity" table.

#### Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

	Water	Utility		Wastewater Utility						Central Parking District										
Year Ending	Revenue Bonds Revenue Bonds		WIFIA Loan		Revenue Bonds			Leases				Subscription liabilities								
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principa	I	Interest	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest		Principal	I	nterest	]	Principal	I	nterest
2024	\$ 6,220,000	\$ 7,801,588	\$ 4,635,	000	\$ 1,851,375	\$ -	\$	1,296,000	\$	545,000	\$	1,143,950	\$	184,959	\$	36,264	\$	21,990	\$	471
2025	6,530,000	7,498,223	5,090,	000	1,608,250	-		1,296,000		570,000		1,116,700		183,596		33,613		1,640		15
2026	6,860,000	7,178,633	5,345,	000	1,347,375	-		1,296,000		600,000		1,088,200		176,891		30,949		7,307		739
2027	7,215,000	6,841,793	5,620,	000	1,073,250	-		1,296,000		630,000		1,058,200		179,584		28,255		-		-
2028	7,585,000	6,486,724	5,910,	000	785,000	-		1,296,000		660,000		1,026,700		182,319		25,521		-		-
2029-2033	44,130,000	26,405,106	12,745,	000	645,125	17,588,635		6,166,552		3,840,000		4,603,250		954,087		85,113		-		-
2034-2038	58,615,000	14,190,136		-	-	23,199,447		4,874,536		4,880,000		3,553,500		634,836		15,545		-		-
2039-2043	40,270,000	2,011,853		-	-	24,625,224		3,448,759		6,045,000		2,393,800		-		-		-		-
2044-2048	-	-		-	-	26,138,626		1,935,357		5,980,000		765,500		-		-		-		-
2049-2052		-		-	-	16,448,068		396,323		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$ 177,425,000	\$ 78,414,055	\$ 39,345,	000	\$ 7,310,375	\$ 108,000,000	\$	23,301,527	\$	23,750,000	\$	16,749,800	\$	2,496,272	\$	255,260	\$	30,937	\$	1,225

### Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

#### C. Fiduciary Fund Activities

#### Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity (Continued)

Summary of changes in fiduciary fund long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance				Balance		
Successor Agency to RDA of Stockton	July 1, 2022	Ad	ditions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	 Current	Non-Current
Revenue Bonds							
2016 Series A Successor Agency							
Tax Allocation Bonds	\$ 73,310,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 73,310,000	\$ -	\$ 73,310,000
Premium	6,849,237		-	(562,951)	6,286,286	562,951	5,723,335
2016 Series B Successor Agency							
Tax Allocation Bonds (Taxable)	11,180,000		-	(3,840,000)	7,340,000	3,925,000	3,415,000
Discount	(70,195)		-	32,396	(37,799)	(32,396)	(5,403)
Lease liabilities	-		14,372	(1,795)	12,577	7,179	5,398
Total Successor Agency to RDA Liabilities	\$ 91,269,042	\$	14,372	\$ (4,372,350)	\$ 86,911,064	\$ 4,462,734	\$ 82,448,330

#### Successor Redevelopment Agency

There are no unused credit lines for any Successor Agency debt. A pledge of tax revenues received by the Successor Agency as described below is the only source of payment pledged on these bonds and no real property is pledged as collateral. Section 10 of the indenture lists events of default that if uncured, may, with consent of 25% of the registered owners, result in acceleration of the bonds. Should this occur, funds held by the trustee will be immediately used to satisfy any defaulted payment. Subsequently, the bond insurer would be required to satisfy bondholders as payments become due. Upon court order, tax revenues received by the Agency would be transmitted to the Trustee, or Insurer to satisfy reimbursement. The bond insurer, at its option may satisfy the accelerated payments and seek reimbursement from Tax Revenues received by the Agency.

#### 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series A and B (Federally Taxable)

The Successor Agency issued the 2016 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A in the amount of \$73,310,000 on November 3, 2016 to provide funds to refinance bonds issued in 2004 to finance a portion of the downtown Arena, and 2006 Series A bonds used to finance redevelopment projects in the North, South, and Midtown projects areas of the former Redevelopment Agency.

As of June 30, 2023, the 2016 Series A Bonds totaling \$73,310,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$610,000 on September 1, 2024 to \$7,195,000 on September 1, 2037, with final payment on September 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 3.25% to 5.00%. The principal amount due is reported net of the unamortized premium of \$6,286,286.

The 2016 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B (Federally Taxable) were issued in the amount of \$30,010,000 on November 3, 2016 to provide funds to refinance Certificates of Participation issued in 2003 to finance the construction of capital improvements to provide redevelopment housing in the City of Stockton, and R2006 Series C Bonds issued to finance certain low and moderate-income housing projects throughout the City of Stockton.

As of June 30, 2023, the 2016 Series B Bonds totaling \$7,340,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$3,925,000 to \$3,415,000 due in annual installments through on September 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 2.375% to 2.75%. The principal amount due is reported net of the unamortized discount of \$37,796.

# Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

### C. Fiduciary Fund Activities (Continued)

#### Successor Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

#### 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series A and B (Federally Taxable) (Continued)

The 2016 Series A and B bonds are limited obligations of the Successor Agency secured by a first charge and lien on, and a security interest in Tax Revenues received by the Successor Agency pursuant to the laws of the State of California related to Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund ("RPTTF") and the revenues of the former Redevelopment Agency under California Health and Safety Code Sections 34183 and 34170.5(b), whereby the County Auditor-Controller is obligated to deposit the Tax Revenues into the RPTTF.

A pledge of tax revenues received by the Successor Agency as described below is the only source of payment pledged on these bonds and no real property is pledged as collateral. Section 10.XX of the indenture lists events of default that if uncured, may, with consent of 25% of the registered owners, result in acceleration of the bonds. Should this occur, funds held by the trustee will be immediately used to satisfy any defaulted payment. Subsequently, the bond insurer would be required to satisfy bondholders as payments become due. Upon court order, Tax Revenues received by the Agency would be transmitted to the Trustee, or Insurer to satisfy reimbursement. The bond insurer, at its option may satisfy the accelerated payments and seek reimbursement from Tax Revenues received by the Agency.

Year Ending					2016 Series B Successor Agency Tax Allocation Bonds (Taxable)					Lease Liabilities				
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest			
2024	\$	-	\$	3,373,800	\$	3,925,000	\$	142,975	\$	7,179	\$	11		
2025		610,000		3,358,550		3,415,000		46,956		5,398		29		
2026		4,150,000		3,239,550		-		-		-		7		
2027		4,360,000		3,026,800		-		-		-		-		
2028		4,575,000		2,803,425		-		-		-		-		
2029-2033		26,550,000		10,313,850		-		-		-		-		
2034-2039		33,065,000		3,664,000		-		-		-		-		
Total	\$	73,310,000	\$	29,779,975	\$	7,340,000	\$	189,931	\$	12,577	\$	47		

#### **Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

#### D. Debt Without City Commitment

Community Facilities Districts Debts:

Land Secured Debt Financing (No City Commitment) – The City has authorized the formation of community facilities districts (CFDs) and assessment districts (called local improvement districts or LIDs) and the issuance of bonds under various public improvement acts of the State of California to finance eligible public facilities necessary to serve developing commercial, industrial, residential and/or mixed-use developments. The bonds are secured by annual special tax levies or liens placed on the property within the districts.

### Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

### D. Debt Without City Commitment (Continued)

The City is not liable for repayment and is only responsible for collecting the special taxes or assessments, making payment from the special taxes or assessments to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings when necessary. These bonds are payable solely from special taxes or assessments, specific reserves, and the proceeds from property foreclosures. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the City's basic financial statements. As of June 30, 2023, there was seven CFD special tax bonds and three revenue bonds outstanding with aggregate principal amounts payable of \$48,086,000 and \$54,125,000, respectively.

	Amount of Issue	Outstanding June 30, 2023
CFD Special Tax Bonds:		
Cannery Park CFD 2005-1 Series 2019	\$ 9,855,000	\$ 8,905,000
CFD 2018-12018 Arch Road/Newcastle	3,535,000	3,250,000
Westlake CFD 2006-2 SERIES 2019 (Private Placement)	3,134,000	2,826,000
Westlake Villages II Imp Area 1A (Series 2020)	8,970,000	8,905,000
Westlake Villages II Imp Area 1A (Series 2021)	4,535,000	4,510,000
Westlake Villages II Imp Area 1A2 (Series 2022)	9,775,000	9,775,000
Cannery Park II	9,915,000	9,915,000
Subtotal CFD Special Tax Bond		48,086,000
Revenue Bonds:		
2016 Combined Refunding	33,350,000	23,005,000
CFD 99-02 2018 Arch Road East	24,210,000	22,585,000
AD 2014-01 Mosher Estates	13,020,000	8,535,000
Subtotal Revenue Bond		54,125,000
Total Noncity Obligation		\$ 102,211,000

#### E. Conduit Debt

Conduit Debt (No City Commitment) – At June 30, 2023, there is no conduit debt outstanding that was issued with the City as the conduit issuer.

### Note 9 – Accrued Compensated Absences

The value of all accumulated vacation and longevity vacation allowance is accrued, as appropriate, for all funds. Earned but unused sick is not accrued starting with negotiated bargaining unit contracts that began in the fiscal year 2012-13 and continued through June 30, 2023. The bargaining unit contracts state that all sick time accrual has no cash value upon separation from the City.

The compensated absence accrual is presented in the Government-Wide and Business Type proprietary fund financial statements. The changes in compensated absences of governmental and business-type activities are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		
Beginning July 1, 2022 Additions Payments	\$	11,955,201 6,523,040 (6,430,626)	\$ 1,439,906 979,274 (862,358)	\$	13,395,107 7,502,314 (7,292,981)	
Balance June 30, 2023	\$	12,047,615	\$ 1,556,822	\$	13,604,437	
Current Portion	\$	6,738,503	\$ 979,540	\$	7,718,043	
Noncurrent Portion	\$	5,309,112	\$ 577,282	\$	5,886,394	

# Note 10 - Unamortized Loss on Refunding

Summary of changes in unamortized loss on refunding for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022		Add	itions	D	Deletions		Balance ne 30, 2023
Municipal Utility Enterprise Debt Obligations								
2018 Water Refunding	\$	5,884,651	\$	-	\$	(386,576)	\$	5,498,075
2019 Water Refunding		6,110,331		-		(334,813)		5,775,518
2014 Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds		1,223,060		-		(170,583)		1,052,477
Subtotal - Municipal Utility Enterprise Debt		13,218,042		-		(891,972)		12,326,070
Parking Authority								
2020 Parking Revenue Bonds		427,240		-		(17,321)		409,919
Total Deferred Amount on Refunding	\$	13,645,282	\$	-	\$	(909,292)	\$	12,735,989

# Note 11 – Fund Balances

A summary of the City's fund balance classification as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned reported in the City's Governmental Funds balance sheet at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	General Fund	Federal Housing Grants	Special Grants	Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	\$ 788,707	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 788,707
Prepaid items	76,409	-	-	-	1,708,371	1,784,780
Advance deposits	1,532,011				63,041	1,595,052
Total Nonspendable	2,397,127				1,771,412	4,168,539
Restricted for:						
Section 108 Loan	1,277,452	-	-	-	-	1,277,452
Community development	-	-	-	-	58,667,863	58,667,863
Debt service reserve	-	-	-	-	423,824	423,824
General government	-	-		-	7,889,759	7,889,759
Housing	-	86,834,132	-	-	78,855,778	165,689,910
Libraries and arts	2,787,959	-	-	-	4,785,734	7,573,693
Parks and recreation	1,138,827	-	-	-	40,765,588	41,904,415
Public safety	14,023	-	-	-	15,113,800	15,127,823
Solid waste/recycling	-	-	-	-	8,363,662	8,363,662
Streets, transit & traffic				10,558,669	85,906,959	96,465,628
Total Restricted	5,218,261	86,834,132		10,558,669	300,772,967	403,384,029
Committed for:						
General government operations	150,810,799					150,810,799
Total Committed	150,810,799					150,810,799
Assigned for:						
General government operations	5,447,316					5,447,316
Total Assigned	5,447,316					5,447,316
Unassigned (deficit):	48,490,147		(1,344,162)			47,145,985
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$212,363,650	\$86,834,132	\$ (1,344,162)	\$10,558,669	\$302,544,379	\$ 610,956,668

### Note 12 – Retirement Plans

The City contributes to three pension plans: The Safety Plan of the City of Stockton; the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Stockton, which are both part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); and the City of Stockton Retirement Enhancement Plan, a customized supplemental retirement plan administered by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) for municipal utilities employees, who worked under a private contract between 2003 and 2008.

#### Summary:

Deferred Outflows of Resources: CalPERS:	G	overnmental Activites	siness Type Activities		Total
Safety					
Contributions made after measurement date	\$	42,497,060	\$ -	\$	42,497,060
Change in assumptions		33,807,868	-		33,807,868
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,738,610	-		5,738,610
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		42,717,067	-		42,717,067
Total Safety Plan		124,760,605	 -		124,760,605
Miscellaneous		· · ·			
Contributions made after measurement date		19,396,123	1,874,588		21,270,711
Change in assumptions		4,569,945	441,674		5,011,619
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		29,777,086	 2,877,882		32,654,968
Total Miscellaneous Plan		53,743,154	 5,194,144		58,937,298
PARS					
Change in assumptions		-	50,256		50,256
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	228,715		228,715
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-	 765,856	· <u> </u>	765,856
Total PARS Plan		-	 1,044,827		1,044,827
Total Pensions related Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	178,503,759	\$ 6,238,971	\$	184,742,730
Net Pension Liability:					
CalPERS:					
Safety	\$	443,196,107	\$ -	\$	443,196,107
Miscellaneous		140,019,012	13,532,494		153,551,506
PARS		-	 3,109,369		3,109,369
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	583,215,119	\$ 16,641,863	\$	599,856,982
Deferred Inflows of Resources: CalPERS :					
Safety					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,076,198	\$ -	\$	5,076,198
Total Safety Plan		5,076,198	 -		5,076,198
Miscellaneous					
Differences between expected and actual experience		4,948,193	 478,230		5,426,423
Total Miscellaneous Plan		4,948,193	 478,230		5,426,423
Total Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	10,024,391	\$ 478,230	\$	10,502,621

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan

#### **General Information about Pension Plans**

CalPERS is an agent multiple-employer agency trust, that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities in the State of California and provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS benefits are payable monthly for life in an amount equal to a certain percent of the employee's highest annual salary. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by contract with CalPERS, State statute, and City ordinance. Copies of the CalPERS comprehensive annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA, 95811.

PARS is an agent multiple-employer agency trust that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities in the State of California. Annual financial reports for the Aggregate Plan may be obtained by contacting PARS directly.

**Plan Description** – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City of Stockton's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by state statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The Safety Plan is for sworn Police and Fire employees. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established and may be amended by CalPERS.

The Miscellaneous Plan is available to full-time employees not enrolled in the Safety Plan. Part-time employees must meet specific criteria for participation. City employees are eligible for service or normal retirement at age 55 or older with a minimum of five years CalPERS service. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established by CalPERS and may be amended.

**Benefits provided** – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, the annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits for public safety employees are calculated based on the employee's highest earning year for Classic members or as a percentage of the employee's final 3-year average salary for PEPRA (California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013-PEPRA members) multiplied by the employees' years of service. Public safety employees with ten years of continuous service are eligible to retire at age 55. Public safety employees may retire at any age after 20 years of service. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	Safety Plan						
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2014	After January 1, 2014					
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service					
	Tier II Fire: 3% @ 55 years of age						
Benefit Formula	All Other: 3% @ 50 years of age	2.7% @ 57 years of age					
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life					
Required Employee Contribution Rates	9.00%	12.75% and 13.5%					
Required Employer Contribution Rates	20.52%	20.52%					

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### **General Information about Pension Plans (Continued)**

	Miscellaneous Plan						
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2014	After January 1, 2014					
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service					
	Tier I: 2% @ 55 years of age						
Benefit Formula	Tier II: 2% @ 60 years of age	2% @ 62 years of age					
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life					
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7.00%	6.75%					
Required Employer Contribution Rates	9.86%	9.86%					

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered under benefit terms:

	Safety Plan	Miscellaneous Plan
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	955	1,595
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	522	1,531
Active employees	540	967
	2,017	4,093

**Contributions** – The City establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by the employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Safety Plan employer contribution rate was 20.52% of wages. The Miscellaneous Plan was 9.86% of wages.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, applying standard update procedures.

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### **General Information about Pension Plans (Continued)**

#### **Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability on June 30, 2022, the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Safety Plan	Ι	Miscellaneous Plan			
Valuation Date	6/30/2021		6/30/2021			
Measurement Date	6/30/2022		6/30/2022			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method					
Actuarial Assumptions:						
Discount Rate	6.90%		6.90%			
Inflation	2.30%		2.30%			
Payroll Growth	2.80%		2.80%			
Projected Salary Increase	Varies	(1)	Varies	(1)		
Mortality	see note	(2)	see note	(2)		

Depending on age, service and type of employment

based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre- retirement and Postretirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

*Long-Term Expected Rate of Return* – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a building-block approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 Basis points. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
Global Equity-cap weighted	30.00%	4.45%
Global Equity non-cap weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-Backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%
Total	100.00%	_

 $^{(1)}$  An Expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

<sup>(2)</sup>Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### **Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Change of Assumptions**

Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions.

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan are as follows:

	S	afety Plan				
			Incre	ase (Decrease)		
	Т	<b>Total Pension</b>	Pla	an Fiduciary	I	Net Pension
		Liability	Ν	Net Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at 06/30/2021	\$	1,207,393,627	\$	946,654,864	\$	260,738,763
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		20,255,092		-		20,255,092
Interest on total pension liability		85,264,766		-		85,264,766
Changes of Assumption		44,713,632		-		44,713,632
Differences between expected and actual experience		7,388,791		-		7,388,791
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-
Contributions-employer		-		39,195,163		(39,195,163)
Contributions-employee		-		7,961,859		(7,961,859)
Net investment income		-		(71,402,376)		71,402,376
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(67,804,721)		(67,804,721)		-
Administrative expense		-		(589,709)		589,709
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense)		-		-		-
Net Changes		89,817,560		(92,639,784)		182,457,344
Balances at 06/30/2022	\$	1,297,211,187	\$	854,015,080	\$	443,196,107

### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

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#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

	Misce	llaneous Plan				
			Incre	ease (Decrease)		
	Т	otal Pension Liability		an Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at 06/30/2021	\$	780,242,258	\$	722,389,028	\$	57,853,230
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		12,181,998		-		12,181,998
Interest on total pension liability		52,840,932		-		52,840,932
Changes of Assumption		8,143,881		-		8,143,881
Differences between expected and actual experience		(6,779,583)		-		(6,779,583)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-
Contributions-employer		-		20,485,648		(20,485,648)
Contributions-employee		-		4,857,018		(4,857,018)
Net investment income		-		(54,203,709)		54,203,709
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(43,773,909)		(43,773,909)		-
Administrative expense		-		(450,005)		450,005
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense)		-		-		-
Net Changes		22,613,319		(73,084,957)		95,698,276
Balances at 06/30/2022	\$	802,855,577	\$	649,304,071	\$	153,551,506

**Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate** – The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

Safety Plan		1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
	F	Rate (5.90%)	F	Rate (6.90%)	F	Rate (7.90%)
Net pension liability	\$	622,205,092	\$	443,196,107	\$	297,358,786
Miscellaneous Plan						
	F	1% Decrease Rate (5.90%)	F	Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	F	1% Increase Rate (7.90%)
Net pension liability	\$	255,399,878	\$	153,551,506	\$	69,160,881

**Pension plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of measurement date June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Safety Plan				
		Deferred Jutflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contribution subsequent to measurement date	\$	42,497,060	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		33,807,868		-
Differences between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual		5,738,610		(5,076,198)
earnings on pension plan investments		42,717,067		-
Total	\$	124,760,605	\$	(5,076,198)

#### **Miscellaneous Plan**

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contribution subsequent to measurement date	\$	21,270,711	\$	-		
Changes of assumptions		5,011,619		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual		-		(5,426,423)		
earnings on pension plan investments		32,654,968		-		
Total	\$	58,937,298	\$	(5,426,423)		

The \$42,497,060 and \$21,270,711 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date during the year ended June 30, 2023, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense.

Safety Plan					
Measurement periods ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(inflows of Resources				
2023	\$	16,561,497			
2024		16,814,043			
2025		15,351,287			
2026		28,460,520			
2027		-			
Thereafter		-			
Total	\$	77,187,347			

# A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Misccellaneous Plan					
Measurement periods ended June 30:		Deferred flows/(inflows) f Resources			
2023	\$	4,499,453			
2024		4,931,172			
2025		2,134,948			
2026		20,674,591			
2027		-			
Thereafter		-			
Total	\$	32,240,164			

#### **B.** PARS Enhancement Plan

#### **General Information about Pension Plans**

*Plan Description* – The PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan (REP), a closed retirement plan, provides retirement benefits for Municipal Utility Department employees for the period they worked for OMI-Thames Water Stockton, Inc. The City entered into an agreement with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) (a public sector retirement plan administrator specializing in providing public entities customized retirement plans and solutions) to contribute to a supplemental plan for employees joining or re-joining City service after having been employee between 2003 and 2008 by OMI-Thames, a private sector utility contractor. OMI-Thames employees did not earn CalPERS service credit during the period OMI-Thames operated the City utilities.

**Benefits provided -** Upon retirement, the REP benefits will supplement any CalPERS retirement for which those particular employees are eligible. Eligibility for the REP, a single-employer post-employment defined benefit plan, other than employment with OMI-Thames between 2003 and 2008, is defined as concurrent retirement with CalPERS and the City upon attaining age 55 and a minimum of 5 years of full-time continuous service with the City, with at least 1 year of continuous City service after March 1, 2008.

Employees covered - At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	PARS Enhancement Plan
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	55
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	27
	82

**Contributions** – The City establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by the employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

### **B.** PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using standard update procedures.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability on June 30, 2023, the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	PARS Enhancement Plan	
Valuation Date	6/30/2022	
Measurement Date	6/30/2023	
Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method	
Discount Rate	6.50%	
Inflation	2.30%	
Payroll Growth	2.80%	
Projected Salary Increase	3.34% - 9.01%	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%	
Mortality	see note	(2)

<sup>(1)</sup> Depending on years of service.

(2) Pre-retirement: Consistent with Non-Industrial rates used to value the CalPERS Miscellaneous Public Agency Pension Plans after June 30, 2021. Post-Retirement: Consistent with Non-Industrial rates used to value the CalPERS Miscellaneous Public Agency Pension Plans after June 30, 2021

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of currently active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### **Change of Assumptions**

The non-economic actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study of the California Public Employees' Retirement System for the period 1997-2019 and released in November 2021.

# Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

# **B.** PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

# **Change of Assumptions (Continued)**

The target allocation and best estimates of real arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	PARS Enhancement	t Plan	
Asset Class	Estimated Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
US Cash	3.88%	0.51%	0.49%
US Core Fixed Income	47.94%	2.07%	1.93%
US Broad Equity Market	36.80%	5.56%	3.90%
Foreign Developed Equity	6.06%	6.89%	5.07%
Emerging Markets Equity	3.72%	9.58%	6.18%
USREITs	1.60%	6.96%	4.74%
Total	100.00%		
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.32%	2.32%
Assumed Inflation - Standard I	Deviation	1.42%	1.42%
Portfolio Real Mean Return		3.94%	3.49%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Retur	n	6.26%	5.90%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			8.88%
City's Long-Term Expected Ra	te of Return		6.50%

### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Plan are as follows:

I	PARS Enl	hancement Plan				
			Increa	se (Decrease)		
		otal Pension Liability (a)		n Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at 06/30/2022	\$	12,935,662	\$	9,620,909	\$	3,314,753
Changes for the year:		· · ·				
Service cost		114,224		-		114,224
Interest on total pension liability		826,109		-		826,109
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		300,141		-		300,141
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		74,188		-		74,188
Benefit payments		(691,937)		(691,937)		-
Employer Contributions		-		854,389		(854,389)
Net investment income		-		682,430		(682,430)
Administrative expense		-		(16,773)		16,773
Net Changes		622,725		828,109		(205,384)
Balances at 06/30/2023	\$	13,558,387	\$	10,449,018	\$	3,109,369

#### **B.** PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

**Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate** – The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

#### PARS Enhancement Plan

	1%		(	Current	1%				
	Decrease		I	Discount	Increase				
	Rate (5.50%)		Ra	te (6.50%)	Ra	ate (7.50%)			
Net pension liability	\$	4,714,537	\$	3,109,369	\$	1,755,989			

**Pension plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued REP financial report.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PARS Enhancement Plan								
	Ou	eferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
- Changes of assumptions	\$	50,256	\$	-				
Differences between expected and actual experience		228,715		-				
Net differences between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		765,856		-				
Total	\$	1,044,827	\$	-				

For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$1,044,827 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to earnings and changes of assumptions on pension plan investments and will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

PARS Enhancement Plan							
Measurement periods ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(inflows) of Resources						
2024	\$	350,651					
2025		271,266					
2026		433,393					
2027		(10,483)					
2028		-					
Thereafter		-					
Total	\$	1,044,827					

### C. Retirement Benefits Fund (Section 115 Trust)

The Retirement Fund is used to make contributions to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for the City's defined benefit programs. Also accounted for in the Retirement Fund are monies in the form of an IRS approved Section 115 Plan, set aside to pay for future payment increases announced by CalPERS. At the end of fiscal year 2022-23, the Section 115 Plan, has \$81.5 million available to fund the annual liability payments. The Trust is monitored by the Administrative Services and Human Resources Departments.

