



FY 2023-24 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Stockton, California



# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 CITY OF STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA

Prepared and Issued by Administrative Services Department

### **Chad Reed**

**Deputy City Manager** 

Interim Chief Financial Officer











### City of Stockton Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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### OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER

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September 22, 2025

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, Audit Committee and the Citizens of the City of Stockton, California

The Stockton City Charter, federal grant regulations, and agreements with investors require the City of Stockton, California ("City") to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and audited by a firm of licensed, certified public accountants. Under those requirements, we respectfully submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") of the City of Stockton for the fiscal year ("FY") ended June 30, 2024.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge, the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; and is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. This report contains all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to fully understand the City's financial affairs.

An overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year is discussed in detail in the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") section of the ACFR.

### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Stockton is located in the center of California's San Joaquin Valley and is the seat of San Joaquin County. Stockton is located about 80 miles east of the San Francisco Bay Area and 40 miles south of Sacramento, California's Capitol.

One of the oldest cities in the State of California, Stockton was founded in 1849 and incorporated in 1850. In 1888, the voters approved Stockton's first local Charter, which was ratified by the State Legislature in 1889. The current Charter was approved by the voters in November 1922 and became effective in 1923. This Charter changed the city from a commission form of government to the current City Council-City Manager form of government. Under the Council-Manager form of government, the City Council has policy-making and legislative authority. Representatives from six districts are chosen by district elections, with the mayor being chosen by citywide election, for staggered four-year terms, with a two-term limit. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the City Council's policies and ordinances, appointing department heads, and overseeing the City's operations. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, City Auditor, and City Clerk.

The City Charter has been amended many times since 1922, with the most recent amendments approved by voters in November 2016. Those amendments eliminated city-wide voting for Council districts, modified the Mayor's compensation, powers, and duties, and made several changes related to budget and fiscal affairs.

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The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, community development, economic development, affordable housing, public works and street maintenance, parks, recreational services, libraries, and water, wastewater, and stormwater utilities. The City serves approximately 55% of water accounts in the City while the California Water Service Company, an investor-owned company, provides water service to 42%, and San Joaquin County provides water service to the remaining 3%.

This report includes the Stockton Public Financing Authority's financial activity, a separate legal entity controlled by the City. The City reports the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Stockton's financial statements as a private-purpose trust fund in these financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt an annual budget following a public hearing to review the proposed annual budget. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City prepares the budget by fund, function, and department, e.g., Police. Department heads may transfer budget appropriations within a department as they see fit. Transfers between General Fund departments, however, need City Council approval. Outside the General Fund, the City Manager has the authority to transfer budget appropriations at the fund level.

### THE LOCAL ECONOMY

The City encompasses nearly 65 square miles, is surrounded by the San Joaquin Valley's fertile lands and is home to the furthest inland deep-water seaport in California. The City has a well-diversified economic base that has evolved from its agricultural roots to become a regional center for commerce, including the second-largest transportation and logistics hub in the United States. In addition to the Port of Stockton, the city is equipped with a regional airport, a Burlington Northern Santa Fe intermodal facility, and interstate freeways. The University of the Pacific, California State University-Stanislaus-Stockton campus, Humphries College, and San Joaquin Delta Community College are all located in Stockton. Four school districts serve K-12 students within City limits.

In January 2024, Stockton's population was 317,204, according to the California Department of Finance, which represents an increase compared to last year's population of 319,731. The California Department of Finance also projects the San Joaquin County population will continue to increase at a rate of approximately 0.8% for the next several years. As the 11th largest city in California, Stockton is comparable in size to other cities such as Lexington, Corpus Christi, Irvine, and Orlando.

According to the California Employment Development Department, the unemployment rate in Stockton was 7.1% as of June 2024, compared to 7.2% in 2023. Per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the national unemployment rate was 3.9% for the same period.

As of June 2024, the median price for a detached single-family home in Stockton was approximately \$435,000 which is a slight decrease compared to the previous year of \$435,750.

### FINANCIAL CONDITION HIGHLIGHTS

Financial results for the year compare favorably with budget estimates in most areas of the City's operations. For the General Fund, financial results for the year were better than estimated. Expenditures (including encumbrances and carryovers and other uses of funds) came in under budget. Revenues (including other sources of funds) were above budget estimates. As a result, the General Fund balance on June 30, 2024, was \$240.1 million. The Working Capital operating reserve of \$48.0 million comprises most of the unassigned funds. City Council designated reserves in the committed balance total \$148.3 million (known contingencies reserves) and risk-based reserve categories of \$11.0 million.

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The City Council has a reserve policy that calls for the City to maintain a 17% operating reserve and establishes additional reserves for known contingencies, unforeseen revenue changes, infrastructure failures, and catastrophic events. Additionally, the policy sets an automatic process to deposit one-time revenue increases and expenditure savings into the reserves. These policies are consistent with the Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) best practice recommendations and Governmental Accounting and Standards Board (GASB) guidance.

The Statement of Net Position for the City is approximately \$2.0 billion. The City's net position is roughly \$168.7 million higher, or 8.97%, than the prior fiscal year, with most of the growth in Governmental Activities.

Governmental revenues and transfers totaled \$547.7 million, while governmental expenses totaled \$432.4 million. Business-type revenues and investment earnings totaled \$195.3 million, while expenses totaled \$141.2 million. Business-type activities' net position increased by \$53.3 million, or 7.62%, for an ending balance of \$753.9 million.

The City's Long-Range Financial Plan

The City maintains a comprehensive and detailed 20-year Long-Range Financial Plan ("L-RFP"), which provides a long-term forecast for the City's General Fund and other funds' impacts on the General Fund. The L-RFP is a vital tool and reflects the City's commitment to fiscal health and sustainability. This financial model is used to evaluate the immediate impact of budgetary decisions and the ongoing costs of those decisions over multiple years. The L-RFP was developed as part of the City's bankruptcy exit plan, or Plan of Adjustment, which included certain assumptions and agreements reached with creditors. Since its development, the L-RFP has become a dynamic tool that is updated based on current revenue and expenditure trends. Though the individual variables and assumptions may change over time, the L-RFP provides a consistent model to forecast the City's fiscal position.

A summary of the L-RFP is available in the City's Annual Budget: https://www.stocktonca.gov/government/budget financial\_reports/index.php

For a more detailed analysis of the financial performance of the City, refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis sections titled Financial Analysis of the City's Funds and General Fund Budgetary Highlights.

The City's Irrevocable Post-Employment Benefits Trust

On November 7, 2017, the City created an irrevocable post-employment benefits trust program, also known as an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust (Trust). This Trust is designed to pre-fund pension costs and to offset GASB 68 net pension liabilities. The ending balance in the trust as of June 30, 2024 was \$80.2 million (\$72.8 million General Fund). The Trust allows the City to set aside funds through a tax-exempt funding mechanism to mitigate long-term contribution rate volatility. The Trust will enable the city to control the assets and when the City utilizes them. Also, the statutory investment restrictions that apply to the City's investment portfolio do not apply to assets held in a post-employment benefits trust. The City will strive to accrue an amount in the Trust sufficient to fund annual CalPERS costs during economic downturns or other periods when annual revenues are forecast to be insufficient.

### Access to the Financial Markets

The City has no long-term bonds backed by the General Fund. The last rating actions on the City's General Fund-backed debt was a Standard & Poor upgrade to "BB", with a continuing positive outlook in August 2018. In April 2019, Moody's issued an upgrade for the City's General Fund of "A3", from "Baa1". The City's Wastewater utility-maintained ratings of "A" by Standard & Poor's and "A+" by Fitch. In 2024, both Standard & Poor's and Fitch re-affirmed the City's Water debt ratings of "A" and "AA-", respectively. The Parking Revenue Bonds are currently rated at BBB.

The City does not anticipate issuing any bonds backed by the General Fund.

In addition, there may also be a need to issue land-based debt to support residential and industrial/commercial development.

### **RESERVE POLICIES**

The City's General Fund reserve policy calls for the City to maintain a 17% operating reserve (approximately two months of expenditure) and establishes additional reserves for known contingencies, unforeseen revenue changes, infrastructure failures, and catastrophic events. The known contingencies include amounts to address staff recruitment and retention, prefund future CalPERS costs, and replace aging infrastructure and systems. The City's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$667.1 million at the close of June 30, 2024, an increase of \$56.1 million compared with the prior fiscal year. The General Fund balance in this report, as of June 30, 2024, was \$240.1 million.

The policy establishes an automatic process to deposit one-time revenue increases and expenditure savings into the reserves. These policies are consistent with GFOA's best practice recommendations and GASB guidance.

The reserve policy is available on the City's website at:

https://www.stocktonca.gov/Documents/Government/Budget%20And%20Financial%20Reports/General\_Fund\_Reserve Policy.pdf

### DEBT POLICY AND ANNUAL CONTINUING DISCLOSURES

The City's debt policy is available on its website as follows:

https://www.stocktonca.gov/Documents/Government/Budget%20And%20Financial%20Reports/Financial%20Reports/Capital Financing Debt Management Policy.pdf

The City's annual financial disclosures are available on the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's and Electronic Municipal Market Access website at <a href="http://emma.msrb.org">http://emma.msrb.org</a>.

### **INVESTMENT POLICY**

The City adopts an investment policy annually that provides guidelines for the prudent investment of the City's cash balances. The City contracts with Public Financial Management for the day-to-day management of the City's long-term investment portfolio. The Administrative Services Department oversees both the City's long-term investment portfolio management and liquid cash requirements.

The City's investment policy is posted on the City's website:

 $\underline{https://www.stocktonca.gov/Documents/Government/Budget\%20And\%20Financial\%20Reports/Financial\%20Reports/Investment\_Policy.pdf}$ 

### **CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy adopted in compliance with that Code define how the City can invest its cash. The City's policy also outlines the principles for maximizing the City's cash management operations' efficiency while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City. The average overall return rate on funds not held by fiscal agents for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, was 2.77%. This amount includes both realized and unrealized gains distributed to funds. Absent unrealized Fair Market Value gains and Accrued Interest amounts distributed on June 30, 2024, distributed returns would have been 2.22%.

### GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The GASB establishes GAAP for local and state governments in the United States and Canada. Its counterpart for private-sector entities is the Financial Accounting Standard Board. The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and state and federal regulators require that financial reports follow GAAP to receive an unmodified audit opinion. The GFOA and the California Committee on Municipal Accounting entail additional standards that govern disclosures in the ACFR.

GAAP requires management to provide a narrative overview and analysis discussing the City's financial position to accompany the basic financial statements. This narrative overview is called Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which provides an analytical overview of the City's financial position for its significant funds, as defined by GAAP, on a government-wide basis. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and not to duplicate the MD&A. It provides additional qualitative information on impacts to the City to help improve the reader's understanding of the data presented in the ACFR.

The City's ACFR conforms to the requirements established by GAAP, the City's Charter, GFOA standards, and agreements with investors. The ACFR includes basic financial statements, footnotes, supplemental information required by GASB for GAAP financial reports, MD&A of the financial statements, the City's independent auditor's opinion regarding the conformance of the financial statements with GAAP, and other information required to conform to GFOA standards.

### INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The City Charter, Article XIX, Section 1911, states: "after the close of the fiscal year, an annual audit shall be made of the City's funds. Such an audit shall be made by a firm of independent certified public accountants." The Pun Group, LLP, an independent firm of licensed, certified public accountants, has audited the City of Stockton's financial statements.

The purpose of the independent audit is to obtain reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditors issued an unmodified opinion for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

### SINGLE AUDIT REPORT TO FEDERAL GRANTING AGENCIES

A broader, federally- mandated "Single Audit," designed to meet federal granting agencies' needs, is also required. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report on the fair presentation of the financial statements and the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, emphasizing internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

The City prepares a separate single audit report in conformity with the Federal Single Audit Act's provisions as amended and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance, "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards." This report should be filed with the federal clearinghouse on or before March 31 each year.

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### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

During FY 2023-24, the City continued its self-insurance program for General Liability, Property, and Workers' Compensation. The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority for General Liability and All Risks Property Program, which is primarily underwritten by various insurance companies. The Property All Risks deductible is \$250,000. The self-insured retention ("SIR") for General Liability is \$1.25 million. The City is also a member of the Public Risk Innovation, Solutions and Management insurance pool for excess Workers' Compensation coverage. The SIR is \$500,000.

### INTERNAL CONTROLS AND LIMITATIONS

The ACFR intends to provide the City Council and the public with an understanding of the City's financial position. City management assumes responsibility for the completeness, accuracy, and reliability of the information presented in this report. City management established an internal control framework intended to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements.

The City's comprehensive system of internal controls continues to be the subject of an ongoing review to ensure the timeliness and accuracy of the ACFR and improve management reporting and controls. The City's Finance team, is working to close out prior audit findings and continually improve the City's key controls, systems, and policies and procedures.

Budgetary control is at the department level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. Transfers within funds and like categories of the same department require City Manager approval. Revisions to increase appropriation authority above a department's original adopted budget require City Council approval.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

This report would not have been possible without the dedicated professionals in the Administrative Services Department and employees' cooperation from throughout the City who provided detailed information and other support and assistance.

We also want to thank the Mayor, City Council, and the Audit Committee for your interest and support in planning and conducting the City's financial operations responsibly and sustainably.

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM CREW

ACTING CITY MANAGER

CHAD REED

DEPUTY CITY MANAGER/ INTERIM CHIEF FINANCIAL

**OFFICER** 

# CITY OF STOCKTON CITY COUNCIL



KEVIN J. LINCOLN II MAYOR



VICE MAYOR
District 6



MICHELE PADILLA COUNCILMEMBER District 1



**DAN WRIGHT**COUNCILMEMBER
District 2



MICHAEL BLOWER
COUNCILMEMBER
District 3



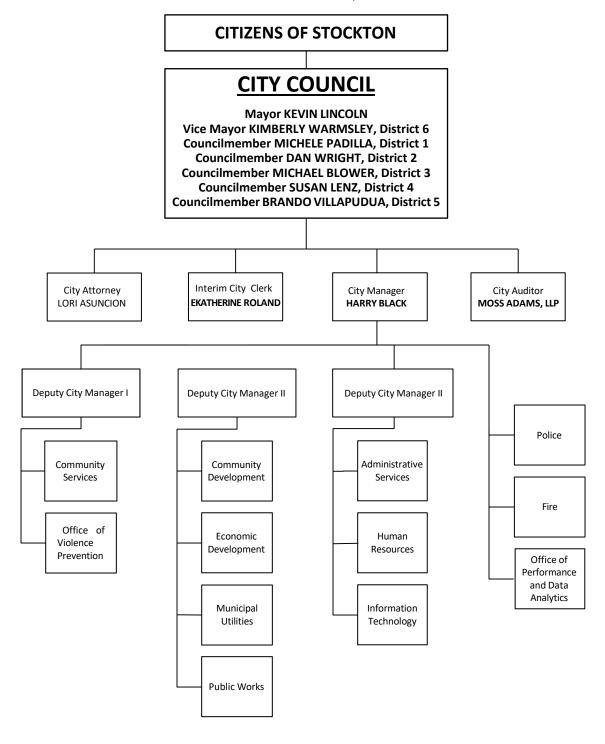
SUSAN LENZ
COUNCILMEMBER
District 4



BRANDO VILLAPUDUA COUNCILMEMBER District 5



### CITY OF STOCKTON ORGANIZATION CHART AS OF JUNE 30, 2024





6 Hutton Centre Drive, Suite 1200 Santa Ana, California 92707



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

www.pungroup.cpa



To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Stockton Stockton, California

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Stockton, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.







To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Stockton
Stockton, California
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### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of Contributions - Pensions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Stockton
Stockton, California
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### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of sources and uses – Measure A and B are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of sources and uses – Measure A and B are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

The Red Group, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California September 17, 2025



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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS UNAUDITED

JUNE 30, 2024



### **INTRODUCTION**

As management of the City of Stockton, California ("City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying Transmittal Letter, the Basic Financial Statements, and the Notes to the Financial Statements. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

### Government-wide:

- The City's total net position for the governmental and business-type activities shows that, as of June 30, 2024, total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2.0 billion. Of this amount, \$131.5 million represents the unrestricted net position, \$545.0 million is restricted for City's ongoing obligation related to programs with external restrictions, and \$1.37 billion represents the City's net investment in capital assets.
- Governmental revenues and transfers total \$547.7 million with expenses of \$432.4 million.
- Business-type program revenues and investment earnings were \$195.3 million, while business-type expenses were \$141.2 million.

### Fund Level:

- The City's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$667.1 million at the close of June 30, 2024, an increase of \$56.1 million compared with the prior fiscal year. The General Fund balance in this report, as of June 30, 2024, was \$240.1 million. Included in this fund balance and under the guidance of the Reserve and Fund Balance Policy General Fund (excluding related funds), Council took action to to commit \$25.2 million in general government reserves, fund known contingency reserves at \$73.5 million, maintain the risk-based reserves to \$10.8 millio, capital project appropriation of 25.0 million, and other commitments of \$13.8 million.
- Total Governmental Fund revenues increased compared with the prior year, reflecting growth in sales taxes, business license revenues, franchise fees, and investment income. Governmental expenditures increased compared to FY23 primarily due to public safety and capital project spending.
- The total Governmental Fund expenditures increased by 12.3 percent compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to a \$23.6 million increase in public safety expenditures. This increase is attributable to a 10.3 percent salary increase for sworn positions effective July 1, 2023, and higher retirement costs. Capital outlay expenditures increased \$5.4 million, reflecting the use of federal and state one-time grant dollars.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report consists of four main components: 1) management discussion and analysis, 2) the basic financial statements, 3) required supplemental information, and 4) combining non-major fund financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City - the government-wide and the fund financial statements:

- The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The fund financial statements focus on the City government's individual parts, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

The basic financial statements also include notes that provide additional information essential to understanding the data contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The statements and notes are followed by the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Relations Ratios and Schedule of Changes in Contributions for the City's pension plans which are required supplemental information. In addition to these required elements, we have included combining statements and schedules that provide details about the City's other Governmental Funds, other Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds, Investment Trust Funds, and Agency Funds, each of which is presented in a column in the basic financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements:**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City using accounting methods like those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the City's assets and liabilities and any deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The statement of activities includes all current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These government-wide statements report the City's net position and how the City's net position has changed during the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided as follows:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as police, fire, public works, community development, parks and recreation, and general government. Taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities Certain services provided by the City are funded by customer fees. Among these are the City's utility services, parking authority, and other non-major enterprise funds.

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") includes the financial activity of the separate legal entity controlled by the City, the Stockton Public Financing Authority.

The Successor Agency's activities are reported as a Private-Purpose Trust Fund in the ACFR. The City Council sits as the Successor Agency to the Stockton Redevelopment Agency's Board. All actions about the Successor Agency's obligations are made by the Successor Agency Countywide Oversight Board, which is comprised of members representing the interests of local jurisdictions affected by redevelopment activities and revenue claims.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

### **Fund Financial Statements:**

A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's largest funds, not the City as a whole. The City has three types of fund financial statements: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental Fund statements tell how general government services such as police, fire, and public works, among others, were finances in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Most of the City's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, focusing on (1) short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and (2) the remaining year-end balances available for spending. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliations that explain the relationship (or differences) between Governmental Funds and Governmental Activities follow the Governmental Fund Statements.

The basic Governmental Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

### Fund Financial Statements. Continued:

*Proprietary Funds* – Services for which customer fees are intended to finance the costs of operations are generally reported in Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Fund statements, like the government-wide statements, provide short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like businesses, such as utility services, parking facilities, and marina operations.

The basic Proprietary Fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-37 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong. The city is the trustee, or fiduciary, for a closed pension plan. It is also responsible for other assets reported in an investment trust fund, which, because of trust agreements, can be used only for trust beneficiaries. The city elected to serve as the Successor Agency for its former Redevelopment Agency, which was dissolved by state law. The Successor Agency activity is accounted for in a Private Purpose Trust Fund. The City is responsible for ensuring that assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these resources to finance its operations.

The basic Fiduciary Fund's financial statement can be found on pages 41-42 of this report.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial information provided in the government-wide and financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 45-102 of this report.

### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report presents certain required supplementary information. This information provides a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund, and the Special Grants Fund, as well as information about the City's participation in the PERS and PARS defined benefit pension plans.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 103-121 of this report.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### Analysis of Net Position:

The City's net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial health or financial position. As of June 30, 2024, the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2.0 billion, which is an increase of \$168.7 million, or 8.97 percent compared to the prior fiscal year.

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### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, CONTINUED**

### Analysis of Net Position, Continued:

The following is the condensed statement of net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024, and 2023 (amounts in thousands):

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type				
	Activ		Activ	vities	Total			
	2024	2023	<u>2024</u>	2023	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 1,065,042	\$ 985,073	\$ 292,312		\$ 1,357,354	\$ 1,238,180		
Capital assets	950,951	882,742	871,373	844,652	1,822,324	1,727,394		
Total assets	2,015,993	1,867,815	1,163,686	1,097,759	3,179,679	2,965,573		
Deferred Outflow of Resources:								
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	-	-	11,827	12,736	11,827	12,736		
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	173,468	178,504	4,987	6,239	178,455	184,743		
Total Deferrals-Outflows	173,468	178,504	16,814	18,975	190,282	197,479		
Liabilities:								
Current and other liabilities	144,817	147,551	32,304	28,685	177,121	176,236		
Long-term obligations	130,980	122,994	378,601	370,352	509,581	493,346		
Net Pension liability	612,404	583,215	15,533	16,642	627,937	599,857		
Total liabilities	888,201	853,760	426,438	415,679	1,314,639	1,269,439		
Deferred Inflow of Resources:								
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	3,452	10,025	132	478	3,584	10,503		
Leases	1,323	1,378	-	32	1,323	1,410		
Total Deferrals Inflows	4,775	11,403	132	510	4,907	11,913		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	885,458	817,086	488,472	473,568	1,373,930	1,290,654		
Restricted	518,951	489,870	26,030	25,367	544,981	521,062		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(107,924)	(171,510)	239,428	201,609	131,504	69,984		
Total net position	\$ 1,296,485	\$ 1,181,156	\$ 753,930	\$ 700,544	\$ 2,050,415	\$ 1,881,700		

The primary components of the City's net position consist of the following elements:

- The investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire assets still outstanding, represents the largest portion of the City's net position at \$1.4 billion or 69.3 %. The city uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City reports its investment in its capital assets net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because proceeds from the sale of capital assets are not used to liquidate these liabilities.
- External restrictions represent \$545.0 million or 26.5% of net position and are subject to various external restrictions on how they may be used. Creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws and regulations of other governments have imposed this component of the net position; or it has been imposed by law through enabling legislation or constitutional provisions.
- The unrestricted net position is \$131.5 million or 4.2% of the total net position.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

*Analysis of Net Position. Continued:*The following table indicates the change in net position for Governmental and Business-type activities (amounts in thousands):

	Govern	al	Business-Type								
	Activities			Activities				Total			2022
D.	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Revenues											
Program revenues:	\$ 73,884	\$	68,006	\$	162,543	\$	156,442	\$	236,427	\$	224,448
Charges for services	56,324	Ф	42,072	Ф	4,182	Ф	1,653	Ф	60,507	Φ	43,725
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	41,539		26,667		19,634		12,363		61,173		39,030
General revenues:	41,557		20,007		17,034		12,303		01,173		37,030
Property taxes	45,404		42,578		_		_		45,404		42,578
In lieu of sales tax	-15,101		12,370		_		_		-13,101		-12,570
Utility user taxes	42,799		42,445		_		_		42,799		42,445
Sales and use taxes (City levied)	77,028		82,833		_		_		77,028		82,833
Franchise taxes	23,476		22,784		_		_		23,476		22,784
Business licenses	20,430		23,748		_		_		20,430		23,748
Hotel/motel room taxes	3,520		3,433		_		_		3,520		3,433
Document transfer taxes	992		1,029		_		_		992		1,029
Other taxes	6,215		4,628		_		_		6,215		4,628
Motor vehicle fees in lieu	31,590		29,344		_		_		31,590		29,344
Sales and use taxes (State levied)	78,924		76,954		_		_		78,924		76,954
Other shared revenue	-		-		_		_		-		-
Investment earnings	35,847		1,707		8,977		235		44,824		1,942
Miscellaneous	9,032		9,715		-				9,032		9,715
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets			44		_		_		-,		44
Total revenues	547,003		477,986		195,337		170,693		742,340		648,679
Expenses	,						,				· ·
General government	73,368		54,875		-		_		73,368		54,875
Public safety	262,821		227,637		-		_		262,821		227,637
Public works	44,446		50,045		-		-		44,446		50,045
Library	17,205		16,275		-		_		17,205		16,275
Parks and recreation	24,176		21,141		-		_		24,176		21,141
Interest and fiscal charges	10,377		9,968		-		-		10,377		9,968
Water utility	-		-		51,109		50,185		51,109		50,185
Wastewater utility	-		-		73,557		68,976		73,557		68,976
Stormwater utility	-		-		8,788		7,914		8,788		7,914
Central parking district	-		-		5,767		6,153		5,767		6,153
Other	-		-		2,012		1,395		2,012		1,395
Total expenses	432,393		379,942		141,233		134,622		573,625		514,564
Increase/(decrease) in net			-								-
position before transfers	114,609		98,044		54,104		36,071		168,713		134,115
Transfers	718		416		(718)		(416)		_		-
Special Item:	-		-		-		-		-		-
Change in net position	115,327		98,460		53,386		35,656		168,713		134,115
Net position, beginning	1,181,156		1,082,697		700,544		664,888		1,881,700		1,747,585
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,296,485	\$	1,181,156	\$	753,930	\$	700,544	\$	2,050,414	\$	1,881,700

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, CONTINUED**

### Analysis of Net Position, Continued:

**Governmental activities:** The change in net position increased slightly by \$115.3 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Below is an analysis of year-over-year variances:

- Total governmental activities revenues increased by \$69 million or 12.62 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. The drivers were higher taxes, fees from programs, and investment income.
- Total governmental activities expenses show an increase of \$52.4 million. This increase is primarily attributable to continued labor cost growth, including salary increases for sworn positions, higher employee retirement contribution rates, and inflationary pressures across contractual services, utilities, fuel, and insurance. Pension and OPEB costs also contributed to the overall increase.

**Business-type activities:** Business-type activities: The change in net position increased by \$53.4 million compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to improved investment earnings. Program revenues were increased by \$24.6 million with additional in capital and operating grant funding, and expenses increased by \$6.6 million compared to the prior year.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. This analysis should be read in conjunction with fund financial statements beginning on page 21.

### **Governmental Funds:**

As of June 30, 2024, the City's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending balance of \$667.1 million, an increase of \$56.1 million compared to the prior fiscal year. The total fund balance of the Governmental Funds consists of the following:

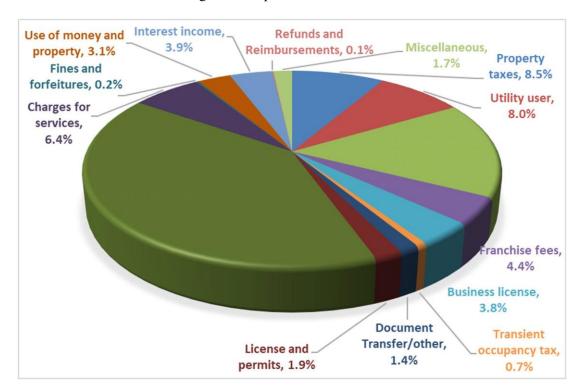
- The non-spendable fund balance of \$5 million were amounts that inherently cannot be spent, such as inventories and prepaid items. Also, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale would be reported here unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned.
- Restricted fund balance of \$431.7 million that is based on restrictions imposed by external parties or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance of \$148.3 million was constrained for a specific purpose by the City Council through
  resolution. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the
  resources.
- Assigned fund balance of \$31.3 million was constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or a body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts. The amount reported as assigned should not result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance.
- The unassigned fund balance of \$50.7 million includes the working capital reserve established in the Reserve and Fund Balance Policy-General Fund to accommodate normal fluctuations in the timing of revenues and unforeseen operational costs.

### Governmental Funds. Continued:

Revenues – The following table presents revenues (amounts in thousands) classified by source with a comparison to the prior fiscal year:

	2024 2023					
Revenue by Source	Amount	Percent of Total	Amount	Percent of Total	Amount	Percent of Change
Property taxes	\$ 45,400	8.5%	\$ 42,578	8.8%	\$ 2,822	6.6%
Utility user	42,799	8.0%	42,445	8.8%	354	0.8%
Sales tax - levied by City	84,567	15.8%	90,305	18.6%	(5,738)	-6.4%
Franchise fees	23,356	4.4%	22,547	4.7%	809	3.6%
Business license	20,421	3.8%	23,748	4.9%	(3,327)	-14.0%
Transient occupancy tax	3,520	0.7%	3,433	0.7%	87	2.5%
Document Transfer/other	7,207	1.4%	5,657	1.2%	1,550	27.4%
License and permits	10,060	1.9%	7,762	1.6%	2,298	29.6%
Intergovernmental	214,173	40.1%	188,691	38.9%	25,482	13.5%
Charges for services	33,961	6.4%	35,677	7.4%	(1,715)	-4.8%
Fines and forfeitures	1,166	0.2%	317	0.1%	848	267.2%
Use of money and property	16,489	3.1%	11,704	2.4%	4,786	40.9%
Interest income	20,963	3.9%	(248)	-0.1%	21,211	-8556.1%
Refunds and Reimbursements	525	0.1%	1,029	0.2%	(504)	-49.0%
Miscellaneous	9,221	1.7%	8,951	1.8%	269	3.0%
Total	\$ 533,829	100.0%	\$ 484,596	100.0%	\$ 49,233	10.2%

The graph below shows 2024 revenue categories as a percent of the total.



### Governmental Funds. Continued:

Overall, governmental fund revenues were up \$49.2 million compared to the prior year. Significant changes in revenues compared with the prior fiscal year are described below:

- Property tax increased \$2.8 million or 6.63 percent, compared to the prior fiscal year.
- Other governmental intergovernmental revenue increased \$24.8 million or 32.23 percent, compared to the prior fiscal year.
- Use of money and property increased \$4.8 million or 40.89 percent, compared to the prior fiscal year.
- Investment income increased \$21.2 million or 8555.92 percent increase, compared to the prior fiscal year.

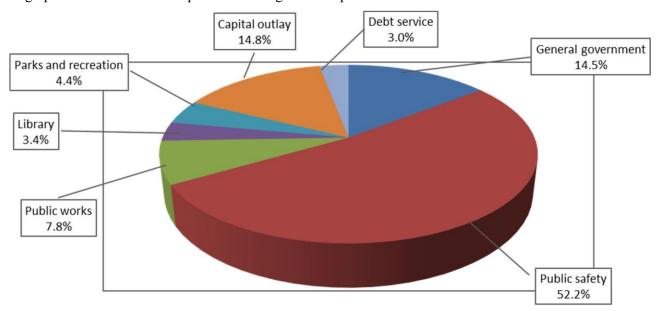
The revenue increase was offset by the following:

- The Sales tax levied by City decreased \$5.7 million or 6.4 percent, compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to shifts in consumer spending patterns and the impact of inflation on taxable sales.
- Federal and state grant funds in the intergovernmental category were decreased \$1.3 million or 3.67 percent compared to the prior fiscal year.
- Business license tax revenues decreased \$3.3 million or 14 percent, due to a slowdown in economic activity and the clean-up of business license accounts, which resulted in more accurate and timely billing.

Expenditures – The following table presents expenditures (amounts in thousands) by function compared with the prior fiscal year:

		202	4	2023				Increase/(Do	ecrease)
			Percent of	Percent of					Percent of
Expenditures by Function	Amount Total			Amount	Total		Amount	Change	
Current:									
General government	\$	69,845	14.5%	\$	53,152	12.4%	\$	16,693	31.4%
Public safety		251,434	52.2%		227,859	53.1%		23,575	10.3%
Public works		37,436	7.8%		35,659	8.3%		1,777	5.0%
Library		16,571	3.4%		15,643	3.6%		928	5.9%
Parks and recreation		20,979	4.4%		17,601	4.1%		3,378	19.2%
Capital outlay		71,362	14.8%		65,959	15.4%		5,403	8.2%
Debt service		14,275	3.0%		13,326	3.1%		949	7.1%
Total	\$	481,902	100.0%	\$	429,199	100.0%	\$	52,703	12.3%

The graph below shows 2024 expenditures categories as a percent of the total.

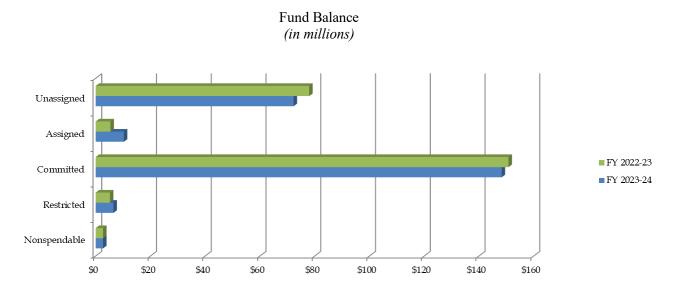


Significant changes compared with the prior fiscal year include:

- General government expenditures were \$69.8 million at the close of June 30, 2024, an increase of \$16.6 million or an increase 31.4 percent compared to the prior fiscal year.
- Public Safety expenditures increased by \$23.5 million due primarily to salary and benefit increases for sworn personnel and rising pension contributions.
- Parks and recreation expenditure increased \$3.3 million primarily due to expanded special event programming at venues and community centers.
- Capital outlay expenses increased \$5.4 million compared to the prior year with construction expenses for major projects such as new City Hall, the Northeast Library and Recreation center, and upgrades at the Stockton Soccer Complex.
- Debt service expenses increased \$0.9 million with the final payment toward a Section 108 loan from Community Development Block Grant funds and increased payments toward the Assured Guaranty settlement agreement based on the set repayment schedule and improved core revenues.

### **General Fund**

Below is a graph that depicts the change in General Fund balances between FY 2022-23 and FY 2023-24. The committed and unassigned balances have increased from the prior fiscal year.



NOTE: Does not include PARS 115 Trust

The City's General Fund provides police, fire, development, public works, and administrative services to the City's residents, other funds, businesses, and visitors. The General Fund is distinct from the City's other funds because it is the only source of unrestricted funds that the City Council can allocate at its discretion for any municipal purpose.

General Fund revenues were \$349.5 million at the close of June 30, 2024, an increase of \$14.0 million (4.2 percent) compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant changes in General Fund revenues compared with the previous fiscal year include:

• Business license tax revenues decreased by \$3.3 million in part due to a slowing of economic activity in the past year which reflects in gross receipt reporting and a clean-up of business license data resulting in more accurate and timely billing of business license accounts.

### General Fund, Continued

- Due to the historic low-interest rate environment, interest income resulted in a deficit in the prior year when adjusting for fair market value. Overall investment income increased by \$11.6M compared to the prior fiscal year. FY 2023-24 interest income reflects an improved rate environment.
- Sales tax levied by the City and the State decreased by \$1.5 million in the General Fund compared to the prior fiscal year, reflecting shifts in consumer spending and the effects of inflation on taxable sales.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$2.8 million due to increased construction and assessed value.

General Fund expenditure was \$293.1 million, an increase of \$29.5 million, or 12.2 percent, compared to the prior fiscal year. General government expenses increased by \$7.9 million. Public safety expenses grew by \$19.0 million, primarily due to a 10.3 percent salary increase for sworn positions effective July 1, 2023, and higher retirement costs. Parks and recreation expenses increased by \$0.5 million, largely due to expanded programming at entertainment venues and community facilities.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's Proprietary Fund Financial Statements provide the same type of information found in the Government-Wide Financial Statements but in more detail. At the end of June 30, 2024, business-type activities' net position was \$753.9 million, an increase of \$53.4 million or 7.62 percent compared to the prior fiscal year.

The assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by a combined total of \$63.8 million. Of this amount, the current cash and investments and other existing assets increased by \$39.2 million, and non-current assets, including capital assets and deferred outflows, increased by \$24.51 million.

The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$10.4 million primarily due to SRF loan drew during the year.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The City's FY 2023-24 General Fund Adopted Budget funded the City's most pressing needs in support of the Council's strategic priorities. However, it continued to be constrained by the City's long-term financial outlook especially in consideration of future pension and labor costs. The FY 2023-24 budget was developed as the city continued to respond to a once-in-a-century pandemic crisis with a focus on moving forward through the crisis and into recovery. The budget included some incremental service enhancements and high-priority one-time appropriations. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the General Fund Budgetary Information beginning on page 103.

The General Fund's original budgeted revenues totaled \$323.1 million and increased to \$323.3 million during the fiscal year. The General Fund ended the fiscal year with total revenues of \$349.5 million, reflecting a \$26.2 million, or 8.1 percent, increase over the final budget. The most significant revenue variance was revenue from investment income at \$9.7 million, more than the budget. Collection of Business license taxes continued to improve resulting in \$3.8 million more revenue than anticipated in the final budget. Another large budget variance was in Utility user taxes \$2.3 million which benefited from electricity and gas rate increases.

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### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS, CONTINUED

The General Fund's original expenditure budget of \$295.2 million was adjusted by encumbrances and commitments carried forward from the prior year for a total final budget of \$322.2 million. All General Fund departmental activities ended the fiscal year below budget. The debt service category shows an overage due to the booking of subscription-related entries for GASB 96 and GASB 87. Actual expenditures were lower than the final approved budget appropriations by \$29 million, or 9 percent. Of this variance, \$11.7 million in appropriations rolled into FY 2024-25 for encumbrances and specific City Council authorized activities. General Government departments experienced budget savings of \$9 million, Public Works activities were under budget by \$1.7 million, Parks and recreation activities were under budget by \$5.6 million, Library expenses were \$1.7 million below budget, and \$9.2 million was saved in Public Safety. A significant contributing factor to the savings was staff vacancies. Approximately \$9.5 million in savings was a result of higher-than-anticipated vacancies across all General Fund departments. Of the excess revenues over expenditures, Council appropriated \$25.2 million rolled into FY 2024-25 for additional authorized activities.

The City's General Fund balance on June 30, 2024, was \$228.8 million on a budgetary basis, which is an increase of \$16.4 million from the prior year. The City Council authorized \$13.2 million of this increase to be added to General Fund reserves for a total funded reserve of \$139 million. The ACFR reporting of General Fund balance at \$240.1 million includes general services to the public such as public safety and streets, libraries, recreation centers, and emergency dispatch, whereas the quarterly budget status reports released through the City Council break down the general operations (\$224.2 million) separate from ancillary services of libraries, recreation, etc. Of the \$240.1 million total General Fund balance, \$51.3 million is unassigned, \$84.3 million is in reserves, and the remainder is restricted, committed, or assigned for specific activities, projects, and commitments.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, amounted to \$1.82 billion (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). Net investment in capital assets includes infrastructure, land, buildings, and improvements other than buildings, intangible assets, equipment, construction in progress, and leases. The total change in the City's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was an increase of 5.2 percent.

The City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year (amounts in thousands):

	Gove	rnm	ental	Business-Type										
	Ac	Activities				Activities					Total			
	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>			<u>2023</u>			
Land	\$ 38,616	\$	38,197	\$	14,767	\$	15,127	\$	53,384	\$	53,324			
Intangible Assets	4,355		4,355		-		-		4,355		4,355			
Building and Improvements	168,326		174,028		576,374		586,998		744,700		761,026			
Machinery and Equipment	38,578		29,142		5,130		6,351		43,707		35,494			
Infrastructure	386,005		374,060		-		-		386,005		374,060			
Construction in Progress	302,703		252,839		272,834		233,679		575,538		486,519			
Lease & Subscription Assets	12,369		10,120		2,268		2,496		14,636		12,617			
Total	\$ 950,951	\$	882,742	\$	871,373	\$	844,652	\$	1,822,325	\$	1,727,393			

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 - Capital Assets in this report.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION, CONTINUED

### **Bond Indebtedness**

At the end of the fiscal year, the City's total long-term bonded debt was \$457.2 million. The outstanding net bonded debt, including bankruptcy settlements, was \$443.8 million. Of this amount, \$52.6 million is related to governmental activities, and \$391.2 million are debt obligations of business-type activities.

Governmental activities bonded indebtedness decreased by \$237,557 because of the scheduled principal payments.

Business-type activities bonded indebtedness also increased by \$10.7 million due to the scheduled debt service payments for the enterprise debt and added \$35.1 million for the SRF loan.

Governmental outstanding net bonded debt of \$52.6 million reflects the settlement liability to the bond insurer (Assured Guaranty) for 2007 bonds adjusted in bankruptcy.

Business-type activities outstanding net bonded debt obligations of \$393.5 million include \$170.7 million of revenue bonds of the Water Utility, \$181.6 million in revenue bonds, EPA WIFIA loan and SRF Loan for the Wastewater Utility, and \$27.9 million in revenue bonds for the Parking Authority. Marina operations have a loan obligation of \$10.9 million through the State Department of Parks and Recreation. This obligation no longer accrues interest due to the bankruptcy settlement. The General Fund annually subsidizes the Marina's operations, and payments on this loan will not commence until subsidization is no longer needed.

Successor Agency bonded debt of \$82.4 million is reported separately in a Private Purpose Trust Fund. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2024, includes \$79.0 million of tax-exempt tax allocation bonds issued to refinance revenue bonds for various former redevelopment projects and \$3.4 million of taxable tax allocation bonds issued to refinance revenue bonds for various housing projects.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities of this report.

### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, grantors, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Administrative Services Department of the City of Stockton at City Hall, 425 North El Dorado Street, Stockton, CA 95202.