#### Note 13 – Claims Payable

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to liability torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; health and safety of employees; and natural disasters. The City established three internal service insurance funds (General Liability, Workers' Compensation, and Employee Health Benefits funds) to account for and finance its self-insured retained risks. Under the City's risk management program, the City retains risk for each general liability claim, for each workers' compensation claim, and for each medical plan member under the health benefits programs. The City purchases stop-loss coverage for the health benefits program over its \$350,000 self-insured retention (SIR) from Union Labor Life Insurance Company up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 per Original Plan member and \$2,000,000 per Modified Plan member. The City's coverage for Self-Insured Retention (SIR) excess claims for general liability and workers' compensation is discussed later in this note under risk pools. The workers' compensation and general liability are administered by third-party claims administrators (TPA).

The City's estimated liabilities for claims filed or expected to be filed up to the amounts for which it retains risk in the Internal Service Funds is reported as *Self-insurance claims and judgments*.

Charges to the General Fund and other funds are determined from an analysis of claims costs and are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the contributing funds and charges for services in the internal service funds. Charges for general liability and workers' compensation insurances are a percentage of payroll, and the charge for health benefits is a monthly dollar amount for all actively occupied positions.

Independent actuaries perform an analysis of the City's potential liability for the City's retained risk portions of the various self-insurance programs. The amounts recorded as liabilities represent estimates of amounts to be paid on new and open claims, as well as changes to reserve amounts managed by the TPAs and modified for current trends and market data. For general liability and workers' compensation for the current year, the present value of estimated outstanding losses is recognized at a 70% confidence level, using a 2.25% discount rate to reflect future investment earnings. While the ultimate amounts of losses incurred through June 30, 2023 are dependent on future developments, based on information provided by the City Attorney, outside counsel, TPAs and others involved with the administration of the programs, the City's management believes that the aggregate accrual is adequate to recognize such losses. There have been no significant reductions in any of the City's insurance coverage each of the past three years.

#### Note 13 – Claims Payable (Continued)

Changes in the balances of the City's claims liabilities, which include incremental claims adjustments expenses, for the current and prior fiscal years, are as follows:

	General Liability	Workers' Compensation	Health Benefits	Total
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 10,524,626	\$ 55,395,000	\$ 396,000	\$ 66,315,626
Claims incurred	5,939,446	1,649,686	2,410,879	10,000,011
Claims paid	(959,839)	(7,544,686)	(2,410,879)	(10,915,404)
Balance, June 30, 2022	15,504,233	49,500,000	396,000	65,400,233
Claims incurred	11,764,622	12,851,273	1,250,231	25,866,126
Claims paid	(3,764,230)	(11,788,273)	(1,646,231)	(17,198,734)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 23,504,625	\$ 50,563,000	\$ -	\$ 74,067,625

**Risk Pools** – The City is a member of two joint powers authorities organized under the California Government Code for the purpose of pooling self-insured losses, as described below.

*General Liability Insurance* - In 1986, the City joined with other municipalities and regional municipal joint powers authorities to form the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a general liability risk management and insurance program for 19 member entities. The City's self-insured retention (SIR) will increase from \$1.25 million to \$1.50 million effective July 1, 2024. Losses above the City's SIR are pooled up to \$7.5 million per occurrence, with reinsurance above the \$7.5 million up to \$40 million by CJPRMA. Specific coverage includes general liability, excess automotive liability, personal injury, errors and omissions, and certain other coverage.

The CJPRMA governing board is comprised of a representative from each member entity. All members have a single vote for policy and charter changes. An executive committee of seven is elected to handle administration. Members are assessed annual contributions based on actuarially determined rates. CJPRMA retroactively adjusts premium deposits for any excess or deficiency in deposits related to paid claims and reserves. Financial statements for CJPRMA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, can be obtained from CJPRMA at 3201 Doolan Road, Suite #285, Livermore, California 94551.

*Property Protection* - The City participates in CJPRMA's All Risks Property Protection Program, which is primarily underwritten by a casualty insurance company. The Program provides \$300 million in coverage to participating members, subject to a deductible of \$250,000. Premiums, which are negotiated each year, are based on property values and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

*Automobile Insurance* – The City participates in CJPRMA's Automobile Physical Damage Reinsurance Program. The Program provides \$10 million per occurrence in coverage to participation members, subject to a deductible of \$50,000. Premiums, which are negotiated each year, are based on fleet value and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

#### Note 13 – Claims Payable (Continued)

*Workers' Compensation Insurance* – The City has been self-funded for its Worker's Compensation Program since 1979. In July 2003, the City joined California Public Entity Insurance Authority (CPEIA), a public entity risk pool which operated an Excess Workers' Compensation Program. CPEIA has since merged into an existing authority known as California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authorities (CSAC-EIA). The CSAC-EIA was formed in 1979 by 29 California counties for the purpose of pooling risk and providing a viable and cost-effective solution for the counties' insurance and risk management needs. In 2020, the EIA became Public Risk Innovation, Solutions, and Management (PRISM). PRISM has since expanded to allow admittance from cities and other entities which currently includes 95% of the counties in California, nearly 70% of the cities, as well as, numerous school districts, special districts, housing authorities, fire districts, and other Joint Powers Authorities. The City's self-insured retention is currently set at \$500,000 per occurrence. Losses above the City's SIR are pooled up to \$4.5 million per occurrence by PRISM. Statutory coverage for losses above \$5 million is covered by reinsurance and excess insurance policies throughout PRISM.

#### Note 14 – Pollution Remediation Obligations

GASB Statement No. 49 requires the former Agency, now Successor Agency, to report a pollution remediation liability upon the occurrence of an obligating event, such as being compelled by a regulatory agency or legal action to clean up existing pollution. The liability is estimated based on the expected future cash flows technique (i.e., the sum of the probability-weighted amounts in a range of possible estimated amounts). Only components of the liability (e.g., site assessment, site investigation, corrective measures feasibility study, remediation design, remediation operations and maintenance, and post-remediation monitoring) which can be reasonably estimated are included in the estimated liability. Expected recoveries from insurers and other responsible parties reduce the estimated liability.

Actual pollution remediation costs may vary from the estimated liability for many reasons, including changes in pollution laws and regulations, the technology used for the cleanup, the remediation plan or operating conditions, prices of products and services.

The former Agency, Successor Agency, has identified the UNOCAL site along the Stockton channel that are designated "Brownfields" by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, with the goal of revitalizing contaminated properties that the Successor Agency currently owns in the area near Stockton's downtown waterfront in the Waterfront Redevelopment Project Area. The following are details of the Successor Agency-owned contaminated site, including a description of the pollution, the obligating event requiring remediation action, estimable remediation costs components, and recoveries by responsible parties. Details of the liabilities as of June 30, 2023, are also discussed.

To provide clarification of the following discussion, the California Polanco Redevelopment Act (AB 3193, Chapter 1113, Statutes of 1990, Polanco), part of the Community Redevelopment Act, was enacted by the California legislature to assist redevelopment agencies in responding to brownfield properties in their redevelopment areas. It prescribes processes for redevelopment agencies to follow when cleaning up a hazardous substance release in a redevelopment project area. It also provides immunity from liability for redevelopment agencies and subsequent property purchases for sites cleaned up under a cleanup plan approved by the California Department of Toxic Substances Control or a Regional Board.

The following provides a discussion of the identified brownfield sites of the Successor Agency:

# Note 14 – Pollution Remediation Obligations (Continued)

*Area 2A-Unocal* – Soil and groundwater contamination has been identified in Area 2A-Unocal associated with total petroleum hydrocarbons, volatile and semi-volatile organic compounds. The obligating event for this site stems from a Polanco agreement notice issued to the responsible party, currently in negotiation for settlement. Estimated costs are for a consultant, legal and City personnel costs for cleanup of the soil contamination, and pre-cleanup and investigative study of the site about the groundwater contamination. Future groundwater cleanup and ongoing post-remediation monitoring costs cannot be reasonably estimated. The net pollution remediation liability of this site as of June 30, 2023, is \$431,250, which includes an estimated recovery of costs by the responsible party.

The total net estimated net pollution remediation liability for the site in the amount of \$275,000, is reported to the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2023.

#### Note 15 – Other Required Disclosures

#### **Deficit Fund Balances**

At June 30, 2023, the following funds had net positions or fund balance deficits:

Fund	Fund Fund Type		Deficit			
Special Grants	Special Revenue Fund	\$	(1,344,162)			
Parking Authority	Enterprise Fund		(5,132,205)			
Successor Agency	Private Purpose Trust Fund		(56,816,846)			

- The Special Grants Fund has an accumulated deficit fund balance of \$1,344,162 as of June 30, 2023. The deficit will be recovered as further grant revenue is recognized.
- The Parking Authority Fund has an accumulated deficit fund balance of \$5,132,205 as of June 30,2023. This is due to an interfund loan borrowing from the Worker's Compensation Fund for \$8,915,000. It is in relation to the payoff of the 2006 Series A ESB bonds previously held in the City's Debt Service Fund. The loan terms are set at 2%, biannual payments with anticipated payoff date of February 1, 2032.
- The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund has an accumulated deficit fund balance of \$56,816,846 as of June 30, 2023. This is an Agency Private Purpose Trust fund and not included in the City's net position. The fund has a bonds payable balance that causes the fund balance deficit.

# Note 15 – Other Required Disclosures (Continued)

# **Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations**

The following funds had expenditures in excess of appropriations:

Fund		ropriations	Ex	penditures	Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations		
Major Governmental Fund:							
General Fund							
Debt service:							
Principal	\$	495,600	\$	798,168	\$	302,568	
Interest		9,912		17,667		7,755	
Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund							
Debt service:							
Principal		2,445,000		2,454,070		9,070	
Debt service:							
Princip al		-		47,366		47,366	
Interest		-		1,755		1,755	
Nonmajor Governmental Fund:							
State Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund							
Debt service:							
Princip al		-		7,898		7,898	
Interest		-		30		30	
Measure W Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fu	nd						
Debt service:							
Principal		-		10,191		10,191	
Interest		-		270		270	
Development Services Special Revenue Fund							
Debt service:							
Princip al		-		2,524		2,524	
Interest		-		28		28	

All of the identified expenditures in excess of approved appropriations are the result of entries implementing GASB 87 and GASB 96. These entries are not of a budgetary nature.

# Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

# **Contingent Liability – Pending Litigation**

Various claims and legal actions are pending against the City, some of which have a reasonable possibility of an unfavorable outcome. These legal actions involve property, personal injury, and civil rights claims. GASB Statement No. 62 requires disclosure of pending litigation for which contingency is possible, and the amount cannot be reasonably estimated. As discussed in Note 12, the City is self-insured and has accrued a liability for estimated claims outstanding. Amounts for the claims, which cannot be reasonably estimated at this time, have not been included in the financial statements. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

# Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

#### **Capital Commitments**

The City is undertaking some capital improvement projects, the most significant of which include the following outstanding capital commitments at June 30, 2023:

	Amount
Waterfront Towers New City Hall	\$ 31,056,863
Regional Wastewater Control Facility	22,958,359
Developer Reimbursements	7,472,946
South Stockton Well SSS8 Rehab	5,425,355
Citywide Tree Maintenance	3,796,221
Bus Rapid Transit, Phase V	1,465,147
	\$ 72,174,892

#### Encumbrances

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as a means of controlling expenditures. Under this method, funds are encumbered when purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are signed or approved by authorized City officials. Such outstanding commitments at the end of the year do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under GAAP.

GASB Statement No. 54 provides additional guidance on the classification within the fund balances section of amounts that have been encumbered. Encumbrances of balances within the governmental funds are classified as either committed, restricted, or assigned and are included in the respective classification. Outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Amount			
General Fund	\$	10,213,855		
Housing Grant Fund		1,484,269		
Special Grant Fund		23,065,457		
Capital Improvements		55,966,156		
Other Governmental Funds		14,877,504		
Total Governmental Funds	\$	105,607,241		

#### **Facilities Management Agreement**

On March 20, 2018, the Stockton City Council approved the amendment of the current Facilities Management Agreement (Agreement) with SMG (now referred to as ASM Global) to include the Downtown Marina operations, extend the terms of the existing agreement and to include vendor performance benchmarks. ASM Global provides operation management and marketing services to the City for the Stockton. Events Center includes a multi-purpose indoor arena, a baseball park, the Events Center common areas, the Bob Hope Theatre, Oak Park Ice Arena and the Downtown Marina.

# Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

### Facilities Management Agreement (Continued)

The current agreement will extend the terms until 2026 and may be renewed at the option of the City for one additional five-year period. Either party may terminate the Agreement for cause during the agreement period due to a material breach by the other party or for default.

ASM is responsible for operating these facilities in keeping with the management goals set and approved each year by the City Council, with the overarching goal of having the facilities operating revenues exceed the respective operating expenses.

ASM is required to provide various fidelity and performance bonds, which includes various types of coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000. This coverage extends to the areas of Commercial General and Automobile Liability, Professional Errors and Omissions, Crime, Employment and Worker's Compensation. Additionally, there is an Umbrella Liability coverage requirement of \$5,000,000.

Compensation to ASM is determined from a base fee for all venues, plus performance-based compensation, as defined in the Agreement. Both components are eligible for periodic adjustments based on the consumer price index (CPI).

Financial activities of ASM, as a service organization, is combined with and reported in the General Fund.

#### Note 17 - Net Investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets

The following is the calculation of net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2023:

	Govern Activ		Business -Type Activities		 Totals
Capital assets, net	\$	882,741,697	\$	844,651,580	\$ 1,727,393,277
Debt related to capital assets		(64,508,131)		(382,906,309)	(447,414,440)
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt		-		12,735,989	12,735,989
Retention payable		(1,147,710)		(913,284)	 (2,060,994)
Net investment in capital assets	\$	817,085,856	\$	473,567,976	\$ 1,290,653,832

# Note 17 – Net Investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position (Continued)

### **Restricted Net Position**

At June 30, 2023, restricted net position consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities		siness -Type Activities	Totals		
Restricted:						
Capital projects	\$	14,351,671	\$ 11,084,951	\$	25,436,622	
Debt service		2,069,849	14,281,592		16,351,441	
Measure A&B		14,023	-		14,023	
Section 108 loan		1,277,452	-		1,277,452	
Community Development		58,773,449	-		58,773,449	
General government		12,175,081	-		12,175,081	
Housing		165,689,911	-		165,689,911	
Library and arts		7,573,693	-		7,573,693	
Parks and recreation		41,906,531	-		41,906,531	
Public safety		13,400,795	-		13,400,795	
Solid waste/recycling		8,363,662	-		8,363,662	
Streets, transit and traffic		88,554,777	-		88,554,777	
Pension		81,544,197	-		81,544,197	
Total restricted	\$	495,695,091	\$ 25,366,543	\$	521,061,634	

#### Note 18 – Subsequent Events

# **Refunding of Enterprise Fund Debt**

# Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A

On September 19, 2023, the City completed a cash defeasance of the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A with a par amount of \$11,135,000. The defeasance had a return on investment of 5.47% and will save the Water Utility Fund \$3,663,125 through October 1, 2040. The total outstanding debt of \$53,140,000 reported in Note 8 was reduced to \$42,005,000 following this transaction.

# **Grant Funding Awarded**

#### **Transformative Climate Communities Program Implementation Grant (Round 4)**

The City was awarded a Transformative Climate Communities Program Implementation Grant of \$24,165,510 from the State of California Office of Planning and Research with an effective term of October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2028. This grant was approved by Council resolution 2023-09-12-1502.

### Note 18 – Subsequent Events (Continued)

#### Significant Contracts Awarded

# **Emergency Homeless Shelter Operations**

On July 31, 2023, the City declared a local emergency to protect unhoused individuals that were threatened to be displaced by the closure of the Stockton Shelter for the Homeless. On September 12, 2023, the City entered into a contract with St. Mary's Dining Room to assume operations of a campus-wide homeless shelter that was formally Stockton Shelter for the Homeless. The City provided \$5,380,000 to address the funding gap in operating expenses over a three year period.

### Note 19 – Prior Period Adjustments

			Governmental Funds			Internal Service Funds			Funds	
						Other	V	ehicle Fleet	Co	omputer and
	G	overnmental		Special	0	Fovernmental	Equi	pment Internal	R	adio Internal
		Activities		Grants	Fund*		Service Fund		Service Fund Service Fu	
Net Position at July 1, 2022	s	1,117,166,532	s	36,802,822	S	285,677,603	s	37,183,728	s	69,542,700
Correction on unavailable revenue		3,367,003		(3,367,003)		-		-		-
Correction on unearned revenue		(37,903,107)		(34,536,104)		-		-		-
Correction on revenue recognition		-		(621,346)		621,346		-		-
GASB 96 Implementation		66,143		-		-		43,112		4,200
Net Position at July 1, 2022, as restated	S	1,082,696,571	S	(1,721,631)	s	286,298,949	S	37,226,840	S	69,546,900

\* The prior period adjustment came from the Other Special Revenue Fund.



ATTACHMENT A





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# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# **1 Budgetary Information**

#### **Budget** Process

In accordance with the provisions of the City Charter, the City prepares and adopts a budget on or before June 30 for each fiscal year. Total appropriations shall not exceed the total of estimated revenues, estimated unencumbered balances of funds to be carried over from the preceding year and unencumbered available fund balances. The General Fund, Federal Housing Grant Special Revenue Fund, Special Grants Special Revenue Fund, and certain nonmajor special revenue funds (Solid Waste and Recycling, Gas Tax, Measure K Streets Sales Tax, Measure W Public Safety Sales Tax, Special Assessments, Development Services, and Other Special Revenue) and certain capital projects funds (Public Facilities Impact Fees and Capital Improvement) have legally adopted annual budgets. Prior to July 1, the original adopted budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council. In the event this does not occur, the City Manager's draft budget is in force until a budget is adopted by the City Council.

Enterprise and internal service funds are accounted for on a cost of service (net income) or capital maintenance measurement focus. The City is not legally mandated to report the results of operations for these fund types on a budgetary comparison basis; therefore, budgetary data related to these funds has not been presented.

If expenditures exceed appropriations at the department level for the General Fund or at the fund level for all other funds, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within any fund. During the year, the City Council approves supplemental appropriations and, by resolution, has also authorized the City Manager to transfer fund balances to applicable appropriation accounts, or to transfer between funds, when necessary to continue purposes approved by the City Council in the current year, adopted budget, or subsequent action. Amounts reported as final budget in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – On a Budgetary Basis include amendments authorized throughout the year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the Permanent funds.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, with the exception of ongoing capital improvement projects and miscellaneous grants in the respective funds. Encumbered appropriations are re-appropriated in the following year's budget.



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# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Budget Basis of Accounting

The City adopts budgets each fiscal year on a basis of accounting, which is different from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GAAP. The schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual – on a budgetary basis have been prepared on the budgetary basis, which is different from GAAP.

The variations from GAAP that are for budgetary purposes include the following:

Outstanding commitments relating to construction contracts and other purchases of goods and services are recorded as expenditures at the time contracts or purchase agreements are entered into. Under GAAP, these obligations are recognized when goods are received or services are rendered.

The write-off uncollectable accounts receivables is not recognized as an expenditure. Under GAAP, these write-offs are recognized as expenditures when the accounts receivables are determined to be uncollectable.

Certain funds of the City contain capital projects, grant projects, loan programs or other programs that are budgeted on a multi-year or project length basis. The amounts of the projects and programs budgeted on a multi-year basis are significant compared to the items budgeted on an annual basis; therefore, a comparison of budget to actual for the fund would not be meaningful. As a result, such funds are excluded from budgetary reporting.

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bu	Budget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
<b>REVENUES:</b>					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 41,490,000	\$ 41,490,000	\$ 42,577,881	\$ 1,087,881	
Utility user	38,731,176	38,731,176	42,445,100	3,713,924	
Sales - levied by City	42,080,000	42,080,000	49,703,488	7,623,488	
Franchise fees	17,124,630	17,124,630	18,937,580	1,812,950	
Business license	14,350,000	14,350,000	21,992,189	7,642,189	
Hotel/motel room	3,211,540	3,211,540	3,432,978	221,438	
Document transfer	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,028,481	(171,519)	
Other	3,168,768	3,168,768	4,628,261	1,459,493	
Licenses and permits	556,405	556,405	467,794	(88,611)	
Intergovernmental:					
Federal grants and subsidies	116,429	142,185	107,090	(35,095)	
Sales and use tax - levied by state	69,933,000	69,933,000	76,954,150	7,021,150	
Other governmental	44,323,593	44,340,269	44,427,118	86,849	
Charges for services	9,934,163	10,201,074	11,357,788	1,156,714	
Fines and forfeitures	1,239,285	1,239,285	181,618	(1,057,667)	
Use of money and property	7,584,486	7,584,486	9,653,318	2,068,832	
Investment income:					
Interest income	2,435,529	2,435,529	451,357	(1,984,172)	
Refunds and reimbursements	833,710	833,710	958,953	125,243	
Miscellaneous	4,983,612	7,283,612	6,173,301	(1,110,311)	
	303,296,326	305,905,669	335,478,445	29,572,776	
EXPENDITURES:					
General government:					
City council	1,022,320	1,124,328	977,239	147,089	
City manager	2,827,103	2,873,737	2,502,467	371,270	
City attorney	1,529,684	1,541,938	1,060,132	481,806	
City clerk	1,191,058	1,214,562	1,075,566	138,996	
City auditor	456,400	821,828	399,892	421,936	
Administrative services	8,923,640	9,044,239	8,075,577	968,662	
Human resources	2,636,085	4,223,219	2,383,769	1,839,450	
Housing	1,607,610	4,136,309	1,414,837	2,721,472	
Non-departmental	2,415,168	2,616,748	(199,326)	2,816,074	
Total general government	22,609,068	27,596,908	17,690,153	9,906,755	

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bu	dget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED):						
Public safety:						
Police	151,177,320	158,796,117	142,568,184	16,227,933		
Fire	57,200,604	61,586,797	57,580,164	4,006,633		
Total public safety	208,377,924	220,382,914	200,148,348	20,234,566		
Public works	19,301,423	19,854,654	18,234,334	1,620,320		
Library	13,861,908	14,487,017	11,996,043	2,490,974		
Parks and recreation	13,600,776	15,972,048	12,769,610	3,202,438		
Capital outlay	235,050	3,158,378	2,020,978	1,137,400		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	495,600	495,600	798,168	(302,568)		
Interest and fiscal charges	9,912	9,912	17,667	(7,755)		
Total expenditures	278,491,661	301,957,431	263,675,301	38,282,130		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	24,804,665	3,948,238	71,803,144	67,854,906		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	-	500,000	-	(500,000)		
Transfers out	(25,610,050)	(73,194,377)	(39,305,080)	33,889,297		
Issuance of debt	-	-	1,208,028	1,208,028		
Proceed from sale of capital assets	60,000	60,000	44,165	(15,835)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,550,050)	(72,634,377)	(38,052,887)	34,581,490		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$ (745,385)	\$ (68,686,139)	33,750,257	\$ 102,436,396		
<b>BASIS ADJUSTMENT:</b> Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*			(10,213,855)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)	)		23,536,402			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			178,613,393			
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR			\$ 202,149,795			

\* Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

The notes to the required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget							Variance with		
		Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget			
<b>REVENUES:</b>										
Intergovernmental:										
Federal grants and subsidies	\$	5,149,396	\$	15,014,600	\$	2,874,895	\$	(12,139,705)		
Other governmental		-		-		1,747,243		1,747,243		
Charges for services		-		-		1,575		1,575		
Use of money and property		364,000		364,000		1,158,232		794,232		
Investment income:										
Interest income (loss)		-		-		47,397		47,397		
Total revenues		5,513,396		15,378,600		5,829,342		(9,549,258)		
EXPENDITURES:										
General government		6,738,759		21,444,146		2,474,331		18,969,815		
Capital outlay		-		325,000		72,627		252,373		
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		2,445,000		2,445,000		2,454,070		(9,070)		
Interest and fiscal charges		106,387		106,387		98,218		8,169		
Total expenditures		9,290,146		24,320,533		5,099,246		19,221,287		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES (GAAP BASIS)		(3,776,750)		(8,941,933)		730,096		9,672,029		
OTHER FINANCING USES:										
Transfers in		1,747,243		1,747,243		-		(1,747,243)		
Transfers out		(349,449)		(349,449)		(349,449)		-		
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-		-		72,627		72,627		
Total other financing uses		1,397,794		1,397,794		(276,822)		(1,674,616)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(2,378,956)	\$	(7,544,139)		453,274	\$	9,672,029		
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:										
Encumbrances						(1,484,269)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)	)					(1,030,995)				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						86,380,858				
FUND BALANCE (BUDGATARY BASIS), END OF YEAR					\$	85,349,863				
					_					

The notes to the required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Bu	dget				Variance with Final Budget		
	(	Original		Final		Actual			
<b>REVENUES:</b>									
Intergovernmental:									
Federal grants and subsidies	\$	979,652	\$	12,605,079	\$	22,672,588	\$	10,067,509	
Other governmental		-		17,935,836		8,423,416		(9,512,420)	
Miscellaneous		-		(19,653)		5,000		24,653	
Total revenues		979,652		30,521,262		31,101,004		579,742	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		292,379		66,467,028		23,424,127		43,042,901	
Public safety		-		8,469,159		2,782,437		5,686,722	
Public works		-		1,160,169		122,741		1,037,428	
Library		-		86,074		733,250		(647,176)	
Parks and recreation		-		477,670		1,585		476,085	
Capital outlay		687,273		24,028,062		3,610,274		20,417,788	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		-		-		47,366		(47,366)	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		1,755		(1,755)	
Total expenditures		979,652		100,688,162		30,723,535		69,964,627	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		-		(70,166,900)		377,469		70,544,369	
OTHER FINANCING USES:									
Transfers out		-		(2,551,500)		-		2,551,500	
Total other financing uses		-		(2,551,500)		-		2,551,500	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	-	\$	(72,718,400)		377,469	\$	73,095,869	
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						(22.0(5.457)			
Encumbrances						(23,065,457)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASI	IS)					(22,687,988)			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (DEFICIT)						(1,721,631)			
FUND BALANCE (BUDGATARY BASIS), END OF YEAR	\$	(24,409,619)							
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The notes to the required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

	Fiscal Year									
Measurement period	2013-141		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		_	2017-18
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	9,440,824	\$	9,145,587	\$	9,240,648	\$	10,871,947	\$	11,500,131
Interest		46,152,921		47,148,768		48,179,529		48,291,460		48,873,856
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		-		(11,281,319)		-		39,356,599		(19,696,405)
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		-		(10,000,256)		(8,961,502)		(17,662,863)		3,486,532
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(32,763,729)		(33,662,380)		(34,150,397)		(34,494,172)		(35,750,319)
Net change in total pension liability		22,830,016		1,350,400		14,308,278		46,362,971		8,413,795
Total pension liability - beginning		627,033,727		649,863,743		651,214,143		665,522,421		711,885,392
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	649,863,743	\$	651,214,143	\$	665,522,421	\$	711,885,392	\$	720,299,187
Pension fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	9,402,881	\$	10,783,518	\$	13,879,482	\$	13,189,681	\$	15,252,226
Contributions - employee		3,761,959		3,802,226		3,971,944		4,386,770		4,729,377
Net investment income		79,512,728		11,522,882		2,491,249		56,250,959		45,626,430
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(32,763,729)		(33,662,380)		(34,150,397)		(34,494,172)		(35,750,319)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		(13,377)		933		-		4,111
Administrative expense		-		(599,978)		(315,359)		(743,130)		(844,458)
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense) <sup>2</sup>		-		-		-		-		(1,603,640)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		59,913,839		(8,167,109)		(14,122,148)		38,590,108		27,413,727
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>3</sup>		465,703,750		525,617,589		517,450,480		503,328,332		541,918,440
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	525,617,589	\$	517,450,480	\$	503,328,332	\$	541,918,440	\$	569,332,167
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	124,246,154	\$	133,763,663	\$	162,194,089	\$	169,966,952	\$	150,967,020
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.88%		79.46%		75.63%		76.12%		79.04%
Covered payroll	\$	52,603,907	\$	53,997,677	\$	56,400,439	\$	61,357,565	\$	67,079,626
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		236.19%		247.72%		287.58%		277.01%		225.06%

<sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14. Additional years of information will be displayed as it becomes available.