Financial reports are available on the City's website at:

https://www.stocktonca.gov/government/budget financial reports/index.php







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#### City of Stockton Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 739,638,020	\$ 251,960,633	\$ 991,598,653
Restricted cash and investments	81,941,443	8,015,460	89,956,903
Interest receivable	3,840,867	1,153,469	4,994,336
Accounts receivable	22,150,443	30,382,889	52,533,332
Due from other governments	43,600,912	569,530	44,170,442
Internal balances	5,713,019	(5,713,019)	2 005 520
Inventory of supplies	1,161,457	2,724,063	3,885,520
Prepaid items	4,652,744	2,613,422	7,266,166
Lease receivable	1,392,524	415 797	1,392,524
Advance deposits	2,318,715	415,787	2,734,502
Loans to Successor Agency, net	1,106,580	100,000	1,106,580
Loans to property owners, net	157,525,084	190,000	157,715,084
Capital assets:	245 (54 525	207 (01 750	(22.25 ( 225
Nondepreciable and nonamortizable	345,674,537	287,601,750	633,276,287
Depreciable and amortizable, net	605,276,841	583,771,519	1,189,048,360
Total assets	2,015,993,186	1,163,685,503	3,179,678,689
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	-	11,826,697	11,826,697
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	173,467,919	4,987,328	178,455,247
Total deferred outflows of resources	173,467,919	16,814,025	190,281,944
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	31,643,538	7,637,156	39,280,694
Accrued payroll and benefits	3,821,219	1,575,533	5,396,752
Due to other governments/agencies	3,064,345	95,237	3,159,582
Accrued interest	1,634,716	3,245,909	4,880,625
Deposits and other liabilities	2,089,830	2,349,021	4,438,851
Retention payable	1,757,049	1,222,690	2,979,739
Unearned revenue	77,447,843	1,222,070	77,447,843
Long-term liabilities:	77,47,073	_	//, ++/, 0+3
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences	6,012,225	802,235	6,814,460
Claims payable	12,899,199	502,233	12,899,199
Long-term debt	4,446,776	15,376,029	19,822,805
Due in more than one year:	7,770,770	15,570,027	17,022,003
Compensated absences	4,530,225	471,547	5,001,772
Claims payable	67,160,348	7/1,57/	67,160,348
Long-term debt	59,289,829	378,129,621	437,419,450
Aggregate net pension liability	612,404,122	15,532,942	627,937,064
Total liabilities	888,201,264	426,437,920	1,314,639,184
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	3,451,886	131,966	3,583,852
Leases	1,323,214		1,323,214
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,775,100	131,966	4,907,066
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	885,457,724	488,471,626	1,373,929,350
Restricted	518,950,891	26,030,333	544,981,224
Unrestricted (deficit)	(107,923,874)	239,427,683	131,503,809
Total net position	\$ 1,296,484,741	\$ 753,929,642	\$ 2,050,414,383
See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	÷ 1,=20,101,711		,500,111,505

#### City of Stockton Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Pro	gram Revenues		
				Operating		Capital
		Charges for		Grants and	•	Grants and
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	Services	C	ontributions	С	ontributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				_		
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 73,367,881	\$ 31,550,334	\$	43,283,060	\$	3,413,527
Public safety	262,820,890	19,055,368		12,767,180		-
Public works	44,445,411	14,219,815		154,014		38,125,369
Library	17,204,926	7,862,784		27,500		-
Parks and recreation	24,176,341	1,196,201		92,419		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 10,377,066	 -				-
Total governmental activities	 432,392,515	73,884,502		56,324,173		41,538,896
Business-type activities:						
Water Utility	51,108,476	63,578,685		566,213		10,047,520
Wastewater Utility	73,556,907	87,106,533		1,796,280		5,585,932
Stormwater Utility	8,788,267	5,993,392		-		4,000,581
Parking Authority	5,767,241	5,435,338		1,819,942		-
Downtown Marina	1,241,868	429,310		-		-
Golf Courses	 770,057					-
Total business-type activities	 141,232,816	162,543,258		4,182,435		19,634,033
Total	\$ 573,625,331	\$ 236,427,760	\$	60,506,608	\$	61,172,929

### City of Stockton Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		(Expense) Revenue a		
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 4,879,040	\$ -	\$ 4,879,040	
Public safety	(230,998,342)	-	(230,998,342)	
Public works	8,053,787	-	8,053,787	
Library	(9,314,642)	-	(9,314,642)	
Parks and recreation	(22,887,721)	-	(22,887,721)	
Interest and fiscal charges	(10,377,066)	-	(10,377,066)	
Total governmental activities	(260,644,944)		(260,644,944)	
Business-type activities:				
Water Utility	-	23,083,942	23,083,942	
Wastewater Utility	-	20,931,838	20,931,838	
Stormwater Utility	-	1,205,706	1,205,706	
Parking Authority	-	1,488,039	1,488,039	
Downtown Marina	-	(812,558)	(812,558)	
Golf Courses		(770,057)	(770,057)	
Total business-type activities		45,126,910	45,126,910	
Total	(260,644,944)	45,126,910	(215,518,034)	
General revenues and transfers:				
General revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	45,403,732	-	45,403,732	
Utility user	42,799,092	-	42,799,092	
Sales - levied by City	77,027,468	-	77,027,468	
Franchise fees	23,476,016	-	23,476,016	
Business license	20,430,062	-	20,430,062	
Transient occupancy tax	3,520,339	-	3,520,339	
Document transfer	991,618	-	991,618	
Other	6,215,234	-	6,215,234	
Shared revenue:				
Vehicle license fees	31,590,015	-	31,590,015	
Sales and use tax levied by state	78,923,776	-	78,923,776	
Investment earnings	35,847,022	8,976,917	44,823,939	
Miscellaneous	9,031,058	-	9,031,058	
Transfers	717,884	(717,884)		
Total general revenues and transfers	375,973,316	8,259,033	384,232,349	
Changes in net position	115,328,372	53,385,943	168,714,315	
Net position:				
Beginning of year	1,181,156,369	700,543,699	1,881,700,068	
End of year	\$ 1,296,484,741	\$ 753,929,642	\$ 2,050,414,383	



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#### **GOVERNMENT FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds consist of the general fund, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds.

Special revenue and capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for special purposes or capital outlays, including the acquisition and development of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The City's major governmental funds include:

#### General Fund

To account for resources not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is the City's main operating fund reflecting transactions related to municipal governmental services supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services and other governmental type revenues.

#### Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund

To account for federal grant programs and other resources that provide for development of a viable urban community by providing a suitable living environment, loans to non-profit housing developers to acquire and rehabilitate abandoned and foreclose homes, and provides down payment assistance to qualified low- and moderate-income households. This fund includes the City's annual federal funding from the Community Development Block Grant, Community Rehabilitation Loan program, federal revolving loan program, revitalization activities in the designated Urban Development Action Grant area, Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108, (HOME Program) Housing grants and loans, and Neighborhood Stabilization Loan Program (NSP Funds).

#### Special Grants Special Revenue Fund

To account for one-time resources received through the federal CARES and American Rescue Plan Act and in addition to some comparatively smaller grants from federal and state governments to support public safety and other community programs which are not otherwise accounted in other special revenue funds.

#### Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund

To account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of capital facilities as required by City Council action or state law in which the projects are financed by grants, lease proceeds and transfers from other City governmental funds.

Individual nonmajor funds are presented in the Supplementary Information section.



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#### City of Stockton Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		Major	Funds			
			enue Funds	Capital Projects		
	General Fund	Federal Housing Grants	Special Grants	Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	<b>#21</b> < 0.41 250	A 162 525	A 55 121 162	<b>0.00.417.160</b>	ф. 252 040 225	A 550 (00 (65
Cash and investments	\$216,041,379	\$ 4,163,737	\$ 55,131,162	\$ 29,417,162	\$ 253,940,225	\$ 558,693,665
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	1,702,980	-	-	-	1,702,980
Receivables: Interest	1 540 925	0 156		6.510	1 202 559	2,867,059
Accounts and other receivables	1,549,835 16,201,702	8,156	2,905,153	6,510	1,302,558 1,975,141	
Lease	1,392,524	-	2,903,133	_	1,973,141	21,081,996 1,392,524
Due from other governments	25,078,081		2,492,761	5,693,547	10,336,523	43,600,912
Inventory of supplies	681,775	_	2,472,701	3,073,547	10,550,525	681,775
Prepaid items	447,184	_	499,860	_	1,673,742	2,620,786
Advance deposits	1,532,772	_	108,354	_	125,387	1,766,513
Loans to Successor Agency	-	_	-	_	1,106,580	1,106,580
Loans to property owners, net	-	85,198,860	-	_	72,326,224	157,525,084
Total assets	\$262,925,252	\$ 91,073,733	\$ 61,137,290	\$ 35,117,219	\$ 342,786,380	\$ 793,039,874
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS RESOURCES AND FUND BALANC Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	8,599,778	108,872	2,988,239	10,408,119	3,322,974	25,427,982
Accrued payroll and benefits	1,080,555	37,616	341,770	116,119	1,655,898	3,231,958
Due to other governments	2,685,107	-	, <u>-</u>	· -	379,238	3,064,345
Deposits and other liabilities	932,980	-	-	-	1,107,746	2,040,726
Retention payable	-	22,290	-	1,734,759	-	1,757,049
Unearned revenue	1,760,998	-	55,284,425	20,402,420	-	77,447,843
Total liabilities	15,059,418	168,778	58,614,434	32,661,417	6,465,856	112,969,903
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue - other	6,442,914	_	2,492,762	2,211,042	499,471	11,646,189
Lease	1,323,214	_	-	2,211,012	-	1,323,214
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,766,128		2,492,762	2,211,042	499,471	12,969,403
Fund Balances:	2 ((1 721		600.214		1 700 120	5.060.074
Nonspendable	2,661,731	00.004.055	608,214	244.760	1,799,129	5,069,074
Restricted Committed	6,508,291	90,904,955	-	244,760	334,021,924	431,679,930
Assigned	148,294,684 31,322,378	-	-	-	-	148,294,684 31,322,378
Assigned Unassigned (deficit)	51,312,622	-	(578,120)	-	-	50,734,502
- '		00.004.055		244.760	225 921 052	
Total fund balances (deficit)	240,099,706	90,904,955	30,094	244,760	335,821,053	667,100,568
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	\$262,025,252	¢ 01 072 722	¢ 61 127 200	¢ 25 117 210	\$ 342,786,380	¢ 702 020 974
of resources and fund balances	\$262,925,252	\$ 91,073,733	\$ 61,137,290	\$ 35,117,219	φ 342,/80,38U	\$ 793,039,874

## City of Stockton Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 667,100,568
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Non-depreciable (net of \$34,578,280 reported in the Internal Service Funds)	311,096,257
Depreciable and amortizable (net capital assets \$35,942,646 reported in the Internal Service Funds)	569,334,195
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net	
Position.	248,179,268
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Compensated absences (net of \$665,635 reported in Internal Service Funds)	(9,876,815)
Bonds payable and other long-term debt (net of \$6,756,616 in leases and subscription liabilities reported in Internal	
Service Funds)	(56,979,989)
Accrued interest payable (net of \$7,873 reported in Internal Service Funds)	(1,626,843)
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not required to be reported in the governmental funds.	(612,404,122)
Actuarially determined pension deferred outflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statements but are not reported in the governmental funds.	173,467,919
Actuarially determined pension deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statements but are not reported in the governmental funds.	(3,451,886)
Revenues which are unavailable on the Fund Balance Sheet, because they are not available currently, are reported in revenue in the Statement of Activities:	
Unavailable revenue - other	11,646,189
Net position of governmental activities	 \$ 1,296,484,74 <u>1</u>

## City of Stockton Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds**

	Major Funds					
•			venue Funds	Capital Projects		
		Federal			Other	Total
	General	Housing	Special	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Grants	Grants	Improvement	Funds	Funds
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 45,400,105	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,400,105
Utility user	42,799,092	-	-	-	-	42,799,092
Sales - levied by City	46,214,556	-	-	-	38,352,704	84,567,260
Franchise fees	19,351,515	-	-	-	4,004,711	23,356,226
Business license	18,676,259	-	-	-	1,745,026	20,421,285
Hotel/motel room	3,520,339	-	-	-	-	3,520,339
Document transfer	991,618	-	-	-	-	991,618
Other	6,215,234	-	-	-	-	6,215,234
Licenses and permits	375,315	-	-	-	9,685,076	10,060,391
Intergovernmental:						
Federal grants and subsidies	224,488	6,081,722	21,155,021	6,048,719	14,386	33,524,336
Sales and use tax - levied by state	78,917,161	-	-	-	-	78,917,161
Other governmental	47,037,140	1,762,629	19,396,377	9,455,395	24,079,555	101,731,096
Charges for services	11,164,587	3,150	· · · · · ·	-	22,793,709	33,961,446
Fines and forfeitures	933,490	-	_	-	232,093	1,165,583
Use of money and property	9,307,520	5,533,956	_	-	1,647,775	16,489,251
Interest income	12,058,411	106,214	_	57,309	8,740,796	20,962,730
Refunds and reimbursements	316,034	_	26,670	6,822	175,349	524,875
Miscellaneous	5,990,612	77,181	306,900	501,836	2,343,991	9,220,520
Total revenues	349,493,476	13,564,852	40,884,968	16,070,081	113,815,171	533,828,548
1 otal revenues	349,493,470	13,304,632	40,884,988	10,070,081	113,613,171	333,828,348
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	25,623,236	7,159,944	27,037,207	-	10,024,663	69,845,050
Public safety	219,170,971	-	4,493,446	-	27,769,948	251,434,365
Public works	19,564,987	_	334,875	118,181	17,417,629	37,435,672
Library	12,638,836	_	682,243	-	3,257,052	16,578,131
Parks and recreation	13,324,394	-	2,232,294	-	5,414,634	20,971,322
Capital outlay	1,545,723	_	5,833,529	54,828,553	9,154,069	71,361,874
Debt service:	, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Principal retirement	1,306,917	1,976,732	26,098	_	653,120	3,962,867
Interest and fiscal charges	15,298	4,965	1,338	_	10,290,157	10,311,758
Total expenditures	293,190,362	9,141,641	40,641,030	54,946,734	83,981,272	481,901,039
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	3					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	56,303,114	4,423,211	243,938	(38,876,653)	29,833,899	51,927,509
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	:					
Transfers in	_	_	1,181,818	28,562,744	10,348,133	40,092,695
Transfers out	(29,523,956)	(352,525)	(51,500)		(8,873,646)	(38,801,627)
Issuance of debt	953,380	137	(31,300)	_	1,968,288	2,921,805
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,518	-	_	_	1,700,200	3,518
-		(252.200)	1 120 210	20.562.744	2 442 775	
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	(28,567,058)	(352,388)	1,130,318	28,562,744	3,442,775	4,216,391
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	27,736,056	4,070,823	1,374,256	(10,313,909)	33,276,674	56,143,900
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year	212,363,650	86,834,132	(1,344,162)	10,558,669	302,544,379	610,956,668
End of year	\$240,099,706	\$90,904,955	\$ 30,094	\$ 244,760	\$335,821,053	\$667,100,568
2110 01 3011	Ψ±10,077,100	ψ , O, , O 1, , J J J	Ψ 50,074	Ψ 211,700	Ψ 555,021,055	Ψ 007,100,500

#### **City of Stockton**

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds:

\$ 56,143,900

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. Donated capital assets do not create or use financial resources, and are not reported in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost/fair value of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlays, donated capital assets, capital asset disposals, loss from disposal of capital assets and depreciation expense are as follows:

Capital outlays (net of \$12,798,015 in Internal Service Funds)	71,361,874
Capital contribution	7,453,079
Contribution from the Golf Enterprise Fund due to the fund closing	493,009
Net transfer of capital assets to the Internal Service Funds	(1,928,694)
Loss on disposal	(11,547)
D '.' 1 .' .' ( . C1 '.' 1 .' .' 67.754.010 1' I 1	

Depreciation and amortization expenses (net of depreciation and amortization \$7,754,019 reported in Internal Service Funds)

(20,767,204)

Long-term debt (including refunding debt), net of bond premiums and discounts, provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of principal (including bond refundings) and costs of issuance are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets, and the costs of issuance increase deferred charges in the statement of net assets. Long-term debt proceeds, bond premiums, discounts, repayment of principal, costs of issuance and bond refundings are as follows:

Repayment of principal, net of \$3,419,315 in Internal Service Funds	3,962,867
Inception of lease and subscription liabilities	(2,921,805)

Internal Service Fundss are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as central garage, equipment and insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of Internal Service Fundss is reported with governmental activities. Excluding extraordinary items as a result of remeasurement of liabilities.

30,758,073

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditure in governmental funds (net change):

Change in compensated absences (net of \$203,795 in Internal Service Funds)	1,708,960
Change in accrued interest	40,999
Change in unavailable revenue - other	(3,312,801)
Changes in deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net pension liability	(27,652,338)

#### Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ 115,328,372

#### PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net positions, financial position, and cash flows. There are two different types: enterprise funds and the internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Internal service funds may be used to report any activity that provides goods and services on a cost-reimbursement basis to other City funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units, or to other governments. The City's internal service funds include: General Liability Insurance, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Employee Health Insurance, Retirement Benefits, Other Benefits and Insurance, Vehicle Fleet Equipment, Computer Equipment, Radio Equipment, and Other Equipment funds.

The City's major enterprise funds include:

#### Water Utility Enterprise Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction of water treatment facilities, production, distribution and transmission of potable water to users, and operations related to the provision of services.

#### Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, and operation and maintenance of wastewater facilities for collection, treatment, and disposal of wastewater, and operations related to the provision of services.

Individual nonmajor funds are presented in the Supplementary Information section.

#### City of Stockton Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	Major Enter	Major Enterprise Funds		
	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS			_	
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 121,203,831	\$ 119,369,903	\$ 11,386,899	
Receivables, net:				
Interest	581,489	501,476	70,504	
Accounts and other receivables	13,051,075	17,111,975	219,839	
Loans to other funds - current	-	-	-	
Due from other governments	569,530	-	-	
Inventory of supplies	-	2,724,063	-	
Deposits and advances	84,254	157,067	174,466	
Prepaids items	2,316,678	271,038	25,706	
Total current assets	137,806,857	140,135,522	11,877,414	
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments	-	-	_	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	21,355	4,217,784	3,776,321	
Loans to other funds - long-term	-	-	-	
Loans receivable	-	-	190,000	
Capital assets, net:				
Nondepreciable	17,061,030	263,113,693	7,427,027	
Depreciable and amortizable, net	274,524,989	227,483,162	81,763,368	
Total noncurrent assets	291,607,374	494,814,639	93,156,716	
Total assets	429,414,231	634,950,161	105,034,130	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	10,552,205	881,893	392,599	
Pension-related deferred outflows	1,472,264	3,164,801	350,263	
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,024,469	4,046,694	742,862	

# City of Stockton Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

Current assets:		Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash and investments         \$ 251,960,633         \$ 180,944,355           Receivables, net:         Interest         1,153,469         973,808           Accounts and other receivables         30,382,889         1,068,447           Loans to other funds - current         569,530         -           Inventory of supplies         2,724,063         479,682           Deposits and advances         415,787         552,202           Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         8,015,460         -           Loans to other funds - long-term         5,561,687         -           Loans receivable         190,000         -           Loans receivable         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105	ASSETS		
Receivables, net:         1,153,469         973,808           Accounts and other receivables         30,382,889         1,068,447           Loans to other funds - current         -         1,095,577           Due from other governments         569,530         -           Inventory of supplies         2,724,063         479,682           Deposits and advances         415,787         552,002           Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:           Cash and investments         8         2,513,422         2,031,958           Cash and investments         8         2,583,463         6,238,463           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         8         8,015,460         -           Loans to other funds - long-term         8,015,460         -         -           Loans receivable         190,000         -           Capital assets, net:         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105			
Interest         1,153,469         973,808           Accounts and other receivables         30,382,889         1,068,447           Loans to other funds - current         569,530         -           Inventory of supplies         2,724,063         479,682           Deposits and advances         415,787         552,002           Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:           Cash and investments         80,238,463           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         8,015,460         -           Loans to other funds - long-term         190,000         -           Capital assets, net:         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,826,697         -           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -		\$ 251,960,633	\$ 180,944,355
Accounts and other receivables         30,382,889         1,068,447           Loans to other funds - current         1,095,577           Due from other governments         569,530         -           Inventory of supplies         2,724,063         479,682           Deposits and advances         415,787         552,202           Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets           Restricted assets:           Cash and investments         9         80,238,463           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         8,015,460         -           Loans to other funds - long-term         190,000         -           Loans receivable         190,000         -           Capital assets, net:         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,826,697         -           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -			
Loans to other funds - current         1,095,577           Due from other governments         569,530         -           Inventory of supplies         2,724,063         479,682           Deposits and advances         415,787         552,202           Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:           Cash and investments         -         80,238,463           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         -         5,561,687           Loans to other funds - long-term         -         5,561,687           Loans receivable         190,000         -           Capital assets, net:         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -			
Due from other governments         569,530         -           Inventory of supplies         2,724,063         479,682           Deposits and advances         415,787         552,202           Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:           Restricted assets:         -         80,238,463           Cash and investments         -         80,238,463           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         8,015,460         -           Loans to other funds - long-term         190,000         -           Loans to other funds - long-term         190,000         -           Capital assets, net:         -         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,826,697         -           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -		30,382,889	
Inventory of supplies         2,724,063         479,682           Deposits and advances         415,787         552,202           Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:           Restricted assets:         Separation of the second o		-	1,095,577
Deposits and advances         415,787         552,202           Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:         80,238,463         80,238,463           Cash and investments         9,015,460         9           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         8,015,460         9           Loans to other funds - long-term         190,000         -           Capital assets, net:         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,826,697         -           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -			-
Prepaids items         2,613,422         2,031,958           Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:         Sestricted assets:         Sestricted assets:           Cash and investments         \$0,238,463         \$0,238,463           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         \$0,238,463         \$0,238,463           Loans to other funds - long-term         \$0,256,687         \$0,238,463           Loans receivable         190,000         \$0			
Total current assets         289,819,793         187,146,029           Noncurrent assets:         Restricted assets:         Sestricted assets:			
Noncurrent assets:         Restricted assets:           Cash and investments         -         80,238,463           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         -         -         5,561,687           Loans to other funds - long-term         -         -         5,561,687           Loans receivable         190,000         -           Capital assets, net:         -         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -	Prepaids items	2,613,422	2,031,958
Restricted assets:         Cash and investments       -       80,238,463         Cash and investments with fiscal agents       8,015,460       -         Loans to other funds - long-term       -       5,561,687         Loans receivable       190,000       -         Capital assets, net:       -       -         Nondepreciable       287,601,750       34,578,280         Depreciable and amortizable, net       583,771,519       35,942,646         Total noncurrent assets       879,578,729       156,321,076         Total assets       1,169,398,522       343,467,105         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt       11,826,697       -         Pension-related deferred outflows       4,987,328       -	Total current assets	289,819,793	187,146,029
Cash and investments       -       80,238,463         Cash and investments with fiscal agents       8,015,460       -         Loans to other funds - long-term       -       5,561,687         Loans receivable       190,000       -         Capital assets, net:       -       287,601,750       34,578,280         Depreciable and amortizable, net       583,771,519       35,942,646         Total noncurrent assets       879,578,729       156,321,076         Total assets       1,169,398,522       343,467,105         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt       11,826,697       -         Pension-related deferred outflows       4,987,328       -	Noncurrent assets:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents       8,015,460       -         Loans to other funds - long-term       -       5,561,687         Loans receivable       190,000       -         Capital assets, net:       -       -         Nondepreciable       287,601,750       34,578,280         Depreciable and amortizable, net       583,771,519       35,942,646         Total noncurrent assets       879,578,729       156,321,076         Total assets       1,169,398,522       343,467,105         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt       11,826,697       -         Pension-related deferred outflows       4,987,328       -	Restricted assets:		
Loans to other funds - long-term       -       5,561,687         Loans receivable       190,000       -         Capital assets, net:       -       -         Nondepreciable       287,601,750       34,578,280         Depreciable and amortizable, net       583,771,519       35,942,646         Total noncurrent assets       879,578,729       156,321,076         Total assets       1,169,398,522       343,467,105         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt       11,826,697       -         Pension-related deferred outflows       4,987,328       -	Cash and investments	-	80,238,463
Loans receivable       190,000       -         Capital assets, net:       -         Nondepreciable       287,601,750       34,578,280         Depreciable and amortizable, net       583,771,519       35,942,646         Total noncurrent assets       879,578,729       156,321,076         Total assets       1,169,398,522       343,467,105         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt       11,826,697       -         Pension-related deferred outflows       4,987,328       -	Cash and investments with fiscal agents	8,015,460	-
Capital assets, net:       287,601,750       34,578,280         Nondepreciable       583,771,519       35,942,646         Total noncurrent assets       879,578,729       156,321,076         Total assets       1,169,398,522       343,467,105         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Unamortized loss on refunding of debt       11,826,697       -         Pension-related deferred outflows       4,987,328       -	Loans to other funds - long-term	-	5,561,687
Nondepreciable         287,601,750         34,578,280           Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -	Loans receivable	190,000	-
Depreciable and amortizable, net         583,771,519         35,942,646           Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -	Capital assets, net:		
Total noncurrent assets         879,578,729         156,321,076           Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -			
Total assets         1,169,398,522         343,467,105           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Unamortized loss on refunding of debt         11,826,697         -           Pension-related deferred outflows         4,987,328         -	Depreciable and amortizable, net	583,771,519	35,942,646
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding of debt Pension-related deferred outflows  11,826,697 - 4,987,328 -	Total noncurrent assets	879,578,729	156,321,076
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt11,826,697-Pension-related deferred outflows4,987,328-	Total assets	1,169,398,522	343,467,105
Pension-related deferred outflows 4,987,328 -	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
	Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	11,826,697	-
Total deferred outflows of resources 16.814.025	Pension-related deferred outflows	4,987,328	-
	Total deferred outflows of resources	16,814,025	

### City of Stockton Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	Major Enter	Nonmajor	
	Water	Wastewater	Enterprise
	Utility	Utility	Funds
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,069,049	6,317,774	250,333
Accrued payroll	462,267	966,324	146,942
Loans from other funds - current	-	-	666,487
Due to other governments	95,237	-	-
Deposits and other liabilities	2,171,255	6,662	171,104
Retention payable	268,917	950,961	2,812
Accrued interest	1,813,185	1,010,501	422,223
Compensated absences - current	257,830	365,773	178,632
Lease liabilities - due in one year	-	-	183,596
Subscription liabilities - due in one year	-	-	-
Self-insurance claims and judgments - current	-	-	-
Loans payable - current	-	1,252,669	-
Bonds payable - current	7,340,073	5,819,981	779,710
Total current liabilities	13,477,813	16,690,645	2,801,839
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences - long-term	173,170	203,205	95,172
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year	-	-	2,127,717
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	-	-	-
Self-insurance claims and judgments - long-term	-	-	-
Loans from other funds - long-term	-	-	5,046,532
Loans payable	-	33,847,331	-
Bonds payable	163,441,116	140,663,920	38,049,537
Net pension liability	4,524,108	9,982,023	1,026,811
Total noncurrent liabilities	168,138,394	184,696,479	46,345,769
Total liabilities	181,616,207	201,387,124	49,147,608
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension-related deferred inflows	39,503	82,622	9,841
Total deferred inflows of resources	39,503	82,622	9,841
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	131,088,118	308,943,886	48,439,622
Restricted for capital projects	21,355	9,194,275	1,996,012
Restricted for debt service	-	13,038,382	1,780,309
Restricted for pensions	-	-	-
Unrestricted	128,673,517	106,350,566	4,403,600
Total net position	\$ 259,782,990	\$ 437,527,109	\$ 56,619,543

### City of Stockton Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

		Governmental Activities Internal Service
TAL DAY YEAR	Total	Funds
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:	7 (27 15)	( )15 55(
Accounts payable	7,637,156	6,215,556
Accrued payroll	1,575,533	589,261
Loans from other funds - current	666,487	429,089
Due to other governments	95,237	40.104
Deposits and other liabilities	2,349,021	49,104
Retention payable	1,222,690	
Accrued interest	3,245,909	7,873
Compensated absences - current	802,235	412,794
Lease liabilities - due in one year	183,596	250,931
Subscription liabilities - due in one year	-	2,690,589
Self-insurance claims and judgments - current	-	12,899,199
Loans payable - current	1,252,669	-
Bonds payable - current	13,939,764	
Total current liabilities	32,970,297	23,544,396
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences - long-term	471,547	252,841
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year	2,127,717	50,965
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	-	3,764,131
Self-insurance claims and judgments - long-term	-	67,160,348
Loans from other funds - long-term	5,046,532	515,156
Loans payable	33,847,331	-
Bonds payable	342,154,573	-
Net pension liability	15,532,942	
Total noncurrent liabilities	399,180,642	71,743,441
Total liabilities	432,150,939	95,287,837
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension-related deferred inflows	131,966	
Total deferred inflows of resources	131,966	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	488,471,626	63,764,310
Restricted for capital projects	11,211,642	
Restricted for debt service	14,818,691	_
Restricted for pensions	,	80,238,463
Unrestricted	239,427,683	104,176,495
Total net position	\$ 753,929,642	\$ 248,179,268

## City of Stockton Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

	Major Enter	Major Enterprise Funds	
	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:		•	
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 57,455,495 6,123,190	\$ 85,389,789 1,716,744	\$ 11,662,367 195,673
Total operating revenues	63,578,685	87,106,533	11,858,040
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Operation and maintenance	16,235,939	48,123,343	7,846,083
General and administrative	5,077,700	9,860,481	3,488,360
Depreciation and amortization	8,068,921	13,062,277	3,362,799
Purchased water	16,485,899	-	-
Total operating expenses	45,868,459	71,046,101	14,697,242
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	17,710,226	16,060,432	(2,839,202)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Taxes	-	-	1,574,103
Grants and subsidies	566,213	1,796,280	245,839
Interest income	4,317,769	4,046,253	612,895
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(5,240,017)	(2,510,806)	(1,100,134)
Other nonoperating revenues	-	-	-
Loss on disposal of lease asset		-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(356,035)	3,331,727	1,332,703
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL			
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	17,354,191	19,392,159	(1,506,499)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:			
Capital contributions	10,047,520	3,142,095	-
Contribution to governmental activities	-	-	(770,057)
Developer contributions	-	2,443,837	4,000,581
Transfers in	(474.000)	(201 (57)	262,000
Transfers out	(474,899)	(301,657)	(203,328)
Total contributions and transfers	9,572,621	5,284,275	3,289,196
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	26,926,812	24,676,434	1,782,697
NET POSITION:			
Beginning of year	232,856,178	412,850,675	54,836,846
End of year	\$ 259,782,990	\$ 437,527,109	\$ 56,619,543

## City of Stockton Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) **Proprietary Funds**

	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 154,507,651 8,035,607	\$ 179,251,493 212,983
Total operating revenues	162,543,258	179,464,476
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Operation and maintenance	72,205,365	149,242,776
General and administrative	18,426,541	8,953,058
Depreciation and amortization	24,493,997	7,754,019
Purchased water	16,485,899	· · · · · ·
Total operating expenses	131,611,802	165,949,853
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	30,931,456	13,514,623
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Taxes	1,574,103	-
Grants and subsidies	2,608,332	-
Interest income	8,976,917	14,856,726
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(8,850,957)	(106,307)
Other nonoperating revenues	-	321,761
Loss on disposal of lease asset		(761,285)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	4,308,395	14,310,895
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	35,239,851	27,825,518
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:		
Capital contributions	13,189,615	3,505,739
Contribution to governmental activities	(770,057)	-
Developer contributions	6,444,418	-
Transfers in	262,000	801,846
Transfers out	(979,884)	(1,375,030)
Total contributions and transfers	18,146,092	2,932,555
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	53,385,943	30,758,073
NET POSITION:		
Beginning of year	700,543,699	217,421,195
End of year	\$ 753,929,642	\$ 248,179,268

#### City of Stockton Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

	Major Enterprise Funds		Nonmajor				
		Water		Wastewater	_	Enterprise	
		Utility		Utility		Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Φ.	56.050.040	Φ	02.705.605	Φ.	12 20 ( 700	
Receipts from customers and users	\$	56,252,242	\$	82,705,695	\$	12,306,789	
Receipts for interfund services provided Payments to suppliers and employees		(40,380,638)		(57,020,408)		(11,664,251)	
Miscellaneous receipts		6,123,190		1,716,744		195,673	
Net cash provided by operating activities		21,994,794		27,402,031		838,211	
The state of the s		7 7		., . ,			
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Transfers in (out), net		(474,899)		(301,657)		58,672	
Loans to and from other funds		-		-		(655,208)	
Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants		2,851,117		1,796,280		-	
Other nonoperating revenues Proceeds from taxes		-		-		1 010 042	
		2 277 219		1 404 622		1,819,942	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		2,376,218		1,494,623		1,223,406	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND							
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		475,214		306,261		43,192	
Purchases of capital assets		(9,112,876)		(38,398,654)		(4,989,474)	
Capital contributions received		10,047,520		5,585,932		4,000,581	
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-		35,099,112		-	
Principal paid on debt		(18,179,461)		(5,377,577)		(925,413)	
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt and discount		721,388		170,584		- (1.114.070)	
Interest paid on debt		(5,414,162)		(2,588,056)		(1,114,870)	
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(21,462,377)		(5,202,398)		(2,985,984)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Investment earnings		4,185,119		3,954,445		610,183	
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,185,119		3,954,445		610,183	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH							
EQUIVALENTS		7,093,754		27,648,701		(314,184)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:							
Beginning of year		114,131,432		95,938,986		15,477,404	
End of year	\$	121,225,186	\$	123,587,687	\$	15,163,220	
NONCASH ITEMS:							
Acquisition of subscription assets	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	
Issuance of subscription liabilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$		

## City of Stockton Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

	_	·			
For the	Year	<b>Ended</b>	June	30.	2024

	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 151,264,726	\$ -
Receipts for interfund services provided	-	182,914,873
Payments to suppliers and employees	(109,065,297)	(156,521,388)
Miscellaneous receipts	8,035,607	5,991,922
Net cash provided by operating activities	50,235,036	32,385,407
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Transfers in (out), net	(717,884)	(573,184)
Due to and from other funds	(655,208)	674,976
Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants	4,647,397	-
Other nonoperating revenues	-	321,761
Proceeds from taxes	1,819,942	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	5,094,247	423,553
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	824.667	
Purchases of capital assets	(52,501,004)	(12,814,512)
Capital contributions received	19,634,033	(12,014,312)
Proceeds from issuance of debt	35,099,112	-
Principal paid on debt	(24,482,451)	(3,534,681)
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	891,972	(3,334,001)
Interest paid on debt	(9,117,088)	(109,760)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(29,650,759)	(16,458,953)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	0.740.747	14.552.102
Investment earnings	8,749,747	14,573,182
Net cash provided by investing activities	8,749,747	14,573,182
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS	34,428,271	30,923,189
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
Beginning of year	225,547,822	230,259,629
End of year	\$ 259,976,093	\$ 261,182,818
NONCASH ITEMS:		
Acquisition of subscription assets	\$ -	\$ 4,641,647
Issuance of subscription liabilities	\$ -	\$ 4,641,647

# City of Stockton Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Major Enterprise Funds			Nonmajor	
		Water Wastewater		Wastewater	Enterprise	
		Utility		Utility		Funds
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				-		
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -						
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:						
Cash and investments	\$	121,203,831	\$	119,369,903	\$	11,386,899
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments		_		_		_
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		21,355		4,217,784		3,776,321
Total cash and investments	\$	121,225,186		123,587,687	\$	15,163,220
2000 0000 0000 0000		121,220,100		120,007,007		10,100,220
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	17,710,226	\$	16,060,432	\$	(2,839,202)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		8,068,921		13,062,277		3,362,799
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivables		(1,203,253)		(2,684,094)		643,844
Due from other funds		-		_		-
Prepaid items		(2,216,100)		(53,814)		35,231
Lease receivable		-		_		33,073
Lease related deferred inflows		-		-		(32,495)
Inventory of supplies		-		(417,166)		_
Deposits and advances		(84,254)		(157,067)		(76,295)
Accounts payable		(203,689)	1,980,243			(413,311)
Accrued payroll		74,370		82,828		13,425
Accrued liabilities		-		-		(25)
Deposits and other liabilities		24,244		(67,960)		18,431
Compensated absences		(279,152)		(125,653)		121,765
Self-insurance - claims and judgments		-		_		-
Net pension liability		(48,261)		(989,501)		(71,159)
Pension-related deferred outflows		248,551		932,221		70,871
Pension-related deferred inflows		(96,809)		(220,715)		(28,741)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	21,994,794	\$	27,402,031	\$	838,211
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:						
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$	721,388	\$	170,584	\$	_
Capital contributions received	7	-	*	2,443,837	-	4,000,581
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	721,388	\$	2,614,421	\$	4,000,581

# City of Stockton Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Totals		overnmental Activities ternal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -				
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:				
Cash and investments	\$	251,960,633	\$	180,944,355
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments		-		80,238,463
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		8,015,460		-
Total cash and investments	\$	259,976,093	\$	261,182,818
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	30,931,456	\$	13,514,623
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		24,493,997		7,754,019
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivables		(3,243,503)		3,470,165
Due from other funds		-		(19,768)
Prepaid items		(2,234,683)		2,093,225
Lease receivable		33,073		-
Lease related deferred inflows		(32,495)		-
Inventory of supplies		(417,166)		(417,121)
Deposits and advances		(317,616)		(282,248)
Accounts payable		1,363,243		(36,542)
Accrued payroll		170,623		113,337
Due to other funds		(25)		-
Deposits and other liabilities		(25,285)		-
Compensated absences		(283,040)		203,795
Self-insurance - claims and judgments		-		5,991,922
Net pension liability		(1,108,921)		-
Pension-related deferred outflows		1,251,643		-
Pension-related deferred inflows		(346,265)		-
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	50,235,036	\$	32,385,407
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:				
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$	891,972	\$	_
Capital contributions received	Ψ	6,444,418	Ψ	3,505,739
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	7,336,390	\$	3,505,739



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#### FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

The fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and which, therefore, cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Funds financial statements. The fiduciary funds category includes custodial funds and private-purpose trust funds.

#### **Custodial Funds**

To account for land secured financing, developer area of benefit fees, pass-thru public fees on behalf of other entities, funds held in trust as security for development projects, and various community enhancement programs the City administers on behalf of other entities.

#### Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Stockton

To account for a separate legal entity, which was formed to hold the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency pursuant to the City Council actions taken on August 23, 2011. The nature and significance of the relationship between the City and the Successor agency is such that it would be misleading to exclude the Successor Agency from the City's financial statements. The Successor Agency is presented herein in the City's fiduciary funds as a private-purpose trust fund.



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### City of Stockton Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 26,189,467	\$ 7,549,111	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	10,691,565	988	
Receivables, net:			
Interest	149,190	36,559	
Accounts and other receivables	1,472,077	26.026	
Lease	-	26,036	
Capital assets:		10 001 050	
Nondepreciable	-	12,231,979	
Depreciable and amortizable, net		10,829,739	
Total assets	38,502,299	30,674,412	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	77,753	-	
Accrued payroll	-	-	
Deposits and other liabilities	-	114	
Due to other governments	1,235,796	-	
Loans from the City	-	1,106,580	
Accrued interest	-	1,155,904	
Lease liabilities - current	-	5,398	
Bonds payable - current	-	4,582,548	
Bonds payable - noncurrent	-	77,860,384	
Pollution remediation	<del></del>	275,000	
Total liabilities	1,313,549	84,985,928	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Lease	-	25,534	
Total deferred inflows of resources		25,534	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
		(54.225.050)	
Held in Trust	27,100,770	(54,337,050)	
Restricted for individual, organization, and other governments	37,188,750		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 37,188,750	\$ (54,337,050)	

#### City of Stockton Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

	Custodial Funds	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:		
Property tax	\$ 9,562,617	\$ 7,537,714
Use of money and property	148,212	6,980
Investment income	1,131,460	281,178
Debt issued	14,046,693	-
Miscellaneous	3,453,462	84,409
Total additions	28,342,444	7,910,281
DEDUCTIONS:		
General government	12,056,377	138,524
Public works	7,175,511	-
Debt obligations	8,702,636	2,953,511
Depreciation and amortization	-	575,821
Miscellaneous	-	1,762,629
Total deductions	27,934,524	5,430,485
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	407,920	2,479,796
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):		
Beginning of year	36,780,830	(56,816,846)
End of year	\$ 37,188,750	\$ (54,337,050)







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#### City of Stockton Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Stockton, California (the "City") have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards in the United States. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on July 25, 1850, under the general laws of the State of California. Under the charter adopted in 1923, the City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, community services, engineering services, planning services, public works, general administrative services, and capital improvements.

These basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and either the City can impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable for an organization if that organization is fiscally dependent (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year-end. The following entities are reported component units:

#### <u>Fiduciary Component Unit – Successor Agency</u>

The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Stockton ("Successor Agency") is a separate legal entity, which was formed to hold the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency under City Council action taken on August 23, 2011. The nature and significance of the relationship between the City and the Successor Agency are such that it would be misleading to exclude the Successor Agency from the City's financial statements. The Successor Agency is presented herein in the City's fiduciary funds as a private-purpose trust fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

#### The Stockton Public Financing Authority (the "SPFA")

The SPFA was created in June 1990 and carries out bonded debt and lease financing for the City. The governing body of the SPFA is comprised of City Council members. The SPFA is authorized to borrow money for the purpose of financing the acquisition of bonds, notes and other obligations of, or for the purpose of making loans to the City and to refinance outstanding obligations of the City. The SPFA does not prepare separate financial statements.

#### **Excluded Agencies**

A governmental agency in which the City participates is the San Joaquin Area Flood Control Agency ("SJAFCA") which is jointly governed by the City and the County of San Joaquin ("County"). The City retains neither an ongoing financial interest in nor obligation to SJAFCA. Therefore financial information for the SJAFCA is not included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### City of Stockton Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized by funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance or net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The City's financial position and results of operations are presented from two perspectives in the following two sets of financial statements:

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental activities and business-type activities for the City, the primary government, accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or programs are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, are identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements with nonmajor funds aggregated in and combined with the major funds.

The Government-Wide financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, including capital assets, and infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents the change in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

#### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)**

Certain eliminations have been made for inter-fund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and netted in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated and reported as transfers The following inter-fund activities have been eliminated:

- Loans to, Loans from other funds
- Transfers in, Transfers out

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing use) in fund balances.

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both "measurable" and "available" to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period as soon enough after that to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, and other taxes.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured or been earned. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds as capital outlay. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Revenues and expenditures not meeting recognition criteria are treated as deferred inflows or outflows (Note 1C).

The Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

#### • General Fund

To account for resources not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is the City's main operating fund reflecting transactions related to municipal governmental services supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services and other governmental type revenues.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### • Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund

To account for federal grant programs and other resources that provide for development of a viable urban community by providing a suitable living environment, loans to non-profit housing developers to acquire and rehabilitate abandoned and foreclose homes and providing affordable housing assistance to qualified low- and moderate-income households. This fund includes the City's annual federal funding from the Community Development Block Grant, Community Rehabilitation Loan program, federal revolving loan program, revitalization activities in the designated Urban Development Action Grant area, Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108, HOME Housing grants and loans, and Neighborhood Stabilization Loan Program (NSP Funds).

## • Special Grants Special Revenue Fund

To account for one-time resources received through the federal CARES and American Rescue Plan Act and in addition to some comparatively smaller grants from federal and state governments to support public safety and other community programs which are not otherwise accounted for in other special revenue funds.

## Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund

To account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of general governmental capital facilities as required by City Council action or state law in which the projects are financed by grants, lease proceeds, and transfers from other City governmental funds.

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

#### • Water Utility Enterprise Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction of water treatment facilities, production, distribution and transmission of potable water to users, and operations related to the provision of services.

#### • Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, and operation and maintenance of wastewater facilities for the collection, treatment, and disposal of wastewater, and operations related to the provision of services.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

A column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are a type of proprietary fund used to report the provision of goods and services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds include eight individual funds which provide services directly to other City funds. The Internal Service Funds of the City are the General Liability Insurance, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Employee Health Insurance, Retirement Benefits, Other Benefits and Insurance, Vehicle Fleet Equipment, Computer and Radio Equipment, and Other Equipment funds.

#### **Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements**

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds represent agency funds and private purpose trust funds. Both custodial funds and the private purpose trust funds are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting. The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The **Private Purpose Trust Fund** is used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the Stockton Redevelopment Agency.

The **Custodial Funds** account for resources held by the City in custodial capacity for collections to bondholders and for programs that the City administers on behalf of other governmental and private sector entities and organizations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

## C. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, the Statement of Net position report separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources** represent a consumption of net assets that apply to future periods.

**<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>** represent an acquisition of net assets that apply to future periods.

#### D. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of budgetary controls.

#### E. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents. The statement of cash flows requires presentation of "cash and cash equivalents." For the statement of cash flows, the City considers all proprietary fund pooled cash and investments as "cash and cash equivalents," including restricted cash held by fiscal agents for debt service and capital projects.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents. The statement of cash flows requires presentation of "cash and cash equivalents." For the statement of cash flows, the City considers all proprietary fund pooled cash and investments as "cash and cash equivalents," including restricted cash held by fiscal agents for debt service and capital projects.

The City participates in an external investment pool managed by the State of California (the "State"), the Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF"). The City records its investment in LAIF at fair value based on information obtained from the State on the holdings in the pool.

The change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease in investment assets and investment income or loss. Investment income (loss) consists of interest income, dividend income, and recognized gains or losses on investments. Money market investments and certain guaranteed investment contracts are carried at cost. Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available. The City allocates the fair value adjustment for unrealized gains and losses at June 30 of each year. Interest earnings on investments are allocated to the individual pooled funds quarterly based on each fund's average quarterly pooled cash and investments balances. The City reported its investments at fair value, and the unrealized losses on investments amounted to (\$15,273,325.22) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for Deposits and Investment Risks in the following areas are presented in the footnotes:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
  - Overall
  - Custodial Credit Risk
  - Concentration of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

#### F. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments consist of cash and investments held by fiscal agents that are restricted due to limitations on their use by bond covenants or cash or investments with donor limitations. Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the bond investors hold investments arising from the proceeds of long-term debt issuances. The funds may be used for specific capital outlays or for the payment of certain bonds, certificate of participation or tax allocation bonds and have been invested as permitted by specific State statutes or applicable City ordinance, resolution or bond indenture. Cash held in the Water and Wastewater Rate Stabilization Fund was established under the issuance of bonds in 2009 and 2014, respectively.

#### G. Fair Value Measurement

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosure about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

➤ Level 1 – Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.

#### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### G. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- ➤ Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

## H. Receivables

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except revenues subject to accrual (up to 90 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are sales tax, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes, interest revenue, rental revenue and certain charges for services.

Federal and State grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met on the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statement of net positions. The amount recognized as revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental funds is limited to the amount that is deemed measurable and available.

Long-term loans receivable, which consist of the principal amount of the loan plus the accrued borrower's deferred interest is reported in the governmental fund statements and classified as restricted fund balance as the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables was restricted. Long-term loans receivable reported in the governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net position as it is recorded on an accrual basis at its net realizable value based on an estimate of uncollectible amounts for loan losses.

Billed but not collected and unbilled utility revenue earned is recognized as revenue and accounts receivable in the enterprise funds.

## I. Interfund Loans and Advances

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "loans to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Management has determined that there are some inter-fund balances which may or may not be repaid within a reasonable period. U.S. GAAP permits the reporting of inter-fund balances such as inter-fund loans and advances only when repayment is expected within a reasonable period. However, City policy does not permit the elimination of inter-fund balances without City Council approval. Accordingly, inter-fund balances, which are not expected to be repaid within a reasonable period or not at all, have been offset by an allowance for uncollectible advances in both the borrowing and the lending funds.

#### J. Inventory of Supplies

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are valued at weighted average cost using the first-in-first-out basis. Inventories of all funds are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased. Inventory of supplies is recorded in the Wastewater Fund, for the City's Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Enterprise Funds which operates as a central store for all of the City's utilities.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### K. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements by using purchase method. A nonspendable fund balance has been reported in the governmental funds to show that the prepaid items do not constitute "available spendable resources," even though they are a component of current assets.

#### L. Lease Receivable

The City is a lessor for leases of land, buildings, and cell towers and recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

At the commencement of a lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. The City established a threshold of \$5,000 for lease receivables. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received.

The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- ➤ The City uses incremental borrowing rate (IBR) provided by the financial institution at July 1, 2021 for existing leases or the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease plus any option periods that are likely to be exercised.
- ➤ Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

## M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if the actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 for equipment and works of art; \$10,000 for land, buildings, improvements and intangible assets; \$50,000 for infrastructure, all of which must have an estimated useful life more than one year. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Infrastructure30-100 yearsBuildings and Improvements20-50 yearsMachinery and Equipment3-30 years

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### M. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as projects progress and once constructed begin depreciation. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed. Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for the business-type funds as part of the asset cost.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if the actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

The City established a threshold to recognize a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements for a leased asset over \$5,000. Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and adjusted by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service. Lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the City has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Subscription assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the subscription liabilities, less any payments made to the Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangement ("SBITA") vendor before the commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable initial implementation cost, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term.

- > Preliminary Project Stage: Outlays are expensed as incurred.
- > Initial Implementation Stage: Outlays are capitalized as an addition to the subscription asset.
- Operation and Additional Implementation Stage: Outlays are expensed as incurred unless they meet specific capitalization criteria.

Upon adoption, the City elected to exclude the capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage that were incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement in the measurement of subscription assets as of July 1, 2022.

Subscription assets are reported in capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. Subscription assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying, information technology assets unless the subscription contains a purchase option that the City has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the subscription asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying information technology assets.

#### N. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are comprised of cash and assets donated from developers. Connection fees are reported as capital contributions in the Water Utility and Wastewater Utility enterprise funds.

#### O. Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities

The City is on a semi-monthly payroll period, and employees are paid seven calendar days after the end of the payroll periods ending on the 15th and the end of the month or the last working day before that date. As of June 30, 2024, the payroll accrual is recorded in the respective funds when the related liability is incurred.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### P. Compensated Absences

By negotiated labor agreements, employees accumulate earned, but unused vacation, other compensated leave, and sick leave pay benefits. Employees were allowed to apply 100% of accrued sick leave hours for additional California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") service credit upon retirement depending upon bargaining unit and date of hire. As of July 1, 2013, employees separating from service will receive their full vacation payout.

After subtracting the sick leave balance equivalent of one full year of service credit (2080 hours), which may be applied to CalPERS service credit, any sick leave balance remaining upon separation shall be paid at a specific percentage of the cash value to employees who have remained in City service until the dates specified in the labor agreements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

For governmental and business-type activities, compensated absences are recorded as expenses when earned.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

For governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year paid. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

#### Q. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term financial obligations are reported as liabilities.

Bond issuance premiums and discounts, as well as prepaid insurance, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount except for insurance prepaid bond insurance premiums.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, in the year of issuance. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. The differences between the government-wide and fund financial statements are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

#### R. Lease Liabilities

The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a lease term greater than one year in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance of the lessee or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### R. Lease Liabilities (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- > The City uses incremental borrowing rate provided by the financial institution at July 1, 2021 for existing leases or the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease payable is composed of fixed payments to the lessor.

#### S. Subscription Liabilities

The City recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a subscription term greater than one year in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance of the City, usage of the underlying information technology assets, or number of user seats are not included in the measurement of the subscription liability.

At the commencement of a subscription, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITA include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- ➤ The City uses the incremental borrowing rate provided by institution at July 1, 2022 by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITA.
- ➤ The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure any subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

#### T. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable by benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Fund and special revenue are typically used to liquidate pension liabilities for governmental funds.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### T. Pensions (Continued)

The following time frames are used for pension reporting:

#### **CALPERS**

Valuation Date June 30, 2022 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

**PARS** 

Valuation Date June 30, 2022 Measurement Date June 30, 2024

Measurement Period July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

#### U. Net Position

In governmental-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, Net Position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and amortization reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, and excludes unspent debt proceeds. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of the net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of the net position.

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to first spend the restricted net position.

#### V. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are (1) not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventories and long-term receivables for which the payment of proceeds are not restricted or committed with respect to the nature of the specific expenditures of that fund or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan funds.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### V. Fund Balances (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has legislative restrictions on amounts collected and reported in the City's various governmental funds. As a result, these restrictions have been classified as restricted for community development, debt service reserve, general government, housing projects/loans, libraries and arts, parks and recreation, public safety, public services, redevelopment projects, solid waste/recycling and streets, transit and traffic.

<u>Committed</u> – This amount indicates the portion of fund balances which can only be used for specific purposes under formal resolution or ordinance of the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts that have been allocated by action of an official authorized by the Stockton City Council in which the City's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The City considers this level of authority to be the City Manager.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This amount is for any portion of the fund balances that do not fall into one of the above categories. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a deficit unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a deficit unassigned fund balance amount. However, in a governmental fund other than the general fund, expenditures incurred for a specific purpose might exceed the amounts in the fund that are restricted, committed, and assigned to that purpose and a negative residual balance for that purpose may result. If that occurs, amounts assigned to other purposes in that fund should are reduced to eliminate the deficit. If the remaining deficit eliminates all other assigned amounts in the fund, or if there are no amounts assigned to other purposes, the negative residual amount is classified as unassigned fund balance.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is first to expend restricted fund balances, then unrestricted fund balances as they are needed.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes where only unrestricted fund balances are available, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned depending on the nature of the expenditure.

## W. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable by property owners in two installments: November 1 and February 1 of each year. Property taxes become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, for the first and second installments, respectively. The lien date is January 1. The County of San Joaquin, California ("County") bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the City according to a payment schedule established by the County. The County generally operates under the Teeter Plan, whereby the County pays the City 100% of the taxes levied. The County assumes responsibility for collecting any delinquent amounts and upon collection retains the penalty and interest portion of those amounts. Therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

Property Valuations are established by the Assessor of the County of San Joaquin for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls: the utility property tax rolls are valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provisions of Article XIIA of the State Constitution (Proposition 13 adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978) properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base of assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2%. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### W. Property Taxes (Continued)

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied, provided the taxes are received within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year. Property taxes received after this date are not considered available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year operations of the City and, therefore, are not recorded as revenue until collected.

#### X. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

#### Y. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. There were no significant impacts on the City's financial statements.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of cash, cash equivalents, and investments, including restricted cash and investments on June 30, 2024:

Deposits:	
Cash on Hand	\$ 21,981
Demand Deposits	 191,489,708
Total Deposits	191,511,689
Investments	934,474,998
<b>Total Cash and Investments</b>	\$ 1,125,986,687
Presented in the government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 991,598,653
Restricted Cash and Investments	89,956,903
Presented in the statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and Investments	33,738,578
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 10,692,553
<b>Total Cash and Investments</b>	\$ 1,125,986,687

## Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### A. Cash Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's pooled cash deposits was \$191,489,708 at June 30, 2024. Bank balances before reconciling items were \$199,128,865 at that date, the total amount of which was insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Fund's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures or by donor direction. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### **B.** Authorized Investments

## Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code ("CGC") or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, which are more restrictive to address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City.

	Maximum	Maximum in	Minimum Legal	Maximum Investments in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	Rating	One Issuer
Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies:			37/1	
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes and Bills	No Limit	No Limit	N/A	No limit
State of California Obligations	10 Years	No Limit	N/A	5%
49 other States Obligations	10 Years	No Limit	N/A	5%
California Non Stockton Local Agency Obligations	10 Years	No Limit	N/A	No limit
U.S. Agency and U.S. Government sponsored				
Enterprise Securities	10 Years**	No Limit	N/A	No limit
City of Stockton Obligations	5 Years*	None	None	No limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years*	30%	AA	5%
Time Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	20%	N/A	No limit
Bankers' Acceptances	180 Days	40%	A, A-1	5%
				5%; 10% of outstanding CP of
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	A1, P1, F-1	any single issuer
M edium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	A	5%
California Local Agency Investment Fund				
- Investments made in County or other types of investment		\$75,000,000		\$75,000,000 per
pools require due diligence	Upon Demand	per account	N/A	account
California Asset Management Program	Upon Demand	No Limit	N/A***	10%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	N/A	No limit
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	N/A	No limit
- If the City invests in Repurchase Agreements, a Master Repurchase Agreement is required	·			
Demand Accounts - Insured/Collateralized Medium Term Notes	N/A	No Limit	N/A	No limit
Mutual Funds				
SEC registered Money Market Funds limited to a percentage				
of the City's surplus as narrowly defined in the California				No limit
Government Code Section 53601 et seq.	N/A	20%	AAA	

N/A- Not Applicable

<sup>\*</sup> Limited to 5 years, except permits investment in variable rate demand obligations (VRDO) that are City obligations up to 10 years maturity, as allowed under IRS and SEC rulings. VRDO investments are limited to 15% of the portfolio.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Securities with term to maturity greater than 5 years shall not exceed 30% of the total portfolio value.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Pool composition restricted by CSA 53601.

## Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

#### B. Authorized Investments (Continued)

## Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by the City's bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreement, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

				Maximum
				Investment
	Maximum	Minimum Legal	Maximum	In One
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Rating	in Portfolio	Issuer
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	Top Four Rating	No Limit	No Limit
Reputchase Agreements		Categories		
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes and Bills	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Agency and U.S. Government				
Sponsored	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit
Enterprise Securities				
State Obligations	No Limit	Not lower than	No Limit	No Limit
State Obligations		their bond rating		
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1+	No Limit	No Limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Time Certificates of Deposit	No Limit	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Corporate Notes and Bonds	No Limit	Not lower than	No Limit	No Limit
Corporate Notes and Bonds		their bond rating		
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	No Limit	Not lower than	No Limit	No Limit
Guaranteed investment Contracts		their bond rating		
Shares of Beneficial Interest	No Limit	Top Rating	No Limit	No Limit
Shares of Behericial Interest		Category		
Money Market Mutual Funds	No Limit	AAm	20%	No Limit
Bankers' Acceptances	365 days	A-1+	30%	30%
Municipal Bonds	No Limit	AAA	No Limit	No Limit
California Local Agency Investment Fund	Upon	N/A	\$75,000,000	\$75,000,000
(LAIF)	Demand			
Colifornia Assat Managament Duagram	Upon	N/A	No Limit*	No Limit*
California Asset Management Program	Demand			
Investment Agreements	No Limit	AA-	No Limit	No Limit

<sup>\*</sup>Pool is constrained by CGC 53601 as to % that the pool must abide by.

## C. Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund

The City is a participant in LAIF, which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. As of June 30, 2024, the City had \$826,673 invested in LAIF. LAIF is reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### D. Investments in California Asset Management Program

The City is a participant in CAMP which is a California Joint Powers Authority ("JPA") established in 1989 to provide California public agencies with professional investment services. The CAMP Pool is a permitted investment for all local agencies under California Government Code Section 53601(p). Structured Notes and Asset Backed Securities are not permitted under CAMP's current investment policy.

As of June 30, 2024, the City had \$61,466,097 invested in CAMP, which had invested 14.3% of the pool investment funds in medium-term and short-term structured notes or asset backed securities. The face value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

## E. Fair Value of Investments

At June 30, 2024, investments are reported at fair value. The following table presents the fair value measurements of investments on a recurring basis and the levels with GASB 72 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2024. Deposits and withdrawals related to the investments in LAIF, CAMP, and money market funds are valued on amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Accordingly, under the fair value hierarchy these investments are uncategorized.

		Measurement Input							
Investments subject to fair value measurement categorizations:	 June 30, 2024	Level 1		Level 2	Un	categorized <sup>(3)</sup>			
U. S. Agencies (1)	\$ 97,702,756	\$ -		\$97,702,756	\$	-			
U. S. Treasuries (4)	352,695,159	352,695,159		-		-			
Medium term notes (1)	150,769,588	-		150,769,588		-			
Supranationals (2)	4,142,918	-		4,142,918		-			
Municipal Bonds (1)	9,793,780	-		9,793,780		-			
Federal Agency CMOs (1)	89,497,863	-		89,497,863		-			
Negotiable CD (1)	17,563,907	-		17,563,907		-			
Cmmercial Paper (1)	11,738,461	-		11,738,461		-			
Asset backed securities (1)	49,937,906	-		49,937,906		-			
Equity Mutual Fund- PARS 115 Trust (2)	26,481,905	-		26,481,905		-			
Fixed Income MutuaL Fund- PARS 115 Trust (1)	60,938,559	-		60,938,559		-			
Idle Funds in Reserve Portfolio (3)	905,955	-		-		905,955			
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) (3)	826,673	-		-		826,673			
California Asset Management Program (CAMP) (3)	61,466,097	-		-		61,466,097			
Money Market Funds (attributable to 115 Trust) (3)	 13,471	-		-		13,471			
Total	\$ 934,474,998	\$ 352,695,159	\$	518,567,643	\$	63,212,196			

- (1) Pricing based on Institutional Bond Quotes evaluations based on various market and industry inputs.
- (2) Pricing based on Intercontinental Exchange Extel Financial Ltd evaluations based on various market factors.
- (3) Investments (cash and cash equivalents) are valued at an amortized cost which approximates fair value.
- (4) Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets in active markets at the measurement date.

#### F. Risk Disclosures

#### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy provides that final maturities of securities cannot exceed five years. The exceptions to this policy are that U.S. Treasury or U.S. Agency securities may be invested in greater than five years and investment in variable rate obligations of the City is permissible when allowed by the IRS and SEC. Investments maturing beyond a five-year horizon should not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total portfolio value at any given time. The maturity of investments is evaluated before purchase depending on liquidity needs.

## Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

## F. Risk Disclosures (Continued)

## Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by fiscal agents) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date.

	Investment Maturities											
Investment Type	Fair Value	1 year or less	1-3 years	3-5 years	5 years or more							
U.S. Agencies	\$ 97,702,756	\$ 29,886,805	\$ 38,280,419	\$ 6,718,964	\$ 22,816,568							
U.S. Treasuries	352,695,159	27,135,853	148,643,907	80,042,411	96,872,988							
Medium Term (Corporate) Notes	150,769,588	30,088,139	40,397,274	80,284,175	-							
Supranationals	4,142,918	4,142,918	-	-	-							
Municipal Bonds	9,793,780	4,221,466	5,572,314	-	-							
Federal Agency CMOs	89,497,863	-	14,802,710	74,695,153	-							
Local Agency Investment Fund	826,673	826,673	-	-	-							
Capital Asset Management Program	61,466,097	61,466,097	-	-	-							
Money Market Funds (attributable to 115 Trust)	-	-	-	-	-							
Negotiable CD	17,563,907	13,322,369	4,241,538	-	-							
Asset Backed Securities	49,937,906	789,034	6,582,742	42,566,130	-							
Commercial paper	11,738,461	11,738,461	-	-	-							
Cash - PARS 115 Trust	13,471	13,471	-	-	-							
Equity Mutual Fund- PARS 115 Trust	26,481,905	26,481,905	-	-	-							
Fixed Income Mutual Fund- PARS 115 Trust	60,938,559	60,938,559	-	-	-							
Idle Funds in Reserve Portfolio	905,955	905,955										
Total	\$ 934,474,998	\$ 271,957,705	\$ 258,520,904	\$ 284,306,833	\$ 119,689,556							
Allocation by percentage	100%	35%	40%	24%	1%							

## Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. It is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2024, for each investment type as provided by Standard and Poor's investment rating system:

Investment Type	AAA/A	AAAm	AA/AA	AA/AA+/AA-		A / A+/ A-		A-1+		BBB+	 Total
Held by the City and its Component Units:											
U. S. Agencies:											
Non-callable	\$	-	\$ 301,	790,064	\$	-	\$	10,501,155	\$	-	\$ 312,291,219
Callable		-	227,	504,559		-		-		-	227,604,559
Medium term notes:											
Non-callable		-	7,	993,769		33,768,248		-		1,822,196	43,584,213
Callable	4,	850,266	24,	748,916		75,763,997		-		1,822,196	107,185,375
Asset Backed Securities	36,	792,977		-		-		-		-	36,792,977
Commercial Paper		-		-		11,738,461		-		-	11,738,461
Negariable CDs		-		-		4,241,538		13,322,369		-	17,563,907
Supranationals	4,	142,918		-		-		-		-	4,142,918
Municipal securities	1,	527,073	8,	266,707		-		-		-	9,793,780
Total	\$ 47,	313,234	\$ 570,	404,015	\$	125,512,244	\$	23,823,524	\$	3,644,392	770,697,409
Not rated or exempt from rating disclosure:											
Asset Backed Securities											13,144,929
Local Agency Investment Fund											826,673
California Asset Management Program											61,466,097
Section 115 Trust Mutual Funds (not rated)											87,420,464
Cash Held in 115 Trust											13,471
Idle Funds in Reserve Portfolio											905,955
							Tot	al Investmen	ts		\$ 934,474,998

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

#### F. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

The City's portfolio manager utilized ratings of S&P in compiling the previous table. In August 2011, S&P took an extraordinary stance of downgrading the debt of the United States and numerous agencies whose debt it stands behind. Moody's and Fitch only took moves to lower the outlook on U.S. debt while still maintaining the AAA ratings on these entities. In May of 2023 Fitch placed its AAA rating on a negative watch ultimately downgrading the U.S. to an AA+ rating in August of 2023. In March 2024, both S&P and Fitch affirmed the AA+ rating with a stable outlook. As of June 30, 2024, Moody was the only major credit rating agency that maintained its AAA rating with negative outlook rating for U.S. debt.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk refers to the event in which the custodial bank (outside party) in possession of an investment security fails to supply the value of investments or collateral securities to the City upon demand. All securities, except the money market mutual funds, LAIF, and CAMP, are held by a third-party custodian, U.S. Bank. U.S. Bank is a registered member of the Federal Reserve Bank. The securities held by U.S. bank are in the street name with a customer number assigned to the City that identifies ownership.

#### Concentration Credit Risk

The City's investment policy regarding the amount that can be invested in any one issuer is stipulated by the California Government Code. Concentrations of 5.0% or more in investments in any one issuer, held by individual funds in the securities of issuers other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools are required to be disclosed.

At June 30, 2024, the City's Pooled investments that represent a concentration in the securities of any individual issuers, other than U. S. Treasury securities or mutual funds, are set forth below:

	Reported						
Issuer	Investment Type		Amount	<u>To</u>	Total Holdings		
Held by City:				\$	934,474,998		
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities	\$	54,562,112		5.84%		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company	Federal Agency Securities		97,110,135		10.39%		

#### G. Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds and other long-term liabilities are classified as restricted cash and investments on the Statement of Net Position as their use is limited by applicable indentures or covenants. Covenants provide that these funds, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, certificates, or leases, may be invested by the ordinances, resolutions or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may require. The ordinances, resolutions, and indentures are more restrictive than the City's investment policy. Restricted cash and investments of the City are primary for the construction or acquisition of facilities, and reserves for payment of debt service as required by the bond indentures.

Governmental activities	\$ 81,941,443
Business-type activities:	
Water Utility	21,355
Wastewater Utility	4,217,784
Parking Authority	 3,776,321
Subtotal	8,015,460
Fiduciary Funds	10,692,553
Total restricted cash and investments	\$ 100,649,456

## Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

#### G. Restricted Cash and Investments (Continued)

The City has a reserve policy governing the establishment of Rate Stabilization Fund for its Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Funds. These reserves are to ease future revenue fluctuations, where revenues are interrupted or otherwise insufficient to offset the operating expenditures and to minimize the impact of rate increases. The City has established a Rate Stabilization Fund in the Water Fund in connection with the issuance of its 2010 Variable Rate Demand Water Revenue Bonds and the Wastewater Fund in connection with the 2014 Wastewater Refunding Bonds. The City use money on deposit in the Rate Stabilization Fund for any lawful purpose. All interest or other earnings in the Rate Stabilization Fund may be withdrawn and accounted for as revenues or used for any lawful purpose. The balance in the Water and Wastewater Rate Stabilization Accounts at June 30, 2024, were \$3,004,452 and \$13,467,689.

#### Note 3 – Interfund Transactions

#### A. Loans To/From Other Funds

"Loans to" and "loans from" balances represent loan activity between funds. These balances are expected to be paid back per a City council approved repayment schedule. The amount of \$6,657,264 of interfund loan balances, broken down by short and long-term net of interest, as of June 30, 2024 is shown below.

The inter-fund transactions were as follows:

Fund Receiving Loan	Sho	ort-Term	L	ong-term		Total
Parking Authority	\$	666,487	\$	5,046,532	\$	5,713,019
Internal Service Funds -Vehicle Fleet Equipment		429,089		515,156		944,245
				Total	\$	6,657,264
	Parking Authority	Parking Authority \$	Parking Authority \$ 666,487	Parking Authority \$ 666,487 \$	Parking Authority \$ 666,487 \$ 5,046,532 Internal Service Funds - Vehicle Fleet Equipment 429,089 515,156	Parking Authority         \$ 666,487         \$ 5,046,532         \$           Internal Service Funds - Vehicle Fleet Equipment         429,089         515,156

- The \$5,713,019 interfund loan balance from the Workers' Compensation Insurance Internal Service Fund to the Parking Authority Enterprise Fund was used to pay-off the existing 2006 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series A, saving the City 2% in annual interest.
- The \$944,245 interfund loan balance from the Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund to the Internal Services Vehicle Fleet Equipment Fund was used to pay off three of four remaining Fire Truck Leases, saving the City 2% in annual interest.

## **Note 3 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)**

#### B. Transfers

Interfund transfers report the nonreciprocal contributions of resources from one fund to another that include program support, debt service and settlement, and other one-time transfers. The following is a summary of transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024:

		T	ransfers In	Transfers Out		Net Transfers	
Governmental Activities:							
General Fund	Program Support	\$	-	\$	(800,000)	\$	(800,000)
General Fund	Capital Improvement		-		(19,662,530)		(19,662,530)
General Fund	Debt Service		-		(9,061,425)		(9,061,425)
Federal Housing Grant Fund	Retirement		-		(352,526)		(352,526)
Special Grant Fund	Program Support		1,181,818		-		1,181,818
Special Grant Fund	Debt Service/ Settlement		-		(51,500)		(51,500)
Nonmajor Government Funds	Program Support		934,182		(8,873,646)		(7,939,464)
Nonmajor Government Funds	Debt Service		9,413,951		-		9,413,951
Capital Improvement	Program Support		28,562,744		-		28,562,744
Internal Service Funds	Retirement				(193,212)		(193,212)
Internal Service Funds	Program Support		801,846		(1,181,818)		(379,972)
Total governmental activities			40,894,541		(40,176,657)		717,884
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>							
Water Utility	Program Support		-		(474,899)		(474,899)
Wastewater Utility	Program Support		-		(301,657)		(301,657)
Stormwater Utility	Program Support		-		(51,122)		(51,122)
Downtown Marina	Program Support		262,000		-		262,000
Golf Courses	Closing Fund		-		(152,206)		(152,206)
Total business-type activities			262,000		(979,884)		(717,884)
<b>Total Government-Wide Statements</b>		\$	41,156,541	\$	(41,156,541)	\$	-

#### Note 4 – Lease Receivable

Lease receivables consist of agreements with others for the right—to—use of the underlying assets for land and buildings owned by the City at various locations. The remaining terms of the agreements range from 2 to 564 months. The incremental borrowing rates used were between 0.4110 to 1.8020% depending on the length of the lease term. For the year ended June 30, 2024 the City recognized \$52,528, and \$7,920 in lease revenue and \$23,908 and \$246 in interest revenue for Governmental Activities, and the Successor Agency, respectively. The outstanding receivables are in the amounts of \$1,392,524 and \$26,037 for the Governmental Activities, and the Successor Agency, respectively.

## Note 4 – Lease Receivable (Continued)

The future required payments for these leases, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ending		Gov	ernm	ental Activ	ities		Fidicuary Funds					
June 30,	P	Principal		nterest		Total	Pı	rincipal	Int	terest		Total
2025	\$	47,758	\$	23,186	\$	70,944	\$	7,737	\$	183	\$	7,920
2026		44,165		22,492		66,657		7,800		120		7,920
2027		47,343		21,751		69,094		7,864		56		7,920
2028		49,513		20,966		70,479		2,635		4		2,639
2029		51,759		20,145		71,904		-		-		-
2030-2034		295,345		87,093		382,438		-		-		-
2035-2039		298,283		61,013		359,296		-		-		-
2040-2044		67,502		47,363		114,865		-		-		-
2045-2049		73,861		41,004		114,865		-		-		-
2050-2054		80,820		34,046		114,866		-		-		-
2055-2059		88,434		26,432		114,866		-		-		-
2060-2064		96,765		18,100		114,865		-		-		-
2065-2069		105,881		8,984		114,865		-		-		-
2070-2071		45,095		851		45,946		-		-		-
	\$	1,392,524	\$	433,426	\$	1,825,950	\$	26,036	\$	363	\$	26,399

#### Note 5 – Successor Agency – Loans from City

With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency effective January 31, 2012, the following loan is outstanding as of June 30, 2024. The Successor Agency received its Finding of Completion from the State Department of Finance on October 30, 2014. On November 4, 2015, the Oversight Board adopted a resolution finding 51 Redevelopment loans from the City were made for legitimate redevelopment purposes. Dissolution law required that the accrued interest on outstanding loans be recalculated quarterly at a simple interest of 3% from the date the loans were originally authorized by the former Redevelopment Agency. Also, the Department of Finance required approved resolutions and signed loan agreements for the loans to be approved for repayment. However, City staff was unable to locate signed loan agreements or documents and approved resolutions for all of the 51 loans. Adjustments for the write off of all loans were disallowed by the Department of Finance in the 2016-2017 fiscal year. During fiscal year 2024, two loans were paid off and the remaining outstanding loan balance as of June 30, 2024 is \$1,106,580 with no allowance set up.

Fund Providing Loan	Fund Receiving Loan	tstanding Balance	ncollectible Loans	Net Balance
Low - Moderate Income Housing RDA Loans	Private-Purpose Trust Fund - Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency	\$ 1,106,580	\$ -	\$ 1,106,580
	Total	\$ 1,106,580	\$ -	\$ 1,106,580

• The \$1,106,580 outstanding loan balance from the Low - Moderate Income Housing fund, a City Special Revenue Fund, to the former Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Funds was to fund the Waterfront Redevelopment Project Area.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## Note 6 - Loans to Property Owners, Net

Loans provided to property owners are managed by the City's Economic Development Department (EDD). Loans receivables under the City's loan programs on June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Governmental Activites									
Loan Programs		Principal Balance		Deferred Interest		lowance for acollectible Loans	N	et Balance		
First Time Home Buyers Program (HOME)	\$	41,713,410	\$	10,841,761	\$	(840,364)	\$	51,714,807		
Community Development Block Grant Programs		15,926,611		5,094,683		(204,180)		20,817,114		
Neighborhood Stabilization First Time Home Buyer Program		10,752,837		1,922,077		(7,975)		12,666,939		
California Home Loans		2,760,216		391,498		(265,685)		2,886,029		
Low & Moderate Income Housing Programs (former Agency)		53,760,511		15,679,684		-		69,440,195		
Total	\$	124,913,585	\$	33,929,703	\$	(1,318,204)	\$	157,525,084		

## First Time Home Buyers Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME)

The Home Investment Partnerships Loan Programs are funded through U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development HOME funds. The programs include deferred gap financing loans for qualified first-time homebuyers, owner-occupied housing rehabilitation loans to qualified borrowers, and multifamily loans to qualified housing developers. Loan repayments are re-deposited into the program cash accounts and are redistributed as future loans.

#### Community Development Block Grant Program

The Community Development Block Grants Loan Programs are funded through U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development CDBG funds. The programs include deferred gap financing loans for qualified first-time homebuyers, owner occupied emergency repair loans, public facility project loans, and commercial loan programs. Loan repayments are re-deposited into the program cash accounts and are redistributed as future loans.

#### Neighborhood Stabilization Program

The Neighborhood Stabilization Program loans are funded through U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Neighborhood Stabilization program funds. The programs include acquisition, rehabilitation, and resale of foreclosed homes (properties) to qualified home buyers, deferred gap financing loans for qualified home buyers; and acquisition, rehabilitation, and rent of foreclosed properties in targeted areas. Loan repayments are re-deposited into the program cash accounts and are redistributed as future loans.

#### California Home Loans Program

The California Home Loans Program are funded through the California Department of Housing and Community Development. The programs include deferred gap financing loans to qualified first-time homebuyers and owner occupied rehabilitation loans. Loan repayments are re-deposited into the program cash accounts and are redistributed as future loans.

#### Low and Moderate-Income Housing Program

The City's Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Programs are funded through the Low and Moderate-Income Housing City Loans Special Revenue Fund and Strong Neighborhoods Initiative Bond proceeds. The programs include loans for rehabilitation and construction of affordable housing units which are deed restricted for occupancy by low- and moderate-income households for at least fifty-five years. Interest income is recorded as payments when received.

# Note 7 – Capital Assets

## A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2024, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	 Governmental Activities	В	Business -Type Activities	Total
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				_
Land	\$ 38,616,370	\$	14,767,413	\$ 53,383,783
Intangible assets - easements	4,354,960		-	4,354,960
Construction in progress	302,703,207		272,834,337	575,537,544
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 345,674,537		287,601,750	633,276,287
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	647,536,895		-	647,536,895
Buildings and improvements	329,649,662		1,066,032,706	1,395,682,368
Machinery and equipment	 105,491,501		20,465,572	125,957,073
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 1,082,678,058		1,086,498,278	2,169,176,336
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(261,531,648)		-	(261,531,648)
Buildings and improvements	(161,324,170)		(489,658,259)	(650,982,429)
Machinery and equipment	 (66,914,027)		(15,335,989)	(82,250,016)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (489,769,845)		(504,994,248)	(994,764,093)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 592,908,213		581,504,030	1,174,412,243
Intangible assets, being amortized:				
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets	2,347,476		2,837,601	5,185,077
Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions	 18,058,440		8,045	18,066,485
Total intangible assets, being amortized	 20,405,916		2,845,646	23,251,562
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets	(1,438,540)		(573,304)	(2,011,844)
Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions	 (6,598,748)		(4,853)	(6,603,601)
Total accumulated amortization	 (8,037,288)		(578,157)	(8,615,445)
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net	 12,368,628		2,267,489	14,636,117
Capital assets, net	\$ 950,951,378	\$	871,373,269	\$ 1,822,324,647

# Note 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

## B. Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Governmental activities:	J	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	38,196,565	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 419,805	\$ 38,616,370
Intangible assets - easements		4,354,960	-	-	-	4,354,960
Construction in progress		252,839,333	70,090,646	(761,284)	(19,465,488)	302,703,207
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		295,390,858	70,090,646	(761,284)	(19,045,683)	345,674,537
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Infrastructure		623,722,939	14,442,008	-	9,371,948	647,536,895
Buildings and improvements		324,338,702	-	-	5,310,960	329,649,662
Machinery and equipment		91,924,681	4,505,100	(2,196,978)	11,258,698	105,491,501
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,039,986,322	18,947,108	(2,196,978)	25,941,606	1,082,678,058
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure		(249,663,022)	(11,868,626)	-	-	(261,531,648)
Buildings and improvements		(150,310,618)	(6,170,531)	-	(4,843,021)	(161,324,170)
Machinery and equipment		(62,782,244)	(5,847,761)	2,196,978	(481,000)	(66,914,027)
Total accumulated depreciation		(462,755,884)	(23,886,918)	2,196,978	(5,324,021)	(489,769,845)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		577,230,438	(4,939,810)	-	20,617,585	592,908,213
Intangible assets, being amortized:						
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets		2,291,649	55,827	-	-	2,347,476
Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions		11,892,463	7,659,186	(1,493,209)	-	18,058,440
Total intangible assets, being amortized		14,184,112	7,715,013	(1,493,209)	-	20,405,916
Less accumulated amortization for:						
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets		(398,930)	(1,039,610)	-	-	(1,438,540)
Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions		(3,664,781)	(3,594,695)	660,728	-	(6,598,748)
Total accumulated amortization		(4,063,711)	(4,634,305)	660,728	-	(8,037,288)
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net		10,120,401	3,080,708	(832,481)	-	12,368,628
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	882,741,697	\$ 68,231,544	\$ (1,593,765)	\$ 1,571,902	\$ 950,951,378

Governmental activities depreciation and amortization expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	
General Government	\$ 1,669,400
Public Works	13,898,235
Parks and Recreation	3,140,804
Library	437,419
Public Safety	1,621,344
Internal Service Funds	7,754,021
Total	\$ 28,521,223

# Note 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

## C. Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Business-type activities:	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	D	eletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 15,127,218	\$ -			\$ (359,805)	\$ 14,767,413
Construction in progress  Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 233,679,173	39,306,134 39,306,134		-	(150,970)	272,834,337 287,601,750
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	1,058,646,940 20,732,210	12,636,583 867,694		-	(5,250,817) (1,134,332)	1,066,032,706 20,465,572
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 1,079,379,150	13,504,277		-	(6,385,149)	1,086,498,278
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	(471,649,055) (14,381,154)	(22,852,225) (1,435,836)		- -	4,843,021 481,001	(489,658,259) (15,335,989)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (486,030,209)	(24,288,061)		-	5,324,022	(504,994,248)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 593,348,941	(10,783,784)		-	(1,061,127)	581,504,030
Intangible assets, being amortized: Intangible asset - right to use leased assets Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions	2,847,464 61,204	-		(9,863) (53,159)	-	2,837,601 8,045
Total intangible assets, being amortized	 2,908,668	-		(63,022)	-	2,845,646
Less accumulated amortization for: Intangible asset - right to use leased assets Intangible asset - right to use subscriptions	(384,186) (28,234)	(198,981) (6,955)		9,863 30,336	-	(573,304) (4,853)
Total accumulated amortization	(412,420)	(205,936)		40,199	-	(578,157)
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net	2,496,248	(205,936)		(22,823)	-	2,267,489
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 844,651,580	\$ 28,316,414	\$	(22,823)	\$ (1,571,902)	\$ 871,373,269

Business-type activities depreciation and amortization expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

#### **Business-type Activities:**

Water Utility	\$ 8,068,864
Wastewater Utility	13,062,325
Stormwater Utility	1,821,567
Parking Authority	993,835
Marina	547,406
Total	\$ 24,493,997

# Note 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

## D. Fiduciary Fund Activities

Summary of Changes in Fiduciary Fund capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Fiduciary fund activities:		Balance uly 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions		Transfers		Balance June 30, 2024	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	12,131,979	\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$	12,131,979	
Intangible assets - easements		100,000	-		-	-		100,000	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		12,231,979			-	-		12,231,979	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Infrastructure		10,898,549	-		-	-		10,898,549	
Buildings and improvements		10,929,529	-		-	-		10,929,529	
Machinery and equipment		471,546	-		-	-		471,546	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		22,299,624	-		-	-		22,299,624	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Infrastructure		(3,524,575)	(249,655)		-	-		(3,774,230)	
Buildings and improvements		(7,065,326)	(300,303)		-	-		(7,365,629)	
Machinery and equipment		(316,737)	(18,677)		-	-		(335,414)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(10,906,638)	(568,635)		-	-		(11,475,273)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		11,392,986	(568,635)		-	-		10,824,351	
Intangible assets, being amortized:									
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets		14,372	-		-	-		14,372	
Total intangible assets, being amortized		14,372	-		-	-		14,372	
Less accumulated amortization for:									
Intangible asset - right to use leased assets		(1,798)	(7,186)		-	-		(8,984)	
Total accumulated amortization		(1,798)	(7,186)		-	-		(8,984)	
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net		12,574	(7,186)		=	-		5,388	
Fiduciary fund activities capital assets, net	\$	23,637,539	\$ (575,821)	\$	- \$	-	\$	23,061,718	

Fiduciary fund depreciation and amortization expenses for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

<b>Fiduciary Fund Activities:</b>	
Successor Agency	\$ 575,821

#### Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities

#### A. Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023		A	Additions		Reductions	Balance June 30, 2024		Sh	ort-Term	Long term	
Governmental Fund Activities Debt												
City Debt												
Assured Guaranty Settlement												
Assured Settlement Obligation	\$	52,884,811	\$	-	\$	(237,557)	\$	52,647,254	\$	278,378	\$	52,368,877
Subtotal Settlement Obligation Bonds		52,884,811		-		(237,557)		52,647,254		278,378		52,368,877
Other Long-Term Obligations												
<u>CDBG</u>												
USD-HUD Housing Note		1,920,000		-		(1,920,000)		-		-		-
Subtotal CDBG		1,920,000		-		(1,920,000)		-		-		-
Lease Liabilities												
Leases liabilities		1,897,699		55,827		(1,038,184)		915,342		797,503		117,839
Subtotal Lease Liabilities		1,897,699		55,827		(1,038,184)		915,342		797,503		117,839
Subscription liabilities												
Subscription liabilities		7,805,621		7,507,626		(5,139,239)		10,174,008		3,370,895		6,803,113
Subtotal Subscription Liabilities		7,805,621		7,507,626		(5,139,239)		10,174,008		3,370,895		6,803,113
Total	\$	64,508,131	\$	7,563,453	\$	(8,334,980)	\$	63,736,604	\$	4,446,776	\$	59,289,829

## **Assured Guaranty Settlement (Pension Obligation Bonds)**

Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 2007 Series A and Series B (the "2007 POBs")

The 2007 POBs were issued on March 26, 2007, to refinance the obligation of the City to make payments to the California Public Employees Retirement System for retirement benefits accruing to its employees and retirees. The 2007 POBs for Series A were issued in the amount of \$96,985,000. As of June 30, 2024, bonds totaling \$68,335,000 were due in installments of principal ranging from \$3,725,000 on September 1, 2024, to \$8,400,000 on September 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 5.365% to 5.455%, and a final maturity date of September 1, 2037. The 2007 POBs for Series B were issued in the amount of \$28,325,000. As of June 30, 2024, bonds totaling \$22,820,000 are due in installments of principal ranging from \$1,245,000 on September 1, 2024, to \$2,800,000 on September 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 5.675% to 5.795%. The Series A and Series B for the 2007 POBs are insured by Assured Guaranty and do not have a reserve fund. The above liabilities are written down and an alternate liability is being recorded which reflects the payments required by the City under a settlement agreement reached with Assured Guaranty. This background on the original liabilities is shown in this footnote due to the bonds still trading in the secondary markets.

As part of a settlement between the City and Assured Guaranty, that became effective upon implementation of the approved Plan of Adjustment. The City is obligated, under a revised indenture, to pay a new series of payments. That series of payments is made up of Non-Contingent General Fund payments which are made up of three types; Special Fund, Ask, and Supplemental, which have all been determined. Special Fund payments range from \$1,673,742 on July 1, 2024 to \$2,009,482 due on July 1, 2053; Lease Ask Fund payments are due in installments ranging from \$2,527,750 on June 1, 2025 to \$2,531,250 due on June 1, 2052; and Supplemental Payments are due in installments of \$250,000 from June 1, 2025, to June 1, 2042, and installments of \$350,000 from June 1, 2043, to June 1, 2052. Additionally, there are Contingent General Fund Payments, which are yet to be determined by future revenues of the City's General Fund. These Contingent Payments extend from June 1, 2022, to June 1, 2053, should General Fund Revenues require them to be made. The payment due June 1, 2025, is currently anticipated to be \$5,255,000.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

#### A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

#### **Pension Obligation Bonds (Continued)**

Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 2007 Series A and Series B (the "2007 POBs") (Continued)

Payments made after the original debt service end date of September 1, 2037, will be retained by Assured Guaranty. The obligation of the City to pay these settlement amounts when due is an absolute and unconditional obligation of the City imposed by law and is not limited to any special source of funds. Under the Revised Indenture, the City is obligated to deposit non-contingent settlement payments with the Trustee as detailed above and reflected in the table below.

Under the settlement agreement, payments are to be made from all legally available funds and resources available to the City. Under extraordinary events, the City may notice Assured Guaranty and suspend contingent payments. Should this occur, unpaid amounts accrue interest at the Prime Rate plus 3% and must be paid no later than ten years after the suspension date. Additionally, any delinquent payments due under the agreement shall also accrue interest at the prime rate plus 3%.