<sup>2</sup> During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions (GASB 75), CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB p lan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one-time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18, CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68). <sup>3</sup> Includes any beginning of year adjustment.

<sup>4</sup>Include s o ne year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014-17.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: Changes of Benefit Terms: The figures above generally include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred on or before the Measurement Date. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the Valuation Date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary

Changes of Assumptions: Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the longterm expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. The accounting discount rate was 7.15% for measurement dates 2017 through 2021, 7.65% for measurement dates 2015 through 2016, and 7.50% for measurement date 2014.

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

			Fisca	l Yea	ar		
Measurement period	2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$ 11,446,572	\$	11,098,178	\$	11,194,084	\$	12,181,998
Interest	50,718,177		51,801,795		53,055,641		52,840,932
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions	-		-		-		8,143,881
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	2,061,288		(8,567,800)		(5,435,616)		(6,779,583)
Benefit payments, including					(10.00.1.50.0)		
refunds of employee contributions	 (37,477,251)		(39,057,265)		(40,894,732)		(43,773,909)
Net change in total pension liability	26,748,786		15,274,908		17,919,377		22,613,319
Total pension liability - beginning	 720,299,187		747,047,973		762,322,881		780,242,258
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 747,047,973	\$	762,322,881	\$	780,242,258	\$	802,855,577
Pension fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 17,112,542	\$	19,204,043	\$	20,363,651	\$	20,485,648
Contributions - employee	4,540,503		4,721,760		4,939,316		4,857,018
Net investment income	37,027,715		29,185,528		135,230,666		(54,203,709)
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of employee contributions	(37,477,251)		(39,057,265)		(40,894,732)		(43,773,909)
Net plan to plan resource movement	-		-		-		-
Administrative expense	(406,288)		(831,939)		(602,713)		(450,005)
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense) <sup>2</sup>	 1,325		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	20,798,546		13,222,127		119,036,188		(73,084,957)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>3</sup>	 569,332,167		590,130,713		603,352,840		722,389,028
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 590,130,713	\$	603,352,840	\$	722,389,028	\$	649,304,071
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 156,917,260	\$	158,970,041	\$	57,853,230	\$	153,551,506
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.00%		79.15%		92.59%		80.87%
Covered payroll	\$ 67,851,642	\$	67,099,018	\$	69,099,285	\$	70,213,245
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	231.27%		236.92%		83.72%		218.69%
		-				-	

## City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

				Fiscal Year		
Measurement period		2013-14 <sup>1</sup>	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	13,907,523	\$ 13,593,233	\$ 13,548,998	\$ 15,401,471	\$ 17,684,602
Interest		65,730,714	67,693,599	69,765,169	71,053,021	75,078,142
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions		-	(16,908,140)	-	59,494,381	(3,852,172)
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		-	(5,410,590)	(3,570,311)	(9,538,805)	26,895,156
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of employee contributions		(47,761,534)	 (49,614,935)	 (51,615,173)	 (53,205,686)	 (55,481,650)
Net change in total pension liability		31,876,703	9,353,167	28,128,683	83,204,382	60,324,078
Total pension liability - beginning		893,336,527	925,213,230	 934,566,397	 962,695,080	1,045,899,462
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	925,213,230	\$ 934,566,397	\$ 962,695,080	\$ 1,045,899,462	\$ 1,106,223,540
Pension fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	13,818,051	\$ 17,178,961	\$ 20,338,253	\$ 23,342,334	\$ 26,124,666
Contributions - employee		6,449,394	5,896,729	5,940,342	6,617,527	6,942,272
Net investment income		105,163,288	15,155,169	3,348,803	73,783,913	59,476,319
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of employee contributions		(47,761,534)	(49,614,935)	(51,615,173)	(53,205,686)	(55,481,650)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-	3,305	-	-	(7,168)
Administrative expense		-	(771,300)	(416,243)	(975,302)	(1,106,599)
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense) <sup>2</sup>		-		 	 -	 (2,101,449)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		77,669,199	(12,152,071)	(22,404,018)	49,562,786	33,846,391
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>3</sup>		617,467,219	 695,136,418	 682,984,347	 660,580,329	 710,143,115
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	695,136,418	\$ 682,984,347	\$ 660,580,329	\$ 710,143,115	\$ 743,989,506
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	230,076,812	\$ 251,582,050	\$ 302,114,751	\$ 335,756,347	\$ 362,234,034
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.13%	 73.08%	 68.62%	 67.90%	 67.25%
Covered payroll <sup>4</sup>	\$	45,422,701	\$ 46,710,538	\$ 47,115,477	\$ 48,429,252	\$ 56,947,904
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	_	506.52%	 538.60%	 641.22%	 693.29%	 636.08%

<sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14. Additional years of information will be displayed as it becomes available.

<sup>2</sup> During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions (GASB 75), CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB p lan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one-time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18, CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68). <sup>3</sup> Includes any beginning of year adjustment.

"Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014-17.

### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: Changes of Benefit Terms: The figures above generally include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred on or before the Measurement Date. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the Valuation Date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary

Changes of Assumptions: Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the longterm expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. The accounting discount rate was 7.15% for measurement dates 2017 through 2021, 7.65% for measurement dates 2015 through 2016, and 7.50% for measurement date 2014.

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year											
Measurement period		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22				
Total pension liability												
Service cost	\$	18,340,749	\$	18,438,776	\$	17,442,651	\$	20,255,092				
Interest		77,850,318		79,970,381		82,106,386		85,264,766				
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-				
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		44,713,632				
Differences between expected												
and actual experience		2,178,151		(7,219,787)		(5,649,159)		7,388,791				
Benefit payments, including		(55 510 050)		((1.005.007)				((= 004 = 01)				
refunds of employee contributions		(57,512,870)		(61,225,237)		(63,550,272)		(67,804,721)				
Net change in total pension liability		40,856,348		29,964,133		30,349,606		89,817,560				
Total pension liability - beginning		1,106,223,540		1,147,079,888		1,177,044,021		1,207,393,627				
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	1,147,079,888	\$	1,177,044,021	\$	1,207,393,627	\$	1,297,211,187				
Pension fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer	\$	29,781,351	\$	33,596,802	\$	37,208,895	\$	39,195,163				
Contributions - employee		7,139,569		7,347,966		7,775,415		7,961,859				
Net investment income		48,529,461		38,307,390		177,671,066		(71,402,376)				
Benefit payments, including												
refunds of employee contributions		(57,512,870)		(61,225,237)		(63,550,272)		(67,804,721)				
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-		-				
Administrative expense		(530,927)		(1,087,482)		(787,501)		(589,709)				
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense) <sup>2</sup>		1,732		-		-		-				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		27,408,316		16,939,439		158,317,603		(92,639,784)				
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>3</sup>		743,989,506		771,397,822		788,337,261		946,654,864				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	771,397,822	\$	788,337,261	\$	946,654,864	\$	854,015,080				
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	375,682,066	\$	388,706,760	\$	260,738,763	\$	443,196,107				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		67.25%		66.98%		78.40%		65.83%				
Covered payroll <sup>4</sup>	\$	59,708,789	\$	60,894,239	\$	58,297,630	\$	61,286,210				
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		629.19%		638.33%		447.25%		723.16%				

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### PARS Enhancement Plan

			I	Fiscal Year				
2014-15 <sup>1</sup>		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19
\$ 145,882	\$	150,623	\$	134,056	\$	138,078	\$	151,504
650,386		680,023		701,117		730,559		706,545
-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		605,028
-		-		(110,133)		-		(156,665)
 (358,380)		(397,530)		(407,870)		(429,654)		(467,860)
437,888		433,116		317,170		438,983		838,552
9,321,510		9,759,398		10,192,514		10,509,684		10,948,667
\$ 9,759,398	\$	10,192,514	\$	10,509,684	\$	10,948,667	\$	11,787,219
\$ 751,157	\$	705,192	\$	528,894	\$	941,620	\$	753,296
-		-		-		-		-
124,454		8,851		596,724		409,596		482,222
(358,380)		(397,530)		(407,870)		(429,654)		(467,860)
-		-		-		-		-
 (966)		(43,490)		(13,097)		(13,992)		(14,506)
516,265		273,023		704,651		907,570		753,152
 5,058,426		5,574,691		5,847,714		6,552,365		7,459,935
\$ 5,574,691	\$	5,847,714	\$	6,552,365	\$	7,459,935	\$	8,213,087
\$ 4,184,707	\$	4,344,800	\$	3,957,319	\$	3,488,732	\$	3,574,132
57.12%		57.37%		62.35%		68.14%		69.68%
\$ 3,610,315	\$	3,454,139	\$	3,327,608	\$	3,427,436	\$	3,446,204
 115.91%		125.79%		118.92%		101.79%		103.71%
\$ \$	$\begin{array}{r} 650,386 \\ \hline \\ 650,386 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

<sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for periods after the PARS plan set up in 2014-15. Additional years of information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

		Fiscal	Yea	r	
Measurement period	2019-20	2020-21		2021-22	2022-23
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 155,670	\$ 132,117	\$	135,750	\$ 114,224
Interest	759,727	781,943		809,517	826,109
Changes of benefit terms	-	-		-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-		-	74,188
Economic/demographic gains or losses	-	120,626		-	300,141
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(517,711)	(592 450)		(615 716)	(601, 027)
	(517,711)	 (583,450)		(645,746)	 (691,937)
Net change in total pension liability	397,686	451,236		299,521	622,725
Total pension liability - beginning	11,787,219	 12,184,905		12,636,141	 12,935,662
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 12,184,905	\$ 12,636,141	\$	12,935,662	\$ 13,558,387
Pension fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 803,170	\$ 602,378	\$	1,055,182	\$ 854,389
Contributions - employee	-	-		-	-
Net investment income	272,545	1,923,213		(1,452,185)	682,430
Benefit payments, including					
refunds of employee contributions	(517,711)	(583,450)		(645,746)	(691,937)
Net plan to plan resource movement	-	-		-	-
Administrative expense	(15,254)	 (16,676)		(17,644)	 (16,773)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	542,750	1,925,465		(1,060,393)	828,109
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>3</sup>	8,213,087	8,755,837		10,681,302	 9,620,909
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 8,755,837	\$ 10,681,302	\$	9,620,909	\$ 10,449,018
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 3,429,068	\$ 1,954,839	\$	3,314,753	\$ 3,109,369
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of the total pension liability	71.86%	84.53%		74.38%	 77.07%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,784,812	\$ 2,966,110	\$	2,403,153	\$ 2,560,684
Plan net pension liability as a percentage					
of covered payroll	123.13%	 65.91%		137.93%	 121.43%

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

	Fiscal Year									
	 2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18	
Actuarially determined contribution <sup>1</sup>	\$ 9,402,881	\$	10,783,518	\$	12,545,482	\$	13,189,681	\$	15,252,226	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>	 (9,402,881)		(10,783,518)		(13,879,482)		(13,189,681)		(15,252,226)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(1,334,000)	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered payroll'	\$ 52,603,907	\$	53,997,677	\$	56,400,439	\$	61,357,565	\$	67,079,626	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	17.87%		19.97%		24.61%		21.50%		22.74%	

<sup>1</sup> As prescribed in GASB 68, paragraph 46, the information presented in the Schedule of Plan Contributions should also be presented as of the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The employer is responsible for determining this information as prescribed by the standard as this data is not available to CalPERS.

 $^{2}$  Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

<sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014-17.

### Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2021-22 were derived from the June 30, 2019 funding valuation report.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by entry age and service
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.
Retirement age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
	 2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23	
Actuarially determined contribution <sup>1</sup>	\$ 17,112,542	\$	19,204,043	\$	20,363,651	\$	20,485,648	\$	21,270,711	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>	 (17,112,542)		(19,204,043)		(20,363,651)		(20,485,648)		(21,270,711)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		
Covered payroll'	\$ 67,851,642	\$	67,099,018	\$	69,099,285	\$	70,213,245	\$	72,179,216	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	25.22%		28.62%		29.47%		29.18%		29.47%	

<sup>1</sup> As prescribed in GASB 68, paragraph 46, the information presented in the Schedule of Plan Contributions should also be presented as of the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The employer is responsible for determining this information as prescribed by the standard as this data is not available to CalPERS.

 $^{2}$  Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

<sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014-17.

### Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2021-22 were derived from the June 30, 2019 funding valuation report.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by entry age and service
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.
Retirement age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to

## City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

	Fiscal Year									
	 2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 13,818,051	\$	17,178,961	\$	20,338,253	\$	23,342,334	\$	26,124,666	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>	 (13,818,051)		(17,178,961)		(20,338,253)		(23,342,334)		(26,124,666)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	
Covered payroll'	\$ 45,422,701	\$	46,710,538	\$	47,115,477	\$	48,429,252	\$	56,947,904	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	30.42%		36.78%		43.17%		48.20%		45.87%	

<sup>1</sup> As prescribed in GASB 68, paragraph 46, the information presented in the Schedule of Plan Contributions should also be presented as of the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The employer is responsible for determining this information as prescribed by the standard as this data is not available to CalPERS.

<sup>2</sup> Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. <sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014-17.

### Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2021-22 were derived from the June 30, 2019 funding valuation report.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by entry age and service
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.
Retirement age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	29,781,351	\$	33,596,802	\$	37,208,895	\$	39,195,163	\$	42,497,060
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>		(29,781,351)		(33,596,802)		(37,208,895)		(39,195,163)		(42,497,060)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
Covered payroll'	\$	59,708,789	\$	60,894,239	\$	58,297,630	\$	61,286,210	\$	63,002,224
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>		49.88%		55.17%		63.83%		63.95%		67.45%

<sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14. Additional years of information will be displayed as it becomes available.

<sup>2</sup> Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. <sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014-17.

### Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2021-22 were derived from the June 30, 2019 funding valuation report.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by entry age and service
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.
Retirement age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### **PARS Enhancement Plan**

	Fiscayl Year									
		2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17	2017-18	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	766,478	\$	700,451	\$	705,192	\$	705,192	\$	753,296
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>		(1,134,701)		(751,157)		(705,192)		(528,894)		(941,620)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(368,223)	\$	(50,706)	\$	-	\$	176,298	\$	(188,324)
Covered payroll'	\$	3,496,673	\$	3,610,315	\$	3,454,139	\$	3,327,608	\$	3,427,436
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>		32.45%		20.81%		20.42%		15.89%		27.47%

### Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-23 were derived from the June 30, 2022 funding valuation report.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	Level dollar, closed, 5.67 years
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets.
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	Consistent with the rates used to value Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans for an employee
Payroll Growth	2.80%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.00%
Withdrawal/Disability	Consistent with the rates used to value CalPERS Miscellaneous Public Agency Pension Plans after June 30,

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

### PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
		2018-19	2019-20		2020-21			2021-22	2022-23	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	753,296	\$	803,170	\$	803,170	\$	854,389	\$	854,389
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>		(753,296)		(803,170)		(602,378)		(1,055,182)		(854,389)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	200,792	\$	(200,793)	\$	_
Covered payroll'	\$	3,446,204	\$	2,784,812	\$	2,966,110	\$	2,403,153	\$	2,560,684
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>		21.86%		28.84%		20.31%		43.91%		33.37%

### Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-23 were derived from the June 30, 2022 funding valuation report.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	Level dollar, closed, 5.67 years
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets.
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	Consistent with the rates used to value Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans for an employee
Payroll Growth	2.80%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.00%
Withdrawal/Disability	Consistent with the rates used to value CalPERS Miscellaneous Public Agency Pension Plans after June 30,



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# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget
<b>REVENUES:</b>							
Intergovernmental: Federal grants and subsidies Other governmental Interest income (loss)	\$	- -	\$	49,816,029 36,732,810	\$	9,148,605 1,059,358 (1,350)	\$ (40,667,424) (35,673,452) (1,350)
Miscellaneous				-		507,799	 507,799
Total revenues		-		86,548,839		10,714,412	 (75,834,427)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works Capital outlay		4,810,668		13,698,211 255,150,903		71,671 52,140,760	13,626,540 203,010,143
Total expenditures		4,810,668		268,849,114		52,212,431	 216,636,683
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(4,810,668)		(182,300,275)		(41,498,019)	140,802,256
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Transfers in Transfers out		-		150,256,698 (202,469)		32,664,965 (202,469)	 (117,591,733)
Total other financing sources		-		150,054,229		32,462,496	 (117,591,733)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(4,810,668)	\$	(32,246,046)		(9,035,523)	\$ 23,210,523
<b>BASIS ADJUSTMENT:</b> Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*						(55,966,156)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS	<b>S</b> )					(65,001,679)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) (DEFICIT), END * Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.	\$	19,594,192 (45,407,487)					

Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.



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# **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific governmental revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The City's nonmajor governmental special revenue funds include:

### State Housing Grants Fund

To account for resources for the City's CalHome State Loan Program that support homeownership programs aimed at very low income households and loans extended to eligible low and moderate-income families as approved by the former Stockton Redevelopment Agency and the California Health and Safety Code. This fund includes the City's annual funding for single family, down-payment assistance and single family rehabilitation from State funding sources.

### Solid Waste and Recycling Fund

To account for the administration of solid waste collection services, and the planning and implementation of solid waste reduction and recycling programs, in compliance with California Public Resources Code Section 40050 through 40063 (AB 939).

### Gas Tax Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the California Streets and Highway Code, sections 2103 through 2107.5. Expenditures of these resources for administration, maintenance and construction must be street and transportation related.

### Measure K Streets Sales Tax Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City from ½ cent sales tax collections under Measure K. The Measure K program is administered by the San Joaquin Council of Governments ("SJCOG") as the Local Transportation Authority for San Joaquin County. SJCOG was established as the Local Transportation Authority for this measure when San Joaquin County voters approved the enactment of the Measure K program in 1990. In 2006, voters approved to extend this measure for an additional 30 years. Expenditures for administration, maintenance and construction received under Measure K must be for street and transportation related projects.

### Measure M Strong Communities Initiative

Measure M implements a dedicated one-quarter (1/4) cent special transactions and use sales tax for a period of 16 years for the provision of library and recreation services. On May 24, 2016, the Stockton City Council approved placing a one-quarter (1/4) cent sales tax on the November 8, 2016, General Election ballot with a Council vote of 7 - 0 and adopted Resolution 2016-05-24-1602. Minor amendments were made to define the incorporated area of the City of Stockton, the election date, and to correct the name of a state board that had changed, based on comments received from the California State Board of Equalization, and the Resolution was superseded by Resolution 2016-06-07-1212 on June 7, 2016.

### Measure W Public Safety Tax Fund

Measure W is a one-quarter (1/4) cent transaction and use sales tax which was approved by voters in November 2004. Expenditures are for administration, implementation, and operation of the Police and Fire Safe Neighborhood Gang and Drug Prevention Program, among other programs.

### Special Assessment Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to levies on property owners as approved by the City Council and state laws for special types of services – basic street and neighborhood lighting, land and streetscapes, and stormwater drainage maintenance services.

# ATTACHMENT A NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

### **Development Services Fund**

To account for resources for development planning and project review services including land use entitlements, permit processing and review and inspection of public improvements to ensure orderly physical growth and development of the City as approved by the City Council. Revenues and fees collected and recorded in this fund are committed to its related activities.

### **Other Special Revenue Fund**

To account for the resources of comparatively smaller special revenue funds, including the Litigated Asset Seizure public safety program, State Housing Loan Program and various governmental expendable special revenue/trusts of funds donated to the City for various community projects and programs.

### Transportation Development Act Fund

To account for the Local Transportation Fund revenues derived from a 1/4-cent general sales tax. The revenues collected are used for non-transit related purposes.

### **CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS**

Capital Project Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City's nonmajor governmental capital project funds include:

### Public Facilities Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund

To account for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City, in compliance with California Government Code Section 66006 (AB 1600). Impact fees have been established for each of the following types of public facilities: Traffic signals, Street improvements, Community recreation center, City office space, Fire stations, Libraries, Police stations, Parkland, Street tree & street signs, Street light in-lieu, Air quality mitigation, and Public facilities fees – administration.

### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on long-term debt.

The City's nonmajor governmental debt service funds include:

### Stockton Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources for the retirement of principal and interest payment on long-term debt for municipal bonds issued on behalf of and approved by the Stockton Public Financing Authority.

### PERMANENT FUND

The Permanent Fund reports resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, can be spent. Permanent Fund resources help support designated arts, recreation, library and public safety programs.

# City of Stockton Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Receivables, net: Interest Accounts and other Lease	\$ State Housing Grants	]	Solid Waste &		l Revenue Fun		Measure K	Ν	Aeasure M
Cash and investments Receivables, net: Interest Accounts and other Lease	\$ Grants	]	Waste &		~				
Cash and investments Receivables, net: Interest Accounts and other Lease	\$ 	]		Gas		Streets		Strong	
Cash and investments Receivables, net: Interest Accounts and other Lease	\$ 		Recycling		Tax		Sales Tax	Communities	
Receivables, net: Interest Accounts and other Lease	\$ 								
Interest Accounts and other Lease	6,910,414	\$	8,053,510	\$	14,337,825	\$	15,734,571	\$	31,008,586
Accounts and other Lease									
Lease	22,819		32,023		64,980		83,548		146,896
	-		352,341		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
Advance deposits	-		-		20,836		21,883		18,097
Due from other governments, net	-		-		1,977,311		3,371,128		2,682,599
Prepaid items	-		-		-		-		-
Loans to Successor Agency, net	1,106,580		-		-		-		-
Loans to property owners, net	70,824,160		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$ 78,863,973	\$	8,437,874	\$	16,400,952	\$	19,211,130	\$	33,856,178
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 7,916	\$	16,014	\$	1,059,937	\$	351,529	\$	247,521
Accrued payroll and benefits	278		54,283		134,310		5,998		199,882
Due to other governments	-		-		-		-		-
Deposits and other liabilities	-		3,915		-		-		-
Total liabilities	8,194		74,212	_	1,194,247	_	357,527		447,403
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenue - Other	-		-		-		-		-
Lease	-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resource	-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable	-		-		20,836		21,883		18,097
Restricted	78,855,779		8,363,662		15,185,869		18,831,720		33,390,678
– Total fund balances	78,855,779		8,363,662		15,206,705		18,853,603		33,408,775
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	,,··*		) ) <del>-</del>		) <u>)</u>		,,		, ,
resources and fund balances	\$ 78,863,973	\$	8,437,874	\$	16,400,952	\$	19,211,130	\$	33,856,178

(Continued)

# City of Stockton Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds											
	]	Measure W			•		Other		Tra	insportation		
		Public	Special		Development		Special Revenue		Development Act			
	Safety Tax		Assessments			Services						
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	10,856,300	\$	19,594,922	\$	39,841,195	\$	6,456,046	\$	960,832		
Receivables, net:												
Interest		39,902		84,532		156,842		20,408		-		
Accounts and other		-		440,455		654,595		343,774		-		
Lease		-		-		-		1,999		-		
Advance deposits		-		-		63,041		1,530		-		
Due from other governments, net		2,698,025		-		65,000		653,954		610,737		
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		
Loans to Successor Agency, net		-		-		-		-		-		
Loans to property owners, net		-		-		-		-		-		
Total assets	\$	13,594,227	\$	20,119,909	\$	40,780,673	\$	7,477,711	\$	1,571,569		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	152,895	\$	362,004	\$	274,104	\$	296,782	\$	-		
Accrued payroll and benefits		527,289		18,566		449,516		51,217		-		
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-		
Deposits and other liabilities		-		-		842,986		205,078		-		
Total liabilities		680,184		380,570		1,566,606		553,077		-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenue - Other		-		-		222,503		655,885		-		
Lease		-		-		-		1,995		-		
Total deferred inflows of resource		-				222,503		657,880		-		
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		63,041		1,530		-		
Restricted		12,914,043		19,739,339		38,928,523		6,265,224		1,571,569		
Total fund balances		12,914,043		19,739,339		38,991,564		6,266,754		1,571,569		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		· · ·		· · · ·		· · ·				· · · ·		
resources and fund balances	\$	13,594,227	\$	20,119,909	\$	40,780,673	\$	7,477,711	\$	1,571,569		

(Continued)

# City of Stockton Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Capital <u>Projects Fund</u> Public Facilities Impact Fees	Debt Service Fund Stockton Public Financing Authority	Permanent Fund Miscellaneous	Totals	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 67,032,202	\$ 406,717	\$ 382,374	\$ 221,575,494	
Receivables, net:					
Interest	278,613	32,497	897	963,957	
Accounts and other	746,011	-	-	2,537,176	
Lease	-	-	-	1,999	
Advance deposits	-	-	-	125,387	
Due from other governments, net	-	-	-	12,058,754	
Prepaid items	-	1,646,025	-	1,646,025	
Loans to Successor Agency, net	-	-	-	1,106,580	
Loans to property owners, net	-			70,824,160	
Total assets	\$ 68,056,826	\$ 2,085,239	\$ 383,271	\$ 310,839,532	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,107,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,875,902	
Accrued payroll and benefits	25,784	15,390	-	1,482,513	
Due to other governments	308,221	-	-	308,221	
Deposits and other liabilities	-		-	1,051,979	
Total liabilities	1,441,205	15,390		6,718,615	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable revenue - Other	696,155	-	-	1,574,543	
Lease				1,995	
Total deferred inflows of resource	696,155			1,576,538	
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	-	1,646,025	-	1,771,412	
Restricted	65,919,466	423,824	383,271	300,772,967	
Total fund balances	65,919,466	2,069,849	383,271	302,544,379	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 68,056,826	\$ 2,085,239	\$ 383,271	\$ 310,839,532	

(Concluded)

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Speci	al Revenue					
	State Housin Grant	ng	Solid Waste & Recycling		Gas Tax		Measure K Streets Sales Tax		Measure M Strong Communities	
<b>REVENUES:</b>										
Taxes:										
Sales - levied by City	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	7,472,729	\$	16,551,044	
Franchise fees		-	3,609,749		-		-		-	
Business license		-	-		-		-		-	
Licenses and permits		-	-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental:										
Federal grants and subsidies		-	-		-		-		-	
Sales and use tax - levied by state		-	-	1	-		-		-	
Other governmental		-	186,496	1	5,315,587		1,821,509		-	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		-	-		-		-		-	
Use of money and property	20	- 3,755	-		-		-		-	
Investment income:	80.	5,755	-		-		-		-	
Interest income (loss)	(1)	7,676)	290,106		(105,712)		(27,954)		(234,758)	
Refunds and reimbursements	(1	/,0/0)	290,100		66,403		(27,934)		(234,738)	
Miscellaneous		- 1,745	4,507				10,750		-	
Wiscenancous					-				-	
	/8	7,824	4,090,858	·	5,276,278		9,277,034		16,316,286	
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government	3	0,774	-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-	-		-		-		-	
Public works		-	1,722,081		6,693,655		4,758,912		-	
Library		-	-		-		-		2,892,739	
Parks and recreation		-	-		-		-		4,821,876	
Capital outlay	6	3,238	-		3,726,280		2,080,110		26,037	
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		7,898	-		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		30	-		-		-		-	
Total expenditures	10	1,940	1,722,081	1	0,419,935		6,839,022		7,740,652	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	68	5,884	2,368,777		4,856,343		2,438,012		8,575,634	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in	55	1,918	_		176,676		_		-	
Transfers out	55	-	_	(	(2,463,845)		(4,616,704)		(6,695,204)	
Issuance of debt	6	3,238	_	(	2,403,043)		(+,010,70+)		(0,0)3,204)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,156		(	(2,287,169)		(4,616,704)		(6 605 204)	
Total other infancing sources (uses)	01.	5,130	-	(	2,287,109)		(4,616,704)		(6,695,204)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	1,30	1,040	2,368,777		2,569,174		(2,178,692)		1,880,430	
FUND BALANCES:										
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	77,554	4,739	5,994,885	1	2,637,531	2	21,032,295		31,528,345	
End of year	\$ 78,853		\$ 8,363,662		5,206,705		18,853,603	\$	33,408,775	
<i>y</i>	÷ ,0,00	. ,			_ , , ,		.,,	~		

(Continued)

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue									
	Measure W Public Safety Tax	Special Assessments	Development Services	Other Special Revenue	Transportation Development Act					
<b>REVENUES:</b>										
Taxes:										
Sales - levied by City	\$ 16,578,176	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-	-					
Business license	-	1,755,579	-	-	-					
Licenses and permits	-	-	7,262,892	31,360	-					
Intergovernmental:										
Federal grants and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-					
Sales and use tax - levied by state	-	-	-	-	-					
Other governmental	-	-	-	3,341,789	610,737					
Charges for services	-	4,453,681	14,220,718	48,335	-					
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	135,775	-	-					
Use of money and property	-	-	-	19,629	-					
Investment income:										
Interest income (loss)	(75,466)	(67,050)	(300,717)	(79,807)	-					
Refunds and reimbursements	-	-	3,319	-	-					
Miscellaneous		18,250	19,089	455,237	-					
	16,502,710	6,160,460	21,341,076	3,816,543	610,737					
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government	-	1,373,420	7,406,659	7,167	-					
Public safety	13,449,589	1,575,420	8,414,448	3,063,992	-					
Public works		3,559,922		417,548	_					
Library	-	5,557,722	-	21,205	_					
Parks and recreation	-	_	-	7,809	_					
Capital outlay	102,295		25,315	283,635						
Debt service:	102,275		25,515	205,055						
Principal retirement	10,191	_	2,524	_	_					
Interest and fiscal charges	270		2,524	_						
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-					
Total expenditures	13,562,345	4,933,342	15,848,974	3,801,356	-					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	2 0 4 0 2 4 5	1 007 110	5 400 100	15 105	(10 505					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,940,365	1,227,118	5,492,102	15,187	610,737					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in	-	-	800,000	-	-					
Transfers out	-	-	-	(50,000)	(380,942)					
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)			800,000	(50,000)	(380,942)					
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2,940,365	1,227,118	6,292,102	(34,813)	229,795					
FUND BALANCES:										
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	9,973,678	18,512,221	32,699,462	6,301,567	1,341,774					
End of year	\$ 12,914,043	\$ 19,739,339	\$ 38,991,564	\$ 6,266,754	\$ 1,571,569					

(Continued)

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Permanent	
	Public Facilities Impact Fees	Stockton Public Financing Authority	Miscellaneous	Totals
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Sales - levied by City	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,601,949
Franchise fees	-	-	-	3,609,749
Business license	-	-	-	1,755,579
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	7,294,252
Intergovernmental:				
Federal grants and subsidies	-	-	-	-
Sales and use tax - levied by state	-	-	-	-
Other governmental	-	-	-	21,276,118
Charges for services	5,594,704	-	-	24,317,438
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	135,775
Use of money and property	67,296	-	1,487	892,167
Investment income:				
Interest income (loss)	(126,216)	411	(471)	(745,310)
Refunds and reimbursements	-	-	-	69,722
Miscellaneous	-	1,755,434		2,265,012
	5,535,784	1,755,845	1,016	101,472,451
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	571,501	173,890	86	9,563,497
Public safety			-	24,928,029
Public works	77,707	-	-	17,229,825
Library	-	-	-	2,913,944
Parks and recreation	-	_	-	4,829,685
Capital outlay	1,807,492	-	-	8,114,402
Debt service:	-,			•,,
Principal retirement	-	198,847	-	219,460
Interest and fiscal charges	-	9,689,186	-	9,689,514
Total expenditures	2,456,700	10,061,923	86	77,488,356
i otai expenditures	2,430,700	10,001,925	80	//,488,550
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,079,084	(8,306,078)	930	23,984,095
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	8,422,050	-	9,950,644
Transfers out	(3,545,852)	-	-	(17,752,547)
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	63,238
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,545,852)	8,422,050	-	(7,738,665)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(466,768)	115,972	930	16,245,430
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	66,386,234	1,953,877	382,341	286,298,949
End of year	\$ 65,919,466	\$ 2,069,849	\$ 383,271	\$ 302,544,379
	Ψ 03,717,700	φ 2,007,0τ7	φ 505,271	Ψ 302,3TT,317

(Concluded)

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Driginal Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$	48,800	\$ 48,800	\$	803,755	\$ 754,955
Investment income:						
Interest income (loss) Miscellaneous		-	-		(17,676)	(17,676)
		20,000	 20,000		1,745	 (18,255)
Total revenues		68,800	 68,800		787,824	 719,024
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		589,422	2,980,381		30,774	2,949,607
Debt service:					7 000	(7.000)
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		7,898 30	(7,898) (30)
Total expenditures		589,422	 2,980,381		38,702	 2,941,679
i otai expenditures		389,422	 2,980,981		38,702	 2,941,079
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(520,622)	 (2,911,581)		749,122	 3,660,703
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers in		551,918	551,918		551,918	-
Total other financing sources		551,918	 551,918		551,918	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	31,296	\$ (2,359,663)		1,301,040	\$ 3,660,703
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					(173,999)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)	)				1,127,041	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					77,554,739	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$	78,681,780	
* Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.				Ψ	, 0,001, / 00	

Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Solid Waste and Recycling Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget	
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Franchise fees	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,609,749	\$	3,609,749
Intergovernmental:		2 405 450	2 405 450	196 406		(2.219.054)
Other governmental Investment income:		3,405,450	3,405,450	186,496		(3,218,954)
Interest income (loss)		_	_	290,106		290,106
Miscellaneous		-	-	4,507		4,507
Total revenues		3,405,450	 3,405,450	 4,090,858		685,408
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works		4,085,507	 4,370,370	 1,722,081		2,648,289
Total expenditures		4,085,507	 4,370,370	 1,722,081		2,648,289
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(680,057)	 (964,920)	 2,368,777		3,333,697
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers out		-	 (83,790)	 -		83,790
Total other financing sources			 (83,790)	 		83,790
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers in		-	 -	 -		-
Total other financing uses		-	 -	 -		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(680,057)	\$ (1,048,710)	2,368,777	\$	3,417,487
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				 (165,855)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				2,202,922		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				 5,994,885		
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$ 8,197,807		
* Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.						

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget Actual				Variance with Final Budget			
<b>REVENUES:</b>								
Intergovernmental: Other governmental	\$	16,560,677	\$	16,560,677	\$	15,315,587	\$	(1,245,090)
Investment income: Interest income (loss) Refunds and reimbursements		10,000		10,000		(105,712) 66,403		(115,712) 66,403
Total revenues		16,570,677		16,570,677		15,276,278		(1,294,399)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works Capital outlay		8,157,160		8,395,420 12,483,181		6,693,655 3,726,280		1,701,765 8,756,901
Total expenditures		8,157,160		20,878,601		10,419,935		10,458,666
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		8,413,517		(4,307,924)		4,856,343		9,164,267
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>								
Transfers in Transfers out	_	(6,036,260)		177,026 (12,584,676)		176,676 (2,463,845)		(350) 10,120,831
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,036,260)		(12,407,650)		(2,287,169)		10,120,481
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	2,377,257	\$	(16,715,574)		2,569,174	\$	19,284,748
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:								
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*						(1,134,789)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)						1,434,385		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR					\$	12,637,531 14,071,916		
					_	, ,- ,-		

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Measure K Streets Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

			-		
For the	Year	Ended	June	30,	2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Sales - levied by City	\$ 8,842,483	\$	8,842,483	\$	7,472,729	\$ (1,369,754)
Intergovernmental:						
Other governmental	-		10,168,223		1,821,509	(8,346,714)
Investment income: Interest income (loss)					(27.054)	(27.054)
Miscellaneous	-		-		(27,954) 10,750	(27,954) 10,750
Total revenues	 8,842,483		19,010,706		9,277,034	 (9,733,672)
Total revenues	 0,042,405		19,010,700		9,277,034	 (),133,012)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works	4,475,727		5,320,036		4,758,912	561,124
Capital outlay	 -		22,264,507		2,080,110	 20,184,397
Total expenditures	 4,475,727		27,584,543		6,839,022	 20,745,521
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	 4,366,756		(8,573,837)		2,438,012	 11,011,849
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers in	-		1,466,005		-	(1,466,005)
Transfers out	 (3,326,680)		(25,601,365)		(4,616,704)	 20,984,661
Total other financing uses	 (3,326,680)		(24,135,360)		(4,616,704)	 19,518,656
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$ 1,040,076	\$	(32,709,197)		(2,178,692)	\$ 30,530,505
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					(1,243,965)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)					(3,422,657)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					21,032,295	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$	17,609,638	

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Measure M Strong Communities Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
<b>REVENUES:</b>						
Taxes: Sales - levied by City Investment income:	\$ 14,027,000	\$ 14,027,000	\$ 16,551,044	\$	2,524,044	
Interest income (loss)	 -	 -	 (234,758)		(234,758)	
Total revenues	 14,027,000	 14,027,000	 16,316,286		2,289,286	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Library	4,471,381	4,466,089	2,892,739		1,573,350	
Parks and recreation	6,238,267	6,699,620	4,821,876		1,877,744	
Capital outlay	 -	 26,253	 26,037		216	
Total expenditures	 10,709,648	 11,191,962	 7,740,652		3,451,310	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	 3,317,352	 2,835,038	 8,575,634		(1,162,024)	
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers out	 (5,350,000)	 (8,574,500)	 (6,695,204)		1,879,296	
Total other financing uses	 (5,350,000)	 (8,574,500)	 (6,695,204)		1,879,296	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$ (2,032,648)	\$ (5,739,462)	1,880,430	\$	7,619,892	
<b>BASIS ADJUSTMENT:</b> Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*			 (411,140)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)			1,469,290			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			 31,528,345			
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR			\$ 32,997,635			

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Measure W Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget Actual		ariance with inal Budget	
<b>REVENUES:</b>					
Taxes:					
Sales - levied by City	\$ 14,000,000	\$ 14,000,000	\$	16,578,176	\$ 2,578,176
Investment income:					
Interest income (loss)	 -	 -		(75,466)	 (75,466)
Total revenues	 14,000,000	14,000,000		16,502,710	2,502,710
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public safety	12,845,623	13,917,836		13,449,589	468,247
Capital outlay	-	298,283		102,295	195,988
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-		10,191	(10,191)
Interest and fiscal charges	 -	 -		270	(270)
Total expenditures	 12,845,623	 14,216,119		13,562,345	653,774
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$ 1,154,377	\$ (216,119)	\$	2,940,365	\$ 3,156,484
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:					
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				(226,655)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				2,713,710	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				9,973,678	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR			\$	12,687,388	

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Assessment Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 riance with nal Budget
<b>REVENUES:</b>					
Taxes: Business license Charges for services	\$	1,600,000 4,475,774	\$ 1,600,000 4,475,774	\$ 1,755,579 4,453,681	\$ 155,579 (22,093)
Investment income: Interest income (loss) Miscellaneous		40,000	 40,000	 (67,050) 18,250	 (107,050) 18,250
Total revenues		6,115,774	 6,115,774	 6,160,460	44,686
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
General government Public works		1,600,000 6,001,100	1,600,000 6,246,954	1,373,420 3,559,922	226,580 2,687,032
Total expenditures		7,601,100	 7,846,954	4,933,342	2,913,612
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(1,485,326)	 (1,731,180)	 1,227,118	 2,958,298
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>					
Transfers in Transfers out		7,212 (7,212)	26,919 (26,919)	 -	 (26,919) 26,919
Total other financing sources uses		-	 -	 -	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(1,485,326)	\$ (1,731,180)	\$ 1,227,118	\$ 2,958,298
<b>BASIS ADJUSTMENT:</b> Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				 (310,190)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				916,928	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR (I	DEFI	CIT)		\$ 18,512,221 19,429,149	

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Development Services Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEVENUES.		Original Budget	-			ariance with inal Budget		
REVENUES:	¢		٩		¢	7.2 (2.002	¢	(54.005)
Licenses and permits Charges for services	\$	7,317,117 11,682,100	\$	7,317,117 11,682,100	\$	7,262,892 14,220,718	\$	(54,225) 2,538,618
Fines and forfeitures		105,094		105,094		14,220,718		2,538,618
Interest income (loss)		23,000		23,000		(300,717)		(323,717)
Refunds and reimbursements		25,000		25,000		3,319		3,069
Miscellaneous		1,100		1,100		19,089		17,989
Total revenues		19,128,661		19,128,661		21,341,076		2,212,415
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		8,369,432		10,588,704		7,406,659		3,182,045
Public safety		8,931,137		9,093,346		8,414,448		678,898
Capital outlay		-		26,000		25,315		685
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		2,524		(2,524)
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		28		(28)
Total expenditures		17,300,569		19,708,050		15,848,974		3,859,076
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		1,828,092		(579,389)		5,492,102		6,071,491
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers in		800,000		800,000		800,000		-
Transfers out		-		(5,700,000)		-		5,700,000
Issuance of debt		-		-		-		-
Total other financing uses		800,000		(4,900,000)		800,000		5,700,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	2,628,092	\$	(5,479,389)		6,292,102	\$	11,771,491
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:								
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*						(2,254,384)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)	)					4,037,718		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						32,699,462		
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR					\$	36,737,180		

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Other Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget
Licenses and permits	\$	55,500	\$	55,500	\$	31,360	\$	(24,140)
Other governmental	φ	1,458,000	φ	3,172,339	φ	3,341,789	φ	(24,140)
Charges for services		100,304		100,304		48,335		(51,969)
Use of money and property		12,000		12,000		19,629		7,629
Interest income (loss)		26,172		26,172		(79,807)		(105,979)
Miscellaneous		387,027		448,217		455,237		7,020
Total revenues		2,039,003		3,814,532		3,816,543		2,011
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		521,430		521,430		7,167		514,263
Public safety		1,899,511		4,489,435		3,063,992		1,425,443
Public works		327,768		506,327		417,548		88,779
Library		52,000		74,159		21,205		52,954
Parks and recreation		10,000		10,000		7,809		2,191
Capital outlay		-		1,648,113		283,635		1,364,478
Total expenditures		2,810,709		7,249,464		3,801,356		3,448,108
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(771,706)		(3,434,932)		15,187		(3,446,097)
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out		(675,771)		(884,271)		(50,000)		834,271
Total other financing uses		(675,771)		(884,271)		(50,000)		834,271
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(1,447,477)	\$	(4,319,203)		(34,813)	\$	4,284,390
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:								
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*						(748,075)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)						(782,888)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED) FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR	)				\$	6,301,567 5,518,679		

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation Development Act Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES:					
Other governmental	\$	405,997	\$ 725,486	\$ 610,737	\$ (114,749)
Total revenues		405,997	 725,486	 610,737	 (114,749)
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital outlay		-	 285,610	 -	 285,610
Total expenditures		-	 285,610	 -	 285,610
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		405,997	 439,876	 610,737	 170,861
OTHER FINANCING USES:					
Transfers out		(405,997)	 (1,307,735)	(380,942)	 926,793
Total other financing uses		(405,997)	 (1,307,735)	 (380,942)	 926,793
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ (867,859)	229,795	\$ 1,097,654
<b>BASIS ADJUSTMENT:</b> Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				 	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)	)			229,795	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				1,341,774	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$ 1,571,569	

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public Facilities Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget		
<b>REVENUES:</b>							
Charges for services	\$	5,928,129	\$	5,928,129	\$	5,594,704	\$ (333,425)
Use of money and property		51,500		51,500		67,296	15,796
Interest income (loss)		810,026		810,026		(126,216)	(936,242)
Refunds and reimbursements		5,000		5,000		-	(5,000)
Total revenues		6,794,655		6,794,655		5,535,784	 (1,258,871)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		481,341		1,052,329		571,501	480,828
Public works		-		283,038		77,707	205,331
Capital outlay		-		27,243,519		1,807,492	 25,436,027
Total expenditures		481,341		28,578,886		2,456,700	 26,122,186
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER							
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		6,313,314		(21,784,231)		3,079,084	 (27,381,057)
OTHER FINANCING USES:							
Transfers in		491,935		269,905		-	(269,905)
Transfers out		(1,021,935)		(16,062,474)		(3,545,852)	 12,516,622
Total other financing uses		(530,000)		(15,792,569)		(3,545,852)	12,246,717
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	5,783,314	\$	(37,576,800)		(466,768)	\$ 37,110,032
<b>BASIS ADJUSTMENT:</b> Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*						(8,128,669)	
						(0,120,007)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)						(8,595,437)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						66,386,234	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR					\$	57,790,797	

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Stockton Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget				 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
<b>REVENUES:</b>							
Interest income (loss)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 411	\$	411
Miscellaneous		1,733,525		1,733,520	1,755,434		21,914
Total revenues		1,733,525		1,733,520	 1,755,845		22,325
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		289,224		294,195	173,890		120,305
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		198,847		198,847	198,847		-
Interest and fiscal charges		8,220,186		9,689,186	 9,689,186		-
Total expenditures		8,708,257		10,182,228	 10,061,923		120,305
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(6,974,732)		(8,448,708)	 (8,306,078)		142,630
OTHER FINANCING USES:							
Transfers in		6,953,050		8,422,050	8,422,050		-
Total other financing uses		6,953,050		8,422,050	 8,422,050		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(21,682)	\$	(26,658)	115,972	\$	142,630
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:							
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					 (14,900)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)					101,072		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					1,953,877		
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR					\$ 2,054,949		

# **NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise funds are self-supporting government funds that sells goods and services to the public for a fee.

The City's nonmajor enterprise funds include:

### Stormwater Utility Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, and operation and maintenance of stormwater facilities for drainage and disposal of stormwater, and operations related to the provision of services.

### Parking Authority Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, operation and maintenance of off-street parking facilities, and operations related to the provision of services.

### Downtown Marina Fund

To account for resources and activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the Downtown Stockton Marina facilities.

### **Golf Course Fund**

To account for resources and activities associated with the improvement, operation and maintenance of the Swenson golf course.