Debt Service on the original bonds expires in September 2037, and payments under the settlement agreement extend to July 2053. If contingent payment streams drastically exceed expectations, it is possible that scheduled payments could reach a point of paying back funds forwarded and accrued interest associated with these funds. Should this occur, it is possible that payments could cease before July 2053.

The City settlement with Assured Guaranty was confirmed as part of the City's Approved Bankruptcy Plan of Adjustment. The plan for the adjustment of the City's debts provides for material modifications of the City's obligations on the 2007 POBs and results in a schedule of payments reflected in the following table.

The City pledged all available sources available to the City, up to and including the General Fund as collateral for the Bonds.

Should default in prompt payment or in other obligations under the settlement agreement with Assured Guaranty occur and remain unresolved, under section 5.02 of the Reimbursement Agreement, non-contingent payment streams accelerate and are immediately due and payable. Assured Guaranty is allowed to exercise all rights and remedies legally available (without limitation) to enforce payment of Contingent General Fund Payments due in each year as they become required.

#### **Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

							Assured (	Guar	antee								
Year	Special Fu	nd Pa	yments	2007 Lease Ask Payments Supplement al Payments				yments									
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal Intere		Principal		Principal 1		To	tal Principal	To	otal Interest
2025	\$ 278,378	\$	1,395,364	\$	-	\$	2,527,750	\$	-	\$	250,000	\$	278,378	\$	4,173,114		
2026	321,242		1,380,009		-		2,530,563		-		250,000		321,242		4,160,572		
2027	93,227		1,362,289		-		2,532,500		-		250,000		93,227		4,144,789		
2028	147,406		1,357,147		-		2,528,625		-		250,000		147,406		4,135,772		
2029	177,041		1,349,016		-		2,528,938		-		250,000		177,041		4,127,954		
2030-2034	1,400,349		6,561,968		-		12,652,439		-		1,250,000		1,400,349		20,464,407		
2035-2039	2,730,029		6,064,237		1,689,924		10,957,578		-		1,250,000		4,419,953		18,271,815		
2040-2044	5,013,786		5,033,624		7,027,085		5,621,604		401,899		1,048,101		12,442,770		11,703,329		
2045-2049	6,557,796		3,489,614		9,195,015		3,457,173		1,271,683		478,317		17,024,494		7,425,104		
2050-2054	8,577,289		1,470,121		6,821,110		766,141		943,995		106,005		16,342,394		2,342,267		
	\$ 25,296,543	\$	29,463,389	\$	24,733,134	\$	46,103,311	\$	2,617,577	\$	5,382,423	\$	52,647,254	\$	80,949,123		

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

#### A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

#### Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity (Continued)

The amounts in the annual debt service requirements to maturity schedule are the scheduled debt service under the bond indentures and settlement agreements.

## **Other Long-term Obligations**

#### Notes Payable

The City entered into four Section 108 loan guarantee agreements with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to complete redevelopment projects. As of June 30, 2024, all four Section 108 loan guarantee agreements have been paid in full. The final payment of \$1,920,000 was paid on August 1, 2023.

#### Lease Liabilities

The City has entered leases for the building and machine uses. The terms of the agreements range from 21 months to 59 months. The calculated interest rates used were between 0.3080% to 0.56% based on the term of the agreements. Principal and interest payments to maturity at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending	Leases										
June 30,	P	rincipal	In	iterest							
2025	\$	797,503	\$	2,394							
2026		93,048		892							
2027		15,019		451							
2028		9,772		226							
Total	\$	915,342	\$	3,963							

#### **Subscription Liabilities**

The City has entered into subscriptions for information technology arrangements. The terms of the arrangements range from 14 to 72 months with implicit rates used between 1.850% to 3.651%. Principal and interest to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Subscriptions									
June 30,	Principal	I	nterest							
2025	\$ 3,370,895	\$	173,756							
2026	2,656,518		182,346							
2027	1,853,472		114,824							
2028	674,561		65,880							
2029	272,840		46,938							
2030-2034	 1,345,722		101,479							
Total	\$ 10,174,008	\$	685,223							

## **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

#### B. Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Water Utility Obligations	Balance July 1,2023	Additions	Reductions	Amort/Prem/ Disc/Deferred Amounts	Balance June 30,2024	Short-Term	Long-Term
2018A Water System Demand Revenue Bonds Premium	\$ 124,285,000 11,521,262	\$ -	\$ (5,650,000)	\$ - (810,073)	\$ 118,635,000 10,711,189	\$ 5,950,000 810,073	\$ 112,685,000 9,901,116
2019A Water System Demand Taxable Revenue	53,140,000	-	(11,705,000)	(810,073)	41,435,000	580,000	40,855,000
Subscription liabilities	14,388	-	(11,703,000)	-	41,433,000	380,000	40,833,000
Subtotal Water Utility Obligations	188,960,650		(17,369,388)	(810,073)	170,781,189	7,340,073	163,441,116
Subtotal Water Office Obligations	188,900,030		(17,309,388)	(810,073)	170,781,189	7,340,073	103,441,110
Wastewater Utility Obligations							
2014 Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds	39,345,000	-	(4,635,000)	-	34,710,000	5,090,000.00	29,620,000
Premium (on 2014 refunding)	4,503,881	-	-	(729,980)	3,773,901	729,981	3,043,920
2020 EPA WIFIA loan	108,000,000	-	-	-	108,000,000	-	108,000,000
State Water Resources Control Board Loan	-	35,100,000	-	-	35,100,000	1,252,669	33,847,331
Subscription liabilities	12,595	-	(12,595)	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	890	-	(890)	-	-	-	-
Subtotal Wastewater Utility Obligations	151,862,366	35,100,000	(4,648,485)	(729,980)	181,583,901	7,072,650	174,511,251
Stormwater Obligations							
Subscription liabilities	3,954	-	(3,954)	-	-	-	-
Subtotal Stormwater Obligations	3,954	-	(3,954)		-	-	-
Central Parking District							
2020 Parking Lease Revenue Bonds	23,750,000	-	(545,000)	_	23,205,000	570,000	22,635,000
Premium	4,963,136	-		(209,710)	4,753,426	209,710	4,543,716
Lease liabilities	2,495,382	-	(184,069)	-	2,311,313	183,596	2,127,717
Subtotal Central Parking District	31,208,518	-	(729,069)	(209,710)	30,269,739	963,306	29,306,433
Marina Operation							
CDBW Harbor Facility Construction							
and Planning Loans	10,870,821	-	-	-	10,870,821	-	10,870,821
Subtotal Marina Operation	10,870,821	-	-	-	10,870,821	-	10,870,821
<b>Total - Enterprise Fund Activities Debt</b>	\$ 382,906,309	\$ 35,100,000	\$ (22,750,896)	\$ (1,749,763)	\$ 393,505,650	\$ 15,376,029	\$ 378,129,621

## **Water Utility**

#### Stockton Public Financing Authority Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2018A

The 2018 Water Revenue Bonds, Series A were issued in the amount of \$145,220,000 by the SPFA on November 20, 2018. The SPFA issued the Bonds to refinance three series of bonds issued in 2002, 2005, and 2009, that finance multiple projects, including the majority of the financing for the Delta Water Supply Project. As of June 30, 2024, \$118,635,000 of 2018A Bonds remain outstanding with installments of principal ranging from \$5,950,000 to \$12,195,000 due October 1, 2024, through October 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%.

The repayment of the 2018A Bonds is from a pledge of available revenues of the fund. Available funds are net revenues of the fund and the 2018 Bonds have parity lien with the 2019A bonds (see below). The principal amount due is reported net of the unamortized premium of \$10,711,189.

#### **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

#### B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

#### Water Utility (Continued)

Stockton Public Financing Authority Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2019A Federally Taxable (Green Bonds)

The 2019 Water Revenue Bonds, Series were issued in the amount of \$54,785,000 by the SPFA on November 19, 2019. The SPFA issued the Bonds to refinance bonds issued in 2010 that financed the final portion of the Delta Water Supply Project. On September 19, 2023, the City completed a cash defeasance of the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A with a par amount of \$11,135,000. The defeasance had a return on investment of 5.47% and will save the Water Utility Fund \$3,663,125 through October 1, 2040. As of June 30, 2024, \$41,435,000 of 2019A Bonds remain outstanding with installments of principal ranging from \$580,000 to \$11,610,000 due from October 1, 2024, through October 1, 2040, with interest rates ranging from 2.464% to 3.61%. The repayment of the 2019A Bonds is from a pledge of net revenues of the fund and the Bonds are issued on parity with the 2018A water bonds. The repayment of the 2019A Bonds is from a pledge of net revenues of the fund and the Bonds are issued on parity with the 2018A water bonds.

#### Pledge Revenues

The City has pledged future net system revenues from the Water Fund for the repayment of all the Revenue Bonds of the Water Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2024, total principal and interest paid was \$14,021,588 and net revenues were \$36,209,546. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Water Utility Revenue Bonds are \$224,684,193.

Events of default with finance related consequences and subjective acceleration are included in section 7 of the indentures for both of the bonds listed above. These acceleration clauses only occur upon continued default in payment of performance of covenanted actions and receipt of a written request of not less than a majority of the bondholders, after which the Trustee would pull from funds on hand under the separate section of the agreement, and then upon court order from net revenues of the system held by the City.

The bonds and notes of the Water Utility are secured by and payable from certain revenues of the City's water enterprise fund (the "Water Fund"), amounts that are derived from "property related fees" collected by the City for water service. Application of amounts in the Water Fund is governed by the requirements of Article XIIID, Section 6 of the California Constitution, which provides that the Water Fund may only be used for the water enterprise and may not be used for general governmental purposes. The City is in compliance with its covenants in connection with its obligations, including covenants on the current rates and charges, and the Water Fund has revenues sufficient to meet the operation and maintenance costs of the water enterprise, scheduled debt service and required debt service coverage.

#### **Debt Covenants**

The Revenue Bonds all require the maintenance of a financial covenant of minimum debt service coverage (DSC) ratio. The minimum DSC ratio for the water bonds is 115% of net system revenues, which are pledged for repayment of the revenue bonds. The DSC ratio is the measure of the Water Fund's ability to have sufficient resources to pay its debt service. The Water Fund has met its DSC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

## **Unused lines of Credit**

There are no unused lines of credit as it pertains to the operation of the water utility.

# City of Stockton otes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continu

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

## B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

#### **Wastewater Utility**

Stockton Public Financing Authority Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (1998 Wastewater Project and 2003 Wastewater Project) were issued in an amount of \$69,440,000 by the SPFA on November 24, 2014. As of June 30, 2024, bonds totaling \$34,710,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$5,090,000 to \$6,530,000 from September 1, 2024, through September 1, 2029, with interest rates of 5.00% on the bonds outstanding. The Bonds were issued to advance refund the 1998 and 2003 certificates of participation. Repayment of the Bonds is a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater Fund.

## Stockton Public Financing Authority- 2020 Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) Loan

The WIFIA loan was entered into with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") on September 29, 2020, and secured long-term financing in the amount of \$108,000,000 at a rate of 1.20%. The payments are interest only until March 1, 2030. As of June 30, 2024, bonds totaling \$108,000,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$4,318,797 to \$5,548,218 from March 1, 2030 through March 1, 2051.

This long-term financing is for the Regional Wastewater Control Facility upgrades, which are necessary to maintain compliance with updated state and federal standards. Repayment of the WIFIA loan is from a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater Fund and the loan is issued on parity with the 2014A bonds. The loan was issued at par value.

At the event of default, 1) the EPA may suspend or terminate all of its obligations with respect to the disbursement of any undisbursed amounts of the loan, 2) may apply the default rate provisions of the interest rate specified in the agreement, 3) may suspend or debar the City from further participation in any government program administered by the EPA and to notify other departments and agencies of such default; and/or be 4) entitled and empowered to institute any actions or proceedings at law or in equity for the collection of any sums due and unpaid.

#### Clean Water State Revolving Loan Act (SRF) Loan

In November 2021, the City and Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) entered into loan agreement in the amount of \$46,800,000 at a rate of 0.09%. The City received the first disbursement of \$35,100,000 on June 12, 2024. As of June 30, 2024, the total principal & interest remaining to be paid on the SRF loan are \$35,100,000. The City is expected to draw the remaining \$11,700,000 in October 2024. Annual installments of principal ranging from \$1,252,669 to \$1,681,877 from December 31, 2024 to December 31, 2047 from December 31, 2024 to December 31, 2052.

Along with the WIFIA loan, the SRF loan also funded the Regional Wastewater Control Facility upgrades, which are necessary to maintain compliance with updated state and federal standards. Repayment of the SRF loan is from a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater Fund and the loan is issued on parity with the 2024 & WIFIA bonds.

#### Pledge Revenues

The City has pledged future net revenues from the Wastewater Fund for the repayment of the Bonds and Notes. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City paid total principal and interest of \$7,782,375 and had net revenues of \$39,526,604. On June 30, 2024, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Wastewater Bonds & Loans are \$211,722,539.

## **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

#### B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

## Wastewater Utility (Continued)

#### Pledge Revenues (Continued)

The bonds of the Wastewater Utility are secured by and payable from certain revenues of the City's wastewater enterprise fund (the "Wastewater Fund"), amounts that are derived from "property related fees" collected by the City for wastewater service. Application of amounts in the enterprise fund is governed by the requirements of Article XIIID, Section 6 of the California Constitution, which provides that the enterprise fund may only be used for the wastewater enterprise and may not be used for general governmental purposes. The City is in compliance with its covenants in connection with its obligations, including covenants on the current rates and charges, and the wastewater Fund has revenues sufficient to meet the operation and maintenance costs of the wastewater utility, scheduled debt service and required debt service coverage.

#### **Debt Covenants**

The Bonds requires the maintenance of a financial covenant of minimum debt service coverage (DSC) ratio. The minimum DSC ratio for Bonds is 115% of Adjusted Net System Revenues which are pledged toward repayment of all bonds. The DSC ratio is the measure of the Wastewater Fund's ability to have sufficient resources to pay its debt service. The Wastewater Fund has met its DSC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, at each measurement period.

#### Unused lines of Credit

There is no unused lines of credit as it pertains to the operation of the wastewater utility.

#### **Parking Authority**

#### Stockton Public Financing Authority- Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2020

The 2020 Parking Revenue Bonds were issued in the amount of \$24,355,000 by the SPFA on February 12, 2020. As of June 30, 2024, the 2020 Parking Bonds totaling \$23,205,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$570,000 on March 1, 2025 to \$1,605,000 on March 1, 2047, with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%, and a final maturity date of March 1, 2047. The 2020 Parking Bonds were issued to refund the bankruptcy settlement on the 2004 Parking bonds, and along with payments from the bond insurer, to payoff the holders of the 2004 Parking bonds, and to provide \$3 million in capital funding to finance repairs and upgrades to facilities. The 2004 bonds had financed the construction of the Stockton Events Center Parking Structure, the Edward S. Coy Parking Garage, and other parking facilities within the Parking Authority.

The repayment of the 2020 Bonds is from a pledge of net revenues of the fund. The principal amount due is reported net of the unamortized premium of \$4,753,426.

#### Lease Liabilities

The City has entered leases for the land, land improvements, buildings. The terms of the agreement range from 21 to 183 months. The calculated interest rates used were 0.3080% to 2.3217% based on the term of the agreements. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the lease payable are \$2,530,310.

#### **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

## B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

#### **Parking Authority (Continued)**

#### Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged future net revenues from the Parking Authority Fund for the repayment of the settlement liability. For the year ended June 30,2024, the City paid total principal and interest of \$1,688,950 and had net revenues of \$765,415.

#### **Downtown Marina**

#### Construction and Planning Loans

On March 17, 1997, the City entered into an agreement with the California Department of Boating and Waterways ("DBAW") for a planning loan to provide funding for a feasibility study regarding the potential construction of waterfront improvements. That feasibility study was approved on May 16, 2000, and the City entered into an agreement with DBAW for the construction loan to develop a small craft harbor facility on August 9, 2004. Engineering work began in the fiscal year 2006. Construction of the facility started during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, and the project was completed in 2011. The principal remaining to be paid on both the planning and construction loans as of June 30, 2024 is \$10,870,821.

The construction note was scheduled to be repaid under a 30-year repayment schedule at 4.5% interest beginning in August 2011. Repayment of the Note is secured by a pledge of the gross revenues of the Downtown Marina, which have been insufficient to pay the full debt service. The loan provides that, subject to the requirements of Article XVI, Section 18 of the California Constitution (the "Debt Limit"), the City will make up any shortfall in debt service after application of Marina revenues. The Marina does not currently generate sufficient annual revenues to cover operational costs (net of debt service), and the City continues to provide an annual subsidy to the operator to cover this shortfall.

Under a settlement agreement with the Department of Boating and Waterways (DBAW), net revenues of the marina are pledged toward reducing the liability. The marina operates on a subsidy from the City and, absent that subsidy, is anticipated to operate at a loss for the foreseeable future. It is anticipated that settlement payments with the bond insurer for the 2004 bonds. There is a covenant to set rates such that they will provide net coverage for Operation and Maintenance (including the settlement payments) of 1.0 coverage. There are no events of default with finance related consequences and subjective acceleration clauses do not exist with respect to these frozen obligations.

The City's settlement with DBAW as to the treatment of this obligation was confirmed as part of the City's Approved Bankruptcy Plan of Adjustment. The terms of the settlement call for the outstanding principal to be paid from net operating revenues of the Marina operation, with no interest accruing on the unpaid portion. The settlement removes the General Fund backing and a reserve fund balance formerly in place in the General Fund has been removed. With operations continuing to receive an annual subsidy, it is unknown when any principal reduction payment will occur. The debt payment schedule was not included in the table listed below in the "Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity" table.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

## B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

#### **Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

		Wate	r Utili	ty	Wastewater Utility										Central Parking District									
Year Ending		Revenu	Bono	ds	Revenue E	onds		WIFIA Loan SRF Loan					oan	n Revenue Bonds				ıds	Leses					
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest			Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2025	S	6,530,000	\$	7,498,221	\$ 5,090,000	\$	1,608,250	\$	-	S	1,296,000	\$	1,252,669	\$	350,649	\$	570,000	\$	1,116,700	\$	183,596	\$	33,613	
2026		6,860,000		7,178,633	5,345,000		1,347,375		-		1,296,000		1,399,898		390,842		600,000		1,088,200		176,891		30,949	
2027		7,215,000		6,841,793	5,620,000		1,073,250		-		1,296,000		1,393,413		397,327		630,000		1,058,200		179,585		28,255	
2028		7,525,000		6,486,724	5,910,000		785,000		-		1,296,000		1,405,954		384,786		660,000		1,026,700		182,319		25,521	
2029		7,955,000		6,112,584	6,215,000		481,875		-		1,296,000		1,418,607		372,133		695,000		993,700		185,095		22,745	
2030-2034		46,380,000		24,210,784	6,530,000		163,250		22,118,496		5,955,488		7,286,862		1,666,837		4,030,000		4,411,250		968,613		70,587	
2035-2039		58,350,000		11,458,661	-		-		23,477,840		4,596,143		7,620,726		1,332,973		5,105,000		3,330,400		435,214		7,433	
2040-2044		19,255,000		825,066	-		-		24,920,727		3,153,256		7,969,888		983,812		6,325,000		2,114,200		-		-	
2045-2049		-		-	-		-		26,452,290		1,621,694		5,351,983		618,653		4,590,000		466,500		-		-	
2050-54		-		-	-		-		11,030,647		198,946		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	160,070,000	\$	70,612,466	\$ 34,710,000	\$	5,459,000	\$	108,000,000	\$	22,005,527	\$	35,100,000	\$	6,498,012	\$	23,205,000	\$	15,605,850	\$	2,311,313	\$	219,103	

The SFR loan payment was an estimated when the loan is fully drawn. Therefore, the principal amount does not agree with the current loan outstanding balance.

## C. Fiduciary Fund Activities

Summary of changes in fiduciary fund long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Successor Agency to RDA of Stockton	J	Balance July 1, 2023	A	dditions	F	Reductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2024	Current	Non-Current		
Revenue Bonds												
2016 Series A Successor Agency												
Tax Allocation Bonds	\$	73,310,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,310,000	\$ 610,000	\$	72,700,000	
Premium		6,286,286		-		(562,951)		5,723,335	562,951		5,160,384	
2016 Series B Successor Agency												
Tax Allocation Bonds (Taxable)		7,340,000		-		(3,925,000)		3,415,000	3,415,000		-	
Discount		(37,799)		-		32,396		(5,403)	(5,403)		-	
Lease liabilities		12,577		-		(7,179)		5,398	5,398		-	
Total Successor Agency to RDA Liabilities	\$	86,911,064	\$	-	\$	(4,462,734)	\$	82,448,330	\$ 4,587,946	\$	77,860,384	

#### Successor Redevelopment Agency

There are no unused credit lines for any Successor Agency debt. A pledge of tax revenues received by the Successor Agency as described below is the only source of payment pledged on these bonds and no real property is pledged as collateral. Section 10 of the indenture lists events of default that if uncured, may, with consent of 25% of the registered owners, result in acceleration of the bonds. Should this occur, funds held by the trustee will be immediately used to satisfy any defaulted payment. Subsequently, the bond insurer would be required to satisfy bondholders as payments become due. Upon court order, tax revenues received by the Agency would be transmitted to the Trustee, or Insurer to satisfy reimbursement. The bond insurer, at its option may satisfy the accelerated payments and seek reimbursement from Tax Revenues received by the Agency.

#### 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series A and B (Federally Taxable)

The Successor Agency issued the 2016 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A in the amount of \$73,310,000 on November 3, 2016 to provide funds to refinance bonds issued in 2004 to finance a portion of the downtown Arena, and 2006 Series A bonds used to finance redevelopment projects in the North, South, and Midtown projects areas of the former Redevelopment Agency.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## **Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

## C. Fiduciary Fund Activities (Continued)

#### Successor Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

#### 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series A and B (Federally Taxable) (Continued)

As of June 30, 2024, the 2016 Series A Bonds totaling \$73,310,000 are due in annual installments of principal ranging from \$610,000 on September 1, 2024 to \$7,195,000 on September 1, 2037, with final payment on September 1, 2037, with interest rates ranging from 3.25% to 5.00%. The principal amount due is reported net of the unamortized premium of \$5,723,335.

The 2016 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B (Federally Taxable) were issued in the amount of \$30,010,000 on November 3, 2016 to provide funds to refinance Certificates of Participation issued in 2003 to finance the construction of capital improvements to provide redevelopment housing in the City of Stockton, and R2006 Series C Bonds issued to finance certain low and moderate-income housing projects throughout the City of Stockton.

As of June 30, 2024, the 2016 Series B Bonds totaling \$3,415,000 is scheduled for final payment on September 1, 2024, with principal due at an interest rate of 2.75%. The principal amount due is reported net of the unamortized discount of \$5,403.

The 2016 Series A and B bonds are limited obligations of the Successor Agency secured by a first charge and lien on, and a security interest in Tax Revenues received by the Successor Agency pursuant to the laws of the State of California related to Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund ("RPTTF") and the revenues of the former Redevelopment Agency under California Health and Safety Code Sections 34183 and 34170.5(b), whereby the County Auditor-Controller is obligated to deposit the Tax Revenues into the RPTTF.

A pledge of tax revenues received by the Successor Agency as described below is the only source of payment pledged on these bonds and no real property is pledged as collateral. Section 10.XX of the indenture lists events of default that if uncured, may, with consent of 25% of the registered owners, result in acceleration of the bonds. Should this occur, funds held by the trustee will be immediately used to satisfy any defaulted payment. Subsequently, the bond insurer would be required to satisfy bondholders as payments become due. Upon court order, Tax Revenues received by the Agency would be transmitted to the Trustee, or Insurer to satisfy reimbursement. The bond insurer, at its option may satisfy the accelerated payments and seek reimbursement from Tax Revenues received by the Agency.

## **Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

Year Ending	201	6 Series A Succ Allocatio	0 .	201	6 Series B Suco Allocation Bo	0 .	Lease Liabilities						
June 30,		Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest	P	Principal	Interest				
2025	\$	610,000	\$ 3,358,550	\$	3,415,000	\$ 46,956	\$	5,398	\$	7			
2026		4,150,000	3,239,550		-	-		-		-			
2027		4,360,000	3,026,800		-	-		-		-			
2028		4,575,000	2,803,425		-	-		-		-			
2029		4,805,000	2,568,925		-	-		-		-			
2030-2034		27,760,000	9,072,800		-	-		-		-			
2035-2039		27,050,000	2,336,125		-	-		-		-			
Total	\$	73,310,000	\$ 26,406,175	\$	3,415,000	\$ 46,956	\$	5,398	\$	7			

#### Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

#### D. Debt Without City Commitment

Community Facilities Districts Debts:

Land Secured Debt Financing (No City Commitment) – The City has authorized the formation of community facilities districts (CFDs) and assessment districts (called local improvement districts or LIDs) and the issuance of bonds under various public improvement acts of the State of California to finance eligible public facilities necessary to serve developing commercial, industrial, residential and/or mixed-use developments. The bonds are secured by annual special tax levies or liens placed on the property within the districts.

The City is not liable for repayment and is only responsible for collecting the special taxes or assessments, making payment from the special taxes or assessments to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings when necessary. These bonds are payable solely from special taxes or assessments, specific reserves, and the proceeds from property foreclosures. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the City's basic financial statements. As of June 30, 2024, there were eight CFD special tax bonds and three revenue bonds outstanding with aggregate principal amounts payable of \$61,460,000 and \$51,075,000, respectively.

	Amount of Issue		Outstanding June 30, 2024		
CFD Special Tax Bonds:					
Cannery Park CFD 2005-1 Series 2019	\$	9,855,000	\$	8,550,000	
CFD 2018-12018 Arch Road/Newcastle		3,535,000		3,170,000	
Westlake CFD 2006-2 SERIES 2019 (Private Placement)		3,134,000		2,715,000	
Westlake Villages II Imp Area 1A (Series 2020)		8,970,000		8,830,000	
Westlake Villages II Imp Area 1A (Series 2021)		4,535,000		4,485,000	
Westlake Villages II Imp Area 1A2 (Series 2022)		9,775,000		9,775,000	
Westlake Villages IA 3 Series 2024		14,020,000		14,020,000	
Cannery Park II		9,915,000		9,915,000	
Subtotal CFD Special Tax Bonds				61,460,000	
Revenue Bonds:					
2016 Combined Refunding		33,350,000		21,035,000	
CFD 99-02 2018 Arch Road East		24,210,000		22,150,000	
AD 2014-01 Mosher Estates		13,020,000		7,890,000	
Subtotal Revenue Bonds				51,075,000	
Total Noncity Obligation		\$	112,535,000		

#### E. Conduit Debt

Conduit Debt (No City Commitment) – At June 30, 2024, there is no conduit debt outstanding that was issued with the City as the conduit issuer.

#### Note 9 – Accrued Compensated Absences

The value of all accumulated vacation and longevity vacation allowance is accrued, as appropriate, for all funds. Earned but unused sick is not accrued starting with negotiated bargaining unit contracts that began in the fiscal year 2012-13 and continued through June 30, 2024. The bargaining unit contracts state that all sick time accrual has no cash value upon separation from the City.

The compensated absence accrual is presented in the Government-Wide and Business Type proprietary fund financial statements. The changes in compensated absences of governmental and business-type activities are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total
Beginning July 1, 2023	\$	12,047,615	\$ 1,556,822	\$ 13,604,437
Additions		7,402,803	1,213,507	8,616,310
Payments		(8,907,968)	(1,496,547)	(10,404,514)
Balance June 30, 2024	\$	10,542,450	\$ 1,273,782	\$ 11,816,232
Current Portion	\$	6,012,225	\$ 802,235	\$ 6,814,460
Noncurrent Portion	\$	4,530,225	\$ 471,547	\$ 5,001,772

#### Note 10 - Unamortized Loss on Refunding

Summary of changes in unamortized loss on refunding for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance July 1, 2023		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2024	
Municipal Utility Enterprise Debt Obligations								
2018 Water Refunding	\$	5,498,075	\$	-	\$	(386,576)	\$	5,111,499
2019 Water Refunding		5,775,518		-		(334,813)		5,440,705
2014 Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds		1,052,477		-		(170,583)		881,894
Subtotal - Municipal Utility Enterprise Debt		12,326,070		-		(891,972)		11,434,098
Parking Authority								
2020 Parking Revenue Bonds		409,919		-		(17,320)		392,599
<b>Total Deferred Amount on Refunding</b>	\$	12,735,989	\$	-	\$	(909,292)	\$	11,826,697

#### Note 11 - Fund Balances

A summary of the City's fund balance classification as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned reported in the City's Governmental Funds balance sheet at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	General Fund	Federal Housing Grants	Other ing Special Capital Governmental Grants Improvement Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	\$ 681,77		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 681,775
Prepaid items	447,18		499,860	-	1,736,088	2,683,132
Advance deposits	1,532,77	2 -	108,354	-	63,041	1,704,167
Total Nonspendable	2,661,73	1 -	608,214	-	1,799,129	5,069,074
Restricted for:						
Community development	1,925,55	- 5	-	-	67,973,239	69,898,794
Debt service reserve			-	-	315,912	315,912
General government				-	8,952,419	8,952,419
Housing	1,277,45	90,904,955	-	-	80,914,262	173,096,669
Libraries and arts	1,996,99	-1	-	-	4,984,469	6,981,460
Parks and recreation	1,294,27	- 0	-	-	48,200,982	49,495,252
Public safety	14,02	- 23	-	-	15,337,170	15,351,193
Solid waste/recycling			-	-	11,287,337	11,287,337
Streets, transit & traffic			-	244,760	96,056,134	96,300,894
Total Restricted	6,508,29	90,904,955	-	244,760	334,021,924	431,679,930
Committed for:						
General government operations	148,294,68	4	-	-	-	148,294,684
Total Committed	148,294,68	4 -	-	-	-	148,294,684
Assigned for:						
General government operations	31,322,37	8 -	-	-	-	31,322,378
Total Assigned	31,322,37	8 -	-	-	-	31,322,378
Unassigned (deficit):	51,312,62	2 -	(578,120)	-	-	50,734,502
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$ 240,099,70	6 \$ 90,904,955	\$ 30,094	\$ 244,760	\$ 335,821,053	\$ 667,100,568

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 12 – Retirement Plans**

The City contributes to three pension plans: The Safety Plan of the City of Stockton; the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Stockton, which are both part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); and the City of Stockton Retirement Enhancement Plan, a customized supplemental retirement plan administered by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) for municipal utilities employees, who worked under a private contract between 2003 and 2008.

#### **Summary**:

Deferred Outflows of Resources: CalPERS:	Ge	overnmental Activites	siness Type Activities	Total
Safety				
Contributions made after measurement date	\$	45,350,173	\$ -	\$ 45,350,173
Change in assumptions		22,902,104	-	22,902,104
Differences between expected and actual experience		13,932,417	-	13,932,417
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		40,381,459	-	40,381,459
Total Safety Plan  Miscellaneous		122,566,153	-	122,566,153
Contributions made after measurement date		17,300,714	1,593,747	18,894,461
Change in assumptions		1,720,833	158,524	1,879,357
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		3,656,309	336,820	3,993,129
Total Miscellaneous Plan		50,901,766	4,689,088	55,590,854
PARS				
Change in assumptions		-	26,324	26,324
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	106,501	106,501
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-	165,415	165,415
Total PARS Plan		-	298,240	298,240
<b>Total Pension related Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	\$	173,467,919	\$ 4,987,328	\$ 178,455,247
Net Pension Liability:				
CalPERS:				
Safety	\$	463,456,397	\$ -	\$ 463,456,397
Miscellaneous		148,947,725	13,721,117	162,668,842
PARS			1,811,825	1,811,825
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	612,404,122	\$ 15,532,942	\$ 627,937,064
Deferred Inflows of Resources: CalPERS: Safety				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,019,334	\$ -	\$ 2,019,334
Total Safety Plan		2,019,334		2,019,334
Miscellaneous		2,017,554		2,017,554
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,432,552	131,966	1,564,518
Total Miscellaneous Plan		1,432,552	131,966	1,564,518
<b>Total Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	3,451,886	\$ 131,966	\$ 3,583,852

### City of Stockton s to the Basic Financial Statements (

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan

#### **General Information about Pension Plans**

CalPERS is an agent multiple-employer agency trust, that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities in the State of California and provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS benefits are payable monthly for life in an amount equal to a certain percent of the employee's highest annual salary. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by contract with CalPERS, State statute, and City ordinance. Copies of the CalPERS comprehensive annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA, 95811.

PARS is an agent multiple-employer agency trust that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities in the State of California. Annual financial reports for the Aggregate Plan may be obtained by contacting PARS directly.

Plan Description – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City of Stockton's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by state statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The Safety Plan is for sworn Police and Fire employees. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established and may be amended by CalPERS.

The Miscellaneous Plan is available to full-time employees not enrolled in the Safety Plan. Part-time employees must meet specific criteria for participation. City employees are eligible for service or normal retirement at age 55 or older with a minimum of five years CalPERS service. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established by CalPERS and may be amended.

Benefits provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, the annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits for public safety employees are calculated based on the employee's highest earning year for Classic members or as a percentage of the employee's final 3-year average salary for PEPRA (California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013-PEPRA members) multiplied by the employees' years of service. Public safety employees with ten years of continuous service are eligible to retire at age 55. Public safety employees may retire at any age after 20 years of service. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

Cafatri Dlan

	Safety Plan	
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2014	After January 1, 2014
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service
	Tier II Fire: 3% @ 55 years of age	
Benefit Formula	All Other: 3% @ 50 years of age	2.7% @ 57 years of age
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Required Employee Contribution Rates	9.00%	13.5% and 14.50%
Required Employer Contribution Rates	22.91%	22.91%

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)**

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### **General Information about Pension Plans (Continued)**

	Miscellaneous Pla	n
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2014	After January 1, 2014
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service
	Tier I: 2% @ 55 years of age	
Benefit Formula	Tier II: 2% @ 60 years of age	2% @ 62 years of age
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7.00%	7.50%
Required Employer Contribution Rates	10.52%	10.52%

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2023, the measurement date, the following employees were covered under benefit terms:

	Safety Plan	Miscellaneous Plan
Active employees	530	989
Transferred and terminated employees	559	1,620
Retired employees and beneficiaries	965	1,620
	2,054	4,229

Contributions – The City establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by the employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Safety Plan employer contribution rate was 22.91% of wages. The Miscellaneous Plan was 10.52% of wages.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, applying standard update procedures.

**Actuarial assumptions** – The total pension liability on June 30, 2023, the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	S afety Plan		Miscellaneous Plan			
Valuation Date	6/30/2022	6/30/2022				
Measurement Date	6/30/2023		6/30/2023			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry	Age Actuarial Co	ost Method			
Actuarial Assumptions:						
Discount Rate	6.90%		6.90%			
Inflation	2.30%		2.30%			
Projected Salary Increase	Varies	(1)	Varies	(1)		
Mortality	see note	(2)	see note	(2)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Depending on age, service and type of employment.

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-sp ecific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. Mortality rates incorp orate full generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2021 experience study report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### **General Information about Pension Plans (Continued)**

#### **Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building -block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a building-block approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 Basis points. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>				
Global Equity-cap weighted	30.00%	4.45%				
Global Equity non-cap weighted	12.00%	3.84%				
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%				
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%				
Mortgage-Backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%				
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%				
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%				
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%				
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%				
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%				
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%				
Total	100.00%	_				

<sup>(1)</sup> An Expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

#### **Change of Assumptions**

There were no changes of assumptions for the June 30, 2023 measurement period.

<sup>(2)</sup> Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)**

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan are as follows:

#### Safety Plan

	Increase (Decrease)						
	7	Total Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at 06/30/2022 (valuation date)	\$	1,297,211,187	\$	854,015,080	\$	443,196,107	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		18,857,878		-		18,857,878	
Interest on total pension liability		88,681,309		-		88,681,309	
Changes of Benefit Terms		471,635		-		471,635	
Changes of Assumption		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		14,050,958		-		14,050,958	
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		(27,329)		27,329	
Contributions-employer		-		42,540,178		(42,540,178)	
Contributions-employee		-		7,336,349		(7,336,349)	
Net investment income		-		52,580,295		(52,580,295)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(71,852,731)		(71,852,731)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(628,003)		628,003	
Net Changes		50,209,049		29,948,759		20,260,290	
Balances at 06/30/2023 (measurement date)	\$	1,347,420,236	\$	883,963,839	\$	463,456,397	

#### Miscellaneous Plan

	Increase (Decrease)						
_	T	otal Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at 06/30/2022 (valuation date)	\$	802,855,577	\$	649,304,071	\$	153,551,506	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		12,379,553		-		12,379,553	
Interest on total pension liability		54,744,796		-		54,744,796	
Changes of Benefit Terms		1,194,464		-		1,194,464	
Differences between expected and actual experience		6,488,834		-		6,488,834	
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		27,329		(27,329)	
Contributions-employer		-		21,302,978		(21,302,978)	
Contributions-employee		-		5,020,603		(5,020,603)	
Net investment income		-		39,816,869		(39,816,869)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(46,651,662)		(46,651,662)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(477,468)		477,468	
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense)		-		-			
Net Changes		28,155,985		19,038,649		9,117,336	
Balances at 06/30/2023 (measurement date)	\$	831,011,562	\$	668,342,720	\$	162,668,842	

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

Safety Plan					
	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease		Discount		Increase
	Rate (5.90%)	F	Rate (6.90%)	R	Rate (7.90%)
Net pension liability	\$ 648,261,557	\$	463,456,397	\$	312,909,455
Miscellaneous Plan					
	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease		Discount		Increase
	Rate (5.90%)	I	Rate (6.90%)	F	Rate (7.90%)
Net pension liability	\$ 266,803,501	\$	162,668,842	\$	76,299,585

**Pension plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of measurement date June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Safety Plan			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contribution subsequent to measurement date	\$	45,350,173	\$ -
Changes of assumptions		22,902,104	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		13,932,417	(2,019,334)
Net differences between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		40,381,459	=
Total	\$	122,566,153	\$ (2,019,334)

Miscellaneous Pla	n			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred nflows of Resources
Pension contribution subsequent to measurement date	\$	18,894,461	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		1,879,357		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,993,129		(1,564,518)
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		30,823,907		-
Total	\$	55,590,854	\$	(1,564,518)

#### Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

#### A. CalPERS Retirement Plan (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The \$45,350,173 and \$18,894,461 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date during the year ended June 30, 2024, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense.

Safety Plan						
Measurement periods ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(inflows) of Resources					
2024	\$	21,822,808				
2025		20,360,052				
2026		31,908,067				
2027		1,105,719				
2028		-				
Thereafter		<u>-</u>				
Total	\$	75,196,646				

Miscellaneous Plan						
Measurement Deferred periods Outflows/(inflo						
ended June 30:	of Resources					
2024	\$	8,276,386				
2025		4,481,881				
2026		21,524,100				
2027		849,508				
2028		-				
Thereafter						
Total	\$	35,131,875				

#### B. PARS Enhancement Plan

#### **General Information about Pension Plans**

*Plan Description* – The PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan (REP), a closed retirement plan, provides retirement benefits for Municipal Utility Department employees for the period they worked for OMI-Thames Water Stockton, Inc. The City entered into an agreement with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) (a public sector retirement plan administrator specializing in providing public entities customized retirement plans and solutions) to contribute to a supplemental plan for employees joining or re-joining City service after having been employed between 2003 and 2008 by OMI-Thames, a private sector utility contractor. OMI-Thames employees did not earn CalPERS service credit during the period OMI-Thames operated the City utilities.

**Benefits provided** – Upon retirement, the REP benefits will supplement any CalPERS retirement for which those particular employees are eligible. Eligibility for the REP, a single-employer post-employment defined benefit plan, other than employment with OMI-Thames between 2003 and 2008, is defined as concurrent retirement with CalPERS and the City upon attaining age 55 and a minimum of 5 years of full-time continuous service with the City, with at least 1 year of continuous City service after March 1, 2008.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)**

#### B. PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

#### **General Information about Pension Plans (Continued)**

Employees covered – At June 30, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	PARS Enhancement Plan
Active employees	27
Terminated vested and other inactives	-
Retirees and beneficiaries	55
	82

**Contributions** – The City establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by the employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using standard update procedures.

**Actuarial assumptions** – The total pension liability on June 30, 2024, the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	PARS Enhancement Plan			
Valuation Date	6/30/2022			
Measurement Date	6/30/2024			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method			
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Discount Rate	6.50%			
Inflation	2.30%			
Payroll Growth	2.80%			
Projected Salary Increase	3.34% - 9.01%	(1)		
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%			
Mortality	see note	(2)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Depending on years of service.

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of currently active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<sup>(2)</sup> Pre-retirement: Consistent with Non-Industrial rates used to value the CalPERS Miscellaneous Public Agency Pension Plans after June 30, 2021. Post-Retirement: Consistent with Non-Industrial rates used to value the CalPERS Miscellaneous Public Agency Pension Plans after June 30, 2021.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)**

#### B. PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

#### **Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### **Change of Assumptions**

There were no changes of assumptions in 2024.

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The assumption for the long-term expected rate of return was selected by the City. Below is a projection of the 30 year average return derived by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation on the Plan's current asset allocation. The capital market assumptions are per Milliman's investment consulting practice as of June 30, 2024.

#### **PARS Enhancement Plan**

Asset Class	Estimated Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
US Cash	3.03%	0.94%	0.91%
US Core Fixed Income	46.45%	2.52%	2.36%
US Broad Equity Market	38.98%	5.52%	3.82%
Foreign Developed Equity	6.47%	1.92%	5.12%
Emerging Markets Equity	3.36%	9.34%	6.21%
US REITs	1.71%	6.91%	4.72%
Total	100.00%		
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.31%	2.30%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviat	tion	1.45%	1.45%
Portfolio Real Mean Return		4.23%	3.72%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return		6.53%	6.13%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			9.44%
City's Long-Term Expected Rate of	Return		6.50%

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)**

#### B. PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Plan are as follows:

**PARS Enhancement Plan** 

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)			n Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at 06/30/2022	\$	13,558,387	\$	10,449,018	\$	3,109,369
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		117,422		-		117,422
Interest on total pension liability		866,354		-		866,354
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-		-		-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Benefit payments		(705,653)		(705,653)		-
Employer contributions		-		1,112,705		(1,112,705)
Net investment income		-		1,186,744		(1,186,744)
Administrative expense		-		(18,129)		18,129
Net Changes		278,123		1,575,667		(1,297,544)
Balances at 06/30/2023	\$	13,836,510	\$	12,024,685	\$	1,811,825

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

**PARS Enhancement Plan** 

		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease	]	Discount	Increase
	R	ate (5.50%)	Ra	te (6.50%)	Rate (7.50%)
Net pension liability	\$	3,411,112	\$	1,811,825	\$ 460,559

**Pension plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued REP financial report.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

**PARS Enhancement Plan** 

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions	\$	26,324	\$	_
Differences between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual		106,501		-
earnings on pension plan investments		165,415		-
Total	\$	298,240	\$	-

#### **Note 12 – Retirement Plans (Continued)**

#### B. PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

Amounts \ will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

PARS Enhancement Plan						
Measurement periods						
ended June 30:	of Resources					
2025	\$	172,282				
2026		334,409				
2027		(109,467)				
2028		(98,984)				
2029		-				
Thereafter						
Total	\$	298,240				

#### C. Retirement Benefits Fund (Section 115 Trust)

The Retirement Fund is used to make contributions to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for the City's defined benefit programs. Also accounted for in the Retirement Fund are monies in the form of an IRS approved Section 115 Plan, set aside to pay for future payment increases announced by CalPERS. At the end of fiscal year 2023-24, the Section 115 Plan, has \$80.2 million available to fund the annual liability payments. The Trust is monitored by the Administrative Services and Human Resources Departments.