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2023

	Stormwater Utility		5		I	Downtown Marina	Golf Courses	
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	8,366,680	\$	1,825,534	\$	270,032	\$	199,953
Receivables, net:								
Interest		34,421		32,236		369		766
Accounts and other receivables		830,165		-		29,467		4,051
Lease - due in one year		-		-		-		26,446
Deposits and advances		-		98,171		-		-
Prepaids items		52,114		-		8,062		761
Total current assets	9,283,380			1,955,941 307,930		307,930	231,9	
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		4,815,205		-		-
Lease - due in more than one year								6,628
Loans receivable		-		190,000		-		-
Capital assets, net:								
Nondepreciable		1,460,714		5,265,589		-		359,805
Depreciable and amortizable, net		40,092,882		20,552,810		20,234,416		410,251
Total noncurrent assets		41,553,596		30,823,604		20,234,416		776,684
Total assets		50,836,976		32,779,545		20,542,346		1,008,661
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt		-		409,919		-		-
Pension-related deferred outflows		421,134		-		-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		421,134		409,919		-		-
			-					

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2023

ASSETS	 Totals
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 10,662,199
Receivables, net:	, ,
Interest	67,792
Accounts and other receivables	863,683
Lease - due in one year	26,446
Deposits and advances	98,171
Prepaids items	 60,937
Total current assets	11,779,228
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	4,815,205
Lease - due in more than one year	6,628
Loans receivable	190,000
Capital assets, net:	
Nondepreciable	7,086,108
Depreciable and amortizable, net	 81,290,359
Total noncurrent assets	 93,388,300
Total assets	 105,167,528
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	409,919
Pension-related deferred outflows	421,134
Total deferred outflows of resources	 831,053

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2023

Current liabilities:         Accounts payable         318,827         265,385         29,759         49, 49, 49, 42, 42, 42, 42, 42, 42, 42, 42, 42, 42	LIABILITIES	Stormwater Utility	Parking Authority	Downtown Marina	Golf Courses
Accounts payable       318,827       265,385       29,759       49,         Accrued payroll       101,563       29,749       24       2,         Loans from other funds - current       -       655,208       -       -         Deposits and other liabilities       102,331       -       48,317       2,         Retention payable       2,312       -       -       -         Accrued interest       -       436,959       -       -         Compensated absences - current       85,809       9,537       -       -         Bonds payable - current       3,774       -       -       -       -         Total current liabilities       614,616       2,335,617       78,100       53,399         Noncurrent liabilities       614,616       2,335,617       78,100       53,399         Compensated absences - long-term       53,399       3,294       -       -         Lease liabilities - due in more than one year       -       5,713,019       -       -         Loans from other funds - long-term       5,713,019       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -					
Accrued payroll         101,563         29,749         24         2,           Loans from other funds - current         -         655,208         -         -           Deposits and other liabilities         102,331         -         48,317         2,           Retention payable         2,312         -         -         -           Accrued interest         -         436,959         -         -           Lease liabilities - due in one year         -         184,069         -         -           Subscription liability - current         3,774         -         -         -           Bonds payable - current         -         754,710         -         -           Total current liabilities         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>318 827</td><td>265 385</td><td>29 759</td><td>49,673</td></t<>		318 827	265 385	29 759	49,673
Loans from other funds - current         -         655,208         -           Deposits and other liabilities         102,331         -         48,317         2,           Retention payable         2,312         -         -         -           Accrued interest         -         436,959         -         -           Compensated absences - current         85,809         9,537         -         -           Bonds payable - current         -         754,710         -         -           Total current liabilities         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities         0.017,910         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -					2,205
Deposits and other liabilities         102,331         -         48,317         2,           Retention payable         2,312         -         -         -           Accrued interest         -         436,959         -         -           Compensated absences - current         85,809         9,537         -         -           Bonds payable - current         3,774         -         -         -           Bonds payable - current         3,774         -         -         -           Total current liabilities         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities         -         -         -         -           Lease liabilities - due in more than one year         2,311,313         -         -         -           Loans from other funds - long-term         -         2,7,958,426         10,870,821         -         -           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,151,549         35,986,052         10,870,821         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -		-	,	-	-
Retention payable       2,312       -       -         Accrued interest       -       436,959       -         Compensated absences - current       85,809       9,537       -         Lease liabilities - due in one year       3,774       -       -         Bonds payable - current       -       754,710       -         Total current liabilities       614,616       2,335,617       78,100       53,         Noncurrent liabilities       614,616       2,335,617       78,100       53,         Subscription liability       -       2,311,313       -       -       -         Lease liabilities       10,97,970       -		102.331	-	48.317	2,025
Accrued interest       - $436,959$ -         Compensated absences - current $85,809$ $9,537$ -         Subscription liability - current $3,774$ -       -         Bonds payable - current       - $754,710$ -         Total current liabilities $614,616$ $2,335,617$ $78,100$ $53$ Noncurrent liabilities $614,616$ $2,335,617$ $78,100$ $53$ Subscription liabilities $03,294$ - $2,311,313$ -         Lease liabilities - due in more than one year $180$ -       - $5,713,019$ -         Loans from other funds - long-term $-5,713,019$ -       -       -       - $70,821$ -       -         Total noncurrent liabilities $1,151,549$ $35,986,052$ $10,870,821$ -       -       -       -       -       -			-	-	-
Lease liabilities - due in one year       -       184,069       -         Subscription liability - current       3,774       -       -         Bonds payable - current       -       754,710       -         Total current liabilities       614,616       2,335,617       78,100       53,         Noncurrent liabilities       614,616       2,335,617       78,100       53,         Noncurrent liabilities       -       -       -       -         Lease liabilities - due in more than one year       -       2,311,313       -       -         Lease liabilities - due in more than one year       180       -       -       -       -         Loans from other funds - long-term       -       5,713,019       -		-	436,959	-	-
Subscription liability - current         3,774         -         -           Bonds payable - current         -         754,710         -           Total current liabilities         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities         2,311,313         -         -         -           Compensated absences - long-term         53,399         3,294         - <td< td=""><td>Compensated absences - current</td><td>85,809</td><td>9,537</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	Compensated absences - current	85,809	9,537	-	-
Bonds payable - current         -         754,710         -           Total current liabilities         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities:         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities:         -         2,311,313         -         -           Lease liabilities - due in more than one year         -         2,311,313         -         -           Loans from other funds - long-term         -         5,713,019         -         -           Bonds payable         -         27,958,426         10,870,821         -           Net pension liability         1,097,970         -         -         -           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,151,549         35,986,052         10,870,821         -           Total liabilities         1,766,165         38,321,669         10,948,921         53,           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         -         32,           Pension-related deferred inflows         38,582         -         -         32,           Total deferred inflows of resources         38,582         -         -         32,           Net investment in capital assets         41,547,330 <t< td=""><td>Lease liabilities - due in one year</td><td>-</td><td>184,069</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Lease liabilities - due in one year	-	184,069	-	-
Total current liabilities         614,616         2,335,617         78,100         53,           Noncurrent liabilities:         Compensated absences - long-term         53,399         3,294         -           Lease liabilities - due in more than one year         -         2,311,313         -         -           Lease liabilities - due in more than one year         -         2,311,313         -         -           Loans from other funds - long-term         -         5,713,019         -         -           Bonds payable         -         27,958,426         10,870,821         -           Net pension liability         1,097,970         -         -         -           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,151,549         35,986,052         10,870,821         -           Total liabilities         1,766,165         38,321,669         10,948,921         53,           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         -         -         -           Pension-related deferred inflows         38,582         -         -         -         32,           Total deferred inflows of resources         38,582         -         -         32,         -         32,           Net investment in capital assets         41,547,330         (4,9	Subscription liability - current	3,774	-	-	-
Noncurrent liabilities:           Compensated absences - long-term         53,399         3,294         -           Lease liabilities - due in more than one year         -         2,311,313         -           Subscription liability - due in more than one year         180         -         -           Loans from other funds - long-term         -         5,713,019         -           Bonds payable         -         27,958,426         10,870,821           Net pension liability         1,097,970         -         -           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,151,549         35,986,052         10,870,821           Total liabilities         1,766,165         38,321,669         10,948,921         53,           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         -         -         -           Pension-related deferred inflows         38,582         -         -         -           Leases         -         -         32,         -         -         32,           Total deferred inflows of resources         38,582         -         -         32,           Net investment in capital assets         41,547,330         (4,980,200)         9,363,595         770,           Restricted for capital projects         -	Bonds payable - current		754,710		
Compensated absences - long-term       53,399       3,294       -         Lease liabilities - due in more than one year       -       2,311,313       -         Subscription liability - due in more than one year       180       -       -         Loans from other funds - long-term       -       5,713,019       -         Bonds payable       -       27,958,426       10,870,821         Net pension liability       1,097,970       -       -         Total noncurrent liabilities       1,151,549       35,986,052       10,870,821         Total liabilities       1,766,165       38,321,669       10,948,921       53,         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       -       -       -       -         Pension-related deferred inflows       38,582       -       -       -         Icases       -       -       32,       -       -         Net necestrent in capital assets       41,547,330       (4,980,200)       9,363,595       770,         Restricted for capital projects       -       3,089,585       -       -	Total current liabilities	614,616	2,335,617	78,100	53,903
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year-2,311,313-Subscription liability - due in more than one year180Loans from other funds - long-term-5,713,019-Bonds payable-27,958,42610,870,821Net pension liability1,097,970Total noncurrent liabilities1,151,54935,986,05210,870,821Total liabilities1,766,16538,321,66910,948,92153,DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESPension-related deferred inflows38,582Leases32,Total deferred inflows of resources38,582NET POSITION38,58232,Net investment in capital assets41,547,330(4,980,200)9,363,595770,Restricted for capital projects-3,089,585	Noncurrent liabilities:				
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year-2,311,313-Subscription liability - due in more than one year180Loans from other funds - long-term-5,713,019-Bonds payable-27,958,42610,870,821Net pension liability1,097,970Total noncurrent liabilities1,151,54935,986,05210,870,821Total liabilities1,766,16538,321,66910,948,92153,DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESPension-related deferred inflows38,582Leases32,Total deferred inflows of resources38,582NET POSITION38,58232,Net investment in capital assets41,547,330(4,980,200)9,363,595770,Restricted for capital projects-3,089,585	Compensated absences - long-term	53 399	3 294	-	-
Subscription liability - due in more than one year       180       -       -         Loans from other funds - long-term       -       5,713,019       -         Bonds payable       -       27,958,426       10,870,821         Net pension liability       1,097,970       -       -         Total noncurrent liabilities       1,151,549       35,986,052       10,870,821         Total liabilities       1,766,165       38,321,669       10,948,921       53,         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       -       -       32,         Pension-related deferred inflows       38,582       -       -         Leases       -       -       32,         Total deferred inflows of resources       38,582       -       -         NET POSITION       38,582       -       -       32,         Net investment in capital assets       41,547,330       (4,980,200)       9,363,595       770,         Restricted for capital projects       -       3,089,585       -       -	·	-		-	-
Loans from other funds - long-term       - $5,713,019$ -         Bonds payable       - $27,958,426$ $10,870,821$ Net pension liability       1,097,970       -       -         Total noncurrent liabilities       1,151,549 $35,986,052$ $10,870,821$ Total liabilities       1,161,549 $35,986,052$ $10,970,821$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       1,766,165 $38,321,669$ $10,948,921$ $53,$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       -       -       - $32,$ Total deferred inflows $38,582$ -       -       -         Leases       -       - $32,$ $32,$ Total deferred inflows of resources $38,582$ -       - $32,$ Net investment in capital assets $41,547,330$ $(4,980,200)$ $9,363,595$ $770,$ Restricted for capital projects       - $3,089,585$ - $70,$		180		-	-
Bonds payable       -       27,958,426       10,870,821         Net pension liability       1,097,970       -       -         Total noncurrent liabilities       1,151,549       35,986,052       10,870,821         Total liabilities       1,766,165       38,321,669       10,948,921       53,         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       1,766,165       38,582       -       -         Leases       -       -       32,         Total deferred inflows of resources       38,582       -       -         NET POSITION       38,582       -       -       32,         Net investment in capital assets       41,547,330       (4,980,200)       9,363,595       770,         Restricted for capital projects       -       3,089,585       -       -			5,713,019	-	-
Net pension liability       1,097,970       -       -         Total noncurrent liabilities       1,151,549       35,986,052       10,870,821         Total liabilities       1,766,165       38,321,669       10,948,921       53,         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension-related deferred inflows       38,582       -       -         Leases       -       -       32,         Total deferred inflows of resources       38,582       -       -         NET POSITION       38,582       -       -       32,         Net investment in capital assets       41,547,330       (4,980,200)       9,363,595       770,         Restricted for capital projects       -       3,089,585       -       -		-		10,870,821	-
Total liabilities       1,766,165       38,321,669       10,948,921       53,         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       38,582       - <t< td=""><td>Net pension liability</td><td>1,097,970</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Net pension liability	1,097,970	-	-	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension-related deferred inflows       38,582       -       -         Leases       -       -       32,         Total deferred inflows of resources       38,582       -       -       32,         NET POSITION       38,582       -       -       32,         Net investment in capital assets       41,547,330       (4,980,200)       9,363,595       770,         Restricted for capital projects       -       3,089,585       -       -	Total noncurrent liabilities	1,151,549	35,986,052	10,870,821	
Pension-related deferred inflows       38,582       -       -         Leases       -       -       32,         Total deferred inflows of resources       38,582       -       -       32,         NET POSITION       38,582       -       -       32,         Net investment in capital assets       41,547,330       (4,980,200)       9,363,595       770,         Restricted for capital projects       -       3,089,585       -       -	Total liabilities	1,766,165	38,321,669	10,948,921	53,903
Leases         -         -         32,           Total deferred inflows of resources         38,582         -         32,           NET POSITION         41,547,330         (4,980,200)         9,363,595         770,           Restricted for capital projects         -         3,089,585         -	<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				
Leases         -         -         32,           Total deferred inflows of resources         38,582         -         32,           NET POSITION         41,547,330         (4,980,200)         9,363,595         770,           Restricted for capital projects         -         3,089,585         -	Pension-related deferred inflows	38,582	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources38,582-32,NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets41,547,330(4,980,200)9,363,595770,Restricted for capital projects-3,089,585-770,			-		32,495
Net investment in capital assets       41,547,330       (4,980,200)       9,363,595       770,         Restricted for capital projects       -       3,089,585       -	Total deferred inflows of resources	38,582	-		32,495
Restricted for capital projects - 3,089,585 -	NET POSITION				
Restricted for capital projects - 3,089,585 -		11 517 320	(4 980 200)	9 363 505	770,056
		-1,5-7,550		,,505,575	770,050
		-		-	-
		7.906.033		229.830	152,207
				· · · · ·	<u>`</u>

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2023

	Totals
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	663,644
Accrued payroll	133,541
Loans from other funds - current	655,208
Deposits and other liabilities	152,673
Retention payable	2,312
Accrued interest	436,959
Compensated absences - current	95,346
Lease liabilities - due in one year	184,069
Subscription liability - current	3,774
Bonds payable - current	754,710
Total current liabilities	3,082,236
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences - long-term	56,693
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year	2,311,313
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	180
Loans from other funds - long-term	5,713,019
Bonds payable	38,829,247
Net pension liability	1,097,970
Total noncurrent liabilities	48,008,422
Total liabilities	51,090,658
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension-related deferred inflows	38,582
Leases	32,495
Total deferred inflows of resources	71,077
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	46,700,781
Restricted for capital projects	3,089,585
Restricted for debt service	1,725,620
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,320,860
Total net position	\$ 54,836,846
F	\$ 51,050,010

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	S	Stormwater Utility				Parking Authority	]	Downtown Marina	Golf Courses
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>		<u> </u>							
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	5,977,783 181,543	\$	4,657,460	\$	354,507 36,855	\$ - 19,093		
Total operating revenues		6,159,326		4,657,460		391,362	 19,093		
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Operation and maintenance		4,382,482		3,273,204		662,172	-		
General and administrative		1,794,442		694,942		6,365	85,212		
Depreciation and amortization		1,736,693		1,050,406		547,407	 93,905		
Total operating expenses		7,913,617		5,018,552		1,215,944	 179,117		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,754,291)		(361,092)		(824,582)	 (160,024)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):									
Taxes		-		1,449,627		-	-		
Grants and subsidies		-		203,798		-	-		
Investment income:									
Interest income (loss)		(465)		153,023		832	(5,435)		
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(43)		(1,134,094)		-	 -		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(508)		672,354		832	 (5,435)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(1,754,799)		311,262		(823,750)	(165,459)		
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:									
Developer contributions		1,290,132		-		-	-		
Transfers in		-		-		262,000	110,000		
Transfers out		(396,200)		-		-	 -		
Total contributions and transfers		893,932		-		262,000	 110,000		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(860,867)		311,262		(561,750)	(55,459)		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):									
Beginning of year		50,314,230		(5,443,467)		10,155,175	 977,722		
End of year	\$	49,453,363	\$	(5,132,205)	\$	9,593,425	\$ 922,263		

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Charges for services	\$ 10,989,750
Miscellaneous	237,491
Total operating revenues	11,227,241
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Operation and maintenance	8,317,858
General and administrative	2,580,961
Depreciation and amortization	3,428,411
Total operating expenses	14,327,230
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(3,099,989)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Taxes	1,449,627
Grants and subsidies	203,798
Investment income:	
Interest income (loss)	147,955
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(1,134,137)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	667,243
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(2,432,746)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:	
Developer contributions	1,290,132
Transfers in	372,000
Transfers out	(396,200)
Total contributions and transfers	1,265,932
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(1,166,814)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):	
Beginning of year	56,003,660
End of year	\$ 54,836,846

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Stormwater Utility		Parking Authority		6			Golf Courses
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers and employees Miscellaneous receipts		5,822,283 6,212,339) 181,543	\$	4,657,460 (3,721,916) -	\$	337,290 (688,021) 36,855	\$	3,461 (82,596) 19,093
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(208,513)		935,544		(313,876)		(60,042)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITI Transfers in (out), net Loans to and from other funds Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants Proceeds from taxes	ES:	(396,200)	_	(643,105) - 1,653,425		262,000		110,000 - 12
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activitie	5	(396,200)		1,010,320		262,000		110,012
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchases of capital assets Capital contributions received Proceeds from issuance of debt Principal paid on debt Interest paid on debt Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		188,165 1,863,432) 1,290,132 (3,808) (43) (388,986)		(1,170,626) (724,552) (1,145,388) (3,040,566)		- - - - - -		- - - - - -
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Investment earnings (loss)		(12,895)		129,976		704		(6,183)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(12,895)		129,976		704		(6,183)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH	(	1,006,594)		(964,726)		(51,172)		43,787
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year End of year		9,373,274 8,366,680	\$	7,605,465	\$	<u>321,204</u> 270,032	\$	156,166
Life of year	φ	0,500,000	φ	0,040,739	φ	270,032	φ	177,755

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 10,820,494
Payments to suppliers and employees	(10,704,872)
Miscellaneous receipts	237,491
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	353,113
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Transfers in (out), net	(24,200)
Due to and from other funds	(643,105)
Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants	12
Proceeds from taxes	1,653,425
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	986,132
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	188,165
Purchases of capital assets	(3,034,058)
Capital contributions received	1,290,132
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-
Principal paid on debt	(728,360)
Interest paid on debt	(1,145,431)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(3,429,552)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Investment earnings (loss)	111,602
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	111,602
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH	(1,978,705)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:	
Beginning of year	17,456,109
End of year	\$ 15,477,404

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	5	Stormwater Utility		Parking Authority	Γ	Downtown Marina		Golf Courses
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -								
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:	<b></b>	0.0.000	¢		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	100.050
Cash and investments	\$	8,366,680	\$	1,825,534	\$	270,032	\$	199,953
Restricted assets:				4 01 5 00 5				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		4,815,205		-		-
Total cash and investments	\$	8,366,680	\$	6,640,739	\$	270,032	\$	199,953
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO N CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,754,291)	\$	(361,092)	\$	(824,582)	\$	(160,024)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		1,736,693		1,050,406		547,407		93,905
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivables		(155,500)		-		(17,217)		3,712
Prepaid items		9,594		-		(7,274)		-
Lease receivable		-		-		-		26,337
Lease related deferred inflows		-		-		-		(26,588)
Deposits and advances		-		(8,650)		-		-
Accounts payable		(132,744)		241,551		(23,662)		(12)
Accrued payroll		8,702		6,934		-		603
Accrued liabilities		-		-		24		-
Deposits and other liabilities		(1,669)		-		11,428		2,025
Compensated absences		135,151		6,395		-		-
Net pension liability		687,525		-		-		-
Pension-related deferred outflows		(275,680)		-		-		-
Pension-related deferred inflows		(466,294)		-		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(208,513)	\$	935,544	\$	(313,876)	\$	(60,042)
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:								
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$	_	\$	(409,919)	\$	_	\$	_
Capital contributions received	Ψ	1,290,132	Ψ	(10,,11)	ψ	-	Ψ	-
	¢	· · · ·	\$	(400.010)	¢		\$	
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	1,290,132	Э	(409,919)	\$	-	\$	-

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Totals
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -	
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:	
Cash and investments	\$ 10,662,199
Restricted assets:	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	4,815,205
Total cash and investments	\$ 15,477,404
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET</b>	
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (3,099,989)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	3,428,411
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivables	(169,005)
Prepaid items	2,320
Lease receivable	26,337
Lease related deferred inflows	(26,588)
Deposits and advances	(8,650)
Accounts payable	85,133
Accrued payroll	16,239
Accrued liabilities	24
Deposits and other liabilities	11,784
Compensated absences	141,546
Net pension liability	687,525
Pension-related deferred outflows	(275,680)
Pension-related deferred inflows	 (466,294)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 353,113
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:	
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$ (409,919)
Capital contributions received	 1,290,132
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$ 880,213



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ATTACHMENT A



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# ATTACHMENT A

# **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal service funds are a type of proprietary fund used to report any activity that provides goods and services on a costreimbursement basis to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units, or to other governments.

The City's internal service funds include:

### **General Liability Insurance Fund**

To account for premiums and claims paid and the administration of general liability insurance provided to all City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The fund also accounts for future estimated related liabilities to the City based on independent actuarial studies utilizing insurance industry standards of applicable data, factors and assumptions.

### Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund

To account for premiums and claims paid and the administration of workers' compensation liability insurance provided to all City employees incurring injury on the job, of which health benefits and other related liability costs are funded by City department payments into the fund. The fund also accounts for future estimated related liabilities to the City based on independent actuarial studies utilizing insurance industry standards of applicable data, factors and assumptions.

### **Employee Health Insurance Fund**

To account for premiums and claims paid and the administration of health benefits insurance provided to qualified active and qualified retired City employees, with City departmental payments made to the Fund sought to reimburse health related expenses incurred by the Fund. The fund also accounts for future estimated related liabilities to the City based on independent actuarial studies utilizing insurance industry standards of applicable data, factors and assumptions.

### **Retirement Benefits Fund**

To account for the accumulation and payout of resources for the purpose of providing defined retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to City employee plan members and beneficiaries through the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") on a cost reimbursement basis. The fund also accounts for future estimated related liabilities to the City based on independent actuarial studies utilizing insurance industry standards of applicable data, factors and assumptions, of which were pre-funded by bond proceeds from the 2007 Taxable Pension Obligations Bonds, Series A and B.

## **Other Benefits and Insurance Fund**

To account for premiums and claims paid and the administration of comparatively smaller insurance funds provided to City employees on a cost reimbursement basis. Included are long - term disability, life insurance, unemployment, and termination pay benefits.

### Vehicle Fleet Equipment Fund

To account for the financing, operations, servicing and maintenance of fleet vehicles and major equipment utilized by City departments, of which the services are rendered on a cost reimbursement basis.

### **Computer and Radio Equipment Fund**

To account for the financing, service and maintenance of all computer, radio equipment and related equipment provided to City departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

### **Other Equipment Fund**

To account for the financing, operating and maintenance of other, comparatively smaller equipment funds provided to City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Included are office, printing, and mailing equipment.

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

ASSETS	General Liability Insurance	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Employee Health Insurance	Retirement Benefits	Other Benefits & Insurance
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 22,000,392	\$ 42,180,617	\$ 3,223,853	\$ 14,300,943	\$ 1,405,915
Receivables, net:	\$ 22,000,392	\$ 42,180,017	\$ 3,223,633	\$ 14,300,943	\$ 1,403,915
Interest	82,661	241,373	10,191	80,531	8,627
Accounts and other receivables	522,270	3,897,749			
Inventories	522,270		_	_	_
Deposits and advances	-	446	131,829	_	_
Prepaid items	241,984	-	1,753,961	-	-
Loans to other funds - short-term		1,075,810		-	-
Total current assets	22,847,307	47,395,995	5,119,834	14,381,474	1,414,542
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments	-	-	-	81,544,197	-
Loans to other funds - long-term	-	6,657,263	-	-	-
Capital assets, net:					
Nondepreciable	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciable and amortizable, net	-	-		-	
Total noncurrent assets	-	6,657,263		81,544,197	
Total assets	22,847,307	54,053,258	5,119,834	95,925,671	1,414,542
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:	1.40	(2.425	(( 022	5 551 020	0( 092
Accounts payable	142	62,435	66,032	5,551,029	96,082
Accrued payroll	65,270	26,225	32,995	4,182	-
Deposits and other liabilities Accrued interest	-	49,104	-	-	-
Compensated absences - due in one year	21,673	- 943	- 11,629	-	-
Lease payable - due in one year	21,075	943	11,029	-	-
Subscription liability - due in one year	-	-	-	-	-
Claims payable, due in one year	5,019,028	8,679,000	-	-	-
Loans from other funds- current	5,019,028	8,079,000	-	-	-
	5 10( 112	0.017.707	110.656	5 555 011	-
Total current liabilities	5,106,113	8,817,707	110,656	5,555,211	96,082
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	17,971	-	765	-	-
Lease payable - due in more than one year		-	-	-	-
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	-	-			
Claims payable, due in more than one year	18,485,597	41,884,000	-	-	-
Loans from other funds- due in more than one year	-	-	-	-	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	18,503,568	41,884,000	765		
Total liabilities	23,609,681	50,701,707	111,421	5,555,211	96,082
		· · · ·			· · · · ·
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for pensions	-	-	-	81,544,197	-
Unrestricted	(762,374)	3,351,551	5,008,413	8,826,263	1,318,460
Total net position	\$ (762,374)	\$ 3,351,551	\$ 5,008,413	\$ 90,370,460	\$ 1,318,460

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

	Vehicle Fleet Equipment	Computer and Radio Equipment	Other Equipment	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 19,738,976	\$ 44,434,941	\$ 1,429,795	\$ 148,715,432
Receivables, net:		105.000		(00 <b>0</b> (0
Interest	76,060	185,032	5,788	690,263
Accounts and other receivables Inventories	118,593	-	-	4,538,612
Deposits and advances	283,055	62,561 138,125	-	62,561 553,455
Prepaid items	205,055	1,800,739	- 44,998	3,841,682
Loans to other funds - short-term	-	1,000,757	-	1,075,810
Total current assets	20,216,684	46,621,398	1,480,581	159,477,815
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments	-	-	-	81,544,197
Loans to other funds - long-term	-	-	-	6,657,263
Capital assets, net:	( )1( 100	22 722 (07		20.040.905
Nondepreciable Depreciable and amortizable, net	6,216,198	23,733,607	-	29,949,805 28,961,957
•	17,392,315	11,414,896	154,746	
Total noncurrent assets	23,608,513	35,148,503	154,746	147,113,222
Total assets	43,825,197	81,769,901	1,635,327	306,591,037
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	222,954	230,672	22,751	6,252,097
Accrued payroll	116,531	222,699	8,022	475,924
Deposits and other liabilities	-	-	-	49,104
Accrued interest	11,235	-	91	11,326
Compensated absences - due in one year	79,309	161,049	5,703	280,306
Lease payable - due in one year	-	266,282	50,398	316,680
Subscription liability - due in one year	76,380	3,359,956	-	3,436,336 13,698,028
Claims payable, due in one year Loans from other funds- current	420,602	-	-	420,602
	,	4.240.659	-	,
Total current liabilities	927,011	4,240,658	86,965	24,940,403
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	26,520	129,712	6,566	181,534
Lease payable - due in more than one year	-	200,250	101,646	301,896
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	32,323	2,399,845	-	2,432,168
Claims payable, due in more than one year	-	-	-	60,369,597
Loans from other funds- due in more than one year	944,244			944,244
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,003,087	2,729,807	108,212	64,229,439
Total liabilities	1,930,098	6,970,465	195,177	89,169,842
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	23,499,810	28,922,170	2,702	52,424,682
Restricted for pensions	-	-	-	81,544,197
Unrestricted	18,395,289	45,877,266	1,437,448	83,452,316
Total net position	\$ 41,895,099	\$ 74,799,436	\$ 1,440,150	\$ 217,421,195

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Workers' Liability Compensation Insurance Insurance		Employee Health Insurance	Retirement Benefits	Other Benefits and Insurance
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>					
Charges for services	\$ 12,710,642	\$ 18,326,078	\$ 21,342,780	\$ 82,721,368	\$ 2,519,510
Miscellaneous		45			
Total operating revenues	12,710,642	18,326,123	21,342,780	82,721,368	2,519,510
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Operation and maintenance	19,618,438	13,016,182	20,633,518	78,285,363	2,001,339
General and administrative	1,880,620	3,472,827	1,104,491	1,218	405
Depreciation and amortization					
Total operating expenses	21,499,058	16,489,009	21,738,009	78,286,581	2,001,744
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	(8,788,416)	1,837,114	(395,229)	4,434,787	517,766
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Investment income:					
Interest income (loss)	(91,568)	(21,690)	80,706	2,253,279	(38,583)
Interest expense and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-
Other nonoperating revenues		-	43,975	-	2,727
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(91,568)	(21,690)	124,681	2,253,279	(35,856)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(8,879,984)	1,815,424	(270,548)	6,688,066	481,910
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS					
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in		-		10,000,000	
Total capital contributions and transfers				10,000,000	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(8,879,984)	1,815,424	(270,548)	16,688,066	481,910
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	8,117,610	1,536,127	5,278,961	73,682,394	836,550
End of year	\$ (762,374)	\$ 3,351,551	\$ 5,008,413	\$ 90,370,460	\$ 1,318,460

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Vehicle Fleet Equipment	Total				
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>						
Charges for services	\$ 14,339,650	\$ 17,038,569	\$ 362,380	\$ 169,360,977		
Miscellaneous	233			278		
Total operating revenues	14,339,883	17,038,569	362,380	169,361,255		
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Operation and maintenance	8,145,927	12,091,729	345,933	154,138,429		
General and administrative	1,364,674	37,883	937	7,863,055		
Depreciation and amortization	3,049,501	4,662,072	59,019	7,770,592		
Total operating expenses	12,560,102	16,791,684	405,889	169,772,076		
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	1,779,781	246,885	(43,509)	(410,821)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Investment income:						
Interest income (loss)	(138,653)	(92,045)	(3,232)	1,948,214		
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(33,280)	(109,443)	(1,004)	(143,727)		
Other nonoperating revenues	176,739			223,441		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	4,806	(201,488)	(4,236)	2,027,928		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL						
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	1,784,587	45,397	(47,745)	1,617,107		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS						
Capital contributions	2,608,807	72,297	-	2,681,104		
Transfers in	274,865	5,134,542		15,409,407		
Total capital contributions and transfers	2,883,672	5,206,839	-	18,090,511		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	4,668,259	5,252,236	(47,745)	19,707,618		
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 19)	37,226,840	69,547,200 1,487,8		197,713,577		
End of year	\$ 41,895,099	\$ 74,799,436	\$ 1,440,150	\$ 217,421,195		

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		General Liability Insurance	С	Workers' ompensation Insurance		Employee Health Insurance	Retirement Benefits		Other Benefits & Insurance		
ACTIVITIES:											
Receipts for interfund services provided Payments to suppliers and employees Claims and insurance paid	\$	12,528,437 (21,742,218) 8,000,392	\$	14,449,885 (16,494,730) 1,063,000	\$	21,343,175 (23,437,493) (396,000)	\$	82,721,368 (73,990,702) -	\$	2,519,510 (1,942,365) -	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(1,213,389)		(981,845)		(2,490,318)		8,730,666		577,145	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:											
Transfers in and out		-		-		-		10,000,000		-	
Loans to and from other funds Other nonoperating revenues		-		1,075,809		43,975		-		- 2,727	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities				1,075,809		43,975	1	10,000,000		2,727	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:											
Purchases of capital assets Principal paid on debt Interest paid on debt		-		-	_	-		-		-	
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		-		-		-		-		_	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIE	S:										
Investment earnings		(125,252)		(90,916)		86,736		2,335,753		(44,424)	
Net cash provided by investing activities		(125,252)		(90,916)		86,736	_	2,335,753		(44,424)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,338,641)		3,048		(2,359,607)		21,066,419		535,448	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:											
Beginning of year		23,339,033		42,177,569		5,583,460		74,778,721		870,467	
End of year	\$	22,000,392	\$	42,180,617	\$	3,223,853	\$	95,845,140	\$	1,405,915	
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OI NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:	F										
Cash and investments Restricted assets:	\$	22,000,392	\$	42,180,617	\$	3,223,853	\$	14,300,943	\$	1,405,915	
Cash with investments fiscal agents		-		-		-		81,544,197			
Total cash and investments	\$	22,000,392	\$	42,180,617	\$	3,223,853	\$	95,845,140	\$	1,405,915	

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Computer Vehicle Fleet and Radio Equipment Equipment		Other Equipment	Total
ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts for interfund services provided Payments to suppliers and employees Claims and insurance paid	\$ 14,221,290 (9,141,927)	\$ 17,534,169 (12,611,425)	\$ 362,380 (382,292)	\$ 165,680,214 (159,743,152) 8,667,392
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	5,079,363	4,922,744	(19,912)	14,604,454
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers in and out	274,865	5,134,542	-	15,409,407
Loans to and from other funds	(454,216)	-	-	621,593
Other nonoperating revenues	176,739			223,441
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(2,612)	5,134,542		16,254,441
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchases of capital assets	(1,450,135)	(9,126,120)	-	(10,576,255)
Principal paid on debt	(74,892)		(50,116)	(3,372,139)
Interest paid on debt	(37,020)	(109,443)	(1,004)	(147,467)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,562,047)	(12,482,694)	(51,120)	(14,095,861)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Investment earnings	(173,920)	(164,086)	(5,522)	1,818,369
Net cash provided by investing activities	(173,920)	(164,086)	(5,522)	1,818,369
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,340,784	(2,589,494)	(76,554)	18,581,403
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:				
Beginning of year	16,398,192	47,024,435	1,506,349	211,678,226
End of year	\$ 19,738,976	\$ 44,434,941	\$ 1,429,795	\$ 230,259,629
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:				
Cash and investments Restricted assets:	\$ 19,738,976	\$ 44,434,941	\$ 1,429,795	\$ 148,715,432
Cash with investments fiscal agents				81,544,197
Total cash and investments	\$ 19,738,976	\$ 44,434,941	\$ 1,429,795	\$ 230,259,629

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME	 General Liability Insurance	Workers' ompensation Insurance	Employee Health Insurance	-	Retirement Benefits	 Other enefits & nsurance
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ (8,788,416)	\$ 1,837,114	\$ (395,229)	\$	4,434,787	\$ 517,766
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:	-	-	-		-	-
Accounts and other receivables Due from other funds	(182,205)	(3,897,749) 21,511	395		-	-
Prepaid items Inventory of supplies	(241,984)	446	(1,048,253)		-	-
Deposits and advances Accounts payable	- (16,108)	(446) 1,719	4,541 (658,981)		- 4,295,583	- 59,379
Accrued payroll	17,136	(5,632)	(5,108)		296	-
Compensated absences Self-insurance - claims and judgments	 (2,204) 8,000,392	 (1,808) 1,063,000	 8,317 (396,000)		-	 -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (1,213,389)	\$ (981,845)	\$ (2,490,318)	\$	8,730,666	\$ 577,145
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:						
Capital contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 ehicle Fleet Equipment	Computer Equipment	E	Other quipment	 Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ 1,779,781	\$ 246,885	\$	(43,509)	\$ (410,821)
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:	3,049,501	4,662,072		59,019	7,770,592
Accounts and other receivables	(118,593)	-		-	(4,198,152)
Due from other funds	-	495,600		-	517,111
Prepaid items	962,464	(299,072)		-	(626,399)
Inventory of supplies	-	117,165		-	117,165
Deposits and advances	(283,055)	-		-	(278,960)
Accounts payable	(312,626)	(296,386)		(35,725)	3,036,855
Accrued payroll	3,096	(23,425)		457	(13,180)
Compensated absences	(1,205)	19,905		(154)	22,851
Self-insurance - claims and judgments	 -	 -		-	 8,667,392
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 5,079,363	\$ 4,922,744	\$	(19,912)	\$ 14,604,454
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:					
Capital contributions	\$ 2,608,807	\$ 72,297	\$	-	\$ 2,681,104



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# **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

Custodial funds are a type of fiduciary fund used to account for assets held in an agency capacity for parties outside the City. The resources of these funds cannot be used to support the City's own programs.

The City's custodial funds include:

## Land-Secured Financing Agency Fund

To account for special taxes or assessment collections from property owners that are authorized under various public improvement acts of the State of California. The City acts only as an agent and forwards collections to bondholders and initiated foreclosure proceedings when necessary.

### All Other Agency Funds

To account for various cultural, recreational and educational programs that the City administers on behalf of other governmental and private sector entities and organizations.



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# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	Land-Secured Financing			All Other		Total
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	8,486,597	\$	15,856,927	\$	24,343,524
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		11,829,489		-		11,829,489
Receivables:						
Interest		72,502		60,382		132,884
Accounts and other receivables		-		2,203,123		2,203,123
Total assets		20,388,588	18,120,432			38,509,020
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		15,958		103		16,061
Due to other governments		31,699		1,680,430		1,712,129
Total liabilities		47,657		1,680,533		1,728,190
Net Position:						
Restricted for individual, organization,						
and other government		20,340,931		16,439,899		36,780,830
Total net positions	\$	20,340,931	\$	16,439,899	\$	36,780,830

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

ADDITIONS:	Land-Secured Financing			 Total
Property taxes Use of money and property Investment income (loss) Debt issued	\$ 8,268,542 5,473 209,903 19,504,313	\$	28,138	\$ 8,268,542 5,473 238,041 19,504,313
Total additions	 27,988,231		28,138	 28,016,369
DEDUCTIONS:				
General government Public works Debt obligations	394,189 13,311,897 8,654,088		- 1,313,617 -	394,189 14,625,514 8,654,088
Total deductions	22,360,174		1,313,617	23,673,791
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,628,057		(1,285,479)	4,342,578
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year,	 14,712,874		17,725,378	 32,438,252
End of year	\$ 20,340,931	\$	16,439,899	\$ 36,780,830

# City of Stockton Schedule of Sources and Uses Measures A and B For Year Ended June 30, 2023

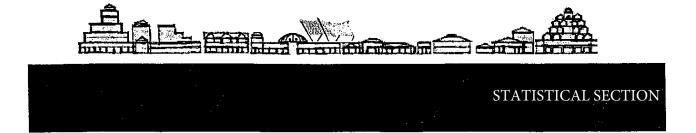
	Final Budget	Year End Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues					
Measure A Transaction and Use Tax	\$ 42,080,000	\$ 49,703,488	\$ 7,623,488		
Total revenues	42,080,000	49,703,488	7,623,488		
Uses/Expenditures					
Police					
Salary & benefits					
Sworn	24,965,558	22,471,737	2,493,821		
Non-Sworn	3,892,835	3,312,145	580,690		
Vacancy savings	(1,696,203)	-	(1,696,203)		
Other services	3,496,480	3,379,931	116,549		
Materials & supplies			,		
Fuel	346,141	414,694	(68,553)		
Other supplies	1,132,271	510,188	622,083		
Other expenses		,	,		
Training	595,000	584,222	10,778		
Capital outlay	277,254	77,254	200,000		
Total police	33,009,336	30,750,171	2,259,165		
Office of Violence Prevention Salary & benefits					
Non-sworn	926,130	774,769	151,361		
Other services	317,033	285,544	31,489		
Materials & supplies					
Fuel	7,750	8,078	(328)		
Other supplies	36,553	27,036	9,517		
Office equipment	3,979	-	3,979		
Other expenses	20,000	9,638	10,362		
Total Office of Violence Prevention	1,311,445	1,105,065	206,380		
Basis Adjustment					
Encumbrances (included in final budget)		199,163	(199,163)		
Total Measure B Expenditures	34,320,781	32,054,399	2,266,382		
Crime Prevention (Measure B) expenditures					
as a % of annual Measure A revenues	82%	64%			
Other City Services					
General Fund available fund balance	7,759,219	17,649,089	(9,889,870)		
Basis adjustment					
Encumbrances (included in final budget)	-	-	-		
Total adjustment	7,759,219	17,649,089	(9,889,870)		
Total Uses/Expenditures	\$ 42,080,000	\$ 49,703,488	\$ (7,623,488)		
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ATTACHMENT A





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# STATISTICAL SECTION OVERVIEW

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report is not covered by the Independent Auditors' Report, but presents supplemental detailed information for the benefit of readers in understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

#### Financial Trends (pages 182-195)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.

#### Revenue Capacity (pages 196-203)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, transient occupancy tax ("TOT") and property taxes.

#### Debt Capacity (pages 204-212)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information (pages 213-214)**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with which the City's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information (pages 215-221)**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

## City of Stockton Table 1 Net Position by Classification Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			F	Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022		2021	2020	2019
Governmental activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 817,086	\$ 764,271	\$	732,219 \$	724,164 \$	346,021
Restricted	495,695	524,467		457,693	239,339	204,114
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (131,625)	(171,572)		(262,907)	(119,715)	260,748
Total governmental activities net position	 1,181,156	1,117,167		927,005	843,787	810,883
Business-type activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	473,568	438,675		365,873	301,434	381,015
Restricted	25,367	25,394		46,241	125,668	28,411
Unrestricted	 201,609	200,819		224,551	177,840	155,217
Total business-type activities net position	 700,544	664,888		636,665	604,942	564,643
Primary government:						
Net investment in capital assets	1,290,654	1,202,947		1,098,093	1,025,598	727,036
Restricted	521,062	549,800		503,934	365,007	232,525
Unrestricted (deficit)	 69,984	29,308		(38,356)	58,125	415,965
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,881,700	\$ 1,782,055	\$	1,563,670 \$	1,448,729 \$	1,375,526

Note: Some prior year balances may have been restated from previous ACFRs to reflect new GASB implementations or prior period restatements.

## City of Stockton Table 1 Net Position by Classification (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			F	iscal Year		
	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 328,284	\$ 330,655	\$	287,078	\$ 326,823	\$ 714,595
Restricted	170,507	148,493		153,087	130,763	96,596
Unrestricted (deficit)	 238,421	229,584		196,005	160,224	(62,855)
Total governmental activities net position	 737,211	708,732		636,170	617,810	748,336
Business-type activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	367,317	362,886		369,983	379,853	413,783
Restricted	46,805	50,904		54,618	56,521	54,175
Unrestricted	133,656	82,938		44,792	28,751	42,641
Total business-type activities net position	 547,778	496,728		469,393	465,125	510,599
Primary government:						
Net investment in capital assets	695,601	693,540		657,061	706,676	1,128,378
Restricted	217,311	199,397		207,705	187,284	150,771
Unrestricted (deficit)	372,077	312,522		240,797	188,975	(20,214)
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,284,989	\$ 1,205,460	\$	1,105,563	\$ 1,082,935	\$ 1,258,935

Note: Some prior year balances may have been restated from previous ACFRs to reflect new GASB implementations or prior period restatements.

# City of Stockton Table 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fisc	al Year			
	 2023	2022		2021	2020		2019
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 54,871	\$ 72,135	\$	74,314	\$ 37,269	\$	37,821
Public safety	227,637	170,406		217,953	217,941		199,263
Public works	50,048	41,373		55,086	44,922		37,168
Library	16,275	13,086		12,792	14,657		13,501
Parks and recreation	21,141	14,289		11,526	27,798		27,288
Interest and fiscal charges	9,968	7,894		4,373	5,298		5,914
Total governmental activities	 379,942	319,183		376,045	347,885		320,954
Business-type activities:							
Water utility	50,185	54,532		54,266	47,974		46,641
Wastewater utility	68,976	66,991		61,124	63,983		58,093
Stormwater utility	7,914	7,288		6,759	6,599		7,419
Parking Authority	6,153	5,687		4,995	5,795		5,501
Other	 1,395	1,375		1,667	2,499		3,613
Total business-type activities	 134,622	135,873		128,811	126,850		121,267
Total expenses	 514,564	455,056		504,856	474,736		442,221
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government	26,165	31,123		12,560	9,250		13,977
Public safety	20,469	18,688		13,235	11,220		16,925
Public works	11,886	14,291		32,456	3,143		10,367
Library	8,294	7,537		7,037	278		470
Parks and recreation	1,191	852		406	4,010		11,320
Operating grants and contributions	42,072	100,879		51,329	21,509		13,446
Capital grants and contributions	 26,667	53,140		39,065	30,227		45,632
Total governmental activities	 136,745	226,510		156,087	79,637		112,137
Business-type activities:							
Charges for services:							
Water utility	60,822	66,013		64,097	57,519		49,489
Wastewater utility	84,393	78,509		73,885	71,210		67,432
Stormwater utility	6,159	6,137		6,040	6,417		6,407
Parking Authority	4,657	5,690		4,589	4,749		4,592
Other	410	428		355	1,038		1,755
Operating grants and contributions	1,653	2,500		-	7,314		3,643
Capital grants and contributions	 12,363	12,231		13,263	7,258		4,626
Total business-type activities	 170,458	171,508		162,229	155,504		137,944
Total program revenues	 307,203	398,018		318,316	235,141		250,081
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities	(243,197)	(92,673)		(219,957)	(268,248)		(208,817)
Business-type activities	35,836	35,635		33,417	28,654		16,677
Total primary government	\$ (207,361)	\$ (57,038)	\$	(186,540)	\$ (239,594)	¢	(192,140)

### City of Stockton Table 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fi	scal Year		
	2023	2022		2021	2020	2019
General Revenues and Other						
Change in Net Position:						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 42,578	\$ 41,066	\$	38,523 \$	36,692	\$ 35,739
In lieu of sales tax				-	-	-
Utility user	42,445	38,328		36,414	34,537	34,252
Sales - levied by City (1)	82,833	75,037		68,639	57,077	57,911
Franchise fees	22,784	21,186		16,901	15,292	12,307
Business licenses	23,748	15,905		15,695	14,557	19,958
Hotel/motel room	3,433	3,620		2,860	2,834	3,377
Document transfer	1,028	1,626		1,222	912	1,071
Other	4,628	4,016		2,874	3,262	2,905
Shared revenue:	.,020	.,010		_,		_,,,
Vehicle license fees	29,343	27,310		27,757	31,839	23,599
Sales and use tax levied by state (1)	76,954	76,239		65,201	56,122	57,151
Other	70,754	10,239		05,201	18,303	57,151
Investment earnings	1,707	(25,552)		14,086	21,759	18,438
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets	44	(8,356)		147	12	(1,602)
Miscellaneous	9,715	10,369		11,105	9,469	7,810
Special item	-			-	(547)	500
Proceeds of long-term debt	-	-		-	-	-
Extraordinary items	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers from Successor Agency, Net	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers	 415	438		1,751	(922)	9,074
Total governmental activities	341,656	281,232		303,175	301,198	282,489
Business-type activities:						
Other taxes	-	-		-	1,407	1,341
Grants and contributions not restricted to	-	-		-	-	-
Investment earnings	235	(7,018)		57	9,318	7,920
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-		-	(2)	-
Miscellaneous	-	-		-	-	-
Special item	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers	(415)	(438)			922	(9,074)
Extraordinary items (2)	 -	-		(1,751)	-	-
Total business-type activities	(181)	(7,456)		(1,694)	11,645	188
Total general revenues and other						
changes in net position	 341,475	273,775		301,481	312,843	282,676
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	98,459	188,559		83,218	32,950	73,671
Business-type activities	 35,655	 28,178		31,723	40,299	 16,865
Total primary government	\$ 134,115	\$ 216,737	\$	114,941 \$	73,249	\$ 90,536

(1) Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases

(2) In fiscal year 2015 Extraordinary items for Government activities and Business-type activites relate to GASB #58 Bankruptcy, with both principal and interest debt forgiven. GASB #68 Penision obligations being restated to show on balance sheet.

# City of Stockton Table 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fis	cal Year		
	 2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ /	\$ 33,378	\$		\$ 35,576	\$ 34,594
Public safety	212,181	154,932		169,015	123,403	124,806
Public works	38,435	45,670		36,344	37,685	51,942
Library	12,301	10,904		10,406	9,098	9,807
Parks and recreation	23,753	22,481		21,620	20,801	19,456
Interest and fiscal charges	 5,964	4,288		2,216	3,401	14,486
Total governmental activities	 329,894	271,653		279,209	229,964	255,091
Business-type activities:						
Water utility	39,526	42,886		48,001	47,474	44,720
Wastewater utility	41,648	50,545		58,665	56,153	55,724
Stormwater utility	4,729	5,288		6,601	7,084	5,758
Parking Authority	5,310	5,641		5,384	5,026	5,120
Other	 3,299	3,235		3,116	3,374	3,448
Total business-type activities	 94,512	107,595		121,767	119,111	114,770
Total expenses	 424,406	379,248		400,976	349,075	369,861
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government	16,451	19,184		15,831	15,169	14,785
Public safety	15,309	9,188		13,663	16,863	21,016
Public works	14,914	3,373		8,292	6,105	5,178
Library	595	377		517	441	437
Parks and recreation	12,194	8,765		9,158	6,145	5,655
Operating grants and contributions	12,402	12,565		12,861	18,823	18,840
Capital grants and contributions	 21,426	17,591		16,286	34,268	36,052
Total governmental activities	 93,292	71,043		76,608	97,814	101,963
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Water utility	50,590	42,308		33,277	35,059	37,855
Wastewater utility	68,191	66,833		68,938	65,726	59,953
Stormwater utility	5,683	5,619		5,573	5,569	5,571
Parking Authority	4,447	5,141		4,971	4,170	2,882
Other	1,776	1,675		1,750	1,769	1,870
Operating grants and contributions	3,855	3,889		3,776	5,133	3,865
Capital grants and contributions	 6,245	2,971		3,562	2,945	1,112
Total business-type activities	 140,787	128,436		121,847	120,371	113,108
Total program revenues	 234,078	199,479		198,455	218,185	215,071
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	(236,603)	(200,610)		(202,601)	(132,150)	(153,128)
Business-type activities	 46,275	 20,841		80	 1,260	 (1,662)
Total primary government	\$ (190,328)	\$ (179,769)	\$	(202,521)	\$ (130,890)	\$ (154,790)

### City of Stockton Table 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fiscal Year			
	 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
General Revenues and Other						
Change in Net Position:						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 33,112 \$	32,411	\$ 30,646	\$ 29,573 \$	28,015	
In lieu of sales tax	-		8,775	9,816	9,706	
Utility user	35,415	34,455	33,379	32,921	32,370	
Sales - levied by City (1)	52,788	42,506	39,070	37,208	15,536	
Franchise fees	13,243	13,289	12,397	12,379	11,981	
Business licenses	13,507	12,243	11,996	10,805	10,392	
Hotel/motel room	3,193	2,997	2,711	2,378	2,080	
Document transfer	1,078	801	857	587	564	
Other	2,916	1,939	1,801	930	728	
Shared revenue:	2,910	1,757	1,001	250	720	
Vehicle license fees	29,091	21,423	20,354	19,602	18,069	
Sales and use tax levied by state (1)		49,910	45,097	36,904		
Other	68,467	49,910		30,904 49	35,111	
Investment earnings	165 899		45		253 1,128	
Gain on sale of capital assets	(203)	1,966 578	4,728 568	1,532 (13,214)	(3,712)	
Miscellaneous	4,083	2,820	7,303	16,982	3,042	
Special item	6,203	2,820	7,505	10,982	5,042	
Proceeds of long-term debt	-	10,237	-	23,396	_	
Extraordinary items	-		-	250,701	-	
Transfers from Successor Agency, Net	734	-	-		-	
Transfers	389	654	(297)	383	1,330	
Total governmental activities	 265,082	228,273	219,430	472,932	166,593	
Dusiness trme estivities						
Business-type activities: Other taxes	1,271	1,292	1,239	974	1,166	
Grants and contributions not restricted to	1,271	1,292	1,239	9/4	1,100	
Investment earnings	233	131	2,653	1,172	- 1,448	
Gain on sale of capital assets	20	(1,156)	2,055	(3,300)	1,++0	
Miscellaneous	-	(1,150)	-	(3,300)	431	
Special item	3,540	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	(389)	(654)	297	(383)	(1,330)	
Extraordinary items (2)	-	-		9,548	(-,	
Total business-type activities	 4,774	(387)	4,189		1,715	
Total general revenues and other	 т,//т	(307)	ч,107	0,011	1,/15	
changes in net position	269,857	227,886	223,619	480,943	168,308	
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	28,479	27,662	16,829	340,782	13,465	
Business-type activities	51,049	20,454	4,271	9,271	53	
Total primary government	\$ 79,529 \$	48,116			13,518	

(1) Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases

(2) In fiscal year 2015 Extraordinary items for Government activities and Business-type activites relate to GASB #58 Bankruptcy, with both principal and interest debt forgiven. GASB #68 Penision obligations being restated to show on balance sheet.