#### Note 13 – Claims Payable

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to liability torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; health and safety of employees; and natural disasters. The City established three internal service insurance funds (General Liability, Workers' Compensation, and Employee Health Benefits funds) to account for and finance its self-insured retained risks. Under the City's risk management program, the City retains risk for each general liability claim, for each workers' compensation claim, and for each medical plan member under the health benefits programs. The City purchases stop-loss coverage for the health benefits program over its \$350,000 self-insured retention (SIR) from Union Labor Life Insurance Company up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 per Original Plan member and \$2,000,000 per Modified Plan member. The City's coverage for Self-Insured Retention (SIR) excess claims for general liability and workers' compensation is discussed later in this note under risk pools. The workers' compensation and general liability programs are administered by third-party claims administrators (TPA).

The City's estimated liabilities for claims filed or expected to be filed up to the amounts for which it retains risk in the Internal Service Funds is reported as *Self-insurance claims and judgments*.

Charges to the General Fund and other funds are determined from an analysis of claims costs and are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the contributing funds and charges for services in the internal service funds. Charges for general liability and workers' compensation insurances are a percentage of payroll, and the charge for health benefits is a monthly dollar amount for all actively occupied positions.

#### **Note 13 – Claims Payable (Continued)**

Independent actuaries perform an analysis of the City's potential liability for the City's retained risk portions of the various self-insurance programs. The amounts recorded as liabilities represent estimates of amounts to be paid on new and open claims, as well as changes to reserve amounts managed by the TPAs and modified for current trends and market data. For general liability and workers' compensation for the current year, the present value of estimated outstanding losses is recognized at a 70% confidence level, using a 2.25% discount rate to reflect future investment earnings. While the ultimate amounts of losses incurred through June 30, 2024 are dependent on future developments, based on information provided by the City Attorney, outside counsel, TPAs and others involved with the administration of the programs, the City's management believes that the aggregate accrual is adequate to recognize such losses. There have been no significant reductions in any of the City's insurance coverage each of the past three years.

Changes in the balances of the City's claims liabilities, which include incremental claims adjustments expenses, for the current and prior fiscal years, are as follows:

	General Liability	Workers' Health Compensation Benefits		Total	
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 15,504,233	\$	49,500,000	\$ 396,000	\$ 65,400,233
Claims incurred	11,764,622		12,851,273	1,250,231	25,866,126
Claims paid	(3,764,230)		(11,788,273)	(1,646,231)	(17,198,734)
Balance, June 30, 2023	23,504,625		50,563,000	_	74,067,625
Claims incurred	8,083,175		7,365,861	1,729,370	17,178,406
Claims paid	(2,641,253)		(6,815,861)	(1,729,370)	(11,186,484)
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 28,946,547	\$	51,113,000	\$ -	\$ 80,059,547

**Risk Pools** – The City is a member of two joint powers authorities organized under the California Government Code for the purpose of pooling self-insured losses, as described below.

General Liability Insurance – In 1986, the City joined with other municipalities and regional municipal joint powers authorities to form the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a general liability risk management and insurance program for 18 member entities. The City's self-insured retention (SIR) will increase from \$1.25 million to \$1.50 million effective July 1, 2024. Losses above the City's SIR are pooled up to \$7.5 million per occurrence, with reinsurance above the \$7.5 million up to \$40 million by CJPRMA. Specific coverage includes general liability, excess automotive liability, personal injury, errors and omissions, and certain other coverage.

The CJPRMA governing board is comprised of a representative from each member entity. All members have a single vote for policy and charter changes. An executive committee of seven is elected to handle administration. Members are assessed annual contributions based on actuarially determined rates. CJPRMA retroactively adjusts premium deposits for any excess or deficiency in deposits related to paid claims and reserves. Financial statements for CJPRMA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, can be obtained from CJPRMA at 3201 Doolan Road, Suite #285, Livermore, California 94551.

Property Protection – The City participates in CJPRMA's All Risks Property Protection Program, which is primarily underwritten by a casualty insurance company. The Program provides \$300 million in coverage to participating members, subject to a deductible of \$250,000. Premiums, which are negotiated each year, are based on property values and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

#### **Note 13 – Claims Payable (Continued)**

Automobile Insurance – The City participates in CJPRMA's Automobile Physical Damage Reinsurance Program. The Program provides \$10 million per occurrence in coverage to participation members, subject to a deductible of \$50,000. Premiums, which are negotiated each year, are based on fleet value and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

Workers' Compensation Insurance – The City has been self-funded for its Worker's Compensation Program since 1979. In July 2003, the City joined California Public Entity Insurance Authority (CPEIA), a public entity risk pool which operated an Excess Workers' Compensation Program. CPEIA has since merged into an existing authority known as California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authorities (CSAC-EIA). The CSAC-EIA was formed in 1979 by 29 California counties for the purpose of pooling risk and providing a viable and cost-effective solution for the counties' insurance and risk management needs. In 2020, the EIA became Public Risk Innovation, Solutions, and Management. PRISM has since expanded to allow admittance from cities and other entities which currently includes 95% of the counties in California, nearly 70% of the cities, as well as, numerous school districts, special districts, housing authorities, fire districts, and other Joint Powers Authorities. The City's self-insured retention is currently set at \$500,000 per occurrence. Losses above the City's SIR are pooled up to \$4.5 million per occurrence by PRISM. Statutory coverage for losses above \$5 million is covered by reinsurance and excess insurance policies throughout PRISM.

#### Note 14 – Pollution Remediation Obligations

GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, requires the former Agency, now Successor Agency, to report a pollution remediation liability upon the occurrence of an obligating event, such as being compelled by a regulatory agency or legal action to clean up existing pollution. The liability is estimated based on the expected future cash flows technique (i.e., the sum of the probability-weighted amounts in a range of possible estimated amounts). Only components of the liability (e.g., site assessment, site investigation, corrective measures feasibility study, remediation design, remediation operations and maintenance, and post-remediation monitoring) which can be reasonably estimated are included in the estimated liability. Expected recoveries from insurers and other responsible parties reduce the estimated liability.

Actual pollution remediation costs may vary from the estimated liability for many reasons, including changes in pollution laws and regulations, the technology used for the cleanup, the remediation plan or operating conditions, prices of products and services.

The former Agency, Successor Agency, has identified the UNOCAL site along the Stockton channel that are designated "Brownfields" by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, with the goal of revitalizing contaminated properties that the Successor Agency currently owns in the area near Stockton's downtown waterfront in the Waterfront Redevelopment Project Area. The following are details of the Successor Agency-owned contaminated site, including a description of the pollution, the obligating event requiring remediation action, estimable remediation costs components, and recoveries by responsible parties. Details of the liabilities as of June 30, 2024, are also discussed.

To provide clarification of the following discussion, the California Polanco Redevelopment Act (AB 3193, Chapter 1113, Statutes of 1990, Polanco), part of the Community Redevelopment Act, was enacted by the California legislature to assist redevelopment agencies in responding to brownfield properties in their redevelopment areas. It prescribes processes for redevelopment agencies to follow when cleaning up a hazardous substance release in a redevelopment project area. It also provides immunity from liability for redevelopment agencies and subsequent property purchases for sites cleaned up under a cleanup plan approved by the California Department of Toxic Substances Control or a Regional Board.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 14 – Pollution Remediation Obligations (Continued)

The following provides a discussion of the identified brownfield sites of the Successor Agency:

*Area 2A-Unocal* – Soil and groundwater contamination has been identified in Area 2A-Unocal associated with total petroleum hydrocarbons, volatile and semi-volatile organic compounds. The obligating event for this site stems from a Polanco agreement notice issued to the responsible party, currently in negotiation for settlement. Estimated costs are for a consultant, legal and City personnel costs for cleanup of the soil contamination, and pre-cleanup and investigative study of the site about the groundwater contamination. Future groundwater cleanup and ongoing post-remediation monitoring costs cannot be reasonably estimated. The net pollution remediation liability of this site as of June 30, 2024, is \$431,250, which includes an estimated recovery of costs by the responsible party.

The total net estimated net pollution remediation liability for the site in the amount of \$275,000, is reported to the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2024.

#### Note 15 – Other Required Disclosures

#### **Deficit Fund Balances**

At June 30, 2024, the following funds had net positions or fund balance deficits:

Fund	Fund Type	_	Deficit
Parking Authority	Enterprise Fund	\$	(3,400,238)
Successor Agency	Private Purpose Trust Fund		(54,337,050)

- The Parking Authority Fund has an accumulated deficit fund balance of \$3,400,238 as of June 30,2024. This is due to an interfund loan borrowing from the Worker's Compensation Fund for \$8,915,000. It is in relation to the payoff of the 2006 Series A ESB bonds previously held in the City's Debt Service Fund. The loan terms are set at 2%, biannual payments with anticipated payoff date of February 1, 2032.
- The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund has an accumulated deficit fund balance of \$54,337,050 as of June 30, 2024. This is an Agency Private Purpose Trust fund and not included in the City's net position. The fund has a bonds payable balance that causes the fund balance deficit.

#### Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations:

#### **Major Governmental Fund:**

General Fund			
Non-departmental	\$ 1,315,209	\$ 1,479,033	\$ 163,824
Debt service:			
Principal	-	1,306,917	1,306,917
Interest	_	15,298	15,298

#### Note 16 – Commitments and Contingencies

#### Contingent Liability - Pending Litigation

Various claims and legal actions are pending against the City, some of which have a reasonable possibility of an unfavorable outcome. These legal actions involve property, personal injury, and civil rights claims. GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, requires disclosure of pending litigation for which contingency is possible, and the amount cannot be reasonably estimated. As discussed in Note 13, the City is self-insured and has accrued a liability for estimated claims outstanding. Amounts for the claims, which cannot be reasonably estimated at this time, have not been included in the financial statements. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

#### Capital Commitments

The City is undertaking some capital improvement projects, the most significant of which include the following outstanding capital commitments at June 30, 2024:

	Amount
Waterfront Towers New City Hall	\$ 17,685,524
Regional Wastewater Control Facility	10,460,983
Developer Reimbursements	8,272,003
South Stockton Well SSS8 Rehab	4,143,420
Citywide Tree Maintenance	3,414,150
Bus Rapid Transit, Phase V	2,996,429
	\$ 46,972,509

#### Encumbrances

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as a means of controlling expenditures. Under this method, funds are encumbered when purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are signed or approved by authorized City officials. Such outstanding commitments at the end of the year do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under GAAP.

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides additional guidance on the classification within the fund balances section of amounts that have been encumbered. Encumbrances of balances within the governmental funds are classified as either committed, restricted, or assigned and are included in the respective classification. Outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Amount
General Fund	\$ 10,136,394
Housing Grant Fund	597,701
Special Grant Fund	23,353,236
Capital Improvements	58,666,976
Other Governmental Funds	18,701,483
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 111,455,790

#### Facilities Management Agreement

On March 20, 2018, the Stockton City Council approved the amendment of the current Facilities Management Agreement (Agreement) with SMG (now referred to as ASM Global) to include the Downtown Marina operations, extend the terms of the existing agreement and to include vendor performance benchmarks. ASM Global provides operation management and marketing services to the City for the Stockton. Events Center includes a multi-purpose indoor arena, a baseball park, the Events Center common areas, the Bob Hope Theatre, Oak Park Ice Arena and the Downtown Marina.

#### **Note 16 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)**

#### Facilities Management Agreement

The current agreement will extend the terms until 2026 and may be renewed at the option of the City for one additional five-year period. Either party may terminate the Agreement for cause during the agreement period due to a material breach by the other party or for default.

ASM Global is responsible for operating these facilities in keeping with the management goals set and approved each year by the City Council, with the overarching goal of having the facilities operating revenues exceed the respective operating expenses.

ASM Global is required to provide various fidelity and performance bonds, which includes various types of coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000. This coverage extends to the areas of Commercial General and Automobile Liability, Professional Errors and Omissions, Crime, Employment and Worker's Compensation. Additionally, there is an Umbrella Liability coverage requirement of \$5,000,000.

Compensation to ASM is determined from a base fee for all venues, plus performance-based compensation, as defined in the Agreement. Both components are eligible for periodic adjustments based on the consumer price index (CPI).

Financial activities of ASM, as a service organization, is combined with and reported in the General Fund.

#### Note 17 – Net Investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets

The following is the calculation of net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2024:

	Governmental Business - Type Activities Activities				Totals
Capital assets, net	\$ 950,951,378	\$	871,373,269	\$	1,822,324,647
Debt related to capital assets	(63,736,605)		(393,505,650)		(457,242,255)
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	-		11,826,697		11,826,697
Retention payable	 (1,757,049)		(1,222,690)		(2,979,739)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 885,457,724	\$	488,471,626	\$	1,373,929,350

#### Note 17 – Net Investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position (Continued)

#### Restricted Net Position

At June 30, 2024, restricted net position consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities		siness -Type Activities	Totals		
Restricted:			_		_	
Capital projects	\$	2,455,802	\$ 11,211,642	\$	13,667,444	
Debt service		1,989,654	14,818,691		16,808,345	
Community Development		69,961,834	-		69,961,834	
General government		8,864,980	-		8,864,980	
Housing		173,096,670	-		173,096,670	
Library and arts		6,985,426	-		6,985,426	
Parks and recreation		45,513,350	-		45,513,350	
Public safety		17,869,257	-		17,869,257	
Solid waste/recycling		11,300,167	-		11,300,167	
Streets, transit and traffic		96,675,288	-		96,675,288	
Pension		80,238,463	-		80,238,463	
<b>Total restricted</b>	\$	514,950,891	\$ 26,030,333	\$	540,981,224	

#### Note 18 – Subsequent Events

#### Issuance of Debt in Districts that have no commitment from City resources

#### Cannery Park II CFD 2019-1

On July 17, 2024 the City of Stockton issued Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024 at a par amount of \$1,525,000. The final payoff of the debt is September 1, 2054. Payment of the bonds are solely derived from special taxes on residential properties in the district and city funds are not pledged toward repayment of the bonds.

#### Issuance of Debt with net revenue commitment from Wastewater Utility

#### Stockton Public Finance Authority Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2024

On September 4, 2024, the Stockton Public Financing Authority refunded revenue bonds in a par amount of \$28,085,000. The refunding refinanced the Wastewater Revenue Refunding, Series 2014 bonds that were issued to complete 1998 and 2003 Wastewater Projects. The debt is issued on parity and will have a final pay off date of September 1, 2029. Payments on the debt are solely derived from the net revenues of the Wastewater system which have been pledged toward repayment of the bonds.

#### California Clean Water State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loan

In November 2021, City Council approved a low interest loan with the California Clean Water State Revolving Fund (SRF) in the amount of \$46.8 million for planning, design and construction of the RWCF Modifications Project. As of June 30, 2024 the City had drawn \$35.1 million. The remaining \$11.7 million was drawn on October 23, 2024. The debt is issued on parity and will have a final pay off date of December 31, 2053. Payments on the debt are solely derived from the net revenues of the Wastewater system which have been pledged toward repayment of the bonds.







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#### Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 1 Budgetary Information

#### **Budget Process**

In accordance with the provisions of the City Charter, the City prepares and adopts a budget on or before June 30 for each fiscal year. Total appropriations shall not exceed the total of estimated revenues, estimated unencumbered balances of funds to be carried over from the preceding year and unencumbered available fund balances. The General Fund, Federal Housing Grant Special Revenue Fund, Special Grants Special Revenue Fund, and certain nonmajor special revenue funds (Solid Waste and Recycling, Gas Tax, Measure K Streets Sales Tax, Measure W Public Safety Sales Tax, Special Assessments, Development Services, and Other Special Revenue) and certain capital projects funds (Public Facilities Impact Fees and Capital Improvement) have legally adopted annual budgets. Prior to July 1, the original adopted budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council. In the event this does not occur, the City Manager's draft budget is in force until a budget is adopted by the City Council.

Enterprise and internal service funds are accounted for on a cost of service (net income) or capital maintenance measurement focus. The City is not legally mandated to report the results of operations for these fund types on a budgetary comparison basis; therefore, budgetary data related to these funds has not been presented.

If expenditures exceed appropriations at the department level for the General Fund or at the fund level for all other funds, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within any fund. During the year, the City Council approves supplemental appropriations and, by resolution, has also authorized the City Manager to transfer fund balances to applicable appropriation accounts, or to transfer between funds, when necessary to continue purposes approved by the City Council in the current year, adopted budget, or subsequent action. Amounts reported as final budget in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – On a Budgetary Basis include amendments authorized throughout the year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the Permanent funds.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, with the exception of ongoing capital improvement projects and miscellaneous grants in the respective funds. Encumbered appropriations are re-appropriated in the following year's budget.



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### Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

The City adopts budgets each fiscal year on a basis of accounting, which is different from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GAAP. The schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual – on a budgetary basis have been prepared on the budgetary basis, which is different from GAAP.

The variations from GAAP that are for budgetary purposes include the following:

Outstanding commitments relating to construction contracts and other purchases of goods and services are recorded as expenditures at the time contracts or purchase agreements are entered into. Under GAAP, these obligations are recognized when goods are received or services are rendered.

The write-off uncollectable accounts receivables is not recognized as an expenditure. Under GAAP, these write-offs are recognized as expenditures when the accounts receivables are determined to be uncollectable.

Certain funds of the City contain capital projects, grant projects, loan programs or other programs that are budgeted on a multi-year or project length basis. The amounts of the projects and programs budgeted on a multi-year basis are significant compared to the items budgeted on an annual basis; therefore, a comparison of budget to actual for the fund would not be meaningful. As a result, such funds are excluded from budgetary reporting.

# City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	В	ıdget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 43,251,000	\$ 43,251,000	\$ 45,400,105	\$ 2,149,105
Utility user	40,503,027	40,503,027	42,799,092	2,296,065
Sales - levied by City	46,338,887	46,338,887	46,214,556	(124,331)
Franchise fees	18,698,517	18,698,517	19,351,515	652,998
Business license	14,874,886	14,874,886	18,676,259	3,801,373
Hotel/motel room	3,453,342	3,453,342	3,520,339	66,997
Document transfer	972,295	972,295	991,618	19,323
Other	3,300,061	3,300,061	6,215,234	2,915,173
Licenses and permits	586,405	586,405	375,315	(211,090)
Intergovernmental:				
Federal grants and subsidies	116,429	263,557	224,488	(39,069)
Sales and use tax - levied by state	77,451,510	77,451,510	78,917,161	1,465,651
Other governmental	45,552,504	45,552,504	47,037,140	1,484,636
Charges for services	11,021,060	11,021,060	11,164,587	143,527
Fines and forfeitures	1,128,004	1,128,004	933,490	(194,514)
Use of money and property	8,366,478	8,388,572	9,307,520	918,948
Investment income:				
Interest income	2,362,318	2,362,318	12,058,411	9,696,093
Refunds and reimbursements	117,264	159,378	316,034	156,656
Miscellaneous	4,991,033	4,962,739	5,990,612	1,027,873
	323,085,020	323,268,062	349,493,476	26,225,414
EXPENDITURES:				
General government:				
City council	1,038,115	1,178,713	1,033,906	144,807
City manager	3,221,371	3,203,550	2,750,496	453,054
City attorney	1,478,000	1,591,699	1,246,853	344,846
City clerk	1,165,923	1,242,420	1,152,163	90,257
City auditor	513,147	1,095,040	669,798	425,242
Administrative services	9,067,260	9,593,559	8,230,874	1,362,685
Human resources	2,922,285	10,364,245	7,373,813	2,990,432
Housing	1,648,370	5,013,007	1,686,300	3,326,707
Non-departmental	2,686,521	1,315,209	1,479,033	(163,824)
Total general government	23,740,992	34,597,442	25,623,236	8,974,206

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Buc	lget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED):				
Public safety:				
Police	161,014,205	164,431,872	156,236,561	8,195,311
Fire	62,916,990	63,944,540	62,934,410	1,010,130
Total public safety	223,931,195	228,376,412	219,170,971	9,205,441
Public works	19,110,736	21,290,578	19,564,987	1,725,591
Library	13,229,564	14,327,230	12,638,836	1,688,394
Parks and recreation	15,001,857	18,934,684	13,324,394	5,610,290
Capital outlay	210,600	4,677,918	1,545,723	3,132,195
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	1,306,917	(1,306,917)
Interest and fiscal charges			15,298	(15,298)
Total expenditures	295,224,944	322,204,264	293,190,362	29,013,902
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	27,860,076	1,063,798	56,303,114	55,239,316
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	500,000	-	(500,000)
Transfers out	(14,410,425)	(21,106,053)	(29,523,956)	(8,417,903)
Issuance of debt	- -	<u>-</u>	953,380	953,380
Proceed from sale of capital assets	100,000	100,000	3,518	(96,482)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(14,310,425)	(20,506,053)	(28,567,058)	(8,061,005)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				
(GAAP BASIS)	\$ 13,549,651	\$ (19,442,255)	27,736,056	\$ 47,178,311
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:				
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*			(11,315,764)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)			16,420,292	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			212,363,650	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR			\$ 228,783,942	

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

The notes to the required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Federal Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual		F	inal Budget	
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental:									
Federal grants and subsidies	\$	4,981,181	\$	5,064,499	\$	6,081,722	\$	1,017,223	
Other governmental		-		1,747,243		1,762,629		15,386	
Charges for services		-		-		3,150		3,150	
Use of money and property		334,000		681,639		5,533,956		4,852,317	
Investment income:									
Interest income		-		-		106,214		106,214	
Miscellaneous		-		_		77,181		77,181	
Total revenues		5,315,181		7,493,381		13,564,852		6,071,471	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		8,411,871		27,810,135		7,159,944		20,650,191	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		1,920,000		1,920,000		1,976,732		(56,732)	
Interest and fiscal charges		41,541		41,541		4,965		36,576	
Total expenditures		10,373,412		29,771,676		9,141,641		20,630,035	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES (GAAP BASIS)		(5,058,231)		(22,278,295)		4,423,211		26,701,506	
OTHER FINANCING USES:									
Transfers in		1,747,243		1,747,243		-		(1,747,243)	
Transfers out		(349,449)		(349,449)		(352,525)		(3,076)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-				137			
Total other financing uses		1,397,794		1,397,794		(352,388)		(1,750,319)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(3,660,437)	\$	(20,880,501)		4,070,823	\$	26,701,506	
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:									
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*						(672,146)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)						3,398,677			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						86,834,132			
FUND BALANCE (BUDGATARY BASIS), END OF YEAR					\$	90,232,809			

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

The notes to the required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget						V	ariance with
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental:								
Federal grants and subsidies	\$	4,574,768	\$	59,793,103	\$	21,155,021	\$	(38,638,082)
Other governmental		-		44,378,657		19,396,377		(24,982,280)
Refunds and reimbursements		-		-		26,670		26,670
Miscellaneous		-		(277,247)		306,900		584,147
Total revenues		4,574,768		103,894,513		40,884,968		(63,009,545)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		(75,079)		88,090,259		27,037,207		61,053,052
Public safety		100,125		17,653,651		4,493,446		13,160,205
Public works		-		1,511,892		334,875		1,177,017
Library		-		69,901		682,243		(612,342)
Parks and recreation		-		3,392,584		2,232,294		1,160,290
Capital outlay		-		29,496,904		5,833,529		23,663,375
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		26,098		(26,098)
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		1,338		(1,338)
Total expenditures		25,046		140,215,191		40,641,030		99,574,161
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		4,549,722		(36,320,678)		243,938		36,564,616
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		1,181,818		1,181,818
Transfers out		-		51,500		(51,500)		(103,000)
Total other financing sources ( uses)				51,500		1,130,318		1,078,818
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	4,549,722	\$	(36,269,178)		1,374,256	\$	37,643,434
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:								
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*						(25,718,191)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASI	S)					(24,343,935)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (DEFICIT)						(1,344,162)		
FUND BALANCE (BUDGATARY BASIS), END OF YEAR	(DEFIC	CIT)			\$	(25,688,097)		

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

The notes to the required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

	Fiscal Year								
Measurement period		2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17	2017-18
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$	9,440,824	\$	9,145,587	\$	9,240,648	\$	10,871,947	\$ 11,500,131
Interest		46,152,921		47,148,768		48,179,529		48,291,460	48,873,856
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-	-
Changes of assumptions		-		(11,281,319)		-		39,356,599	(19,696,405)
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		-		(10,000,256)		(8,961,502)		(17,662,863)	3,486,532
Benefit payments, including									
refunds of employee contributions		(32,763,729)		(33,662,380)		(34,150,397)		(34,494,172)	(35,750,319)
Net change in total pension liability		22,830,016		1,350,400		14,308,278		46,362,971	8,413,795
Total pension liability - beginning		627,033,727		649,863,743		651,214,143		665,522,421	711,885,392
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	649,863,743	\$	651,214,143	\$	665,522,421	\$	711,885,392	\$ 720,299,187
Pension fiduciary net position									<u>.</u>
Contributions - employer	\$	9,402,881	\$	10,783,518	\$	13,879,482	\$	13,189,681	\$ 15,252,226
Contributions - employee		3,761,959		3,802,226		3,971,944		4,386,770	4,729,377
Net investment income		79,512,728		11,522,882		2,491,249		56,250,959	45,626,430
Benefit payments, including									
refunds of employee contributions		(32,763,729)		(33,662,380)		(34,150,397)		(34,494,172)	(35,750,319)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		(13,377)		933		-	4,111
Administrative expense		-		(599,978)		(315,359)		(743,130)	(844,458)
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense) <sup>1</sup>		-		-		-		-	(1,603,640)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		59,913,839		(8,167,109)		(14,122,148)		38,590,108	27,413,727
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>2</sup>		465,703,750		525,617,589		517,450,480		503,328,332	541,918,440
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	525,617,589	\$	517,450,480	\$	503,328,332	\$	541,918,440	\$ 569,332,167
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	124,246,154	\$	133,763,663	\$	162,194,089	\$	169,966,952	\$ 150,967,020
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.88%		79.46%		75.63%		76.12%	79.04%
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$	52,603,907	\$	53,997,677	\$	56,400,439	\$	61,357,565	\$ 67,079,626
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		236.19%		247.72%		287.58%		277.01%	225.06%

During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions (GASB 75), CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one-time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75. Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18, CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68).

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: Changes of Benefit Terms: The figures above generally include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred on or before the Measurement Date. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the Valuation Date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

In 2022, SB 1168 increased the standard retiree lump sum death benefit from \$500 to \$2,000 for any death occurring on or after July 1, 2023. The impact, if any, is included in the changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions: There were no assumption changes in 2023. Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (June 30, 2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. In addition, demographic assumptions and the price inflation assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. The accounting discount rate was 7.15% for measurement dates June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021, 7.65% for measurement dates June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2016, and 7.50% for measurement date June 30, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes any beginning of year adjustment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll grow th using 2.80% payroll grow th assumption for fiscal years ended in 2022 and 2023; 2.75% payroll grow th assumption for fiscal years ended in 2018 through 2021; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2014 through 2017.

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
Measurement period		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	11,446,572	\$	11,098,178	\$	11,194,084	\$	12,181,998	\$	12,379,553
Interest		50,718,177		51,801,795		53,055,641		52,840,932		54,744,796
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		1,194,464
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		8,143,881		-
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		2,061,288		(8,567,800)		(5,435,616)		(6,779,583)		6,488,834
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(37,477,251)		(39,057,265)		(40,894,732)		(43,773,909)		(46,651,662)
Net change in total pension liability		26,748,786		15,274,908		17,919,377		22,613,319		28,155,985
Total pension liability - beginning		720,299,187		747,047,973		762,322,881		780,242,258		802,855,577
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	747,047,973	\$	762,322,881	\$	780,242,258	\$	802,855,577	\$	831,011,562
Pension fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	17,112,542	\$	19,204,043	\$	20,363,651	\$	20,485,648	\$	21,302,978
Contributions - employee		4,540,503		4,721,760		4,939,316		4,857,018		5,020,603
Net investment income		37,027,715		29,185,528		135,230,666		(54,203,709)		39,816,869
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(37,477,251)		(39,057,265)		(40,894,732)		(43,773,909)		(46,651,662)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-		-		27,329
Administrative expense		(406,288)		(831,939)		(602,713)		(450,005)		(477,468)
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense) <sup>1</sup>		1,325		-		-		-		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		20,798,546		13,222,127		119,036,188		(73,084,957)		19,038,649
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>2</sup>		569,332,167		590,130,713		603,352,840		722,389,028		649,304,071
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	590,130,713	\$	603,352,840	\$	722,389,028	\$	649,304,071	\$	668,342,720
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	156,917,260	\$	158,970,041	\$	57,853,230	\$	153,551,506	\$	162,668,842
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		79.00%		79.15%		92.59%		80.87%		80.43%
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$	67,851,642	\$	67,099,018	\$	69,099,285	\$	70,213,245	\$	71,932,325
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		231.27%		236.92%		83.72%		218.69%		226.14%

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

	Fiscal Year									
Measurement period		2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	13,907,523	\$	13,593,233	\$	13,548,998	\$	15,401,471	\$	17,684,602
Interest		65,730,714		67,693,599		69,765,169		71,053,021		75,078,142
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		-		(16,908,140)		-		59,494,381		(3,852,172)
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		-		(5,410,590)		(3,570,311)		(9,538,805)		26,895,156
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(47,761,534)		(49,614,935)		(51,615,173)		(53,205,686)		(55,481,650)
Net change in total pension liability		31,876,703		9,353,167		28,128,683		83,204,382		60,324,078
Total pension liability - beginning		893,336,527		925,213,230		934,566,397		962,695,080		1,045,899,462
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	925,213,230	\$	934,566,397	\$	962,695,080	\$	1,045,899,462	\$	1,106,223,540
Pension fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	13,818,051	\$	17,178,961	\$	20,338,253	\$	23,342,334	\$	26,124,666
Contributions - employee		6,449,394		5,896,729		5,940,342		6,617,527		6,942,272
Net investment income		105,163,288		15,155,169		3,348,803		73,783,913		59,476,319
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(47,761,534)		(49,614,935)		(51,615,173)		(53,205,686)		(55,481,650)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		3,305		-		-		(7,168)
Administrative expense		-		(771,300)		(416,243)		(975,302)		(1,106,599)
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense) <sup>1</sup>		-		-		-		-		(2,101,449)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		77,669,199		(12,152,071)		(22,404,018)		49,562,786		33,846,391
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>2</sup>		617,467,219		695,136,418		682,984,347		660,580,329		710,143,115
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	695,136,418	\$	682,984,347	\$	660,580,329	\$	710,143,115	\$	743,989,506
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	230,076,812	\$	251,582,050	\$	302,114,751	\$	335,756,347	\$	362,234,034
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.13%		73.08%		68.62%		67.90%		67.25%
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$	45,422,701	\$	46,710,538	\$	47,115,477	\$	48,429,252	\$	56,947,904
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		506.52%		538.60%		641.22%		693.29%		636.08%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions (GASB 75), CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one-time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75. Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18, CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68).

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: Changes of Benefit Terms: The figures above generally include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred on or before the Measurement Date. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the Valuation Date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary

In 2022, SB 1168 increased the standard retiree lump sum death benefit from \$500 to \$2,000 for any death occurring on or after July 1, 2023. The impact, if any, is included in the changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions: There were no assumption changes in 2023. Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (June 30, 2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. In addition, demographic assumptions and the price inflation assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. The accounting discount rate was 7.15% for measurement dates June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021, 7.65% for measurement dates June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2016, and 7.50% for measurement date June 30, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes any beginning of year adjustment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll grow th using 2.80% payroll grow th assumption for fiscal years ended in 2022 and 2023; 2.75% payroll grow th assumption for fiscal years ended in 2018 through 2021; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2014 through 2017.

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
Measurement period		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	18,340,749	\$	18,438,776	\$	17,442,651	\$	20,255,092	\$	18,857,878
Interest		77,850,318		79,970,381		82,106,386		85,264,766		88,681,309
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		471,635
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		44,713,632		-
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		2,178,151		(7,219,787)		(5,649,159)		7,388,791		14,050,958
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(57,512,870)		(61,225,237)		(63,550,272)		(67,804,721)		(71,852,731)
Net change in total pension liability		40,856,348		29,964,133		30,349,606		89,817,560		50,209,049
Total pension liability - beginning	1	1,106,223,540		1,147,079,888		1,177,044,021		1,207,393,627		1,297,211,187
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 1	1,147,079,888	\$	1,177,044,021	\$	1,207,393,627	\$	1,297,211,187	\$	1,347,420,236
Pension fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	29,781,351	\$	33,596,802	\$	37,208,895	\$	39,195,163	\$	42,540,178
Contributions - employee		7,139,569		7,347,966		7,775,415		7,961,859		7,336,349
Net investment income		48,529,461		38,307,390		177,671,066		(71,402,376)		52,580,295
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(57,512,870)		(61,225,237)		(63,550,272)		(67,804,721)		(71,852,731)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-		-		(27,329)
Administrative expense		(530,927)		(1,087,482)		(787,501)		(589,709)		(628,003)
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense) <sup>1</sup>		1,732		-		-		-		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		27,408,316		16,939,439		158,317,603		(92,639,784)		29,948,759
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning <sup>2</sup>		743,989,506		771,397,822		788,337,261		946,654,864		854,015,080
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	771,397,822	\$	788,337,261	\$	946,654,864	\$	854,015,080	\$	883,963,839
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	375,682,066	\$	388,706,760	\$	260,738,763	\$	443,196,107	\$	463,456,397
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		67.25%		66.98%		78.40%		65.83%		65.60%
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$	59,708,789	\$	60,894,239	\$	58,297,630	\$	61,286,210	\$	57,058,632
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		629.19%		638.33%		447.25%		723.16%		812.25%

### City of Stockton Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### **PARS Enhancement Plan**

	Fiscal Year									
Measurement period		2014-15 <sup>1</sup>		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	145,882	\$	150,623	\$	134,056	\$	138,078	\$	151,504
Interest		650,386		680,023		701,117		730,559		706,545
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		-		605,028
Economic/demographic gains or losses		-		-		(110,133)		-		(156,665)
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(358,380)		(397,530)		(407,870)		(429,654)		(467,860)
Net change in total pension liability		437,888		433,116		317,170		438,983		838,552
Total pension liability - beginning		9,321,510		9,759,398		10,192,514		10,509,684		10,948,667
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	9,759,398	\$	10,192,514	\$	10,509,684	\$	10,948,667	\$	11,787,219
Pension fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	751,157	\$	705,192	\$	528,894	\$	941,620	\$	753,296
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		124,454		8,851		596,724		409,596		482,222
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(358,380)		(397,530)		(407,870)		(429,654)		(467,860)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-		-		-
Administrative expense		(966)		(43,490)		(13,097)		(13,992)		(14,506)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		516,265		273,023		704,651		907,570		753,152
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		5,058,426		5,574,691		5,847,714		6,552,365		7,459,935
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	5,574,691	\$	5,847,714	\$	6,552,365	\$	7,459,935	\$	8,213,087
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,184,707	\$	4,344,800	\$	3,957,319	\$	3,488,732	\$	3,574,132
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.12%		57.37%		62.35%		68.14%		69.68%
Covered payroll	\$	3,610,315	\$	3,454,139	\$	3,327,608	\$	3,427,436	\$	3,446,204
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		115.91%		125.79%		118.92%		101.79%		103.71%

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
Measurement period		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23		2023-24
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	155,670	\$	132,117	\$	135,750	\$	114,224	\$	117,422
Interest		759,727		781,943		809,517		826,109		866,354
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		74,188		-
Economic/demographic gains or losses		-		120,626		-		300,141		-
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(517,711)		(583,450)		(645,746)		(691,937)		(705,653)
Net change in total pension liability		397,686		451,236		299,521		622,725		278,123
Total pension liability - beginning		11,787,219		12,184,905		12,636,141		12,935,662		13,558,387
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	12,184,905	\$	12,636,141	\$	12,935,662	\$	13,558,387	\$	13,836,510
Pension fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	803,170	\$	602,378	\$	1,055,182	\$	854,389	\$	1,112,705
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		272,545		1,923,213		(1,452,185)		682,430		1,186,744
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee contributions		(517,711)		(583,450)		(645,746)		(691,937)		(705,653)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-		-		-
Administrative expense		(15,254)		(16,676)		(17,644)		(16,773)		(18,129)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		542,750		1,925,465		(1,060,393)		828,109		1,575,667
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,213,087		8,755,837		10,681,302		9,620,909		10,449,018
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	8,755,837	\$	10,681,302	\$	9,620,909	\$	10,449,018	\$	12,024,685
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,429,068	\$	1,954,839	\$	3,314,753	\$	3,109,369	\$	1,811,825
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.86%		84.53%		74.38%		77.07%		86.91%
Covered payroll	\$	2,784,812	\$	2,966,110	\$	2,403,153	\$	2,560,684	\$	2,417,785
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		123.13%		65.91%		137.93%		121.43%		74.94%

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

	Fiscal Year <sup>1</sup>									
		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	10,783,518	\$	12,545,482	\$	13,189,681	\$	15,252,226	\$	17,112,542
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>		(10,783,518)		(13,879,482)		(13,189,681)		(15,252,226)		(17,112,542)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	(1,334,000)	\$	-	\$		\$	_
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$	53,997,677	\$	56,400,439	\$	61,357,565	\$	67,079,626	\$	67,851,642
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>		19.97%		24.61%		21.50%		22.74%		25.22%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As prescribed in GASB 68, paragraph 46, the information presented in the Schedule of Plan Contributions should also be presented as of the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The employer is responsible for determining this information as prescribed by the standard as this data is not available to CalPERS.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-23 were derived from the June 30, 2020 funding valuation report.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.

The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

Retirement age to 2015

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to

2015. Mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016

Mortality published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. How ever, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2022 and 2023; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2014 through 2021; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2014 through 2017.

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) **Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued)**

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year <sup>1</sup>									
		2019-20		2020-21	2020-21			2022-23		2023-24
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	19,204,043	\$	20,363,651	\$	20,485,648	\$	21,302,978	\$	18,894,461
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>		(19,204,043)		(20,363,651)		(20,485,648)		(21,302,978)		(18,894,461)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$	67,099,018	\$	69,099,285	\$	70,213,245	\$	71,932,325	\$	73,946,430
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>		28.62%		29.47%		29.18%		29.62%		25.55%

As prescribed in GASB 68, paragraph 46, the information presented in the Schedule of Plan Contributions should also be presented as of the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The employer is responsible for determining this information as prescribed by the standard as this data is not available to CalPERS.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-23 were derived from the June 30, 2020 funding valuation report.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth

Investment Rate of Return 7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.

The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

Retirement age

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to

2015. Mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016

Mortality published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. How ever, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2022 and 2023; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2018 through 2021; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2014 through 2017.

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

	Fiscal Year <sup>1</sup>									
		2014-15		2015-16	2015-16			2017-18		2018-19
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	17,178,961	\$	20,338,253	\$	23,342,334	\$	26,124,666	\$	29,781,351
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>		(17,178,961)		(20,338,253)		(23,342,334)		(26,124,666)		(29,781,351)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$	46,710,538	\$	47,115,477	\$	48,429,252	\$	56,947,904	\$	59,708,789
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>		36.78%		43.17%		48.20%		45.87%		49.88%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As prescribed in GASB 68, paragraph 46, the information presented in the Schedule of Plan Contributions should also be presented as of the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The employer is responsible for determining this information as prescribed by the standard as this data is not available to CalPERS.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-23 were derived from the June 30, 2020 funding valuation report.

### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.

The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

Retirement age to 2015

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

to 2015. Mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016

Mortality published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. How ever, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2022 and 2023; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2014 through 2021; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2014 through 2017.

## **Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued)**

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

### California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan (Continued)

	Fiscal Year <sup>1</sup>									
		2019-20		2020-21	2020-21			2022-23		2023-24
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	33,596,802	\$	37,208,895	\$	39,195,163	\$	42,540,178	\$	45,350,173
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>		(33,596,802)		(37,208,895)		(39,195,163)		(42,540,178)		(45,350,173)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$	60,894,239	\$	58,297,630	\$	61,286,210	\$	57,058,632	\$	58,656,274
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>		55.17%		63.83%		63.95%		74.56%		77.32%

As prescribed in GASB 68, paragraph 46, the information presented in the Schedule of Plan Contributions should also be presented as of the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The employer is responsible for determining this information as prescribed by the standard as this data is not available to CalPERS.

#### Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-23 were derived from the June 30, 2020 funding valuation report.

### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth

Investment Rate of Return 7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.

The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

Retirement age

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997

to 2015. Mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016

Mortality published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. How ever, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2022 and 2023; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2018 through 2021; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended in 2014 through 2017.

### Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### **PARS Enhancement Plan**

	Fiscal Year									
		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	700,451	\$	705,192	\$	705,192	\$	753,296	\$	753,296
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(751,157)		(705,192)		(528,894)		(941,620)		(753,296)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(50,706)	\$		\$	176,298	\$	(188,324)	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	3,610,315	\$	3,454,139	\$	3,327,608	\$	3,427,436	\$	3,446,204
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		20.81%		20.42%		15.89%		27.47%		21.86%

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2023-24 were derived from the June 30, 2022 funding valuation report.

### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period Level dollar, closed, 5.67 years

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets.

Inflation 2.30%

Consistent with the rates used to value Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans for an employee

Salary Increases with an entry age of 30.

Payroll Growth 2.80% Investment Rate of Return 6.50% Cost of Living Adjustments 2.00%

Consistent with the rates used to value CalPERS Miscellaneous Public Agency Pension Plans after June 30,

Withdrawal/Disability 2021.

### Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

### **PARS Enhancement Plan (Continued)**

	Fiscal Year									
		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23		2023-24
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	803,170	\$	803,170	\$	854,389	\$	854,389	\$	1,112,705
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(803,170)		(602,378)		(1,055,182)		(854,389)		(1,112,705)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	200,792	\$	(200,793)	\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$	2,784,812	\$	2,966,110	\$	2,403,153	\$	2,560,684	\$	2,417,785
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		28.84%		20.31%		43.91%		33.37%		46.02%

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2023-24 were derived from the June 30, 2022 funding valuation report.

### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period Level dollar, closed, 5.67 years

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets.

Inflation 2.30%

Consistent with the rates used to value Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans for an employee

Salary Increases with an entry age of 30.

Payroll Growth 2.80% Investment Rate of Return 6.50% Cost of Living Adjustments 2.00%

Consistent with the rates used to value CalPERS Miscellaneous Public Agency Pension Plans after June 30,

Withdrawal/Disability 2021.



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# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental: Federal grants and subsidies Other governmental Interest income Refunds and reimbursements	\$		- - -	\$ 5,299,919 36,927,583	\$ 6,048,719 9,455,395 57,309 6,822	\$ 748,800 (27,472,188) 57,309 6,822
Miscellaneous			- <u> </u>		 501,836	501,836
Total revenues				42,227,502	16,070,081	 (26,157,421)
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Public works Capital outlay		4,629,331	l -	18,201,321 289,304,469	118,181 54,828,553	18,083,140 234,475,916
Total expenditures		4,629,331		307,505,860	54,946,734	252,559,126
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(4,629,331	)	(265,278,358)	(38,876,653)	 226,401,705
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers in Transfers out		1,005,000 (1,250,000		40,057,935 (1,800,071)	28,562,744	(11,495,191) 1,800,071
Total other financing sources		(245,000	))	38,257,864	28,562,744	(9,695,120)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(4,874,331	<u>)                                    </u>	\$ (227,020,494)	(10,313,909)	\$ 216,706,585
BASIS ADJUSTMENT: Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					(59,729,282)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)					(70,043,191)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					10,558,669	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) (DEFICIT), END (	OF YE	EAR			\$ (59,484,522)	

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.



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### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific governmental revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The City's nonmajor governmental special revenue funds include:

#### State Housing Grants Fund

To account for resources for the City's CalHome State Loan Program that support homeownership programs aimed at very low income households and loans extended to eligible low and moderate-income families as approved by the former Stockton Redevelopment Agency and the California Health and Safety Code. This fund includes the City's annual funding for single family, down-payment assistance and single family rehabilitation from State funding sources.

#### Solid Waste and Recycling Fund

To account for the administration of solid waste collection services, and the planning and implementation of solid waste reduction and recycling programs, in compliance with California Public Resources Code Section 40050 through 40063 (AB 939).

#### Gas Tax Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the California Streets and Highway Code, sections 2103 through 2107.5. Expenditures of these resources for administration, maintenance and construction must be street and transportation related.

#### Measure K Streets Sales Tax Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City from ½ cent sales tax collections under Measure K. The Measure K program is administered by the San Joaquin Council of Governments ("SJCOG") as the Local Transportation Authority for San Joaquin County. SJCOG was established as the Local Transportation Authority for this measure when San Joaquin County voters approved the enactment of the Measure K program in 1990. In 2006, voters approved to extend this measure for an additional 30 years. Expenditures for administration, maintenance and construction received under Measure K must be for street and transportation related projects.

#### Measure M Strong Communities

Measure M implements a dedicated one-quarter (1/4) cent special transactions and use sales tax for a period of 16 years for the provision of library and recreation services. On May 24, 2016, the Stockton City Council approved placing a one-quarter (1/4) cent sales tax on the November 8, 2016, General Election ballot with a Council vote of 7 - 0 and adopted Resolution 2016-05-24-1602. Minor amendments were made to define the incorporated area of the City of Stockton, the election date, and to correct the name of a state board that had changed, based on comments received from the California State Board of Equalization, and the Resolution was superseded by Resolution 2016-06-07-1212 on June 7, 2016.

#### Measure W Public Safety Tax Fund

Measure W is a one-quarter (1/4) cent transaction and use sales tax which was approved by voters in November 2004. Expenditures are for administration, implementation, and operation of the Police and Fire Safe Neighborhood Gang and Drug Prevention Program, among other programs.

#### Special Assessments Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to levies on property owners as approved by the City Council and state laws for special types of services – basic street and neighborhood lighting, land and streetscapes, and stormwater drainage maintenance services.

### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Development Services Fund**

To account for resources for development planning and project review services including land use entitlements, permit processing and review and inspection of public improvements to ensure orderly physical growth and development of the City as approved by the City Council. Revenues and fees collected and recorded in this fund are committed to its related activities.

#### Other Special Revenue Fund

To account for the resources of comparatively smaller special revenue funds, including the Litigated Asset Seizure public safety program, State Housing Loan Program and various governmental expendable special revenue/trusts of funds donated to the City for various community projects and programs.

### Transportation Development Act Fund

To account for the Local Transportation Fund revenues derived from a 1/4-cent general sales tax. The revenues collected are used for non-transit related purposes.

#### CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Project Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City's nonmajor governmental capital project funds include:

### Public Facilities Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund

To account for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City, in compliance with California Government Code Section 66006 (AB 1600). Impact fees have been established for each of the following types of public facilities: Traffic signals, Street improvements, Community recreation center, City office space, Fire stations, Libraries, Police stations, Parkland, Street tree & street signs, Street light in-lieu, Air quality mitigation, and Public facilities fees – administration.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on long-term debt.

The City's nonmajor governmental debt service funds include:

#### Stockton Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources for the retirement of principal and interest payment on long-term debt for municipal bonds issued on behalf of and approved by the Stockton Public Financing Authority.

#### PERMANENT FUND

Permanent funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs—that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. Permanent funds do not include private-purpose trust funds, which should be used to report situations in which the government is required to use the principal or earnings for the benefit of individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

#### Miscellaneous Permanent Fund

To account for the resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, can be spent. Permanent Fund resources help support designated arts, recreation, library and public safety programs.

# City of Stockton Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds									
		State		Solid			Measure K		N	Measure M
		Housing	Waste &			Gas	Streets		Strong	
AGGERTG		Grants		Recycling		Tax	Sales Tax		Communities	
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	7,453,039	\$	11,287,419	\$	19,559,496	\$	19,466,403	\$	38,494,908
Receivables, net:										
Interest		30,402		50,679		111,944		107,874		187,277
Accounts and other		-		227,104		-		-		-
Lease		-		-		-		-		-
Advance deposits		-		-		20,836		21,883		18,097
Due from other governments, net		-		-		2,220,604		1,752,612		2,695,829
Prepaid items		1 106 500		-		-		-		-
Loans to Successor Agency, net		1,106,580		-		-		-		-
Loans to property owners, net		72,326,224	_			-	_		_	-
Total assets	\$	80,916,245	\$	11,565,202	\$	21,912,880	\$	21,348,772	\$	41,396,111
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	212,360	\$	309,264	\$	1,016,442	\$	293,689
Accrued payroll and benefits		1,982		61,590		166,597		11,086		255,483
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits and other liabilities				3,915						
Total liabilities		1,982		277,865		475,861		1,027,528		549,172
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue - Other										
Total deferred inflows of resources										
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		-		-		20,836		21,883		18,097
Restricted		80,914,263		11,287,337		21,416,183		20,299,361		40,828,842
Total fund balances		80,914,263		11,287,337		21,437,019		20,321,244		40,846,939
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	80,916,245	\$	11,565,202	\$	21,912,880	\$	21,348,772	\$	41,396,111

(Continued)

# City of Stockton Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Special Revenue Funds									
Measure W Public Safety Tax		Special Assessments		Development Services		Other Special Revenue			nsportation evelopment Act
\$	11,186,945	\$	21,379,691	\$	47,485,865	\$	6,219,947	\$	1,677,900
	51.024		106.967		224.252		22.720		
	51,034								-
	-		439,020		141,291		04,1/4		-
	_		_		63 041		1 530		_
	2 688 778		_						123,369
	_,000,770		_		-		-		-
	_		_		_		-		_
	-		-		-		-		-
\$	13,926,757	\$	21,925,584	\$	48,585,555	\$	7,099,702	\$	1,801,269
\$	133,722	\$	182,632	\$	662,349	\$	360,632	\$	-
	551,223		21,143		504,905		48,162		-
	-		-		<del>-</del>		-		-
					1,103,831				
	684,945		203,775		2,271,085		408,794		
	-		_		-		1,931		-
	-		-		-		1,931		
	-		-		63,041		1,530		-
	13,241,812		21,721,809		46,251,429		6,687,447		1,801,269
	13,241,812		21,721,809		46,314,470		6,688,977		1,801,269
\$	13,926,757	\$	21,925,584	\$	48,585,555	\$	7,099,702	\$	1,801,269
	\$ \$	Public Safety Tax  \$ 11,186,945  51,034	Public Safety Tax  \$ 11,186,945 \$  51,034	Measure W Public Safety Tax         Special Assessments           \$ 11,186,945         \$ 21,379,691           51,034         106,867 439,026           -         -           2,688,778         -           -         -           \$ 13,926,757         \$ 21,925,584           \$ 133,722         \$ 182,632 21,143           -         -           684,945         203,775           -         -	Measure W Public Safety Tax         Special Assessments         Example Special Assessments           \$ 11,186,945         \$ 21,379,691         \$           \$ 11,186,945         \$ 21,379,691         \$           \$ 1,034         \$ 106,867         \$           - 439,026	Measure W Public Safety Tax         Special Assessments         Development Services           \$ 11,186,945         \$ 21,379,691         \$ 47,485,865           51,034         106,867         224,352           - 439,026         747,297           - 63,041         2,688,778         - 65,000	Measure W Public Safety Tax         Special Assessments         Development Services           \$ 11,186,945         \$ 21,379,691         \$ 47,485,865         \$           \$ 11,034         106,867         224,352         243,9026         747,297	Measure W Public Safety Tax         Special Assessments         Development Services         Other Special Revenue           \$ 11,186,945         \$ 21,379,691         \$ 47,485,865         \$ 6,219,947           \$ 51,034         \$ 106,867         \$ 224,352         \$ 23,720           \$ 439,026         \$ 747,297         \$ 64,174           \$ 2,688,778         \$ 65,000         \$ 790,331           \$ 2,688,778         \$ 65,000         \$ 790,331           \$ 13,926,757         \$ 21,925,584         \$ 48,585,555         \$ 7,099,702           \$ 133,722         \$ 182,632         \$ 662,349         \$ 360,632           \$ 551,223         \$ 21,143         \$ 504,905         \$ 48,162           \$ - 1,103,831         \$ - 1,103,831         \$ - 1,103,831         \$ - 1,103,831           \$ - 2,271,085         \$ 408,794         \$ 408,794           \$ - 3,041         \$ 1,530         \$ 1,931           \$ - 3,041         \$ 1,530         \$ 1,931           \$ - 3,041         \$ 1,530         \$ 6,687,447           \$ 13,241,812         \$ 21,721,809         \$ 46,251,429         \$ 6,687,447           \$ 13,241,812         \$ 21,721,809         \$ 46,314,470         \$ 6,688,977	Measure W Public Safety Tax         Special Assessments         Development Services         Other Special Revenue         Tra De Development Special Revenue         Tra Development Special Revenue           \$ 11,186,945         \$ 21,379,691         \$ 47,485,865         \$ 6,219,947         \$           \$ 51,034         106,867         224,352         23,720           - 439,026         747,297         64,174           63,041         1,530           2,688,778         - 65,000         790,331           5,000         790,331           5,000         790,331           5,000         790,331           1,103,831         1,103,831           1,103,831         1,931           1,931         1,931           1,931         1,931           1,931

(Continued)

# City of Stockton Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

ASSETS	Capital Projects Fund Public Facilities Impact Fees	Debt Service Fund Stockton Public Financing Authority	Permanent Fund Miscellaneous	Totals
Cash and investments	\$ 68,973,646	\$ 355,180	\$ 399,786	\$ 253,940,225
Receivables, net:	\$ 00,272,010	<b>\$</b>	\$ 255,700	\$ 200,5 .0,220
Interest	348,171	59,103	1,135	1,302,558
Accounts and other	497,540	-	-	1,975,141
Lease	-	-	-	-
Advance deposits	-	-	-	125,387
Due from other governments, net	-	-	-	10,336,523
Prepaid items	-	1,673,742	-	1,673,742
Loans to Successor Agency, net	-	-	-	1,106,580
Loans to property owners, net	-	-	-	72,326,224
Total assets	\$ 69,819,357	\$ 2,088,025	\$ 400,921	\$ 342,786,380
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 71,329	\$ 80,555	\$ -	\$ 3,322,974
Accrued payroll and benefits	15,911	17,816	-	1,655,898
Due to other governments	379,238	-	-	379,238
Deposits and other liabilities				1,107,746
Total liabilities	466,478	98,371	_	6,465,856
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable revenue - Other	497,540	-	-	499,471
Total deferred inflows of resources	497,540	_	-	499,471
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted	68,855,339	1,673,742 315,912	400,921	1,799,129 334,021,924
Total fund balances	68,855,339	1,989,654	400,921	335,821,053
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 69,819,357	\$ 2,088,025	\$ 400,921	\$ 342,786,380

(Concluded)

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue							
	State Housing Grants	Solid Waste & Recycling	Gas Tax	Measure K Streets Sales Tax	Measure M Strong Communities			
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Sales - levied by City	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,539,791	\$ 15,406,039			
Franchise fees	-	4,004,711	-	-	-			
Business license	-	-	-	-	-			
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental:								
Federal grants and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-			
Other governmental	-	877,186	17,110,715	1,297,168	-			
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-			
Use of money and property	1,549,359	-	-	-	-			
Investment income:								
Interest income	224,264	275,531	519,203	810,685	1,388,782			
Refunds and reimbursements	-	-	169,720	2,529	-			
Miscellaneous	28,439	3,160	316	7,307				
	1,802,062	5,160,588	17,799,954	9,657,480	16,794,821			
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government	64,386	_	-	-	_			
Public safety		_	-	-	_			
Public works	_	2,236,913	6,515,241	4,333,345	-			
Library	-	· · · · · -	-	-	3,187,520			
Parks and recreation	-	_	-	-	5,414,634			
Capital outlay	-	-	533,396	1,232,280	202,343			
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	31,586	-	-	-	18,046			
Interest and fiscal charges	132	-	-	-	1,955			
Total expenditures	96,104	2,236,913	7,048,637	5,565,625	8,824,498			
EVOEGG (DEELCHENGVA OF DEVENIUS)								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,705,958	2,923,675	10,751,317	4,091,855	7,970,323			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	352,526	-	16,000	-	-			
Transfers out	-	-	(4,537,003)	(2,624,214)	(587,986)			
Issuance of debt					55,827			
Total other financing sources (uses)	352,526		(4,521,003)	(2,624,214)	(532,159)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2,058,484	2,923,675	6,230,314	1,467,641	7,438,164			
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year	78,855,779	8,363,662	15,206,705	18,853,603	33,408,775			
End of year	\$ 80,914,263	\$ 11,287,337	\$ 21,437,019	\$ 20,321,244	\$ 40,846,939			

(Continued)

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue								
	Measure W Public Safety Tax	Special Assessments	Development Services	Other Special Revenue	Transportation Development Act				
REVENUES:									
Taxes:									
Sales - levied by City	\$ 15,406,874	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-	-				
Business license	-	1,745,026	-	-	-				
Licenses and permits	-	-	9,661,484	23,592	-				
Intergovernmental:									
Federal grants and subsidies	-	-	-	14,386	-				
Other governmental	-	-	-	4,301,010	493,476				
Charges for services	-	4,699,257	11,879,525	91,190	-				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	232,093	-	-				
Use of money and property	-	-	-	31,186	-				
Investment income:									
Interest income	397,545	790,252	1,466,904	183,419	-				
Refunds and reimbursements	-	-	3,100	-	-				
Miscellaneous		18,249	69,309	516,847					
	15,804,419	7,252,784	23,312,415	5,161,630	493,476				
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government	_	1,594,806	7,278,116	270,083	_				
Public safety	15,275,879	-,,	9,155,448	3,338,621	_				
Public works	-	3,675,508	-	510,822	-				
Library	_	-	_	69,532	_				
Parks and recreation	_	_	_	-	_				
Capital outlay	308,491	_	1,912,461	550,349	_				
Debt service:	2.00,000		-,,	220,210					
Principal retirement	9,986	-	355,945	-	-				
Interest and fiscal charges	476	_	· -	_	-				
Total expenditures	15,594,832	5,270,314	18,701,970	4,739,407					
EV CESS (DEBICIENCY) OF DEVENIES									
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	209,587	1,982,470	4,610,445	422,223	493,476				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in	118,182	_	800,000	_	_				
Transfers out	110,102	_	-	_	(263,776)				
Issuance of debt	_	_	1,912,461	_	(203,770)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	118,182		2,712,461		(263,776)				
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	327,769	1,982,470	7,322,906	422,223	229,700				
ELIND DALANCIES.									
FUND BALANCES:	12.014.042	10.720.220	20 001 574	( )(( 754	1 571 570				
Beginning of year	12,914,043	19,739,339	38,991,564	6,266,754	1,571,569				
End of year	\$ 13,241,812	\$ 21,721,809	\$ 46,314,470	\$ 6,688,977	\$ 1,801,269				

(Continued)

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Permanent	
	Public Facilities Impact Fees	Stockton Public Financing Authority	Miscellaneous	Totals
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Sales - levied by City	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,352,704
Franchise fees	-	-	-	4,004,711
Business license	-	-	-	1,745,026
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	9,685,076
Intergovernmental:				
Federal grants and subsidies	-	-	-	14,386
Other governmental	-	-	-	24,079,555
Charges for services	6,123,737	-	-	22,793,709
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	232,093
Use of money and property	58,518	-	8,712	1,647,775
Investment income:				
Interest income	2,788,596	(113,405)	9,020	8,740,796
Refunds and reimbursements	-	-	-	175,349
Miscellaneous	-	1,700,364	-	2,343,991
	8,970,851	1,586,959	17,732	113,815,171
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	613,762	203,428	82	10,024,663
Public safety	-	203,120	-	27,769,948
Public works	145,800	_	_	17,417,629
Library	113,000	_	_	3,257,052
Parks and recreation	_	_	_	5,414,634
Capital outlay	4,414,749	_	_	9,154,069
Debt service:	1,111,715			7,13 1,007
Principal retirement	_	237,557	_	653,120
Interest and fiscal charges	_	10,287,594	_	10,290,157
Total expenditures	5,174,311	10,728,579	82	83,981,272
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,796,540	(9,141,620)	17,650	29,833,899
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	9,061,425	_	10,348,133
Transfers out	(860,667)	-	_	(8,873,646)
Issuance of debt	-	_	_	1,968,288
	(960,667)	0.061.425		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(860,667)	9,061,425		3,442,775
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2,935,873	(80,195)	17,650	33,276,674
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	65,919,466	2,069,849	383,271	302,544,379
End of year	\$ 68,855,339	\$ 1,989,654	\$ 400,921	\$ 335,821,053
•		. ,. ,. ,. ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

(Concluded)

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual	riance with	
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	1,549,359	\$ 1,529,359
Investment income:		000	000		224.264	222.464
Interest income Miscellaneous		800	800		224,264 28,439	223,464 28,439
Total revenues	-	20.800	 20.800			 
1 otal revenues		20,800	 20,800		1,802,062	 1,781,262
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		1,796,940	4,764,868		64,386	4,700,482
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-	-		31,586	(31,586)
Interest and fiscal charges		-	 -		132	 (132)
Total expenditures		1,796,940	 4,764,868		96,104	 4,668,764
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(1,776,140)	(4,744,068)		1,705,958	6,450,026
		(1,770,110)	 (1,7 1 1,000)		1,700,500	 0,120,020
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers in		349,449	349,449		352,526	3,077
Total other financing sources		349,449	349,449		352,526	3,077
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(1,426,691)	\$ (4,394,619)		2,058,484	\$ 6,453,103
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					(173,999)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)					1,884,485	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					78,855,779	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$	80,740,264	
<i>"</i>				_		

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Solid Waste and Recycling Special Revenue Fund

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget	
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Franchise fees	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,004,711	\$	4,004,711
Intergovernmental:						
Other governmental		3,315,000	3,817,060	877,186		(2,939,874)
Investment income:						
Interest income		-	-	275,531		275,531
Miscellaneous		-	-	 3,160		3,160
Total revenues	_	3,315,000	3,817,060	5,160,588		1,343,528
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works		3,951,358	4,699,432	2,236,913		2,462,519
Total expenditures		3,951,358	4,699,432	2,236,913		2,462,519
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		(636,358)	(882,372)	2,923,675		3,806,047
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(636,358)	\$ (882,372)	2,923,675	\$	3,806,047
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				(371,219)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				2,552,456		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				8,363,662		
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$ 10,916,118		

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental: Other governmental Investment income:	\$	17,119,777	\$ 17,119,777	\$ 17,110,715	\$	(9,062)
Interest income Refunds and reimbursements		-	-	519,203 169,720		519,203 169,720
Miscellaneous		17,110,777	- 17, 110, 777	 316		316
Total revenues		17,119,777	 17,119,777	 17,799,954	-	680,177
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works Capital outlay		7,987,888	8,451,198 10,933,415	6,515,241 533,396		1,935,957 10,400,019
Total expenditures		7,987,888	19,384,613	 7,048,637		12,335,976
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				 _		_
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		9,131,889	(2,264,836)	 10,751,317		13,016,153
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		-	4,100,000	16,000		(4,084,000)
Transfers out		(6,100,000)	 (6,100,000)	 (4,537,003)		1,562,997
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,100,000)	 (2,000,000)	 (4,521,003)		(2,521,003)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	3,031,889	\$ (4,264,836)	6,230,314	\$	10,495,150
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				 1,600,884		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				7,831,198		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				 15,206,705		
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$ 23,037,903		

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Measure K Streets Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES:						
Taxes: Sales - levied by City	\$	7,916,980	\$ 7,916,980	\$	7,539,791	\$ (377,189)
Intergovernmental: Other governmental Investment income:		-	469,879		1,297,168	827,289
Interest income		-	-		810,685	810,685
Refunds and reimbursements		-	-		2,529	2,529
Miscellaneous			 		7,307	 7,307
<b>Total revenues</b>		7,916,980	 8,386,859		9,657,480	 1,270,621
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:		<b>7.2.1</b> 0.000				
Public works Capital outlay		5,340,000	5,870,902 21,277,455		4,333,345 1,232,280	1,537,557
		5 2 40 000				 20,045,175
Total expenditures		5,340,000	 27,148,357		5,565,625	 21,582,732
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		2,576,980	(18,761,498)		4,091,855	 22,853,353
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers out		(2,100,000)	 (3,496,651)		(2,624,214)	 872,437
Total other financing uses		(2,100,000)	(3,496,651)		(2,624,214)	872,437
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	476,980	\$ (22,258,149)		1,467,641	\$ 23,725,790
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					(1,857,810)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)					(390,169)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					18,853,603	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$	18,463,434	

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Measure M Strong Communities Special Revenue Fund

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	ariance with inal Budget	
REVENUES:					
Taxes: Sales - levied by City	\$	14,852,687	\$ 14,852,687	\$ 15,406,039	\$ 553,352
Investment income: Interest income		186,778	186,778	1,388,782	1,202,004
Total revenues		15,039,465	15,039,465	16,794,821	1,755,356
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Library		4,172,819	4,684,611	3,187,520	1,497,091
Parks and recreation		7,040,657	7,857,877	5,414,634	2,443,243
Capital outlay		-	132,760	202,343	(69,583)
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		-	-	18,046	(18,046)
Interest expense and fiscal charges		-	_	 1,955	 (1,955)
Total expenditures		11,213,476	 12,675,248	 8,824,498	 3,850,750
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		3,825,989	 2,364,217	 7,970,323	 (2,095,394)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out		(14,541,000)	(14,541,000)	(587,986)	13,953,014
Issuance of debt			 	 55,827	 55,827
Total other financing (sources) uses		(14,541,000)	 (14,541,000)	 (532,159)	 14,008,841
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(10,715,011)	\$ (12,176,783)	7,438,164	\$ 19,614,947
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:					
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				 (850,142)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				6,588,022	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				33,408,775	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$ 39,996,797	

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

13,090,714

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Measure W Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Taxes: Sales - levied by City	\$ 15,328,904	\$ 15,328,904	\$ 15,406,874	\$	77,970
Investment income: Interest income	 	 -	397,545		397,545
Total revenues	15,328,904	15,328,904	15,804,419		475,515
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public safety	15,407,904	15,444,251	15,275,879		168,372
Capital outlay	100,000	290,116	308,491		(18,375)
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	9,986		(9,986)
Interest and fiscal charges	 	 -	476		(476)
Total expenditures	 15,507,904	 15,734,367	15,594,832		139,535
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in	 _		 118,182		118,182
Total other financing sources	-	 -	118,182		118,182
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$ (179,000)	\$ (405,463)	\$ 327,769	\$	733,232
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:					
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*			 (151,098)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)			176,671		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			 12,914,043		

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Assessment Special Revenue Fund

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:							
Taxes: Business license Charges for services	\$	1,720,000 4,784,709	\$	1,720,000 4,784,709	\$ 1,745,026 4,699,257	\$	25,026 (85,452)
Investment income: Interest income Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>		- -	790,252 18,249		790,252 18,249
Total revenues		6,504,709		6,504,709	 7,252,784		748,075
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: General government Public works		1,720,000 3,745,100		1,720,000 6,655,403	1,594,806 3,675,508		125,194 2,979,895
Total expenditures		5,465,100		8,375,403	5,270,314		3,105,089
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		1,039,609		(1,870,694)	1,982,470		3,853,164
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in Transfers out		7,566 (7,566)		7,565 (8,267)	-		(7,565) 8,267
Total other financing sources uses		-		(702)	-		702
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	1,039,609	\$	(1,871,396)	\$ 1,982,470	\$	3,853,866
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:							
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					 (595,112)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)					1,387,358		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					19,739,339		
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR (I	DEFIC	CIT)			\$ 21,126,697		

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

## City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Development Services Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		nriance with	
REVENUES:						
Licenses and permits	\$	9,235,548	\$ 9,235,548	\$	9,661,484	\$ 425,936
Charges for services		13,208,875	13,208,875		11,879,525	(1,329,350)
Fines and forfeitures Interest income		105,094 (137,750)	105,094 (137,750)		232,093 1,466,904	126,999 1,604,654
Refunds and reimbursements		1,500	1,500		3,100	1,600
Miscellaneous		40,750	40,750		69,309	28,559
Total revenues		22,454,017	22,454,017		23,312,415	858,398
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		8,968,737	11,561,440		7,278,116	4,283,324
Public safety		7,614,588	9,958,298		9,155,448	802,850
Capital outlay		24,666	24,666		1,912,461	(1,887,795)
Debt service:						
Principal retirement			 		355,945	 (355,945)
Total expenditures		16,607,991	 21,544,404		18,701,970	 2,842,434
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		5,846,026	 909,613		4,610,445	 3,700,832
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		800,000	800,000		800,000	-
Transfers out		-	(89,220)		-	89,220
Issuance of debt					1,912,461	1,912,461
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>		800,000	710,780		2,712,461	2,001,681
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	6,646,026	\$ 1,620,393		7,322,906	\$ 5,702,513
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					(2,696,226)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)	)				4,626,680	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					38,991,564	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$	43,618,244	

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Other Special Revenue Fund

REVENUES:   Licenses and permits   S   55,500   S   55,500   S   23,592   S   (31,908)		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		riance with	
Intergovernmental:	REVENUES:						
Federal grants and subsidies         3,000         3,000         14,386         11,386           Other governmental         1,430,000         3,486,298         4,301,010         814,712           Charges for services         100,304         100,304         91,190         (9,114)           Use of money and property         9,600         9,600         31,186         21,586           Interest income         4,258         4,258         183,419         179,161           Miscellaneous         413,733         455,739         516,847         61,108           Total revenues           Current:           Current:         270,083         740,632           Current:         270,083         740,632           Current:         3338,621         851,390           Current: <td>Licenses and permits</td> <td>\$</td> <td>55,500</td> <td>\$ 55,500</td> <td>\$ 23,592</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(31,908)</td>	Licenses and permits	\$	55,500	\$ 55,500	\$ 23,592	\$	(31,908)
Other governmental         1,430,000         3,486,298         4,301,010         814,712           Charges for services         100,304         100,304         91,190         (9,114)           Use of money and property         9,600         9,600         31,186         21,586           Interest income         4,258         4,258         183,419         179,161           Miscellaneous         413,733         455,739         516,847         61,108           EXPENDITURES:           Current:           General government         1,010,715         1,010,715         270,083         740,632           Public safety         2,401,742         4,190,011         3,338,621         851,390           Public works         357,814         535,262         510,822         24,440           Library         50,000         69,532         (19,532)           Parks and recreation         20,000         20,000         69,532         (19,532)           Parks and recreation         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:	Intergovernmental:						
Charges for services	Federal grants and subsidies		3,000	3,000	14,386		11,386
Name of money and property	Other governmental		1,430,000	3,486,298	4,301,010		814,712
Interest income   4,258   4,258   183,419   179,161     Miscellaneous   413,733   455,739   516,847   61,108     Total revenues   2,016,395   4,114,699   5,161,630   1,046,931     EXPENDITURES:	Charges for services		100,304	100,304	91,190		(9,114)
Miscellaneous         413,733         455,739         516,847         61,108           Total revenues         2,016,395         4,114,699         5,161,630         1,046,931           EXPENDITURES:           Current:         Total revenues         357,814         1,010,715         270,083         740,632           Public safety         2,401,742         4,190,011         3,338,621         851,390           Public works         357,814         535,262         510,822         24,440           Library         50,000         69,532         (19,532)           Parks and recreation         20,000         20,000         -         20,000           Capital outlay         54,313         449,032         550,349         (101,317)           Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         \$ (4,674,015)         \$ (4,251,792)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         \$ (4,251,792)	Use of money and property		9,600	9,600	31,186		21,586
Total revenues   2,016,395   4,114,699   5,161,630   1,046,931	Interest income		4,258	4,258	183,419		179,161
Current:	Miscellaneous		413,733	455,739	516,847		61,108
Current:         General government         1,010,715         1,010,715         270,083         740,632           Public safety         2,401,742         4,190,011         3,338,621         851,390           Public works         357,814         535,262         510,822         24,440           Library         -         50,000         69,532         (19,532)           Parks and recreation         20,000         20,000         -         20,000           Capital outlay         54,313         449,032         550,349         (101,317)           Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:           Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*         (4,674,015)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         (4,251,792)           FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)         6,266,754	Total revenues		2,016,395	4,114,699	5,161,630		1,046,931
General government         1,010,715         1,010,715         270,083         740,632           Public safety         2,401,742         4,190,011         3,338,621         851,390           Public works         357,814         535,262         510,822         24,440           Library         -         50,000         69,532         (19,532)           Parks and recreation         20,000         20,000         -         20,000           Capital outlay         54,313         449,032         550,349         (101,317)           Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:           Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*         (4,674,015)         (4,674,015)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         (4,251,792)           FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)         6,266,754	EXPENDITURES:						
Public safety         2,401,742         4,190,011         3,338,621         851,390           Public works         357,814         535,262         510,822         24,440           Library         -         50,000         69,532         (19,532)           Parks and recreation         20,000         20,000         -         20,000           Capital outlay         54,313         449,032         550,349         (101,317)           Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:           Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*         (4,674,015)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         (4,251,792)           FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)         6,266,754	Current:						
Public works         357,814         535,262         510,822         24,440           Library         50,000         69,532         (19,532)           Parks and recreation         20,000         20,000         -         20,000           Capital outlay         54,313         449,032         550,349         (101,317)           Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:           Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*         (4,674,015)         (4,674,015)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         (4,251,792)         (4,251,792)           FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)         6,266,754	General government		1,010,715	1,010,715	270,083		740,632
Library         -         50,000         69,532         (19,532)           Parks and recreation         20,000         20,000         -         20,000           Capital outlay         54,313         449,032         550,349         (101,317)           Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:           Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*         (4,674,015)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         (4,251,792)           FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)         6,266,754					3,338,621		851,390
Parks and recreation         20,000         20,000         -         20,000           Capital outlay         54,313         449,032         550,349         (101,317)           Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:         Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*         (4,674,015)         (4,674,015)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         (4,251,792)         6,266,754	Public works		357,814	535,262	510,822		24,440
Capital outlay         54,313         449,032         550,349         (101,317)           Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:           Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*         (4,674,015)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         (4,251,792)           FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)         6,266,754	Library		-	50,000	69,532		(19,532)
Total expenditures         3,844,584         6,255,020         4,739,407         1,515,613           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)         \$ (1,828,189)         \$ (2,140,321)         422,223         \$ 2,562,544           BASIS ADJUSTMENT:         Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*         (4,674,015)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)         (4,251,792)           FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)         6,266,754	Parks and recreation		20,000	20,000	-		20,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)  \$\(\text{(1,828,189)}\) \\$\(\text{(2,140,321)}\) 422,223 \\$\(\text{2,562,544}\)  BASIS ADJUSTMENT:  Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*  (4,674,015)  NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)  (4,251,792)  FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)  6,266,754	Capital outlay		54,313	449,032	550,349		(101,317)
BASIS ADJUSTMENT: Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*  NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)  FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)  6,266,754	Total expenditures		3,844,584	 6,255,020	4,739,407		1,515,613
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*  NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)  FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)  6,266,754	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	(1,828,189)	\$ (2,140,321)	422,223	\$	2,562,544
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) (4,251,792)  FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED) 6,266,754	BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED) 6,266,754	Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				 (4,674,015)		
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				(4,251,792)		
	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS RESTATED)				6,266,754		
2,011,702	FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$ 2,014,962		

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation Development Act Special Revenue Fund

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget	
REVENUES:						
Other governmental	\$	610,737	\$ 610,737	\$ 493,476	\$	(117,261)
Total revenues		610,737	610,737	 493,476		(117,261)
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay			 285,610	 -		285,610
Total expenditures		-	285,610	 -		285,610
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		(10.727	225 127	402.476		160.240
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		610,737	 325,127	 493,476		168,349
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers out		(610,737)	(610,737)	(263,776)		346,961
Total other financing uses		(610,737)	 (610,737)	 (263,776)		346,961
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ (285,610)	229,700	\$	515,310
BASIS ADJUSTMENT: Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				229,700		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				1,571,569		
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$ 1,801,269		

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public Facilities Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund

	Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual	ariance with inal Budget	
REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$	6,827,310	\$ 6,827,310	\$ 6,123,737	\$ (703,573)
Use of money and property		27.250	- 27.250	58,518	58,518
Interest income		37,250	 37,250	 2,788,596	 2,751,346
Total revenues		6,864,560	 6,864,560	 8,970,851	 2,106,291
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		351,721	817,950	613,762	204,188
Public works		-	196,886	145,800	51,086
Capital outlay			 26,576,872	 4,414,749	 22,162,123
Total expenditures		351,721	 27,591,708	 5,174,311	 22,417,397
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)		6,512,839	 (20,727,148)	 3,796,540	(20,311,106)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		378,844	503,844	-	(503,844)
Transfers out		(1,178,844)	 (2,846,092)	(860,667)	1,985,425
<b>Total other financing (sources) uses</b>		(800,000)	(2,342,248)	(860,667)	1,481,581
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$	5,712,839	\$ (23,069,396)	2,935,873	\$ 26,005,269
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:					
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*				 (7,026,291)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)				(4,090,418)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				65,919,466	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$ 61,829,048	

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.

# City of Stockton Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Stockton Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund

	 Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		 riance with nal Budget
REVENUES:						
Interest income	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(113,405)	\$ (113,405)
Miscellaneous	1,737,744		1,764,364		1,700,364	(64,000)
Total revenues	1,737,744		1,764,364		1,586,959	(177,405)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	265,100		301,251		203,428	97,823
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	237,557		237,557		237,557	-
Interest and fiscal charges	 9,214,594		10,287,594		10,287,594	 -
Total expenditures	9,717,251		10,826,402		10,728,579	 97,823
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	(7,979,507)		(9,062,038)		(9,141,620)	(79,582)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers in	7,988,425		9,061,425		9,061,425	-
Total other financing sources	7,988,425		9,061,425		9,061,425	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)	\$ 8,918	\$	(613)		(80,195)	\$ (79,582)
BASIS ADJUSTMENT:						
Encumbrances (included in Final Budget above)*					(99,842)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)					(180,037)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					2,069,849	
FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS), END OF YEAR				\$	1,889,812	
(= = = ================================				_	-,,	

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted to Budgetary Basis.







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### **NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise funds are self-supporting government funds that sells goods and services to the public for a fee.

The City's nonmajor enterprise funds include:

### Stormwater Utility Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, and operation and maintenance of stormwater facilities for drainage and disposal of stormwater, and operations related to the provision of services.

#### Parking Authority Fund

To account for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, operation and maintenance of off-street parking facilities, and operations related to the provision of services.

#### Downtown Marina Fund

To account for resources and activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the Downtown Stockton Marina facilities.

### Golf Course Fund

To account for resources and activities associated with the improvement, operation and maintenance of the Swenson golf course. The fund was closed to the City's General Fund as of July 1, 2023.

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2024

ASSETS	Stormwater Utility		Parking Authority		Downtown Marina		Golf Courses	
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	7,822,755	\$	3,298,481	\$	265,663	\$	_
Receivables, net:	,	.,. ,	•	-,, -	•	,	•	
Interest		37,300		32,663		541		_
Accounts and other receivables		167,390		_		52,449		-
Deposits and advances		45,482		128,984		· -		-
Prepaids items		556		-		25,150		-
Total current assets		8,073,483		3,460,128		343,803		-
Noncurrent assets:		_		_		_		_
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		3,776,321		-		-
Loans receivable		-		190,000		-		-
Capital assets, net:								
Nondepreciable		1,688,867		5,738,160		-		-
Depreciable and amortizable, net		42,517,384		19,558,974		19,687,010		
Total noncurrent assets		44,206,251		29,263,455		19,687,010		-
Total assets		52,279,734		32,723,583		20,030,813		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt		_		392,599		_		_
Pension-related deferred outflows		350,263		-		-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		350,263		392,599		-		-

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2024

	Totals
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 11,386,899
Receivables, net:	
Interest	70,504
Accounts and other receivables	219,839
Deposits and advances	174,466
Prepaids items	25,706
Total current assets	11,877,414
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	3,776,321
Loans receivable	190,000
Capital assets, net:	
Nondepreciable	7,427,027
Depreciable and amortizable, net	 81,763,368
Total noncurrent assets	93,156,716
Total assets	 105,034,130
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	392,599
Pension-related deferred outflows	 350,263
Total deferred outflows of resources	742,862

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2024

LIABILITIES	Stormwater Parking Utility Authority		Downtown Marina	Golf Courses	
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		161,463	43,146	45,724	4 -
Accrued payroll		114,886	32,056	,	
Loans from other funds - current		_	666,487		
Deposits and other liabilities		102,009	-	69,095	5 -
Retention payable		2,812	-		
Accrued interest		-	422,223		
Compensated absences - current		156,828	21,804		
Lease liabilities - due in one year		-	183,596		
Bonds payable - current			779,710		<u> </u>
Total current liabilities		537,998	2,149,022	114,819	-
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences - long-term		80,739	14,433		
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year			2,127,717		
Loans from other funds - long-term		-	5,046,532		
Bonds payable		-	27,178,716	10,870,82	-
Net pension liability		1,026,811	-		
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,107,550	34,367,398	10,870,82	1 -
Total liabilities		1,645,548	36,516,420	10,985,640	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension-related deferred inflows		9,841	-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,841	-	_	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		44,203,439	(4,580,006)	8,816,189	-
Restricted for capital projects		-	1,996,012	-,,	
Restricted for debt service		_	1,780,309		
Unrestricted (deficit)		6,771,169	(2,596,553)	228,984	1 -
Total net position	\$	50,974,608	\$ (3,400,238)	\$ 9,045,173	

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2024

	Totals
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	250,333
Accrued payroll	146,942
Loans from other funds - current	666,487
Deposits and other liabilities	171,104
Retention payable	2,812
Accrued interest	422,223
Compensated absences - current	178,632
Lease liabilities - due in one year	183,596
Bonds payable - current	779,710
Total current liabilities	2,801,839
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences - long-term	95,172
Lease liabilities - due in more than one year	2,127,717
Loans from other funds - long-term	5,046,532
Bonds payable	38,049,537
Net pension liability	1,026,811
Total noncurrent liabilities	46,345,769
Total liabilities	49,147,608
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension-related deferred inflows	9,841
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,841
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	48,439,622
Restricted for capital projects	1,996,012
Restricted for debt service	1,780,309
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,403,600
Total net position	\$ 56,619,543

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	5	Stormwater Parking Utility Authority		Б	Oowntown Marina	Golf Courses	
OPERATING REVENUES:				•			
Charges for services	\$	5,843,883	\$	5,432,560	\$	385,924	\$ _
Miscellaneous		149,509		2,778		43,386	_
Total operating revenues		5,993,392		5,435,338		429,310	
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Operation and maintenance		4,252,569		2,908,649		684,865	-
General and administrative		2,714,104		764,660		9,596	-
Depreciation and amortization		1,821,557		993,835		547,407	
Total operating expenses	-	8,788,230		4,667,144		1,241,868	-
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(2,794,838)		768,194		(812,558)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Taxes		-		1,574,103		-	-
Grants and subsidies		-		245,839		-	-
Investment income:							
Interest income		366,661		243,928		2,306	-
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(37)		(1,100,097)		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		366,624		963,773		2,306	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL							
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(2,428,214)		1,731,967		(810,252)	-
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:							
Developer contributions		4,000,581		-		-	-
Contribution to governmental activities		-		-		-	(770,057)
Transfers in		-		-		262,000	-
Transfers out		(51,122)		-			(152,206)
Total contributions and transfers		3,949,459		-		262,000	(922,263)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		1,521,245		1,731,967		(548,252)	(922,263)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):							
Beginning of year		49,453,363		(5,132,205)		9,593,425	922,263
End of year	\$	50,974,608	\$	(3,400,238)	\$	9,045,173	\$ -

## City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Charges for services	\$ 11,662,367
Miscellaneous	195,673
Total operating revenues	11,858,040
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Operation and maintenance	7,846,083
General and administrative	3,488,360
Depreciation and amortization	3,362,799
Total operating expenses	14,697,242
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,839,202)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Taxes	1,574,103
Grants and subsidies	245,839
Investment income:	
Interest income	612,895
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(1,100,134)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,332,703
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(1,506,499)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:	
Developer contributions	4,000,581
Contribution to governmental activities	(770,057)
Transfers in	262,000
Transfers out	(203,328)
Total contributions and transfers	3,289,196
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	1,782,697
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):	
Beginning of year	54,836,846
End of year	\$ 56,619,543
-	

## City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

		Stormwater Utility	 Parking Authority	_	owntown Marina	 Golf Courses
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	6,506,658	\$ 5,432,560	\$	362,942	\$ 4,629
Payments to suppliers and employees		(7,035,630)	(3,900,648)		(674,831)	(53,142)
Miscellaneous receipts		149,509	 2,778		43,386	 
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(379,463)	 1,534,690		(268,503)	 (48,513)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	:					
Transfers in (out), net		(51,122)	-		262,000	(152,206)
Loans to and from other funds		-	(655,208)			-
Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants		-	-			-
Proceeds from taxes		-	 1,819,942			
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(51,122)	1,164,734		262,000	(152,206)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		43,192	-		_	_
Purchases of capital assets		(4,516,904)	(472,570)		-	-
Capital contributions received		4,000,581	-		-	-
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-	-		-	-
Principal paid on debt		(3,954)	(921,459)		-	-
Interest paid on debt		(37)	(1,114,833)		-	-
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(477,122)	(2,508,862)		-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Investment earnings		363,782	243,501		2,134	766
Net cash provided by investing activities		363,782	243,501		2,134	766
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH		(543,925)	434,063		(4,369)	(199,953)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:						
Beginning of year		8,366,680	 6,640,739		270,032	 199,953
End of year	\$	7,822,755	\$ 7,074,802	\$	265,663	\$ -

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 12,306,789
Payments to suppliers and employees	(11,664,251)
Miscellaneous receipts	195,673
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	838,211
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Transfers in (out), net	58,672
Loans to and from other funds	(655,208)
Receipt of cash subsidies and federal grants	-
Proceeds from taxes	1,819,942
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	1,223,406
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	43,192
Purchases of capital assets	(4,989,474)
Capital contributions received	4,000,581
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-
Principal paid on debt	(925,413)
Interest paid on debt	(1,114,870)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(2,985,984)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Investment earnings	610,183
Net cash provided by investing activities	610,183
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH	(314,184)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:	
Beginning of year	15,477,404
End of year	\$ 15,163,220

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	S	tormwater Utility	Parking Authority	_	owntown Marina	Golf Courses
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS						
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -						
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:						
Cash and investments	\$	7,822,755	\$ 3,298,481	\$	265,663	\$ -
Restricted assets:			2 == < 224			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents			 3,776,321			 
Total cash and investments	\$	7,822,755	\$ 7,074,802	\$	265,663	\$ 
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,794,838)	\$ 768,194	\$	(812,558)	\$ -
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		1,821,557	993,835		547,407	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivables		662,775	-		(22,982)	4,051
Prepaid items		51,558	-		(17,088)	761
Lease receivable		-	-		_	33,073
Lease related deferred inflows		-	-		-	(32,495)
Deposits and advances		(45,482)	(30,813)		-	-
Accounts payable		(157,364)	(222,239)		15,965	(49,673)
Accrued payroll		13,323	2,307		-	(2,205)
Accrued liabilities		-	-		(25)	_
Deposits and other liabilities		(322)	-		20,778	(2,025)
Compensated absences		98,359	23,406		-	_
Net pension liability		(71,159)	-		-	-
Pension-related deferred outflows		70,871	-		-	-
Pension-related deferred inflows		(28,741)	-		-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(379,463)	\$ 1,534,690	\$	(268,503)	\$ (48,513)
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:						
Amortization of loss on refunding	\$	-	\$ (392,599)	\$	-	\$ -
Capital contributions received		4,000,581	_		-	-
Capital contributions provided		-	-		-	(770,057)
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	4,000,581	\$ (392,599)	\$		\$ (770,057)

838,211

## **City of Stockton**

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Totals
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -	
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:	
Cash and investments	\$ 11,386,899
Restricted assets:	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 3,776,321
Total cash and investments	\$ 15,163,220
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET	
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,839,202)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	3,362,799
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivables	643,844
Prepaid items	35,231
Lease receivable	33,073
Lease related deferred inflows	(32,495)
Deposits and advances	(76,295)
Accounts payable	(413,311)
Accrued payroll	13,425
Accrued liabilities	(25)
Deposits and other liabilities	18,431
Compensated absences	121,765
Net pension liability	(71,159)
Pension-related deferred outflows	70,871
Pension-related deferred inflows	 (28,741)

## NONCASH TRANSACTIONS: Amortization of loss on refunding \$ (392,599) Capital contributions received \$ 4,000,581 Capital contributions provided \$ (770,057) Total noncash capital and related financing activities \$ 2,837,925

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities



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### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal service funds are a type of proprietary fund used to report any activity that provides goods and services on a cost-reimbursement basis to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units, or to other governments.