## City of Stockton Table 3 Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			F	Fiscal Year		
	 2023	2022		2021	2020	2019
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$ 2,397	\$ 2,077	\$	2,215	\$ 5,796	\$ 3,621
Restricted	5,218	5,289		4,428	3,998	4,034
Committed	150,811	123,754		77,638	59,714	54,243
Assigned	5,447	4,285		4,526	4,017	4,144
Unassigned	48,490	43,208		42,049	41,085	37,990
Total General Fund	 212,364	178,613		130,857	114,611	104,032
All other governmental funds						
Nonspendable	1,771	151		152,462	356	356
Restricted	398,166	428,305		222,308	189,758	169,507
Committed	-	-		-	-	-
Assigned	-	-		-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	(1,344)	-		-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	 398,593	428,455		374,770	190,114	169,863
Total Fund Balance	\$ 610,957	\$ 607,068	\$	505,627	\$ 304,725	\$ 273,895

## City of Stockton Table 3 Fund Balance, Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			I	Fiscal Year		
	 2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$ 1,303	\$ 1,539	\$	2,214	\$ 810	\$ 500
Restricted	4,730	4,603		3,549	2,949	3,551
Committed	45,957	56,439		49,088	28,930	34,008
Assigned	2,227	3,922		5,467	-	3,059
Unassigned	36,265	36,184		33,326	38,639	9,751
Total General Fund	 90,482	102,687		93,644	71,328	50,869
All other governmental funds						
Nonspendable	370			373	382	443
Restricted	117,387	114,254		122,084	104,785	81,435
Committed	-			-	-	-
Assigned	-			-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	-	3,232		-	-	(20,669)
Total all other governmental funds	 117,757	117,486		122,457	105,167	61,209
Total Fund Balance	\$ 208,239	\$ 220,173	\$	216,101	\$ 176,495	\$ 112,078

# City of Stockton Table 4 Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fi	scal Year		
	2023	2022		2021	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 42,578	\$ 41,066	\$	38,523	\$ 36,692	\$ 35,342
In lieu of sales tax					-	
Utility user	42,445	38,328		36,414	34,537	34,252
Sales (levied by City) (1)	90,305	82,951		68,639	57,077	57,911
Franchise fees	22,547	19,932		16,901	15,292	12,307
Business license	23,748	15,906		15,695	14,557	13,215
Hotel/motel room	3,433	3,620		2,860	2,834	3,377
Document transfer	1,028	1,626		1,222	912	1,071
Other	4,628	4,016		2,874	3,262	2,905
Licenses and permits	7,762	9,129		7,670	6,847	6,744
Federal grants and subsidies	34,803	84,812		30,339	15,578	16,517
Other shared revenue (sales and use tax levied by state) (1)	76,954	76,239		65,201	56,122	51,577
Other governmental	76,933	85,662		99,161	59,367	66,594
Charges for services	35,677	39,532		31,330	26,904	27,227
Fines and forfeitures	317	2,001		379	1,101	1,277
Use of money and property	11,704	9,955		5,731	10,569	12,460
Investment income:				-	-	
Interest income	(248)	(13,673)		7,785	14,075	11,758
Refunds and reimbursements	1,029	550		602	6,633	6,614
Miscellaneous	8,951	8,258		10,189	8,981	8649
Total revenues	 484,596	509,910		441,514	371,340	369,795
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	53,152	76,830		72,185	30,148	30,537
Public safety	227,859	206,107		205,923	193,778	189,824
Public works	35,659	34,263		41,960	20,120	19,793
Library	15,643	14,659		12,762	14,400	13,789
Parks and recreation	17,601	14,552		8,207	25,920	26,006
Capital outlay	65,959	53,034		26,127	31,225	35,158
Debt service:				-	-	
Principal retirement	3,519	1,943		1,806	1,699	11,477
Cost of issuance				-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	9,807	7,397		4,617	5,229	5,627
Total expenditures	 429,199	408,785		373,587	322,521	332,211
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		,		,		<i>.</i>
over (under) expenditures	\$ 55,397	\$ 101,125	\$	67,926	\$ 48,819	\$ 37,584

### City of Stockton Table 4 Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fiscal Year		
	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Other financing sources (uses):					
Capital contributions	\$ - \$	-	\$ - \$	- \$	-
Transfers in	42,616	27,618	19,903	18,062	31,310
Transfers out	(57,610)	(27,480)	(41,452)	(36,445)	(29,479)
Transfers from successor Agency	-	-	-	-	-
Special item	-	-	-	-	-
Bond insurers proceeds	-	163	-	-	-
Operating transfers out to a component unit	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of long-term debt	1,344	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of current refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Sales of capital assets	44	17	2,419	393	52
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (13,606)	317	(19,131)	(17,990)	1,884
Special items					
Net change in fund balance	41,791	101,442	48,796	30,830	39,468
Fund balance, beginning of year, original	607,069	505,627	456,831	273,895	234,427
Prior period restatement	(37,903)		-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	 569,166	505,627	456,831	273,895	234,427
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 610,957 \$	607,069	\$ 505,627 \$	304,725 \$	273,895
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.8%	2.7%	1.9%	2.4%	6.1%

(1) Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved in 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases

Note: Some prior year balances may have been restated from previous ACFRs to reflect new GASB implementations or prior period restatement.

# City of Stockton Table 4 Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fis	scal Year		
	 2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 33,068	\$ 32,411	\$	30,646	\$ 29,573	\$ 28,014
In lieu of sales tax	44			8,775	9,816	9,706
Utility user	35,415	34,455		33,379	32,921	32,369
Sales (levied by City) (1)	52,788	42,506		39,070	37,208	15,536
Franchise fees	13,243	13,289		12,397	12,380	11,981
Business license	13,507	12,243		11,996	10,805	10,392
Hotel/motel room	3,193	2,997		2,711	2,378	2,080
Document transfer	1,126	801		856	587	565
Other	2,916	1,939		1,535	930	728
Licenses and permits	6,214	5,867		5,347	4,398	3,808
Federal grants and subsidies	13,235	12,859		10,470	21,796	22,453
Other shared revenue (sales and use tax levied by state) (1)	53,817	49,910		45,097	36,904	35,111
Other governmental	57,778	37,574		36,696	41,806	47,951
Charges for services	29,377	22,920		26,473	21,351	19,410
Fines and forfeitures	1,247	1,164		624	3,814	2,925
Use of money and property	9,528	8,197		8,172	9,318	9,536
Investment income:						
Interest income	1,063	1,762		3,088	916	650
Refunds and reimbursements	7,887	6,077		5,188	12,710	2,401
Miscellaneous	8,596	6,745		11,246	16,674	7,707
Total revenues	 344,044	293,716		293,766	306,285	263,323
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	26,761	29,235		27,229	34,652	25,510
Public safety	184,426	171,073		150,853	141,542	129,030
Public works	18,852	15,818		14,861	14,152	14,458
Library	12,416	10,619		10,107	9,880	9,793
Parks and recreation	22,462	20,493		19,295	19,094	17,202
Capital outlay	51,210	31,407		23,857	31,345	43,273
Debt service:	-					
Principal retirement	2,204	13,593		3,325	8,217	9,589
Cost of issuance	-	-		2,119	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	5,767	2,872		-,,-	3,229	4,661
Total expenditures	 324,098	295,110		251,646	262,111	253,516
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	 , - , - 0					
over (under) expenditures	\$ 19,946	\$ (1,394)	\$	42,120	\$ 44,174	\$ 9,807

### City of Stockton Table 4 Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

		]	Fiscal Year		
	 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Other financing sources (uses):					
Capital contributions	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Transfers in	19,077	23,347	15,916	16,860	13,497
Transfers out	(37,913)	(12,966)	(18,810)	(20,235)	(13,031)
Transfers from successor Agency	734	-	-	-	-
Special item	6,203	-	-	-	-
Bond insurers proceeds	-	-	-	29,178	7,800
Operating transfers out to a component unit	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of current refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Sales of capital assets	800	492	379	521	200
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	(6,080)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (11,099)	10,873	(2,515)	20,244	8,466
Special items			-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	8,847	9,479	39,605	64,417	18,273
Fund balance, beginning of year, original	225,581	216,100	176,495	112,078	93,806
Prior period restatement	-	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	 225,581	216,100	176,495	112,078	93,806
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 234,427 \$	225,579 \$	216,100 \$	176,495 \$	112,078
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.0%	6.7%	2.4%	5.2%	7.3%

(1) Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved in 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases

Note: Some prior year balances may have been restated from previous ACFRs to reflect new GASB implementations or prior period restatement.

### City of Stockton Table 5 Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
	2023			2022		2021	2020		2019		
Property (1)	\$	42,578	\$	41,066	\$	38,523	\$ 36,692	\$	35,342		
In lieu of sales tax		-		-		-	-		-		
Utility user		42,445		38,328		36,414	34,537		34,252		
Sales (levied by city) (2)		90,305		82,951		68,639	57,077		57,911		
Franchise fees		22,547		19,932		16,901	15,292		12,307		
Business licenses		23,748		15,905		15,695	14,557		13,215		
Hotel/motel room		3,433		3,620		2,860	2,834		3,377		
Document transfer		1,028		1,626		1,222	912		1,071		
Other		4,628		4,016		2,874	3,262		2,905		
Totals	\$	230,713	\$	207,444	\$	183,127	\$ 165,163	\$	160,379		

(1) Property taxes decreased beginning in 2009 due to declining residential home values and foreclosures, resulting in a devaluation of City's assessed valuation performed by San Joaquin County. Also, between 2008 and 2011, property taxes collected by the RDA was included in the City's property tax revenue.

(2) Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved in 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases.

### City of Stockton Table 5 Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
		2018	2018 20		2017 20		2016 2		2014		% Change 2014 to 2023
Property (1)	\$	33,068	\$	32,411	\$	30,646	\$	29,573	\$	28,014	52%
In lieu of sales tax		44		-		8,775		9,816		9,706	-100%
Utility user		35,415		34,455		33,379		32,921		32,369	31%
Sales (levied by city) (2)		52,788		42,506		39,070		37,208		15,536	481%
Franchise fees		13,243		13,289		12,397		12,380		11,981	88%
Business licenses		13,507		12,243		11,995		10,805		10,392	129%
Hotel/motel room		3,193		2,997		2,711		2,378		2,080	65%
Document transfer		1,126		801		856		587		565	82%
Other		2,916		1,939		1,535		930		728	536%
Totals	\$	155,301	\$	140,642	\$	141,364	\$	136,598	\$	111,371	107%

(1) Property taxes decreased beginning in 2009 due to declining residential home values and foreclosures, resulting in a devaluation of City's assessed valuation performed by San Joaquin County. Also, between 2008 and 2011, property taxes collected by the RDA was included in the City's property tax revenue.

(2) Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved in 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases.

### City of Stockton Table 6 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			I	Fiscal Year		
	 2023	2022		2021	2020	2019
Secured roll	\$ 28,140,015	\$ 26,379,229	\$	24,952,342	\$ 23,628,432	\$ 22,488,506
Utility roll	6,402	6,496		6,507	5,827	5,816
Unsecured roll	 1,824,858	1,563,966		1,507,064	1,439,016	1,610,921
Gross assessed value	29,971,275	27,949,691		26,465,914	25,073,275	24,105,243
Less exemptions (1)	 2,062,260	2,020,034		1,980,526	1,948,125	1,917,101
Net assessed value	 27,909,014	25,929,657		24,485,388	23,125,150	22,188,142
Land	7,695,368	7,164,141		6,823,616	6,506,827	6,280,943
Improvements	21,012,393	19,716,382		18,716,229	17,635,057	16,582,837
Personal property	 1,263,513	1,069,169		926,070	931,391	1,241,463
Gross assessed value	29,971,275	27,949,691		26,465,914	25,073,275	24,105,243
Less exemptions (1)	 2,062,260	2,020,034		1,980,526	1,948,125	1,917,101
Net assessed value	\$ 27,909,014	\$ 25,929,657	\$	24,485,388	\$ 23,125,150	\$ 22,188,142
Total Direct Tax Rate	1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

(1) For FY 2023, all exemptions (secured, utility, and unsecured rolls) are: homeowners - \$212,688 and other - \$1,849,572 = \$2,062,260

Note: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property being sold is reassessed at the purchase price. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

### City of Stockton Table 6 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			1	Fiscal Year		
	 2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Secured roll	\$ 21,378,475	\$ 20,299,172	\$	19,473,994 \$	18,496,369	\$ 16,981,109
Utility roll	5,863	5,833		6,199	6,209	6,228
Unsecured roll	 1,629,758	1,596,101		1,651,844	1,638,161	1,557,131
Gross assessed value	23,014,096	21,901,106		21,132,037	20,140,739	18,544,468
Less exemptions (1)	 1,532,852	1,786,986		1,729,742	1,717,223	1,699,348
Net assessed value	 21,481,244	20,114,120		19,402,295	18,423,516	16,845,120
Land	6,081,944	5,713,082		5,420,167	4,978,511	4,597,437
Improvements	15,666,837	15,004,037		14,501,054	13,928,278	12,868,329
Personal property	 1,265,315	1,183,987		1,210,816	1,233,950	1,078,702
Gross assessed value	23,014,096	21,901,106		21,132,037	20,140,739	18,544,468
Less exemptions (1)	 1,532,852	1,786,986		1,729,742	1,717,223	1,699,348
Net assessed value	\$ 21,481,244	\$ 20,114,120	\$	19,402,295 \$	18,423,516	\$ 16,845,120
Total Direct Tax Rate	1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

(1) For FY 2023, all exemptions (secured, utility, and unsecured rolls) are: homeowners - \$212,688 and other - \$1,849,572 = \$2,062,260

Note: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property being sold is reassessed at the purchase price. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

### City of Stockton Table 7 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Basic			a	San Joaquin	
	Countywide	~		Stockton Unified	Delta College	
Fiscal Year	Levy	City	<b>Total Direct</b>	School District	District	Total
2023	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2189	0.0144	1.2333
2022	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.1922	0.0163	1.2085
2021	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2271	0.0183	1.2454
2020	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2455	0.0199	1.2654
2019	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2443	0.0225	1.2668
2018	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2054	0.0180	1.2234
2017	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2537	0.0180	1.2717
2016	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2710	0.0198	1.2908
2015	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2280	0.0233	1.2513
2014	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2105	0.0194	1.2299

Note: On June 6, 1978, California voters approved an amendment to the Article XIIIA of the California Constitution. The amendment, commonly known as Proposition 13, limits the taxing power of California public agencies. The California Legislature enacted legislation to implement Article XIIIA (Statues of 1978, Chapter 292, as amended) providing that local agencies may not levy any property tax except to pay debt service on indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978, and that each county will levy the maximum tax permitted of \$1.00 per \$100.00 of full assessed value.

Source: San Joaquin County Tax Rate Book

### City of Stockton Table 8 Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
			2023							
	As	Taxable sessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value			
Wal Mart Real Estate Bus Trust/Sam's	\$	207,617	1	0.795 %	56,763	8	0.370 %			
Prologis		201,251	2	0.771 %	51,012	10	0.333 %			
Patmon Company Inc		149,501	3	0.573 %	-					
Excel Stockton LLC		126,103	4	0.483 %	119,813	1	0.782 %			
EGMR Norcal Logistics Center LLC		108,519	5	0.416 %	-					
Central Valley Indust core holdings LLC		96,237	6	0.369 %	54,442	9	0.355 %			
Wilshire Newcastle road owner LLC		96,000	7	0.368 %						
ARC BBSTNCA001		84,084	8	0.322 %	66,430	6	0.433 %			
Simpson Manufacturing Co Inc		77,020	9	0.295 %	85,055	2	0.555 %			
Trader Joes company		72,794	10	0.279 %	-					
Buzz Oates LLC		-		0.000 %	72,793	3	0.475 %			
Diamond Walnut Growers Inc		-		0.000 %	69,481	4	0.453 %			
Corn Products International Inc		-		0.000 %	67,429	5	0.440 %			
A G Spanos Construction Inc		-		0.000 %	65,548	7	0.428 %			
Fresh and Easy Neighborhood Market Inc.		-		0.000 %	-		- %			
Inland Western Stockton Airport Way II LLC		-		0.000 %	-		- %			
WTM Glimcher LLC		-		0.000 %	-		- %			
Principal Secured Property Valuation		1,219,126		4.669 %	708,766		4.624 %			
Other Secured Taxpayers		26,927,290		103.117	16,272,343		106.160			
Total Secured Property Valuation Before Exemptions		28,146,416	•	107.786 %	16,981,109		110.784 %			
Less Exemptions relative to secured tax roll (1)		2,033,076		7.786	1,653,022		10.784			
Total Secured Property Valuation	\$	26,113,340		100.000 %	\$ 15,328,087		100.000 %			

(1) Exemptions relative to secured tax roll:

FY 2023 - homeowners - \$211,611 and other - \$1,820,465 = \$2,033,076 FY 2014 - homeowners - \$234,275 and other - \$1,418,747 = \$1,653,022

Note: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold. At that point, the purchase price becomes the new assessed value. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: San Joaquin County Assessor's Office

San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

### City of Stockton Table 9 Secured Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Col	lected Within th Le	e Fiscal Year of the vy	_	 Total Collections to Date						
Fiscal Year	Lev	red Taxes ied for the scal Year		Amount	Percent of Levy (1)	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy					
2023	\$	39,453	\$	39,453	100 %	-	\$ 39,453	100 %					
2022	\$	39,099	\$	39,099	100 %	-	\$ 39,099	100 %					
2021	\$	36,615	\$	36,615	100 %	-	\$ 36,615	100 %					
2020	\$	34,739	\$	34,739	100 %		\$ 34,739	100 %					
2019	\$	33,521	\$	33,521	100 %	-	\$ 33,521	100 %					
2018	\$	31,193	\$	31,193	100 %		\$ 31,193	100 %					
2017	\$	30,495	\$	30,495	100 %	-	\$ 30,495	100 %					
2016	\$	28,907	\$	28,907	100 %	-	\$ 28,907	100 %					
2015	\$	27,852	\$	27,852	100 %	-	\$ 27,852	100 %					
2014	\$	25,952	\$	25,952	100 %	-	\$ 25,952	100 %					

(1) Per agreement with San Joaquin County; the County provides the City with 100% of the amount owed for secured properties, regardless of collection status. In exchange, the County is entitled to 100% of delinquency and penalty revenues collected.

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

# City of Stockton Table 10 Water Sold by Customer Type Last Five Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
-	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
<u>Type of Customer</u>					
Residential	7,516,755 cf	8,204,224 cf	10,610,177 cf	7,997,883 cf	7,669,451 cf
Institutional	782,656	858,661	1,105,150	827,124	789,265
Commercial/Industrial	1,567,709	1,707,532	2,018,500	1,588,605	1,645,890
Irrigation	1,291,195	1,603,842	2,025,832	1,457,258	1,294,982
Total	11,158,315 cf	12,374,259	15,759,659 cf	11,870,870 cf	11,399,588 cf

1 cubic foot (cf) = 7.481 gallons



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## City of Stockton Table 11 Water and Wastewater Utility Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Water									
Fiscal Year	Monthl	y Base Rate		lditional Per 0 cf**		dditional Per 0 cf**	Monthly Base Rate				
2023	\$	35.30	\$	2.49	\$	2.96	\$	52.53			
2022	\$	33.90	\$	2.47	\$	2.95	\$	49.56			
2021	\$	33.90	\$	2.47	\$	2.95	\$	46.75			
2020	\$	32.90	\$	2.39	\$	2.86	\$	44.10			
2019	\$	31.95	\$	2.31	\$	2.76	\$	38.36			
2018	\$	31.00	\$	2.23	\$	2.66	\$	38.36			
2017	\$	28.00	\$	2.00	\$	2.39	\$	38.36			
2016	\$	22.25	\$	1.67	\$	-	\$	37.76			
2015	\$	21.90	\$	1.64	\$	-	\$	37.09			
2014	\$	21.51	\$	1.61	\$	-	\$	34.03			

\*Effective 8/01/2016-Water Consumption Tier 1 0-15 CF and Tier 2 15+CF. 100 cf = 100 cubic feet (748 gallons)

Rates are based on 1" and less meter, which is the standard household meter size.

\*\*The Utility charges an excess use rate above normal demand.

### City of Stockton Table 12 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

	Notes Payable / Equip. Certificates Leases										
Fiscal Year	evenue* onds (1)	of Participation		/Su	bscription ttlements		Pension Bonds*	Total Governmental Activities			
2023	\$ -	\$	-	\$	11,624	\$	52,884	\$	64,508		
2022	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,700	\$	53,084	\$	57,784		
2021	\$ -	\$	-	\$	6,321	\$	53,248	\$	59,569		
2020	\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,196	\$	53,378	\$	61,574		
2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,990	\$	53,478	\$	63,468		
2018	\$ 9,425	\$	-	\$	15,853	\$	53,547	\$	78,825		
2017	\$ 9,915	\$	-	\$	18,130	\$	53,589	\$	81,634		
2016	\$ 10,385	\$	11,500	\$	18,298	\$	53,606	\$	93,789		
2015	\$ 10,835	\$	11,890	\$	18,095	\$	54,530	\$	95,350		
2014	\$ 75,285	\$	12,265	\$	20,157	\$	121,770	\$	229,477		

\*Includes settlement amounts for debts adjusted under Chapter 9 of the US Bankruptcy Code.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 8-Long-Term Debt

(1) These ratios are calculated using the latest available data, personal income for fiscal year 2017 and population for fiscal year 2019.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services

US Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis State of California, Department of Finance

### City of Stockton Table 12 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

Business-type Activities								-						
Fiscal Year		levenue Bonds		ertificates of rticipation	-	Notes Payable / Equip. Leases /Subscription		Total ısiness-type Activities	Total	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Percent of Personal Income (2)		Population	mount Per upita (2)
2023	\$	261,508	\$	-	\$	121,398	\$	382,906	\$ 447,414	\$ 35,926,949	1.25	%	319,731	\$ 1,399
2022	\$	274,233	\$	-	\$	121,564	\$	395,797	\$ 453,581	\$ 35,926,949	1.26	%	322,489	\$ 1,407
2021	\$	261,845	\$	-	\$	129,381	\$	391,226	\$ 450,795	\$ 35,926,949	1.25	%	320,804	\$ 1,405
2020	\$	144,710	\$	-	\$	129,380	\$	274,090	\$ 335,664	\$ 35,926,895	0.93	%	318,522	\$ 1,054
2019	\$	279,039	\$	-	\$	10,870	\$	289,909	\$ 353,377	\$ 31,920,000	1.11	%	316,410	\$ 1,117
2018	\$	312,700	\$	-	\$	10,870	\$	323,570	\$ 402,395	\$ 21,591,742	1.86	%	315,103	\$ 1,277
2017	\$	326,165	\$	-	\$	10,870	\$	337,035	\$ 418,669	\$ 28,150,538	1.49	%	320,554	\$ 1,306
2016	\$	336,218	\$	-	\$	10,954	\$	347,172	\$ 440,961	\$ 21,591,742	2.04	%	315,592	\$ 1,397
2015	\$	343,926	\$	-	\$	11,040	\$	354,966	\$ 450,316	\$ 21,591,742	2.09	%	306,999	\$ 1,467
2014	\$	284,225	\$	81,270	\$	11,123	\$	376,618	\$ 606,095	\$ 21,591,742	2.81	%	300,899	\$ 2,014

\*Includes settlement amounts for debts adjusted under Chapter 9 of the US Bankruptcy Code.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 8-Long-Term Debt

(1) These ratios are calculated using the latest available data, personal income for fiscal year 2017 and population for fiscal year 2019.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services

US Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis State of California, Department of Finance

### City of Stockton Table 13 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

				General	l Bon	ded Debt Outs	tand	ing*							
Fiscal Year	Lease Revenue P Bonds			Certificates of Participation (2)		Pension Obligation Bonds (1)		Redevelopment Agency Bonds*		Total	Percent Assesse Property	ed	Amount Per Capita		
2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,885	\$	-	\$	52,885	0.002	%	\$	0.17	
2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,084	\$	-	\$	53,084	0.002	%	\$	0.16	
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,248	\$	-	\$	53,248	0.002	%	\$	0.17	
2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,378	\$	-	\$	53,378	0.002	%	\$	0.17	
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,478	\$	-	\$	53,478	0.002	%	\$	0.17	
2018	\$	9,425	\$	-	\$	53,547	\$	-	\$	62,972	0.003	%	\$	0.20	
2017	\$	9,915	\$	-	\$	53,589	\$	-	\$	63,504	0.003	%	\$	0.20	
2016	\$	10,385	\$	11,500	\$	53,606	\$	-	\$	75,491	0.004	%	\$	0.24	
2015	\$	10,835	\$	11,890	\$	54,529	\$	-	\$	77,254	0.004	%	\$	0.25	
2014	\$	75,285	\$	12,265	\$	121,770	\$	119,210	\$	328,530	0.020	%	\$	1.09	

\* Redevelopment Agency Bonds are no longer included in the General Bonded debt

(1)Includes settlement amounts for debts adjusted under Chapter 9 of the US Bankruptcy Code.