The City's internal service funds include:

### General Liability Insurance Fund

To account for premiums and claims paid and the administration of general liability insurance provided to all City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The fund also accounts for future estimated related liabilities to the City based on independent actuarial studies utilizing insurance industry standards of applicable data, factors and assumptions.

### Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund

To account for premiums and claims paid and the administration of workers' compensation liability insurance provided to all City employees incurring injury on the job, of which health benefits and other related liability costs are funded by City department payments into the fund. The fund also accounts for future estimated related liabilities to the City based on independent actuarial studies utilizing insurance industry standards of applicable data, factors and assumptions.

### **Employee Health Insurance Fund**

To account for premiums and claims paid and the administration of health benefits insurance provided to qualified active and qualified retired City employees, with City departmental payments made to the Fund sought to reimburse health related expenses incurred by the Fund. The fund also accounts for future estimated related liabilities to the City based on independent actuarial studies utilizing insurance industry standards of applicable data, factors and assumptions.

### Retirement Benefits Fund

To account for the accumulation and payout of resources for the purpose of providing defined retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to City employee plan members and beneficiaries through the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") on a cost reimbursement basis. The fund also accounts for future estimated related liabilities to the City based on independent actuarial studies utilizing insurance industry standards of applicable data, factors and assumptions, of which were pre-funded by bond proceeds from the 2007 Taxable Pension Obligations Bonds, Series A and B.

### Other Benefits and Insurance Fund

To account for premiums and claims paid and the administration of comparatively smaller insurance funds provided to City employees on a cost reimbursement basis. Included are long - term disability, life insurance, unemployment, and termination pay benefits.

### Vehicle Fleet Equipment Fund

To account for the financing, operations, servicing and maintenance of fleet vehicles and major equipment utilized by City departments, of which the services are rendered on a cost reimbursement basis.

### Computer and Radio Equipment Fund

To account for the financing, service and maintenance of all computer, radio equipment and related equipment provided to City departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

### Other Equipment Fund

To account for the financing, operating and maintenance of other, comparatively smaller equipment funds provided to City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Included are office, printing, and mailing equipment.

## City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2024

	General Liability Insurance	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Employee Health Insurance	Retirement Benefits	Other Benefits & Insurance
ASSETS					
Current assets: Cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$ 24,784,240	\$ 52,137,602	\$ 5,326,827	\$ 30,895,008	\$ 2,953,669
Interest Accounts and other receivables Inventories	92,716 536,091	294,111 524,333	14,278	233,185 8,023	9,847 - -
Deposits and advances Prepaid items Loans to other funds - short-term	- - -	1,095,577	130,576 1,785,082	- - -	- - -
Total current assets	25,413,047	54,052,069	7,256,763	31,136,216	2,963,516
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and investments Loans to other funds - long-term Capital assets, net:	-	5,561,687		80,238,463	
Nondepreciable Depreciable and amortizable, net	172,992	128,143	-	-	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				- 220 462	
Total noncurrent assets	172,992	5,689,830	-	80,238,463	
Total assets	25,586,039	59,741,899	7,256,763	111,374,679	2,963,516
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	88,895	1,183	258,138	4,691,852	36,250
Accrued payroll	62,791	29,220	44,592	4,298	-
Deposits and other liabilities	-	49,104	-	-	-
Accrued interest	-	-	-	-	-
Compensated absences - due in one year	56,852	10,072	17,530	4,619	-
Lease payable - due in one year Subscription liability - due in one year	67,016	48,460	-	-	-
Claims payable, due in one year Loans from other funds- current	5,300,199	7,599,000	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	5,575,753	7,737,039	320,260	4,700,769	36,250
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences - due in more than one year Lease payable - due in more than one year	29,483	11,116	8,147	-	-
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	83,720	51,217			
Claims payable, due in more than one year Loans from other funds- due in more than one year	23,646,348	43,514,000	-	-	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	23,759,551	43,576,333	8,147		
Total liabilities	29,335,304	51,313,372	328,407	4,700,769	36,250
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for pensions	22,256	28,466	-	80,238,463	-
Unrestricted	(3,771,521)	8,400,061	6,928,356	26,435,447	2,927,266
Total net position	\$ (3,749,265)	\$ 8,428,527	\$ 6,928,356	\$ 106,673,910	\$ 2,927,266

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Internal Service Funds June 30, 2024

	Vehicle Fleet Equipment	Computer and Radio Equipment	Other Equipment	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$ 16,938,535	\$ 46,448,716	\$ 1,459,758	\$ 180,944,355
Receivables, net: Interest	99,034	223,632	7,005	973,808
Accounts and other receivables Inventories	-	479,682	-	1,068,447 479,682
Deposits and advances	283,055	138,125	-	552,202
Prepaid items Loans to other funds - short-term	-	214,150	32,726	2,031,958 1,095,577
Total current assets	17,320,624	47,504,305	1,499,489	187,146,029
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments	-	-	-	80,238,463
Loans to other funds - long-term Capital assets, net:	-	-	-	5,561,687
Nondepreciable	8,740,669	25,837,611	-	34,578,280
Depreciable and amortizable, net	23,371,701	12,170,750	99,060	35,942,646
Total noncurrent assets	32,112,370	38,008,361	99,060	156,321,076
Total assets	49,432,994	85,512,666	1,598,549	343,467,105
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	209,598	907,105	22,535	6,215,556
Accrued payroll	140,284	298,665	9,411	589,261
Deposits and other liabilities	7 792	-	- 01	49,104
Accrued interest	7,782	202.702	91	7,873
Compensated absences - due in one year Lease payable - due in one year	102,809	202,702 200,250	18,210 50,681	412,794 250,931
Subscription liability - due in one year	32,323	2,542,790	30,081	2,690,589
Claims payable, due in one year	52,525	2,342,790	_	12,899,199
Loans from other funds- current	429,089	-	-	429,089
Total current liabilities	921,885	4,151,512	100,928	23,544,396
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	41,693	151,166	11,236	252,841
Lease payable - due in more than one year	-	-	50,965	50,965
Subscription liability - due in more than one year	-	3,629,194	-	3,764,131
Claims payable, due in more than one year	-	-	-	67,160,348
Loans from other funds- due in more than one year	515,156			515,156
Total noncurrent liabilities	556,849	3,780,360	62,201	71,743,441
Total liabilities	1,478,734	7,931,872	163,129	95,287,837
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for pensions	32,080,047	31,636,127	(2,586)	63,764,310 80,238,463
Unrestricted	15,874,213	45,944,667	1,438,006	104,176,495
Total net position	\$ 47,954,260	\$ 77,580,794	\$ 1,435,420	\$ 248,179,268

## City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

	General Liability Insurance	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Employee Health Insurance	Retirement Benefits	Other Benefits and Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 15,570,276 212,796	\$ 14,791,386 92	\$ 25,843,431	\$ 86,593,125	\$ 3,372,580
Total operating revenues	15,783,072	14,791,478	25,843,431	86,593,125	3,372,580
OPERATING EXPENSES: Operation and maintenance General and administrative Depreciation and amortization Total operating expenses	17,596,708 2,018,123 43,976 19,658,807	7,435,678 4,110,556 20,668 11,566,902	22,884,708 1,236,138 	79,467,577 3,585  79,471,162	1,841,657 622  1,842,279
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(3,875,735)	3,224,576	1,722,585	7,121,963	1,530,301
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Investment income: Interest income Interest expense and fiscal charges Other nonoperating revenues Loss on disposal of lease asset Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)  INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	889,377 (533) - - 888,844 (2,986,891)	1,852,766 (366) - - - 1,852,400 5,076,976	179,849 - 17,509 - 197,358	9,181,487 - - - - 9,181,487 16,303,450	76,480 - 2,025 - 78,505
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out	- - -	- - -	- - -		- - -
Total capital contributions and transfers	-				_
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(2,986,891)	5,076,976	1,919,943	16,303,450	1,608,806
NET POSITION: Beginning of year	(762,374)	3,351,551	5,008,413	90,370,460	1,318,460
End of year	\$ (3,749,265)	\$ 8,428,527	\$ 6,928,356	\$ 106,673,910	\$ 2,927,266

## City of Stockton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) Internal Service Funds

	Vehicle Fleet Equipment	Computer and Radio Equipment	Other Equipment	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 14,871,069	\$ 17,858,266	\$ 351,360	\$ 179,251,493
Miscellaneous	95			212,983
Total operating revenues	14,871,164	17,858,266	351,360	179,464,476
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Operation and maintenance	8,165,270	11,500,393	350,785	149,242,776
General and administrative	1,298,288	278,322	7,424	8,953,058
Depreciation and amortization	3,248,199	4,385,491	55,685	7,754,019
Total operating expenses	12,711,757	16,164,206	413,894	165,949,853
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,159,407	1,694,060	(62,534)	13,514,623
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Investment income:				
Interest income	767,335	1,850,858	58,574	14,856,726
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(23,371)	(81,267)	(770)	(106,307)
Other nonoperating revenues	302,227	-	-	321,761
Loss on disposal of lease asset		(761,285)		(761,285)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,046,191	1,008,306	57,804	14,310,895
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL				
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	3,205,598	2,702,366	(4,730)	27,825,518
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS				
Capital contributions	3,351,717	154,022	-	3,505,739
Transfers in	801,846	· -	_	801,846
Transfers out	(1,300,000)	(75,030)	-	(1,375,030)
Total capital contributions and transfers	2,853,563	78,992		2,932,555
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	6,059,161	2,781,358	(4,730)	30,758,073
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	41,895,099	74,799,436	1,440,150	217,421,195
End of year	\$ 47,954,260	\$ 77,580,794	\$ 1,435,420	\$ 248,179,268

## City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

	General Liability Insurance		Workers' Compensation Insurance		Employee Health Insurance	Retirement Benefits	Other Benefits & Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING							
Receipts for interfund services provided Payments to suppliers and employees Claims and insurance paid	\$ 15,769,25 (19,239,88: 5,441,92	2)	18,145,126 (11,584,246) 550,000	\$	25,843,431 (23,933,728)	\$ 86,585,102 (80,325,604)	\$ 3,372,580 (1,902,111)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,971,29	<u> </u>	7,110,880		1,909,703	6,259,498	 1,470,469
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Transfers in and out		-	_		-	-	-
Loans to and from other funds		-	1,095,576		-	-	-
Other nonoperating revenues			-		17,509	-	2,025
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital							
financing activities			1,095,576		17,509	 	 2,025
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Purchases of capital assets		-	-		-	-	-
Principal paid on debt	(66,232	2)	(49,134)		-	-	-
Interest paid on debt	(53:	3)	(366)			 	 
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(66,76	5)	(49,500)			 	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	S:						
Investment earnings	879,322	<u> </u>	1,800,029		175,762	 9,028,833	 75,260
Net cash provided by investing activities	879,322	<u> </u>	1,800,029		175,762	 9,028,833	 75,260
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,783,848	3	9,956,985		2,102,974	15,288,331	1,547,754
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:							
Beginning of year	22,000,392	,	42,180,617		3,223,853	95,845,140	1,405,915
End of year	\$ 24,784,240			-\$	5,326,827	 111,133,471	\$ 2,953,669
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:			32,137,002		3,520,027	 111,133,171	 2,525,005
Cash and investments Restricted assets:	\$ 24,784,24	) \$	52,137,602	\$	5,326,827	\$ 30,895,008	\$ 2,953,669
Cash with investments fiscal agents		_	_		_	80,238,463	_
Total cash and investments	\$ 24,784,24	) \$	52,137,602	\$	5,326,827	\$ 111,133,471	\$ 2,953,669
	, ,	= =		_		· /	
NONCASH ITEMS:		_					
Acquisition of subscription assets	\$ 216,96			\$		\$ 	\$ 
Issuance of subscription liabilities	\$ 216,96	<u>\$</u>	148,811	\$		\$ 	\$ 

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Receipts for interfund services provided   \$14,989,757   \$17,888,266   \$313,60   \$18,2914,873   Payments to suppliers and employees   (9,414,489)   (9,793,741)   (327,587)   (156,521,888)		Vehicle Fleet Equipment	Computer and Radio Equipment	Other Equipment	Total
Payments to supplices and employees					
S.575,268   8,04.525   23,773   32,385,407	Payments to suppliers and employees				(156,521,388)
PINANCING ACTIVITIES:   Transfers in and out		5,575,268	8,064,525	23,773	32,385,407
Coans to and from other funds					
Other nonoperating revenues         302,227	Transfers in and out	(498,154)	(75,030)	-	(573,184)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities         (616,527)         (75,030)         -         423,553           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         Purchases of capital assets         (8,400,339)         (4,414,173)         -         (12,814,512)           Purchases of capital assets         (8,400,339)         (3,292,538)         (50,397)         (3,534,681)           Interest paid on debt         (26,824)         (81,267)         (70)         (109,760)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (8,503,543)         (7,787,978)         (51,167)         (16,458,953)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         Investment earnings         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           Net cash provided by investing activities         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (2,800,441)         2,013,775         29,963         30,923,189           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:         (2,800,441)         2,013,775         29,963         30,923,189           RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:         (2,800,441)         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795		(420,600)	-	-	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:   Purchases of capital assets	Other nonoperating revenues	302,227	-		321,761
Purchases of capital assets					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:           Purchases of capital assets         (8,400,339)         (4,414,173)         - (12,814,512)           Principal paid on debt         (76,380)         (3,292,538)         (50,397)         (3,534,681)           Interest paid on debt         (26,824)         (81,267)         (770)         (109,760)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (8,503,543)         (7,787,978)         (51,167)         (16,458,953)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:           Investment earnings         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           Net cash provided by investing activities         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND           CASH EQUIVALENTS           Beginning of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           RECONCILIATION OF CASH           AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355	financing activities	(616,527)	(75,030)		423,553
Principal paid on debt Interest paid on deb					
Principal paid on debt Interest paid on deb	Purchases of capital assets	(8,400,339)	(4,414,173)	-	(12,814,512)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (8,503,543)         (7,787,978)         (51,167)         (16,458,953)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         Investment earnings         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           Net cash provided by investing activities         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (2,800,441)         2,013,775         29,963         30,923,189           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:           Beginning of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         16,938,535         46,448,716         1,459,758         261,182,818           RECONCILIATION OF CASH           AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:         1         1         1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:         2         2         -         -         -         -         80,238,463           Total cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:         2         -         -         -         -         -         - </td <td></td> <td>(76,380)</td> <td>(3,292,538)</td> <td>(50,397)</td> <td>(3,534,681)</td>		(76,380)	(3,292,538)	(50,397)	(3,534,681)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         Investment earnings         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           Net cash provided by investing activities         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (2,800,441)         2,013,775         29,963         30,923,189           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:         Seginning of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           RECONCILIATION OF CASH         AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:         46,448,716         1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:         Cash with investments fiscal agents         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           Total cash and investments         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           NONCASH ITEMS:         \$ 4,275,868         \$ 4,641,647	Interest paid on debt	(26,824)	(81,267)	(770)	(109,760)
Investment earnings		(8,503,543)	(7,787,978)	(51,167)	(16,458,953)
Net cash provided by investing activities         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (2,800,441)         2,013,775         29,963         30,923,189           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:           Beginning of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:         Cash with investments fiscal agents         80,238,463           Total cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           NONCASH ITEMS:           Acquisition of subscription assets         \$ \$ 4,275,868         \$ \$ 4,641,647	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Net cash provided by investing activities         744,361         1,812,258         57,357         14,573,182           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (2,800,441)         2,013,775         29,963         30,923,189           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:           Beginning of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:         Cash with investments fiscal agents         80,238,463           Total cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           NONCASH ITEMS:           Acquisition of subscription assets         \$ \$ 4,275,868         \$ \$ 4,641,647	Investment earnings	744,361	1,812,258	57,357	14,573,182
CASH EQUIVALENTS         (2,800,441)         2,013,775         29,963         30,923,189           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:           Beginning of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:         Cash with investments fiscal agents         80,238,463           Total cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           NONCASH ITEMS:           Acquisition of subscription assets         \$	<del>-</del>	744,361	1,812,258	57,357	
Beginning of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:             Cash with investments fiscal agents         80,238,463           Total cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           NONCASH ITEMS:		(2,800,441)	2,013,775	29,963	30,923,189
Beginning of year         19,738,976         44,434,941         1,429,795         230,259,629           End of year         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:             Cash with investments fiscal agents         80,238,463           Total cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           NONCASH ITEMS:					
End of year         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:					
RECONCILIATION OF CASH         AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF         NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:         Cash and investments       \$ 16,938,535       \$ 46,448,716       \$ 1,459,758       \$ 180,944,355         Restricted assets:       Cash with investments fiscal agents       -       -       -       80,238,463         Total cash and investments       \$ 16,938,535       \$ 46,448,716       \$ 1,459,758       \$ 261,182,818         NONCASH ITEMS:         Acquisition of subscription assets       \$ -       \$ 4,275,868       \$ -       \$ 4,641,647			-	· <del></del>	
AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS:           Cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 180,944,355           Restricted assets:         \$ 20,238,463	End of year	\$ 16,938,535	\$ 46,448,716	\$ 1,459,758	\$ 261,182,818
Restricted assets:         -         -         -         80,238,463           Total cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           NONCASH ITEMS:         Acquisition of subscription assets         \$ -         \$ 4,275,868         \$ -         \$ 4,641,647	AND INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF				
Total cash and investments         \$ 16,938,535         \$ 46,448,716         \$ 1,459,758         \$ 261,182,818           NONCASH ITEMS:         Acquisition of subscription assets         \$ -         \$ 4,275,868         \$ -         \$ 4,641,647		\$ 16,938,535	\$ 46,448,716	\$ 1,459,758	\$ 180,944,355
NONCASH ITEMS:         \$ - \$ 4,275,868         \$ - \$ 4,641,647	Cash with investments fiscal agents				80,238,463
Acquisition of subscription assets \$ - \\$ 4,275,868 \\$ - \\$ 4,641,647	Total cash and investments	\$ 16,938,535	\$ 46,448,716	\$ 1,459,758	\$ 261,182,818
Acquisition of subscription assets \$ - \\$ 4,275,868 \\$ - \\$ 4,641,647	NONCASH ITEMS:				
		\$ -	\$ 4,275,868	\$ -	\$ 4,641,647
	Issuance of subscription liabilities	\$ -	\$ 4,275,868	\$ -	\$ 4,641,647

## City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	General Liability Insurance	Co	Workers' mpensation Insurance	Employee Health Insurance	R	etirement Benefits	_	Other enefits & Insurance
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$ (3,875,735)	\$	3,224,576	\$ 1,722,585	\$	7,121,963	\$	1,530,301
(loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization	43,976		20,668	-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts and other receivables	(13,821)		3,373,416	-		(8,023)		-
Due from other funds			(19,768)					
Prepaid items	241,984		446	(31,121)		-		-
Inventory of supplies	-		-	-		-		-
Deposits and advances	-		(446)	1,253		-		-
Accounts payable	88,753		(61,252)	192,106		(859,177)		(59,832)
Accrued payroll	(2,479)		2,995	11,597		116		-
Compensated absences	46,691		20,245	13,283		4,619		-
Self-insurance - claims and judgments	5,441,922		550,000	-				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating	_							_
activities	\$ 1,971,291	\$	7,110,880	\$ 1,909,703	\$	6,259,498	\$	1,470,469
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:								
Capital contributions	\$ _	\$	-	\$ _	\$	_	\$	-

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	ehicle Fleet Equipment	Computer Equipment	E	Other quipment	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ 2,159,407	\$ 1,694,060	\$	(62,534)	\$ 13,514,623
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:	3,248,199	4,385,491		55,685	7,754,019
Accounts and other receivables  Due from other funds	118,593	-		-	3,470,165 (19,768)
Prepaid items Inventory of supplies	283,055	1,586,589 (417,121)		12,272	2,093,225 (417,121)
Deposits and advances	(283,055)	-		(216)	(282,248)
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	(13,357) 23,753	676,433 75,966		(216) 1,389	(36,542) 113,337
Compensated absences Self-insurance - claims and judgments	 38,673	63,107		17,177	203,795 5,991,922
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 5,575,268	\$ 8,064,525	\$	23,773	\$ 32,385,407
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:					
Capital contributions	\$ 3,351,717	\$ 154,022	\$	-	\$ 3,505,739



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### **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

Custodial funds are a type of fiduciary fund used to account for assets held in an agency capacity for parties outside the City. The resources of these funds cannot be used to support the City's own programs.

The City's custodial funds include:

### Land-Secured Financing Agency Fund

To account for special taxes or assessment collections from property owners that are authorized under various public improvement acts of the State of California. The City acts only as an agent and forwards collections to bondholders and initiated foreclosure proceedings when necessary.

### All Other Agency Funds

To account for various cultural, recreational and educational programs that the City administers on behalf of other governmental and private sector entities and organizations.



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# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2024

	and-Secured Financing	 All Other	 Total
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 9,752,688	\$ 16,436,779	\$ 26,189,467
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	10,691,565	-	10,691,565
Receivables:			
Interest	68,212	80,978	149,190
Accounts and other receivables	 	 1,472,077	1,472,077
Total assets	20,512,465	17,989,834	 38,502,299
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	_	77,753	77,753
Due to other governments	31,699	1,204,097	1,235,796
Total liabilities	 31,699	1,281,850	1,313,549
Net Position:			
Restricted for individual, organization,			
and other government	20,480,766	16,707,984	37,188,750
Total net position	\$ 20,480,766	\$ 16,707,984	\$ 37,188,750

# City of Stockton Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	and-Secured Financing	All Other	Total
ADDITIONS:			
Property taxes	\$ 9,562,617	\$ -	\$ 9,562,617
Use of money and property	148,212	-	148,212
Investment income	535,101	596,359	1,131,460
Miscellaneous income	3,417,238	36,224	3,453,462
Debt issued	14,046,693	-	14,046,693
Total additions	27,709,861	632,583	28,342,444
DEDUCTIONS:			
General government	12,055,739	638	12,056,377
Public works	6,811,651	363,860	7,175,511
Debt obligations	8,702,636	-	8,702,636
Total deductions	27,570,026	364,498	27,934,524
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	139,835	268,085	407,920
NET POSITION:			
Beginning of year	20,340,931	16,439,899	36,780,830
End of year	\$ 20,480,766	\$ 16,707,984	\$ 37,188,750

## City of Stockton Schedule of Sources and Uses Measures A and B

	Final Budget	Year End Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Re /enues	ф. 46.220.00 <b>7</b>	Φ 46 214 556	ф (124.221)
Measure A Transaction and Use Tax	\$ 46,338,887	\$ 46,214,556	\$ (124,331)
Total revenues	46,338,887	46,214,556	(124,331)
Uses/Expenditures			
Police			
Salary & benefits			
Sworn	28,034,533	22,965,412	5,069,121
Non-Sworn	3,826,458	3,478,123	348,335
Vacancy savings	(2,149,267)	-	(2,149,267)
Recruitment, Retention, and Wellness	-	3,988,998	(3,988,998)
Other services	5,172,993	4,678,504	494,489
Materials & supplies			
Fuel	386,396	421,178	(34,782)
Other supplies	1,712,910	822,536	890,374
Equipment			
Radios	29,534	29,533	1
Technology Upgrades	45,378	45,378	-
Other expenses			
Training	616,244	767,125	(150,881)
Total police	37,675,179	37,196,787	478,392
Office of Violence Prevention			
Salary & benefits			
Non-sworn	972,327	973,097	(770)
Other services	321,367	320,576	791
Materials & supplies	,	,	
Fuel	30,077	13,026	17,051
Other supplies	45,304	44,514	790
Office equipment	3,379	3,361	18
Other expenses	20,000	20,489	(489)
Total Office of Violence Prevention	1,392,454	1,375,063	17,391
Basis Adjustment			
Encumbrances (included in final budget)	-	_	-
Total Measure B Expenditures	39,067,633	38,571,850	495,783
Crime Prevention (Measure B) expenditures			
as a % of annual Measure A revenues	84%	83%	
Other City Services			
General Fund available fund balance	7,271,254	7,642,706	(371,452)
Basis adjustment			
Encumbrances (included in final budget)			
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-
Total adjustment	7,271,254	7,642,706	(371,452)
Total Uses/Expenditures	\$ 46,338,887	\$ 46,214,556	\$ 124,331



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### **STATISTICAL SECTION OVERVIEW**

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report is not covered by the Independent Auditors' Report, but presents supplemental detailed information for the benefit of readers in understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

### **Financial Trends (pages 174-187)**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

### Revenue Capacity (pages 188-195)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, transient occupancy tax ("TOT") and property taxes.

### **Debt Capacity (pages 196-204)**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

### **Demographic and Economic Information (pages 205-206)**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with which the City's financial activities take place.

### **Operating Information (pages 207-213)**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

## City of Stockton Table 1 Net Position by Classification Last Ten Fiscal Years

## (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			F	iscal Year			
	2024	2023		2022	2021	2020	
Governmental activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 885,458	\$ 817,086	\$	764,271 \$	732,219 \$	724,164	
Restricted	518,951	495,695		524,467	457,693	239,339	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(107,924)	(131,625)		(171,572)	(262,907)	(119,715)	
Total governmental activities net position	 1,296,485	1,181,156		1,117,167	927,005	843,787	
Business-type activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	488,472	473,568		438,675	365,873	301,434	
Restricted	26,030	25,367		25,394	46,241	125,668	
Unrestricted	 239,428	201,609		200,819	224,551	177,840	
Total business-type activities net position	 753,930	700,544		664,888	636,665	604,942	
Primary government:							
Net investment in capital assets	1,373,929	1,290,654		1,202,947	1,098,093	1,025,598	
Restricted	544,981	521,062		549,800	503,934	365,007	
Unrestricted	131,504	69,984		29,308	(38,356)	58,125	
Total primary government net position	\$ 2,050,414	\$ 1,881,700	\$	1,782,055 \$	1,563,670 \$	1,448,729	

Note: Some prior year balances may have been restated from previous ACFRs to reflect new GASB implementations or prior period restatements.

Source: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services

## City of Stockton Table 1

## Net Position by Classification (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			F	iscal Year		
	 2019	2018		2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 346,021	\$ 328,284	\$	330,655	\$ 287,078	\$ 326,823
Restricted	204,114	170,507		148,493	153,087	130,763
Unrestricted (deficit)	 260,748	238,421		229,584	196,005	160,224
Total governmental activities net position	810,883	737,211		708,732	636,170	617,810
Business-type activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	381,015	367,317		362,886	369,983	379,853
Restricted	28,411	46,805		50,904	54,618	56,521
Unrestricted	 155,217	133,656		82,938	44,792	28,751
Total business-type activities net position	 564,643	547,778		496,728	469,393	465,125
Primary government:						
Net investment in capital assets	727,036	695,601		693,540	657,061	706,676
Restricted	232,525	217,311		199,397	207,705	187,284
Unrestricted	 415,965	372,077		312,522	240,797	188,975
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,375,526	\$ 1,284,989	\$	1,205,460	\$ 1,105,563	\$ 1,082,935

Note: Some prior year balances may have been restated from previous ACFRs to reflect new GASB implementations or prior period restatements.

Source: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services

## City of Stockton Table 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	73,368	\$ 54,871	\$ 72,135	\$ 74,314	\$ 37,269
Public safety		262,821	227,637	170,406	217,953	217,941
Public works		44,445	50,048	41,373	55,086	44,922
Library		17,205	16,275	13,086	12,792	14,657
Parks and recreation		24,176	21,141	14,289	11,526	27,798
Interest and fiscal charges		10,377	9,968	7,894	4,373	5,298
Total governmental activities		432,393	379,942	319,183	376,045	347,885
Business-type activities:						
Water utility		51,108	50,185	54,532	54,266	47,974
Wastewater utility		73,557	68,976	66,991	61,124	63,983
Stormwater utility		8,788	7,914	7,288	6,759	6,599
Parking Authority		5,767	6,153	5,687	4,995	5,795
Other		2,012	1,395	1,375	1,667	2,499
Total business-type activities		141,233	134,622	135,873	128,811	126,850
Total expenses		573,625	514,564	455,056	504,856	474,736
Program Revenues Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government		31,550	26,165	31,123	12,560	9,250
Public safety		19,055	20,469	18,688	13,235	11,220
Public works		14,220	11,886	14,291	32,456	3,143
Library		7,863	8,294	7,537	7,037	278
Parks and recreation		1,196	1,191	852	406	4,010
Operating grants and contributions		56,324	42,072	100,879	51,329	21,509
Capital grants and contributions		41,539	26,667	53,140	39,065	30,227
Total governmental activities		171,748	136,745	226,510	156,087	79,637
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Water utility		63,579	60,822	66,013	64,097	57,519
Wastewater utility		87,107	84,393	78,509	73,885	71,210
Stormwater utility		5,993	6,159	6,137	6,040	6,417
Parking Authority		5,435	4,657	5,690	4,589	4,749
Other		429	410	428	355	1,038
Operating grants and contributions		4,182	1,653	2,500	12.262	7,314
Capital grants and contributions		19,634	12,363	12,231	13,263	7,258
Total business-type activities		186,360	170,458	171,508	162,229	155,504
Total program revenues		358,107	307,203	398,018	318,316	235,141
<b>Change in Net Position</b>						
Governmental activities		(260,645)	(243,197)	(92,673)	(219,957)	(268,248)
Business-type activities		45,127	35,836	35,635	33,417	28,654
Total primary government	\$	(215,518)	\$ (207,361)	\$ (57,038)	\$ (186,540)	\$ (239,594)

#### Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

				F	Fiscal Year				
		2024	2023		2022	2021		2020	
General Revenues and Other									
Change in Net Position:									
Governmental activities:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	45,404	\$ 42,578	\$	41,066 \$	38,523	\$	36,692	
In lieu of sales tax		-	-		-	-		-	
Utility user		42,799	42,445		38,328	36,414		34,537	
Sales - levied by City (1)		77,027	82,833		75,037	68,639		57,077	
Franchise fees		23,476	22,784		21,186	16,901		15,292	
Business licenses		20,430	23,748		15,905	15,695		14,557	
Hotel/motel room		3,520	3,433		3,620	2,860		2,834	
Document transfer		992	1,028		1,626	1,222		912	
Other		6,215	4,628		4,016	2,874		3,262	
Shared revenue:									
Vehicle license fees		31,590	29,343		27,310	27,757		31,839	
Sales and use tax levied by state (1)		78,924	76,954		76,239	65,201		56,122	
Other		-	-		-	-		18,303	
Investment earnings		35,847	1,707		(25,552)	14,086		21,759	
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		-	44		(8,356)	147		12	
Miscellaneous		9,031	9,715		10,369	11,105		9,469	
Special item		-	-		-	-		(547)	
Proceeds of long-term debt		-	-		-	-		-	
Extraordinary items		-	-		-	-		-	
Transfers from Successor Agency, Net Transfers		718	415		438	1,751		(922)	
						-			
Total governmental activities		375,973	341,656		281,232	303,175		301,198	
Business-type activities:									
Other taxes		-	-		-	-		1,407	
Grants and contributions not restricted to		- 0.077	-		- (7.010)	-		-	
Investment earnings		8,977	235		(7,018)	57		9,318	
Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous		-	-		-	-		(2)	
Special item		-	-		-	-		-	
Transfers		(718)	(415)		(438)	_		922	
Extraordinary items (2)		(/10)	(113)		(150)	(1,751)		-	
Total business-type activities	-	8,259	(181)		(7,456)	(1,694)		11,645	
Total general revenues and other		-,	()		(,,,,,,,	(-,)		,	
changes in net position		384,232	341,475		273,775	301,481		312,843	
Change in Net Position									
Governmental activities		115,328	98,459		188,559	83,218		32,950	
Business-type activities		53,386	35,655		28,178	31,723		40,299	
Total primary government	\$	168,714	\$ 134,115	\$	216,737 \$	114,941	\$	73,249	

<sup>(1)</sup> Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases.

<sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2015 Extraordinary items for Government activities and Business-type activites relate to GASB #58 Bankruptcy, with both principal and interest debt forgiven. GASB #68 Penision obligations being restated to show on balance sheet.

# City of Stockton Table 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fiscal Year					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 37,821 \$	,	\$ 33,378 \$	39,608 \$	35,576			
Public safety	199,263	212,181	154,932	169,015	123,403			
Public works	37,168	38,435	45,670	36,344	37,685			
Library	13,501	12,301	10,904	10,406	9,098			
Parks and recreation	27,288	23,753	22,481	21,620	20,801			
Interest and fiscal charges	5,914	5,964	4,288	2,216	3,401			
Total governmental activities	320,954	329,894	271,653	279,209	229,964			
Business-type activities:								
Water utility	46,641	39,526	42,886	48,001	47,474			
Wastewater utility	58,093	41,648	50,545	58,665	56,153			
Stormwater utility	7,419	4,729	5,288	6,601	7,084			
Parking Authority	5,501	5,310	5,641	5,384	5,026			
Other	3,613	3,299	3,235	3,116	3,374			
Total business-type activities	121,267	94,512	107,595	121,767	119,111			
Total expenses	442,221	424,406	379,248	400,976	349,075			
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	13,977	16,451	19,184	15,831	15,169			
Public safety	16,925	15,309	9,188	13,663	16,863			
Public works	10,367	14,914	3,373	8,292	6,105			
Library	470	595	377	517	441			
Parks and recreation	11,320	12,194	8,765	9,158	6,145			
Operating grants and contributions	13,446	12,402	12,565	12,861	18,823			
Capital grants and contributions	45,632	21,426	17,591	16,286	34,268			
Total governmental activities	112,137	93,292	71,043	76,608	97,814			
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Water utility	49,489	50,590	42,308	33,277	35,059			
Wastewater utility	67,432	68,191	66,833	68,938	65,726			
Stormwater utility	6,407	5,683	5,619	5,573	5,569			
Parking Authority	4,592	4,447	5,141	4,971	4,170			
Other	1,755	1,776	1,675	1,750	1,769			
Operating grants and contributions	3,643	3,855	3,889	3,776	5,133			
Capital grants and contributions	4,626	6,245	2,971	3,562	2,945			
Total business-type activities	137,944	140,787	128,436	121,847	120,371			
Total program revenues	250,081	234,078	199,479	198,455	218,185			
Change in Net Position								
Governmental activities	(208,817)	(236,603)	(200,610)	(202,601)	(132,150)			
Business-type activities	16,677	46,275	20,841	80	1,260			
Total primary government	\$ (192,140) \$	(190,328)	\$ (179,769) \$	(202,521) \$	(130,890)			

#### Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			F	Fiscal Year			
	2019	2018		2017	2016		2015
General Revenues and Other							
Change in Net Position:							
Governmental activities:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$ 35,739	\$ 33,112	\$	32,411 \$	,	\$	29,573
In lieu of sales tax	-	-		-	8,775		9,816
Utility user	34,252	35,415		34,455	33,379		32,921
Sales - levied by City (1)	57,911	52,788		42,506	39,070		37,208
Franchise fees	12,307	13,243		13,289	12,397		12,379
Business licenses	19,958	13,507		12,243	11,996		10,805
Hotel/motel room	3,377	3,193		2,997	2,711		2,378
Document transfer	1,071	1,078		801	857		587
Other	2,905	2,916		1,939	1,801		930
Shared revenue:							
Vehicle license fees	23,599	29,091		21,423	20,354		19,602
Sales and use tax levied by state (1)	57,151	68,467		49,910	45,097		36,904
Other	_	165		44	45		49
Investment earnings	18,438	899		1,966	4,728		1,532
Gain on sale of capital assets	(1,602)	(203)		578	568		(13,214)
Miscellaneous	7,810	4,083		2,820	7,303		16,982
Special item	500	6,203		-	-		-
Proceeds of long-term debt	-	-		10,237	-		23,396
Extraordinary items	-			-	-		250,701
Transfers from Successor Agency, Net	-	734		-	-		-
Transfers	 9,074	389		654	(297)		383
Total governmental activities	 282,489	265,082		228,273	219,430		472,932
Business-type activities:							
Other taxes	1,341	1,271		1,292	1,239		974
Grants and contributions not restricted to	-	100		-	-		-
Investment earnings	7,920	233		131	2,653		1,172
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	20		(1,156)	-		(3,300)
Miscellaneous	-	- 2.540		-	-		-
Special item	(0.074)	3,540		(654)	207		(202)
Transfers	(9,074)	(389)		(654)	297		(383)
Extraordinary items (2)	 -			- (205)	- 1100		9,548
Total business-type activities	 188	4,774		(387)	4,189		8,011
Total general revenues and other	202 (7)	260.057		227.007	222 (10		400.042
changes in net position	 282,676	269,857		227,886	223,619		480,943
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities	73,671	28,479		27,662	16,829		340,782
Business-type activities	 16,865	51,049		20,454	4,271		9,271
Total primary government	\$ 90,536	\$ 79,529	\$	48,116 \$	3 21,100	\$	350,053

<sup>(1)</sup> Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases.

<sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2015 Extraordinary items for Government activities and Business-type activites relate to GASB #58 Bankruptcy, with both principal and interest debt forgiven. GASB #68 Penision obligations being restated to show on balance sheet.

#### Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
		2024		2023		2022		2021	2020		
General Fund											
Nonspendable	\$	2,662	\$	2,397	\$	2,077	\$	2,215	\$	5,796	
Restricted		6,508		5,218		5,289		4,428		3,998	
Committed		148,295		150,811		123,754		77,638		59,714	
Assigned		31,322		5,447		4,285		4,526		4,017	
Unassigned		51,313		48,490		43,208		42,049		41,085	
Total General Fund		240,100		212,364		178,613		130,857		114,611	
All other governmental funds											
Nonspendable		2,407		1,771		151		152,462		356	
Restricted		425,172		398,166		428,305		222,308		189,758	
Committed		_		-		-		-		-	
Assigned		_		-		-		-		_	
Unassigned (deficit)		(578)		(1,344)		-		-		-	
Total all other governmental funds		427,001		398,593		428,455		374,770		190,114	
Total Fund Balance	\$	667,101	\$	610,957	\$	607,068	\$	505,627	\$	304,725	

#### Table 3

#### Fund Balance, Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$ 3,621	\$ 1,303	\$ 1,539	\$ 2,214	\$	810
Restricted	4,034	4,730	4,603	3,549		2,949
Committed	54,243	45,957	56,439	49,088		28,930
Assigned	4,144	2,227	3,922	5,467		-
Unassigned	 37,990	36,265	36,184	33,326		38,639
Total General Fund	 104,032	90,482	102,687	93,644		71,328
All other governmental funds						
Nonspendable	356	370	-	373		382
Restricted	169,507	117,387	114,254	122,084		104,785
Committed	-	-	-	-		-
Assigned	-	-	-	-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	 -	-	3,232	-		-
Total all other governmental funds	 169,863	117,757	117,486	122,457		105,167
Total Fund Balance	\$ 273,895	\$ 208,239	\$ 220,173	\$ 216,101	\$	176,495

## City of Stockton Table 4 Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property	\$	45,400	\$	42,578	\$	41,066	\$	38,523	\$	36,692
In lieu of sales tax		-		-		-		-		-
Utility user		42,799		42,445		38,328		36,414		34,537
Sales (levied by City) (1)		84,567		90,305		82,951		68,639		57,077
Franchise fees		23,356		22,547		19,932		16,901		15,292
Business license		20,421		23,748		15,906		15,695		14,557
Hotel/motel room		3,520		3,433		3,620		2,860		2,834
Document transfer		992		1,028		1,626		1,222		912
Other		6,215		4,628		4,016		2,874		3,262
Licenses and permits		10,060		7,762		9,129		7,670		6,847
Federal grants and subsidies		33,524		34,803		84,812		30,339		15,578
Other shared revenue (sales and use tax levied by state) (1)		78,917		76,954		76,239		65,201		56,122
Other governmental		101,731		76,933		85,662		99,161		59,367
Charges for services		33,961		35,677		39,532		31,330		26,904
Fines and forfeitures		1,166		317		2,001		379		1,101
Use of money and property		16,489		11,704		9,955		5,731		10,569
Investment income:										
Interest income		20,963		(248)		(13,673)		7,785		14,075
Refunds and reimbursements		525		1,029		550		602		6,633
Miscellaneous		9,221		8,951		8,258		10,189		8,981
Total revenues		533,829		484,596		509,910		441,514		371,340
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		69,845		53,152		76,830		72,185		30,148
Public safety		251,434		227,859		206,107		205,923		193,778
Public works		37,436		35,659		34,263		41,960		20,120
Library		16,578		15,643		14,659		12,762		14,400
Parks and recreation		20,971		17,601		14,552		8,207		25,920
Capital outlay		71,362		65,959		53,034		26,127		31,225
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		3,963		3,519		1,943		1,806		1,699
Cost of issuance		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		10,312		9,807		7,397		4,617		5,229
Total expenditures		481,901		429,199		408,785		373,587		322,521
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	\$	51,928	\$	55,397	\$	101,125	\$	67,926	\$	48,819

## Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
		2024	20	)23		2022		2021		2020
Other financing sources (uses):										
Capital contributions	\$	- 5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers in		40,093		42,616		27,618		19,903		18,062
Transfers out		(38,802)		(57,610)	)	(27,480)		(41,452)		(36,445)
Transfers from successor Agency		-		-		-		-		-
Special item		-		-		-		-		-
Bond insurers proceeds		-		-		163		-		-
Operating transfers out to a component unit		-		-		-		-		-
Issuance of long-term debt		2,922		1,344		-		-		-
Proceeds of current refunding bonds		-		-		-		-		-
Sales of capital assets		4		44		17		2,419		393
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,216		(13,606)	)	317		(19,131)		(17,990)
Special items		-		_		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		56,144		41,791		101,442		48,796		30,830
Fund balance, beginning of year, original		610,957	(	507,069		505,627		456,831		273,895
Prior period restatement		-		(37,903)	)	-		-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated		610,957		569,166		505,627		456,831		273,895
Fund balance, end of year	\$	667,101	\$ 6	510,957	\$	607,069	\$	505,627	\$	304,725
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		3.6%		3.8%	)	2.7%		1.9%		2.4%

Note: Some prior year balances may have been restated from previous ACFRs to reflect new GASB implementations or prior period restatement.