(2)General Fund liability limited to only 80.5% of amounts due on principal shown

General bonded debt is payable with governmental fund resources. General obligation bonds (of which the City has none) are backed by the taxing authority of the City (taxes may be raised to provide resources for debt service payments.)

Source: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office State of California, Department of Finance

## City of Stockton Table 14 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:		Total Debt 6/30/2023	Percentage Applicable (1)		City's share of Debt 6/30/2023
San Joaquin Delta Community College District	\$	175,675,000	26.139	%	\$ 45,919,688
Stockton Unified School District		466,597,362	84.125		392,525,031
Lodi Unified School District		283,480,000	34.036		96,485,253
Lodi Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 1		40,075,000	85.721		34,352,691
Lincoln Unified School District		62,180,787	86.494		53,782,650
Lincoln Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1		13,526,567	79.845		10,800,287
Manteca Unified School District		211,129,885	12.541		26,477,799
Manteca Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1989-1		11,243,715	100.000		11,243,715
Tracy Joint Unified School District and School Facilities Improvement Dist. No.3		128,079,900	0.003 & 0.006		6,820
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 99-02		22,585,000	100.000		22,585,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2001-1 (Spanos Park West)		9,430,358	100.000		9,430,358
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2003-1		1,447,060	100.000		1,447,060
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2005-1		8,905,000	100.000		8,905,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2006-1		2,163,162	100.000		2,163,162
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2006-2		2,826,000	100.000		2,826,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2006-3		4,313,598	100.000		4,313,598
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2018-1		3,250,000	100.000		3,250,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2018-2, I.A. 1 & 2		23,190,000	100.000		23,190,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2019-1		9,915,000	100.000		9,915,000
City of Stockton 1915 Act Bonds		15,233,528	100.000		15,233,528
Reclamation District No. 2042 Community Facilities District No. 2001-1		3,693,924	18.211		672,700
San Joaquin Area Flood Control District Smith Assessment District		21,705,000	57.451		12,469,740
San Joaquin County Reclamation District No. 17 Assessment District		20,515,719	27.618		5,666,031
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT		20,515,717	27.010	-	793,661,111
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:					
San Joaquin County Certificates of Participation		54,940,000	28.297	%	15,546,372
Lincoln Unified School District Certificates of Participation		7,630,000	86.494		6,599,492
Lodi Unified School District Certificates of Participation		8,590,000	34.036		2,923,692
Manteca Unified School District General Fund Obligations		13,979,000	12.541		1,753,106
Stockton Unified School District Certificates of Participation		24,160,000	84.125		20,324,600
Lathrop-Manteca Rural Fire Protection District certificates of Participation		3,410,000	0.022		750
City of Stockton Bond Insurer Settlement Agreement Liability		52,884,811	100.000		52,884,811
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		, ,		-	100,032,823
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	_			-	
2016 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series A	-	73,310,000	100.000	%	73,310,000
2016 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series B		7,340,000	100.000	_	7,340,000
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT				-	80,650,000
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT					52,884,811 921,459,123
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)					974,343,934
2022-23 Assessed Valuation (3):	\$	28,121,702			
(after deducting \$1,849,572 Other Exemptions Valuation)					
2022-23 Population					
Debt Ratios			Per Capita		Assessed Value
Total Gross Debt (2)	\$	974,343,934	\$ 3,047		3464.74 %
Ratios to 2022-23 Assessed Valuation: Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation: Combined Direct Debt		793,661,111 52,884,811	2,482 165		2822.24 188.06
<ul> <li>(1) Percent of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the</li> <li>(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue</li> <li>(2) Represents Group Assessed Valuation of a doubting \$2,062,062</li> </ul>			onds and non-bon	dec	l capital lease

(3) Represents Gross Assessed Valuation after deducting \$2,062,062

Sources: California Municipal Statistics, Inc., San Francisco, CA

San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

State of California, Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit

### City of Stockton Table 15 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Assessed valuation (1)	\$ 28,121,702	\$ 26,144,691	\$ 24,701,296	\$ 23,343,395	\$ 22,407,298
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	7,030,426	6,536,173	6,175,324	5,835,849	5,601,825
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt Limit	1,054,564	980,426	926,299	875,377	840,274
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,054,564	\$ 980,426	\$ 926,299	\$ 875,377	\$ 840,274
Legal debt margin/debt limit	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(1) Reflects City assessed valuation excluding other exemptions of \$1,764,618,090. Redevelopment Agency was dissolved in 2013.

Under State law, the City has a legal debt limitation not to exceed 15% of the total assessed valuation of taxable property within the City boundaries, adjusted for subsequent legislative actions. In accordance with California Government Code Section 43605, only the City's general obligation bonds are subject to the legal limit. The City of Stockton does carry bonded debt secured by special assessments and other revenue sources, but at this time, doesn't have any outstanding general obligation bonds. The City is not at risk of exceeding its legal debt limit.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services California Municipal Statistics, Inc., San Francisco, CA San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

### City of Stockton Table 15 Legal Debt Margin Information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fiscal Year		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Assessed valuation (1)	\$ 21,362,446	\$ 20,337,129	\$ 19,628,594	\$ 18,653,199	\$ 17,079,491
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	5,340,612	5,084,282	4,907,149	4,663,300	4,269,873
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt Limit	801,092	762,642	736,072	699,495	640,481
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal debt margin	\$ 801,092	\$ 762,642	\$ 736,072	\$ 699,495	\$ 640,481
Legal debt margin/debt limit	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(1) Reflects City assessed valuation excluding other exemptions of \$1,764,618,090. Redevelopment Agency was dissolved in 2013.

Under State law, the City has a legal debt limitation not to exceed 15% of the total assessed valuation of taxable property within the City boundaries, adjusted for subsequent legislative actions. In accordance with California Government Code Section 43605, only the City's general obligation bonds are subject to the legal limit. The City of Stockton does carry bonded debt secured by special assessments and other revenue sources, but at this time, doesn't have any outstanding general obligation bonds. The City is not at risk of exceeding its legal debt limit.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services California Municipal Statistics, Inc., San Francisco, CA San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

## City of Stockton Table 16 Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year		Gross venues (1)	Less: perating penses (2)	Net available Revenue	P	rincipal	-	bt Service Interest	 Total	Debt Coverage Ratio
Water Reve	enue Bo	onds								
2023	\$	68,359	\$ 19,734	\$ 48,625	\$	6,205	\$	8,096	\$ 14,301	3.40
2022	\$	74,411	\$ 20,755	\$ 53,656	\$	5,910	\$	8,383	\$ 14,293	3.75
2021	\$	72,506	\$ 23,006	\$ 49,500	\$	5,630	\$	6,770	\$ 12,400	3.99
2020	\$	65,686	\$ 30,944	\$ 34,742	\$	4,975	\$	9,279	\$ 14,254	2.44
2019	\$	54,172	\$ 25,163	\$ 29,009	\$	5,000	\$	11,814	\$ 16,814	1.73
2018	\$	53,997	\$ 22,595	\$ 31,402	\$	4,955	\$	12,686	\$ 17,641	1.78
2017	\$	43,643	\$ 23,798	\$ 19,845	\$	83	\$	12,798	\$ 12,881	1.54
2016	\$	37,906	\$ 23,312	\$ 14,594	\$	87	\$	13,242	\$ 13,329	1.09 *
2015	\$	42,416	\$ 22,830	\$ 19,586	\$	4,263	\$	13,397	\$ 17,660	1.11 *
2014	\$	38,991	\$ 19,762	\$ 19,229	\$	3,939	\$	12,116	\$ 16,055	1.20

Note: Net Available Revenue for the Water Bonds provides a 3.35 debt coverage ratio for the senior lien issues and a 1.16 debt coverage ratio for the subordinate lien issues.

#### (Continued)

\* Coverage requirement is 1.15, however, it is applied in sequence, first to the senior, and then to the subordinate issues. Done in sequence both senior and subordinate issues met the coverage requirement in both years.

### City of Stockton Table 16 Pledged-Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year		Gross renues (1)		Less: perating penses (2)	Net wailable Revenue	P	rincipal	 ot Service nterest	 Total	Debt Coverage Ratio
Wastewater	Certif	icates of Pa	rticipa	tion						
2023	\$	88,696	\$	53,132	\$ 35,563	\$	4,410	\$ 3,374	\$ 7,784	4.57
2022	\$	83,916	\$	53,329	\$ 30,587	\$	4,195	\$ 3,500	\$ 7,695	3.97
2021	\$	80,221	\$	43,795	\$ 36,426	\$	3,995	\$ 2,497	\$ 6,492	5.61
2020	\$	82,314	\$	47,956	\$ 34,358	\$	3,795	\$ 3,701	\$ 7,496	4.58
2019	\$	70,849	\$	42,197	\$ 28,652	\$	3,635	\$ 2,860	\$ 6,495	4.41
2018	\$	70,938	\$	41,977	\$ 28,961	\$	3,490	\$ 3,002	\$ 6,492	4.46
2017	\$	68,597	\$	43,201	\$ 25,396	\$	3,345	\$ 3,139	\$ 6,484	3.92
2016	\$	70,532	\$	43,730	\$ 26,802	\$	3,230	\$ 3,254	\$ 6,484	4.13
2015	\$	57,321	\$	39,698	\$ 17,623	\$	3,390	\$ 3,217	\$ 6,607	2.67
2014	\$	61,230	\$	40,173	\$ 21,057	\$	3,230	\$ 4,143	\$ 7,373	2.86

Includes all nongeneral obligation long term debt backed by pledged revenues.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Note 8 - Long-Term Debt of these financial statements.

(1) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

### City of Stockton Table 16 Pledged-Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year		Gross enues (1)	Less: perating penses (2)	Net Available Revenue	 Principal	 ebt Service Interest	 Total	Debt Coverage Ratio
Parking Au	thority							
2023	\$	5,766	\$ 419	\$ 1,587	\$ 360	\$ 1,162	\$ 1,522	1.04
2022	\$	5,902	\$ 3,651	\$ 2,251	\$ 245	\$ 1,174	\$ 1,419	1.59
2021	\$	4,628	\$ 3,007	\$ 1,621		\$ 1,194	\$ 1,194	1.36

(1) Includes all nongeneral obligation long term debt backed by pledged revenues. Please not that principal and interest for an internal loan subordinated to the 2020 Parking Revenue Bonds is not included. Had payments for that loan been included, coverage would have been 0.81
 (2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Note 8 - Long-Term Debt of these financial statements.

## City of Stockton Table 17 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Incom (millions of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate	t	Labor Force (1)	Total Housing Units	Household Average Size	I	/ledian Family ncome	School Enrollment
2023	319,731	\$ 18,475	\$ 57,783	7.2	%	134,800	103,808	3.13	\$	63,916	104,877
2022	322,489	\$ 16,710	\$ 51,816	5.7	%	131,200	103,318	3.15	\$	58,393	105,335
2021	320,804	\$ 15,122	\$ 47,139	10.3	%	132,463	101,960	3.25	\$	54,614	98,646
2020	318,522	\$ 16,346	\$ 51,318	13.1	%	130,300	101,235	3.26	\$	51,318	101,162
2019	316,410	\$ 13,549	\$ 42,822	7.0	%	129,000	100,877	3.39	\$	48,396	105,705
2018	315,103	\$ 12,748	\$ 40,458	6.3	%	134,500	100,593	3.15	\$	46,033	99,347
2017	320,554	\$ 12,428	\$ 38,770	7.3	%	127,000	100,254	3.23	\$	44,797	71,491
2016	315,592	\$ 11,404	\$ 36,136	8.3	%	127,900	100,146	3.20	\$	45,347	71,738
2015	306,999	\$ 10,670	\$ 34,755	8.5	%	127,000	100,097	3.23	\$	46,831	66,037
2014	300,899	\$ 9,937	\$ 33,024	12.8	%	125,600	100,025	3.23	\$	47,246	69,183

(1) Labor Force corrected for FY 15, FY 16, FY 17 which reported previously as San Joaquin County labor force , corrected to State, the City of Stockton labor force only.

Personal income is the income received by all persons from all sources. Personal income is the sum of net earnings by place of residence, rental income of persons, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and personal current transfer receipts.

Per capita personal income is calculated as the personal income of residents of a given area divided by the resident population of the area. In computing per capita personal income, Bureau of Economic Analysis uses the Census Bureau's annual midyear population estimates.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services & Community Development Department

- CA Dept. of Finance and Employment Development Department
- US Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- US Census Bureau
- CA Dept. of Education

# City of Stockton Table 18 Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023			2014	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total City Employment
Stockton Unified School District	5,341	1	3.96%	3,366	3	2.68%
Amazon	4,650	2	3.45%			
St. Joseph's Medical Center	3,200	3	2.37%	4,600	2	3.66%
San Joaquin County Office of Education	2,436	4	1.81%	4,720	1	3.76%
City of Stockton	2,138	5	1.59%	1,862	4	1.48%
University of the Pacific	1,816	6	1.35%	900	9	0.72%
Pacific Gas and Electric	1,550	7	1.15%	1,100	6	0.88%
Lincoln Unified School District	1,125	8	0.83%	631	10	0.50%
Kaiser Permanente	1,065	9	0.79%	1,065	7	0.85%
San Joaquin Delta College	813	10	0.60%	1,000	8	0.80%
Dameron Hospital O'Reilly Auto Parts				1,200	5	0.96%
O-G Packing Company						
Diamond Walnut						
Total	24,134		17.90%	20,444		16.28%

Note: Principal employers are based on best available information.

Sources: San Joaquin Partnership Survey, August 2023 City of Stockton ACFR, 2014

# City of Stockton Table 19 Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees By Function/Program/Department Last Five Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Function/Program/Department:					
Admin Services	77	73	78	74	73
City Attorney	11	9	10	12	10
City Clerk	8	7	7	7	5
City Council/Mayor	4	4	3	4	3
City Manager	29	32	30	26	28
Community Development	46	42	40	42	38
Community Services	105	102	101	101	98
Human Resources	29	30	22	32	25
Information Technology	32	37	39	41	40
Police:					
Sworn	352	405	433	432	469
Non-sworn	173	175	189	216	193
Animal control	9	6	11	12	11
Total Police	534	586	633	660	673
Fire:					
Firefighters-sworn	196	165	171	160	177
Firefighters-auxiliary	10	41	0	21	32
Non-sworn personnel	46	34	34	32	30
Total Fire	252	240	205	213	239
Public Works	142	140	135	135	141
Economic Development	23	20	20	18	17
Water Utility	41	47	48	47	47
Wastewater Utility	150	147	147	142	144
Stormwater Utility	4	3	5	4	4
Total	1487	1519	1523	1558	1,585

\*Auxiliary fire fighter program on hold due to COVID-19

\*Non-Sworn includes Police Officer Trainees

Source: City of Stockton Human Resources Department

# City of Stockton Table 20 Operating Indicators by Function/Program/Department Last Five Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General government: Building permits issued Business tax certificates:	9,022	7,714	8,815	7,378	7,380
Retail sales and service	5,345	5,109	6,434	7,805	5,707
Rental Properties - Commercial and Residential	2,495	2,495	4,267	4,491	4,165
Wholesale	2,116	319	443	393	404
Manufacturers and processors	165	121	152	149	159
Professions	1,391	1,289	1,760	1,561	1,614
Miscellaneous contractors, peddlers, delivery vehicles, etc. Improvement district and hotel/motel room tax Utility billing/customer service:	4,810	5,219	5,640	4,900	4,579
Utility bills issued	1,032,007	1,040,607	1,186,454	1,000,452	1,051,220
Utility accounts opened and closed	7,918	19,933	46,905	17,582	20,818
New service locations (water) added	427	411	378	283	245
Delinquency Notices Sent - Active Accounts	-	-	-	75,687	82,303
Water Service Terminated for Non-Payment	-	-	-	3,055	4,989
Utility customer service calls received	35,090	59,951	49,999	45,231	54,695
Utility customers using automated voice response	611,396	678,091	802,378	709,134	849,706
Utility Customers Using Online Pmt/Account Access	32,850	32,850	44,467	32,852	32,893
Miscellaneous accounts receivable bills issued	15,751	10,005	14,770	14,024	37,057
Public safety:					
Police:					
Major reported crimes	13,420	12,250	12,548	15,654	17,233
Total arrests	12,115	12,915	8,272	11,152	10,945
Dispatched calls for service	185,790	204,270	207,355	176,311	183,834
Fire:					
Interior structure fire calls	283	332	293	398	364
Non-structural fire calls	3,365	2,616	3,895	5,719	3,254
Hazardous materials calls	368	252	301	593	331
Emergency medical calls	17,692	19,557	18,485	34,287	26,129
Total emergency calls	42,613	46,756	51,515	57,396	51,613
Total number of units dispatched	52,302	57,198	54,470	60,162	61,026
Public works:					
Miles of streets resurfaced	15	26	22	28	7
Fleet job orders completed	4,786	5,725	6,617	7,764	8,765

# City of Stockton Table 20 Operating Indicators by Function/Program/Department (Continued) Last Five Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
brary:					
Registered borrowers	143,604	145,990	155,999	152,726	175,374
Circulation of library materials	1,175,080	1,021,233	576,605	943,196	1,356,142
Reference, research and informational questions answered	95,438	61,020	43,122	70,583	104,670
Annual attendance at libraries	615,282	425,695	120,679	578,193	793,255
Number of programs offered	4,037	1,719	246	3,110	4,410
Annual attendance at programs	84,869	38,640	5,831	60,066	94,210
urks and Recreation:					
Golf rounds:					
Swenson Park golf course	55,898	59,076	79,968	65,489	50,29
Van Buskirk golf course	-	-	-	1,904	9,99
Trees planted	348	106	20	3	
Heritage tree removal-permits issued	-	-	-	9	
After school program registration (number of participants)	17,285	11,558	471	16,153	21,72
Day camp participants	2,626	2,703	444	2,753	3,68
Instructional classes	1,791	2,036	-	1,781	2,98
Softball/baseball diamonds bookings	204	169	41	142	14
Showmobile (Mobile Stage) bookings	-	15	1	15	1
Community center bookings	515	423	-	636	63
Picnic facility bookings	240	305	7	172	30
Adult sports (number of teams):					
Softball	148	153	45	57	10
Basketball	73	63	-	16	2
Volleyball	9	9	-	-	
Youth sports (basketball, track, soccer, baseball, volleyball, flag					
football) (number of participants)	1,773	1,397	375	1,351	2,99

### City of Stockton Table 20 Operating Indicators by Function/Program/Department (Continued) Last Five Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Parks and Recreation (cont.):	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Admissions to:					
Pixie Woods	58,694	14,235	973	8,995	15,480
Senior Center memberships	877	1,131	-	1,075	615
Civic Auditorium bookings	143	120	66	116	133
Parks and Recreation sponsored events	82	5	1	15	22
Weber Point Events Center bookings	23	16	1	15	15
Economic Development: (1)					
Rental Housing Units	-	105	-	127	51
Owner Housing (Emergency Repair or Rehabilitation)	3	1	2	2	5
Down Payment Assistance	-	-	-	-	3
Special Needs (Homes Repaired or Rehabilitated)	-	-	-	-	2
Public Facilities (Rehabilitated or Constructed)	-	1	-	5	1
Façade Program (Commercial Façade Repair/Rehabilitated)	4	1	2	2	1
Public Services Provided	100,341	712	83,553	47,605	23,760
Homeless Services Provided	10,182	7,040	4,806	5,413	4,859
Meals Provided to Homeless	4,708	249,455	126,408	41,882	39,848
Jobs Created and/or Retained	-	-	1	2	-
Business Assisted (Entrepreneur Program)	157	175	157	229	292
Water utility:					
New connections (DUE's) (2)	338	473	589	105	221
Water main breaks	27	26	18	15	21
Wastewater utility:					
Average daily influent (million gallons per day)	27mgd	25mgd	25mgd	27 mgd	30 mgd

(1) Housing Dept. was abolished and Economic Development Dept. was established in FY 2010.

(2) Changed reporting to Dwelling Unit Equivalent (DUE) in 2011 to more accurately reflect new connections. Not all single water connections are equal to one dwelling unit equivalent (DUE), or single family residence. For example, a 12" meter is equal to 209 single family residential connections. In 2011, there were 115 new connections which were equal to 654 DUE's.

Source: City of Stockton Departments

# City of Stockton Table 21 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program/Department Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
General government:						
Land use-square miles:						
Residential	22	22	24	25	25	
Mixed use	4	4	4	4	4	
Commercial	5	5	4	4	4	
Industrial	13	13	14	13	13	
Institutional	6	6	4	4	4	
All other uses	4	4	3	3	3	
Total square miles	54	54	53	53	53	
Public safety:						
Police:						
Facilities:						
Stations and substations	1	1	1	1	1	
Animal control facility	1	1	1	1	1	
Police training facility (pistol range)	1	1	1	1	1	
Vehicles:						
Marked patrol cars	189	153	181	212	192	
Motorcycles and scooters	31	27	27	27	32	
Animal control vehicles	12	12	11	9	8	
VIPS vehicles	7	6	5	6	7	
Other automobiles	226	158	198	213	231	
Other mobile units (all others)	17	24	24	15	22	
Public area security cameras	416	372	356	356	345	
Fire:						
Fire stations	12	12	12	12	12	
Training facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Fire hydrants	9335	9302	9220	9177	9,218	
Public works:						
Miles of streets	781	781	781	769	769	
Traffic signals	311	317	316	316	310	
Street light fixtures	19,325	19,296	19,279	19,279	19,208	
Rectangular Rapid flashing Beaconns	65	-	-	-	-	

# City of Stockton Table 21 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program/Department (Continued) Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Parks and recreation:						
Arena	1	1	1	1	1	
Ballpark Baseball/softball diamonds	1 54	1 54	1 54	1 54	1 54	
Bike/jogging paths (miles)	20	20	20	20	20	
Boating facilities - launch lanes Children's Museum	12 1	12 1	12 1	12 1	12 1	
Civic Auditorium (2,800 capacity)	1	1	1	1	1	
Community centers	5	5	5	5	5	
Dog Areas	3	3	3	3	3	
Family camps	1	1	1	1	1	
Golf course acreage	371	371	371	371	371	
Group picnic areas	31	31	31	31	31	
Gymnasium Ice rink	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	
Municipal golf courses	2	2	3	3	3	
Park acreage	625	625	625	625	625	
Parks and squares	67	67	67	67	67	
Philomathean Club	1	1	1	1	1	
Playgrounds	63	63	63	71	71	
Senior center	1	1	1	1	1	
Showmobile (Mobile Stage)	1	1	1	1	1	
Skateboard park	1	1	1	1	1	
Swimming pools	7	7	7	7	7	
Teen Center	1	1	1	1	1	
Tennis courts	67	67	67	67	67	
Theater (Bob Hope)	1	1	1	1	1	
Weber Point Events Center	1	1	1	1	1	
Consolidated landscape maintenance districts:						
Streetscaping (square feet)	3.6 million					
Public open spaces (acreage)	70	70	70	70	70	

# City of Stockton Table 21 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program/Department (Continued) Last Five Fiscal Years

	F' 1 V					
	2023	2022	Fiscal Year 2021	2020	2019	
Library:		2022	2021	2020	2017	
City branches	8	8	8	8	7	
Library mobile units	1	2	2	2	2	
San Joaquin County branches	7	8	8	8	8	
Total items in collection	547,525	655,305	704,864	875,434	772,206	
Cargo delivery van	1	2	2	2	2	
Cargo van	4	1	1	1	1	
Undeveloped land for branch library		2	2	2	2	
Integrated library system	1	1	1	1	1	
Microform readers	5		-	7	7	
Microform readers/printers	6	6	6	7	7	
Self check out machines	13	21	21	22	24	
Water utility:						
Water main lines (miles)	612	702	702	702	668	
Storage capacity (thousand gallons)	26,200	26,200	26,200	26,200	26,200	
Water wells (active)	12	19	20	20	20	
Water reservoirs	8	8	8	8	8	
Wastewater utility:						
Wastewater main lines (miles)	922	921	919	887	883	
Treatment capacity (million gals/day)	55	55	55	55	55	
Wastewater pump stations	28	28	28	27	27	
Stormwater utility:						
Stormwater main drain lines (miles)	612	628	627	627	626	
Stormwater pump stations	76	75	73	73	73	
Parking Authority:						
Parking spaces	5,179	5,179	5,440	5,440	5,440	
Parking lots & garages	21	21	21	21	21	

Source: City of Stockton Departments



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