<sup>(1)</sup> Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved in 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases.

# City of Stockton Table 4 Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property	\$	35,342	\$	33,068	\$	32,411	\$	30,646	\$	29,573
In lieu of sales tax		-		44		-		8,775		9,816
Utility user		34,252		35,415		34,455		33,379		32,921
Sales (levied by City) (1)		57,911		52,788		42,506		39,070		37,208
Franchise fees		12,307		13,243		13,289		12,397		12,380
Business license		13,215		13,507		12,243		11,996		10,805
Hotel/motel room		3,377		3,193		2,997		2,711		2,378
Document transfer		1,071		1,126		801		856		587
Other		2,905		2,916		1,939		1,535		930
Licenses and permits		6,744		6,214		5,867		5,347		4,398
Federal grants and subsidies		16,517		13,235		12,859		10,470		21,796
Other shared revenue (sales and use tax levied by state) (1)		51,577		53,817		49,910		45,097		36,904
Other governmental		66,594		57,778		37,574		36,696		41,806
Charges for services		27,227		29,377		22,920		26,473		21,351
Fines and forfeitures		1,277		1,247		1,164		624		3,814
Use of money and property		12,460		9,528		8,197		8,172		9,318
Investment income:		,		- /		-,		-, -		- ,
Interest income		11,758		1,063		1,762		3,088		916
Refunds and reimbursements		6,614		7,887		6,077		5,188		12,710
Miscellaneous		8649		8,596		6,745		11,246		16,674
Total revenues		369,795		344,044		293,716		293,766		306,285
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		30,537		26,761		29,235		27,229		34,652
Public safety		189,824		184,426		171,073		150,853		141,542
Public works		19,793		18,852		15,818		14,861		14,152
Library		13,789		12,416		10,619		10,107		9,880
Parks and recreation		26,006		22,462		20,493		19,295		19,094
Capital outlay		35,158		51,210		31,407		23,857		31,345
Debt service:		55,150		51,210		51,107		23,037		51,515
Principal retirement		11,477		2,204		13,593		3,325		8,217
Cost of issuance		-		2,201		13,373		2,119		0,217
Interest and fiscal charges		5,627		5,767		2,872		2,117		3,229
Total expenditures		332,211		324,098		295,110		251,646		262,111
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		332,211		321,070		2,2,110		201,010		202,111
over (under) expenditures	\$	37,584	\$	19,946	\$	(1,394)	\$	42,120	\$	44,174

## Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

		]	Fiscal Year		
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Other financing sources (uses):					
Capital contributions	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Transfers in	31,310	19,077	23,347	15,916	16,860
Transfers out	(29,479)	(37,913)	(12,966)	(18,810)	(20,235)
Transfers from successor Agency	-	734	-	-	-
Special item	-	6,203	-	-	-
Bond insurers proceeds	-	-	-	-	29,178
Operating transfers out to a component unit	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of current refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Sales of capital assets	52	800	492	379	521
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	 -	-	-	-	(6,080)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,884	(11,099)	10,873	(2,515)	20,244
Special items	-	-	_	-	-
Net change in fund balance	39,468	8,847	9,479	39,605	64,417
Fund balance, beginning of year, original	234,427	225,581	216,100	176,495	112,078
Prior period restatement	-	-	-	-	
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	234,427	225,581	216,100	176,495	112,078
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 273,895 \$	234,427 \$	225,579 \$	216,100 \$	176,495
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.1%	3.0%	6.7%	2.4%	5.2%

Note: Some prior year balances may have been restated from previous ACFRs to reflect new GASB implementations or prior period restatement.

<sup>(1)</sup> Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved in 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases.

#### Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year											
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		
Property	\$	45,400	\$	42,578	\$	41,066	\$	38,523	\$	36,692		
In lieu of sales tax		-		-		-		-		-		
Utility user		42,799		42,445		38,328		36,414		34,537		
Sales (levied by city) (1)		84,567		90,305		82,951		68,639		57,077		
Franchise fees		23,356		22,547		19,932		16,901		15,292		
Business licenses		20,421		23,748		15,905		15,695		14,557		
Hotel/motel room		3,520		3,433		3,620		2,860		2,834		
Document transfer		992		1,028		1,626		1,222		912		
Other		6,215		4,628		4,016		2,874		3,262		
Totals	\$	227,271	\$	230,713	\$	207,444	\$	183,127	\$	165,163		

<sup>(1)</sup> Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved in 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases.

#### Table 5

## Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fisc	al Y	ear		
	2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	% Change 2015 to 2024
Property	\$ 35,342	\$ 33,068	\$ 32,411	\$	30,646	\$ 29,573	54%
In lieu of sales tax	-	44	-		8,775	9,816	-100%
Utility user	34,252	35,415	34,455		33,379	32,921	30%
Sales (levied by city) (1)	57,911	52,788	42,506		39,070	37,208	127%
Franchise fees	12,307	13,243	13,289		12,397	12,380	89%
Business licenses	13,215	13,507	12,243		11,995	10,805	89%
Hotel/motel room	3,377	3,193	2,997		2,711	2,378	48%
Document transfer	1,071	1,126	801		856	587	69%
Other	 2,905	2,916	1,939		1,535	930	568%
Totals	\$ 160,379	\$ 155,301	\$ 140,642	\$	141,364	\$ 136,598	66%

<sup>(1)</sup> Measure A-Public Safety Tax, an additional .75% sales tax approved in 2014, and Measure M - a new .25% sales tax approved in 2017 contributed to increases.

#### Table 6

#### Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

				I	Fiscal Year		
		2024	2023		2022	2021	2020
Secured roll	\$	29,987,515	\$ 28,140,015	\$	26,379,229	\$ 24,952,342 \$	23,628,432
Utility roll		6,337	6,402		6,496	6,507	5,827
Unsecured roll		2,203,973	1,824,858		1,563,966	1,507,064	1,439,016
Gross assessed value		32,197,825	29,971,275		27,949,691	26,465,914	25,073,275
Less exemptions (1)		2,130,009	2,062,260		2,020,034	1,980,526	1,948,125
Net assessed value	_	30,067,817	27,909,014		25,929,657	24,485,388	23,125,150
Land		8,087,931	7,695,368		7,164,141	6,823,616	6,506,827
Improvements		22,620,400	21,012,393		19,716,382	18,716,229	17,635,057
Personal property		1,489,494	1,263,513		1,069,169	926,070	931,391
Gross assessed value		32,197,825	29,971,275		27,949,691	26,465,914	25,073,275
Less exemptions (1)		2,130,009	2,062,260		2,020,034	1,980,526	1,948,125
Net assessed value	\$	30,067,817	\$ 27,909,014	\$	25,929,657	\$ 24,485,388 \$	23,125,150
Total Direct Tax Rate		1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

(1) For FY 2024, all exemptions (secured, utility, and unsecured rolls) are: homeowners - \$213,171 and other - \$1,916,837 = \$2,130,008.

Note: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property being sold is reassessed at the purchase price. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

#### Table 6

## Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

				]	Fiscal Year		
		2019	2018		2017	2016	2015
Secured roll	\$	22,488,506	\$ 21,378,475	\$	20,299,172	\$ 19,473,994 \$	18,496,369
Utility roll		5,816	5,863		5,833	6,199	6,209
Unsecured roll		1,610,921	1,629,758		1,596,101	1,651,844	1,638,161
Gross assessed value		24,105,243	23,014,096		21,901,106	21,132,037	20,140,739
Less exemptions (1)		1,917,101	1,532,852		1,786,986	1,729,742	1,717,223
Net assessed value	_	22,188,142	21,481,244		20,114,120	19,402,295	18,423,516
Land		6,280,943	6,081,944		5,713,082	5,420,167	4,978,511
Improvements		16,582,837	15,666,837		15,004,037	14,501,054	13,928,278
Personal property		1,241,463	1,265,315		1,183,987	1,210,816	1,233,950
Gross assessed value		24,105,243	23,014,096		21,901,106	21,132,037	20,140,739
Less exemptions (1)		1,917,101	1,532,852		1,786,986	1,729,742	1,717,223
Net assessed value	\$	22,188,142	\$ 21,481,244	\$	20,114,120	\$ 19,402,295 \$	18,423,516
Total Direct Tax Rate		1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

(1) For FY 2024, all exemptions (secured, utility, and unsecured rolls) are: homeowners - \$213,171 and other - \$1,916,837 = \$2,130,008.

Note: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property being sold is reassessed at the purchase price. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

#### Table 7

#### Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Basic Countywide			Stockton Unified	San Joaquin Delta College	
Fiscal Year	Levy	City	<b>Total Direct</b>	School District	District	Total
2024	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2026	0.0135	1.2161
2023	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2189	0.0144	1.2333
2022	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.1922	0.0163	1.2085
2021	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2271	0.0183	1.2454
2020	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2455	0.0199	1.2654
2019	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2443	0.0225	1.2668
2018	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2054	0.0180	1.2234
2017	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2537	0.0180	1.2717
2016	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2710	0.0198	1.2908
2015	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.2280	0.0233	1.2513

Note: On June 6, 1978, California voters approved an amendment to the Article XIIIA of the California Constitution. The amendment, commonly known as Proposition 13, limits the taxing power of California public agencies. The California Legislature enacted legislation to implement Article XIIIA (Statues of 1978, Chapter 292, as amended) providing that local agencies may not levy any property tax except to pay debt service on indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978, and that each county will levy the maximum tax permitted of \$1.00 per \$100.00 of full assessed value.

Source: San Joaquin County Tax Rate Book

#### **City of Stockton** Table 8 **Principal Property Taxpayers**

## **Current Year and Nine Years Ago**

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year								
		2	2024				2015		
		Taxable	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Δ 66	Taxable sessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
PW Fund A/B	\$	273,291	1	0.980 %	1 1.55	essed value	Rank	- %	
Prologis	Ψ	240,731	2	0.863 %				- %	
Patmon Company Inc		167,487	3	0.601 %				-	
IDI Stockton Logistics III LLC		143,101	4	0.513 %	\$	63,286	10	0.504 %	
Excel Stockton LLC		128,371	5	0.460 %		120,377	2	0.958 %	
EGMR Norcal Logistics Center LLC		112,903	6	0.405 %				-	
Wilshire 3923 B Street		107,100	7	0.384					
Central Valley Indust core holdings LLC		106,729	8	0.383 %				- %	
Wilshire Newcastle road owner LLC		99,878	9	0.358 %				-	
Simpson Manufacturing Co Inc		96,405	10	0.346 %		85,948	4	0.684 %	
Amazon Com Services Inc								-	
DTE Stockton LLC						124,015	1	0.987 %	
Buzz Oates LLC						92,920	3	0.740 %	
Pacific Ethanol Stockton LLC						77,564	5	0.617 %	
Diamond Walnut Growers Inc						70,579	6	0.562 %	
A G Spanos Professional Office Center LLC						70,268	7	0.559 %	
Corn Products International Inc						69,938	8	0.557 %	
Wal Mart Real Estate Bus Trust/Sam's			_			67,026	9	0.534 %	
Principal Secured Property Valuation		1,475,997		5.293 %		841,921		6.702 %	
Other Secured Taxpayers		28,517,856	_	102.272		12,436,354	•	98.994	
Total Secured Property Valuation Before Exemptions		29,993,853		107.566 %		13,278,275		105.696 %	
Less Exemptions relative to secured tax roll (1)		2,109,659	_	7.566		715,515	_	5.696	
Total Secured Property Valuation	\$	27,884,194	=	100.000 %	\$	12,562,760	<u>-</u>	100.000 %	

(1) Exemptions relative to secured tax roll:

FY 2024 - homeowners - \$213,108 and other - \$1,896,551 = \$2,109,659

FY 2015 - homeowners - \$171,272 and other - \$1,418,747 = \$1,590,019

Note: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold. At that point, the purchase price becomes the new assessed value. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: San Joaquin County Assessor's Office San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

#### Table 9

#### Secured Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy								Total Col to D	
Fiscal Year	Levi	red Taxes ed for the al Year		Amount	Percent of Levy (1)	Collections in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percent of Levy
2024	\$	41,329	\$	41,329	100 %		- \$	3 41,329	100 %
2023		39,453		39,453	100 %		-	39,453	100 %
2022		39,099		39,099	100 %		-	39,099	100 %
2021		36,615		36,615	100 %		-	36,615	100 %
2020		34,739		34,739	100 %		-	34,739	100 %
2019		33,521		33,521	100 %		_	33,521	100 %
2018		31,193		31,193	100 %		-	31,193	100 %
2017		30,495		30,495	100 %		_	30,495	100 %
2016		28,907		28,907	100 %		-	28,907	100 %
2015		27,852		27,852	100 %		-	27,852	100 %

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

<sup>(1)</sup> Per agreement with San Joaquin County; the County provides the City with 100% of the amount owed for secured properties, regardless of collection status. In exchange, the County is entitled to 100% of delinquency and penalty revenues collected.

#### City of Stockton Table 10 Water Sold by Customer Type Last Five Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year										
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020							
Type of Customer												
Residential	7,676,088 cf	7,516,755 cf	8,204,224 cf	10,610,177 cf	7,997,883 cf							
Institutional	828,397	782,656	858,661	1,105,150	827,124							
Commercial/Industrial	1,774,960	1,567,709	1,707,532	2,018,500	1,588,605							
Irrigation	1,437,768	1,291,195	1,603,842	2,025,832	1,457,258							
Total	11,717,213 cf	11,158,315 cf	12,374,259	15,759,659 cf	11,870,870 cf							

1 cubic foot (cf) = 7.481 gallons



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## City of Stockton Table 11 Water and Wastewater Utility Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

			W	Vater			Was	stewater
	'-		Tier 1 Ad	lditional Per	Tier 2 Ac	lditional Per	·	
Fiscal Year	Monthly Base Rate		100 cf**		100 cf**		Monthly Base Rat	
2024	\$	36.54	\$	2.58	\$	3.08	\$	55.68
2023		35.30		2.49		2.96		52.53
2022		33.90		2.47		2.95		49.56
2021		33.90		2.47		2.95		46.75
2020		32.90		2.39		2.86		44.10
2019		31.95		2.31		2.76		38.36
2018		31.00		2.23		2.66		38.36
2017		28.00		2.00		2.39		38.36
2016		22.25		1.67		-		37.76
2015		21.90		1.64		-		37.09

Rates are based on 1" and less meter, which is the standard household meter size.

<sup>\*</sup>Effective 8/01/2016-Water Consumption Tier 1 0-15 CF and Tier 2 15+CF. 100 cf = 100 cubic feet (748 gallons)

<sup>\*\*</sup>The Utility charges an excess use rate above normal demand.

#### Table 12

#### Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

#### **Governmental Activities\***

Fiscal Year	Revenue* Bonds (1)	Certificates of Participation	Pay	Notes able / Equip. Leases /Subscription Settlements	 Pension Bonds*	Total Governmental Activities	
2024	\$ -	\$ -	\$	11,089	\$ 52,647	\$	63,737
2023	-	-		11,624	52,884		64,508
2022	-	-		4,700	53,084		57,784
2021	-	-		6,321	53,248		59,569
2020	-	-		8,196	53,378		61,574
2019	-	-		9,990	53,478		63,468
2018	9,425	-		15,853	53,547		78,825
2017	9,915	-		18,130	53,589		81,634
2016	10,385	11,500		18,298	53,606		93,789
2015	10,835	11,890		18,095	54,530		95,350

<sup>\*</sup>Includes settlement amounts for debts adjusted under Chapter 9 of the US Bankruptcy Code.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 8-Long-Term Debt.

(1) These ratios are calculated using the latest available data, personal income for fiscal year 2023 and population for fiscal year 2024.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services US Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis State of California, Department of Finance

#### Table 12

## Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

#### **Business-type Activities**

Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	·	Notes ble / Equip. /Subscription	]	Total Business-type Activities	Total	Percent of Personal Income (1)		mount Per pita (1)
2024	\$ 237,224	\$	156,282	\$	393,506	\$ 457,242	0.96	%	\$ 1,441
2023	261,508		121,398		382,906	447,414	1.25	%	1,399
2022	274,233		121,564		395,797	453,581	1.26	%	1,407
2021	261,845		129,381		391,226	450,795	1.25	%	1,405
2020	144,710		129,380		274,090	335,664	0.93	%	1,054
2019	279,039		10,870		289,909	353,377	1.11	%	1,117
2018	312,700		10,870		323,570	402,395	1.86	%	1,277
2017	326,165		10,870		337,035	418,669	1.49	%	1,306
2016	336,218		10,954		347,172	440,961	2.04	%	1,397
2015	343,926		11,040		354,966	450,316	2.09	%	1,467

<sup>\*</sup>Includes settlement amounts for debts adjusted under Chapter 9 of the US Bankruptcy Code.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 8-Long-Term Debt.

(1) These ratios are calculated using the latest available data, personal income for fiscal year 2023 and population for fiscal year 2024.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services US Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis State of California, Department of Finance

#### Table 13

#### Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

**General Bonded Debt Outstanding\*** 

Fiscal Year	Rev	ase enue nds	tificates of icipation (2)	O	Pension Obligation Bonds (1)	Re	developme Agency Bonds*	ent	Total	Percen Assess Property	sed	Amount Per Capita
2024	\$	-	\$ -	\$	52,647	\$		-	\$ 52,647	0.002	%	\$ 0.17
2023		-	-		52,885			-	52,885	0.002	%	0.17
2022		-	-		53,084			-	53,084	0.002	%	0.16
2021		-	-		53,248			-	53,248	0.002	%	0.17
2020		-	-		53,378			-	53,378	0.002	%	0.17
2019		-	-		53,478			-	53,478	0.002	%	0.17
2018		9,425	-		53,547			-	62,972	0.003	%	0.20
2017		9,915	-		53,589			-	63,504	0.003	%	0.20
2016		10,385	11,500		53,606			-	75,491	0.004	%	0.24
2015		10,835	11,890		54,529			-	77,254	0.004	%	0.25

General bonded debt is payable with governmental fund resources. General obligation bonds (of which the City has none) are backed by the taxing authority of the City (taxes may be raised to provide resources for debt service payments.)

Source: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office State of California, Department of Finance

<sup>\*</sup> Redevelopment Agency Bonds are no longer included in the General Bonded debt.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes settlement amounts for debts adjusted under Chapter 9 of the US Bankruptcy Code.

<sup>(2)</sup> General Fund liability limited to only 80.5% of amounts due on principal shown.

#### **Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt**

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:		Total Debt 6/30/2024	Percentage Applicable (1)	City's share of Debt 6/30/2024
San Joaquin Delta Community College District	\$	162,660,000	25.819 %	\$ 41,997,185
Stockton Unified School District		485,176,334	84.262	408,819,283
Lodi Unified School District		269,035,000	34.303	92,287,076
Lodi Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 1		37,075,000	86.180	31,951,235
Lincoln Unified School District		55,833,224	86.383	48,230,414
Lincoln Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1		11,571,567	79.832	9,237,813
Manteca Unified School District		262,234,978	11.847	31,066,978
Manteca Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1989-1		9,877,012	100.000	9,877,012
Tracy Joint Unified School District and School Facilities Improvement Dist. No.3		121,062,900	0.004 & 0.006	6,743
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 99-02		22,150,000	100.000	22,150,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2001-1 (Spanos Park West)		8,574,118	100.000	8,574,118
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2003-1		1,343,772	100.000	1,343,772
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2005-1		8,550,000	100.000	8,550,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2006-1		2,045,902	100.000	2,045,902
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2006-2		2,715,000	100.000	2,715,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2006-3		4,152,646	100.000	4,152,646
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2018-1		3,170,000	100.000	3,170,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2018-2, I.A. 1 & 2		37,110,000	100.000	37,110,000
City of Stockton Community Facilities District No. 2019-1		9,915,000	100.000	9,915,000
City of Stockton 1915 Act Bonds		13,882,139	100.000	13,882,139
Reclamation District No. 2042 Community Facilities District No. 2001-1		3,297,101	18.211	600,435
San Joaquin Area Flood Control District Smith Assessment District		8,945,000	57.451	5,138,992
San Joaquin Area Flood Control District Levee Construction Assessment District		27,730,000	93.754	25,997,984
San Joaquin County Reclamation District No. 17 Assessment District		19,926,427	27.618	5,503,281
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT				824,323,008
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:				
San Joaquin County Certificates of Participation		49,210,000	27.920 %	/ /
Lincoln Unified School District Certificates of Participation		6,900,000	86.383	5,960,427
Lodi Unified School District Certificates of Participation		7,060,000	34.303	2,421,792
Manteca Unified School District General Fund Obligations		11,982,000	11.847	1,419,508
Stockton Unified School District Certificates of Participation		22,750,000	84.262	19,169,605
Lathrop-Manteca Rural Fire Protection District certificates of Participation		3,330,000	0.018	599
City of Stockton Bond Insurer Settlement Agreement Liability		52,647,254	100.000	52,647,254
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT				95,358,617
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	_			
2016 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series A		73,310,000	100.000 %	
2016 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series B		3,415,000	100.000	3,415,000
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT				76,725,000
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT				52,647,254 943,759,371
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)				996,406,625
2023-24 Assessed Valuation (3): (after deducting \$1,916,837 Other Exemptions Valuation)	\$	30,067,817		
2023-24 Population				
Debt Ratios			Per Capita	Ratio to
Total Gross Debt (2)	\$	996,406,625	\$ 3,141	3313.86 %
Ratios to 2023-24 Assessed Valuation: Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	-	824,323,008	2,599	2741.55
Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation: Combined Direct Debt		52,647,254	166	175.10

<sup>(1)</sup> Percent of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the City.

Sources: California Municipal Statistics, Inc., San Francisco, CA

San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

State of California, Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents Gross Assessed Valuation after deducting \$2,062,062.

#### Table 15

#### Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fiscal Year		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Assessed valuation (1)	\$ 30,067,817	\$ 28,121,702	\$ 26,144,691	\$ 24,701,296	\$ 23,343,395
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	7,516,954	7,030,426	6,536,173	6,175,324	5,835,849
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt Limit	1,127,543	1,054,564	980,426	926,299	875,377
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,127,543	\$ 1,054,564	\$ 980,426	\$ 926,299	\$ 875,377
Legal debt margin/debt limit	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(1) Reflects City assessed valuation excluding other exemptions of \$1,764,618,090. Redevelopment Agency was dissolved in 2013.

Under State law, the City has a legal debt limitation not to exceed 15% of the total assessed valuation of taxable property within the City boundaries, adjusted for subsequent legislative actions. In accordance with California Government Code Section 43605, only the City's general obligation bonds are subject to the legal limit. The City of Stockton does carry bonded debt secured by special assessments and other revenue sources, but at this time, doesn't have any outstanding general obligation bonds. The City is not at risk of exceeding its legal debt limit.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services California Municipal Statistics, Inc., San Francisco, CA San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

#### Table 15

## **Legal Debt Margin Information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			Fiscal Year		
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Assessed valuation (1)	\$ 22,407,298	\$ 21,362,446	\$ 20,337,129	\$ 19,628,594	\$ 18,653,199
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	5,601,825	5,340,612	5,084,282	4,907,149	4,663,300
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt Limit	840,274	801,092	762,642	736,072	699,495
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal debt margin	\$ 840,274	\$ 801,092	\$ 762,642	\$ 736,072	\$ 699,495
Legal debt margin/debt limit	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(1) Reflects City assessed valuation excluding other exemptions of \$1,764,618,090. Redevelopment Agency was dissolved in 2013.

Under State law, the City has a legal debt limitation not to exceed 15% of the total assessed valuation of taxable property within the City boundaries, adjusted for subsequent legislative actions. In accordance with California Government Code Section 43605, only the City's general obligation bonds are subject to the legal limit. The City of Stockton does carry bonded debt secured by special assessments and other revenue sources, but at this time, doesn't have any outstanding general obligation bonds. The City is not at risk of exceeding its legal debt limit.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services California Municipal Statistics, Inc., San Francisco, CA San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

## City of Stockton Table 16 Pledged-Revenue Coverage

## Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal	Gross	Less: Operating	Net Available			De	bt Service			Debt Coverage
Year	Revenues (1) Expenses (2)		Revenue		Principal		Interest		Total	Ratio
Water Reven	nue Bonds									
2024	\$ 78,510	\$ 37,800	\$ 40,71	1 \$	17,355	\$	8,096	\$	25,451	1.60
2023	68,359	19,734	48,62	25	6,205		8,096		14,301	3.40
2022	74,411	20,755	53,65	56	5,910		8,383		14,293	3.75
2021	72,506	23,006	49,50	00	5,630		6,770		12,400	3.99
2020	65,686	30,944	34,74	12	4,975		9,279		14,254	2.44
2019	54,172	25,163	29,00	)9	5,000		11,814		16,814	1.73
2018	53,997	22,595	31,40	)2	4,955		12,686		17,641	1.78
2017	43,643	23,798	19,84	15	83		12,798		12,881	1.54
2016	37,906	23,312	14,59	94	87		13,242		13,329	1.09 *
2015	42,416	22,830	19,58	36	4,263		13,397		17,660	1.11 *
2014	38,991	19,762	19,22	29	3,939		12,116		16,055	1.20

Note: Net Available Revenue for the Water Bonds provides a 3.35 debt coverage ratio for the senior lien issues and a 1.16 debt coverage ratio for the subordinate lien issues.

(Continued)

<sup>(1)</sup> Including operating, nonoperating revenues and capital contribution.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

<sup>\*</sup> Coverage requirement is 1.15, however, it is applied in sequence, first to the senior, and then to the subordinate issues. Done in sequence both senior and subordinate issues met the coverage requirement in both years.

#### Table 16

#### Pledged-Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal	Gre	oss		Less: erating	Av	Net vailable	Debt Service					Debt Coverage	
Year	Reven	ues (1)	Exp	enses (2)	R	evenue	Pr	incipal	Interest Total		Total	Ratio	
Wastewater	Certificat	es of Par	ticipatio	n									
2024	\$	98,535	\$	57,984	\$	40,551	\$	4,635	\$	3,374	\$	8,009	5.06
2023		88,696		53,132		35,563		4,410		3,374		7,784	4.57
2022		83,916		53,329		30,587		4,195		3,500		7,695	3.97
2021		80,221		43,795		36,426		3,995		2,497		6,492	5.61
2020		82,314		47,956		34,358		3,795		3,701		7,496	4.58
2019		70,849		42,197		28,652		3,635		2,860		6,495	4.41
2018		70,938		41,977		28,961		3,490		3,002		6,492	4.46
2017		68,597		43,201		25,396		3,345		3,139		6,484	3.92
2016		70,532		43,730		26,802		3,230		3,254		6,484	4.13
2015		57,321		39,698		17,623		3,390		3,217		6,607	2.67
2014		61,230		40,173		21,057		3,230		4,143		7,373	2.86

Includes all nongeneral obligation long term debt backed by pledged revenues.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Note 8 - Long-Term Debt of these financial statements.

(Continued)

- (1) Including operating, nonoperating revenues and capital contribution.
- (2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

#### Table 16

#### Pledged-Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal		Gross	Op	Less: perating		Net vailable				ot Service		Debt Coverage
Year	Rev	enues (1)	Exp	enses (2)	R	evenue	Pri	ncipal	11	iterest	 Total	Ratio
Parking Autl	hority											
2024	\$	7,499	\$	3,673	\$	3,826	\$	545	\$	1,162	\$ 1,707	2.24
2023		5,766		419		1,587		360		1,162	1,522	1.04
2022		5,902		3,651		2,251		245		1,174	1,419	1.59
2021		4,628		3,007		1,621		-		1,194	1,194	1.36

(Concluded)

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Note 8 - Long-Term Debt of these financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes all nongeneral obligation long term debt backed by pledged revenues. Please note that principal and interest for an internal loan subordinated to the 2020 Parking Revenue Bonds is not included. Had payments for that loan been included, coverage would have been 0.81.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

## City of Stockton Table 17 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal Income	Per Capita			Total	Household	Median	
Fiscal		(millions	Personal	Unemployment	Labor Force	Housing	Average	Family	School
Year	Population	of dollars)	Income	Rate	(1)	Units	Size	Income	Enrollment
2024	317,204	\$ 17,187	\$ 54,183	7.7%	137,500	104,325	3.10	\$ 71,612	98,713
2023	319,731	18,475	57,783	7.2%	134,800	103,808	3.13	63,916	104,877
2022	322,489	16,710	51,816	5.7%	131,200	103,318	3.15	58,393	105,335
2021	320,804	15,122	47,139	10.3%	132,463	101,960	3.25	54,614	98,646
2020	318,522	16,346	51,318	13.1%	130,300	101,235	3.26	51,318	101,162
2019	316,410	13,549	42,822	7.0%	129,000	100,877	3.39	48,396	105,705
2018	315,103	12,748	40,458	6.3%	134,500	100,593	3.15	46,033	99,347
2017	320,554	12,428	38,770	7.3%	127,000	100,254	3.23	44,797	71,491
2016	315,592	11,404	36,136	8.3%	127,900	100,146	3.20	45,347	71,738
2015	306,999	10,670	34,755	8.5%	127,000	100,097	3.23	46,831	66,037

<sup>(1)</sup> Labor Force corrected for FY 15, FY 16, FY 17 which reported previously as San Joaquin County labor force, corrected to State, the City of Stockton labor force only.

Personal income is the income received by all persons from all sources. Personal income is the sum of net earnings by place of residence, rental income of persons, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and personal current transfer receipts.

Per capita personal income is calculated as the personal income of residents of a given area divided by the resident population of the area. In computing per capita personal income, Bureau of Economic Analysis uses the Census Bureau's annual midyear population estimates.

Sources: City of Stockton Department of Administrative Services & Community Development Department

CA Dept. of Finance and Employment Development Department

US Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

US Census Bureau

CA Dept. of Education

# City of Stockton Table 18 Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024			2015	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total City Employment
Amazon	6,040	1	4.39%			0.00%
Stockton Unified School District	5,615	2	4.08%	3,366	3	1.08%
St. Joseph's Medical Center	3,200	3	2.33%	4,600	2	1.48%
City of Stockton	2,258	4	1.64%	1,862	4	0.60%
San Joaquin County Office of Education	1,964	5	1.43%			0.00%
Pacific Gas and Electric	1,550	6	1.13%	600	6	0.19%
University of the Pacific	1,518	7	1.10%	900	9	0.29%
Lincoln Unified School District	1,190	8	0.87%	631	10	0.20%
Kaiser Permanente	1,065	9	0.77%	1,065	7	0.34%
San Joaquin Delta College	909	10	0.66%	1,000	8	0.32%
San Joaquin County				6,000	1	1.93%
Dameron Hospital				1,200	5	0.39%
O'Reilly Auto Parts						0.00%
Diamond Walnut						
Total	25,309		18.41%	21,224		6.81%

Note: Principal employers are based on best available information.

Sources: San Joaquin Partnership Survey, August 2023

City of Stockton ACFR, 2015

# Table 19 Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees By Function/Program/Department Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
<del>-</del>	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
Function/Program/Department:							
Admin Services	76	77	73	78	74		
City Attorney	9	11	9	10	12		
City Clerk	7	8	7	7	7		
City Council/Mayor	4	4	4	3	4		
City Manager	40	29	32	30	26		
Community Development	46	46	42	40	42		
Community Services	109	105	102	101	101		
Human Resources	29	29	30	22	32		
Information Technology	42	32	37	39	41		
Police:							
Sworn	362	352	405	433	432		
Non-sworn	173	173	175	189	216		
Animal control	9	9	6	11	12		
Total Police	544	534	586	633	660		
Fire:							
Firefighters-sworn	189	196	165	171	160		
Firefighters-auxiliary	8	10	41	0	21		
Non-sworn personnel	45	46	34	34	32		
Total Fire	242	252	240	205	213		
Public Works	144	142	140	135	135		
Economic Development	26	23	20	20	18		
Water Utility	68	41	47	48	47		
Wastewater Utility	141	150	147	147	142		
Stormwater Utility	16	4	3	5	4		
Total	1543	1487	1519	1523	1558		

Source: City of Stockton Human Resources Department

<sup>\*</sup>Auxiliary fire fighter program on hold due to COVID-19

<sup>\*</sup>Non-Sworn includes Police Officer Trainees

# City of Stockton Table 20 Operating Indicators by Function/Program/Department Last Five Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
General government:					
Building permits issued	7,657	9,022	7,714	8,815	7,378
Business tax certificates:					
Retail sales and service	5,391	5,345	5,109	6,434	7,805
Rental Properties - Commercial and Residential	2,401	2,495	2,495	4,267	4,491
Wholesale	287	2,116	319	443	393
Manufacturers and processors	131	165	121	152	149
Professions	1,327	1,391	1,289	1,760	1,561
Miscellaneous contractors, peddlers, delivery vehicles, etc.	4,987	4,810	5,219	5,640	4,900
Improvement district and hotel/motel room tax					
Utility billing/customer service:					
Utility bills issued	1,152,118	1,032,007	1,040,607	1,186,454	1,000,452
Utility accounts opened and closed	8,704	7,918	19,933	46,905	17,582
New service locations (water) added	470	427	411	378	283
Delinquency Notices Sent - Active Accounts	-	-	-	-	75,687
Water Service Terminated for Non-Payment	-	-	_	-	3,055
Utility customer service calls received	28,136	35,090	59,951	49,999	45,231
Utility customers using automated voice response	523,693	611,396	678,091	802,378	709,134
Utility Customers Using Online Pmt/Account Access	34,807	32,850	32,850	44,467	32,852
Miscellaneous accounts receivable bills issued	10,069	15,751	10,005	14,770	14,024
Public safety:					
Police:					
Major reported crimes	13,028	13,420	12,250	12,548	15,654
Total arrests	8,796	12,115	12,915	8,272	11,152
Dispatched calls for service	156,896	185,790	204,270	207,355	176,311
Fire:					
Interior structure fire calls	245	283	332	293	398
Non-structural fire calls	3,259	3,365	2,616	3,895	5,719
Hazardous materials calls	359	368	252	301	593
Emergency medical calls	17,510	17,692	19,557	18,485	34,287
Total emergency calls	42,785	42,613	46,756	51,515	57,396
Total number of units dispatched	52,281	52,302	57,198	54,470	60,162
Pu lic works:	•	•	•	•	,
Miles of streets resurfaced	25	15	26	22	28
Fleet job orders completed	3,519	4,786	5,725	6,617	7,764
	,	,	,	,	,

# City of Stockton Table 20 Operating Indicators by Function/Program/Department (Continued) Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
Library:							
Registered borrowers	160,963	143,604	145,990	155,999	152,726		
Circulation of library materials	1,237,320	1,175,080	1,021,233	576,605	943,196		
Reference, research and informational questions answered	96,151	95,438	61,020	43,122	70,583		
Annual attendance at libraries	661,182	615,282	425,695	120,679	578,193		
Number of programs offered	4,397	4,037	1,719	246	3,110		
Annual attendance at programs	97,228	84,869	38,640	5,831	60,066		
Parks and Recreation:							
Boat launches							
Golf rounds:							
Swenson Park golf course	53,519	55,898	59,076	79,968	65,489		
Van Buskirk golf course	_	-	_	-	1,904		
Trees planted	950	348	106	20	3		
Heritage tree removal-permits issued	16	-	-	-	9		
After school program registration (number of participants)	18,490	17,285	11,558	471	16,153		
Day camp participants	3,821	2,626	2,703	444	2,753		
Mobile recreation programs (number of participants)							
Instructional classes	1,886	1,791	2,036	-	1,781		
Softball/baseball diamonds bookings	2,500	204	169	41	142		
Showmobile (Mobile Stage) bookings	-	-	15	1	15		
Community center bookings	503	515	423	-	636		
Picnic facility bookings	223	240	305	7	172		
Adult sports (number of teams):							
Softball	318	148	153	45	57		
Basketball	187	73	63	-	16		
Volleyball	_	9	9	-	-		
Youth sports (basketball, track, soccer, baseball, volleyball, flag							
football) (number of participants)	5,715	1,773	1,397	375	1,351		

### Operating Indicators by Function/Program/Department (Continued) Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Parks and Recreation (cont.):	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020					
Admissions to:										
Pixie Woods	16,379	58,694	14,235	973	8,995					
Oak Park Tennis										
Senior Center memberships	1,231	877	1,131	-	1,075					
Civic Auditorium bookings	56	143	120	66	116					
Parks and Recreation sponsored events	27	82	5	1	15					
Philomathean Club bookings										
Weber Point Events Center bookings	20	23	16	1	15					
<b>Economic Development:</b> (1)										
Rental Housing Units (3)	-	-	105	-	127					
Owner Housing (Emergency Repair or Rehabilitation)	3	3	1	2	2					
Down Payment Assistance	-	-	-	-	-					
Special Needs (Homes Repaired or Rehabilitated)	-	-	-	-	-					
Public Facilities (Rehabilitated or Constructed) (3)	-	-	1	-	5					
Façade Program (Commercial Façade Repair/Rehabilitated)	4	4	1	2	2					
Public Services Provided	307,916	100,341	712	83,553	47,605					
Homeless Services Provided	502	10,182	7,040	4,806	5,413					
Meals Provided to Homeless (3)	-	4,708	249,455	126,408	41,882					
Jobs Created and/or Retained (3)	-	-	-	1	2					
Business Assisted (Entrepreneur Program) (3)	-	157	175	157	229					
Water utility:										
New connections (DUE's) (2)	479	338	473	589	105					
Water main breaks	20.196	27	26	18	15					
Wastewater utility:										
Average daily influent (million gallons per day)	27mgd	27mgd	25mgd	25mgd	27 mgd					

Source: City of Stockton Departments

<sup>(1)</sup> Housing Dept. was abolished and Economic Development Dept. was established in FY 2010.

<sup>(2)</sup> Changed reporting to Dwelling Unit Equivalent (DUE) in 2011 to more accurately reflect new connections. Not all single water connections are equal to one dwelling unit equivalent (DUE), or single family residence. For example, a 12" meter is equal to 209 single family residential connections. In 2011, there were 115 new connections which were equal to 654 DUE's.

<sup>(3)</sup> Public Services Provided includes, rental housing unit, public facilities, meals provided to homeless, jobs created /retained and business assisted services.

# City of Stockton Table 21 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program/Department Last Five Fiscal Years

			D' 137		
	2024	2023	Fiscal Year 2022	2021	2020
General government:					2020
Land use-square miles:					
Residential	22	22	22	24	25
Mixed use	4	4	4	4	4
Commercial	5	5	5	4	4
Industrial	13	13	13	14	13
Institutional	6	6	6	4	4
All other uses	4	4	4	3	3
Total square miles	54	54	54	53	53
Public safety:					
Police:					
Facilities:					
Stations and substations	1	1	1	1	1
Animal control facility	1	1	1	1	1
Police training facility (pistol range)	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles:					
Marked patrol cars	183	189	153	181	212
Motorcycles and scooters	27	31	27	27	27
Animal control vehicles	11	12	12	11	9
VIPS vehicles	4	7	6	5	6
Other automobiles	221	226	158	198	213
Other mobile units (all others)	16	17	24	24	15
Public area security cameras	386	416	372	356	356
Fire:					
Fire stations	13	12	12	12	12
Training facilities	1	1	1	1	1
Fire hydrants	9354	9335	9302	9220	9,177
Pu lic works:					
Miles of streets	781	781	781	781	769
Traffic signals	319	311	317	316	316
Street light fixtures	19,805	19,325	19,296	19,279	19,279
Rectangular Rapid flashing Beaconns	65	65	-	-	-

# City of Stockton Table 21 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program/Department (Continued) Last Five Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Parks and recreation:					
Arena	1	1	1	1	1
Ballpark	1	1	1	1	1
Baseball/softball diamonds	54	54	54	54	54
Bike/jogging paths (miles)	20	20	20	20	20
Boating facilities - launch lanes	12	12	12	12	12
Children's Museum	1	1	1	1	1
Civic Auditorium (2,800 capacity)	1	1	1	1	1
Community centers	5	5	5	5	5
Dog Areas	3	3	3	3	3
Family camps	1	1	1	1	1
Golf course acreage	371	371	371	371	371
Group picnic areas	31	31	31	31	31
Gymnasium	5	5	5	5	5
Ice rink	1	1	1	1	1
Municipal golf courses	1	2	2	3	3
Park acreage	625	625	625	625	625
Parks and squares	67	67	67	67	67
Philomathean Club	1	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	63	63	63	63	71
Senior center	1	1	1	1	1
Showmobile (Mobile Stage)	1	1	1	1	1
Skateboard park	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	7	7	7	7	7
Teen Center	-	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	67	67	67	67	67
Theater (Bob Hope)	1	1	1	1	1
Weber Point Events Center	1	1	1	1	1
Consolidated landscape maintenance districts:					
Streetscaping (square feet)	3.6 million				
Public open spaces (acreage)	70	70	70	70	70

# City of Stockton Table 21 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program/Department (Continued) Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020			
Library:								
City branches	8	8	8	8	8			
Library mobile units	2	1	2	2	2			
San Joaquin County branches	8	7	8	8	8			
Total items in collection	396,659	547,525	655,305	704,864	875,434			
Cargo delivery van	-	1	2	2	2			
Cargo van	4	4	1	1	1			
Undeveloped land for branch library	1		2	2	2			
Integrated library system	1	1	1	1	1			
Microform readers	5	5	-	-	7			
Microform readers/printers	4	6	6	6	7			
Self check out machines	13	13	21	21	22			
Water utility:								
Water main lines (miles)	619	612	702	702	702			
Storage capacity (thousand gallons)	26,200	26,200	26,200	26,200	26,200			
Water wells (active)	9	12	19	20	20			
Water reservoirs	7	8	8	8	8			
Wastewater utility:								
Wastewater main lines (miles)	929	922	921	919	887			
Treatment capacity (million gals/day)	55	55	55	55	55			
Wastewater pump stations	28	28	28	28	27			
Stormwater utility:								
Stormwater main drain lines (miles)	627	612	628	627	627			
Stormwater pump stations	76	76	75	73	73			
Parking Authority:								
Parking spaces	5,179	5,179	5,179	5,440	5,440			
Parking lots & garages	21	21	21	21	21			

Source: City of Stockton Departments



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