RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF 2017 ADEQUATE PROGRESS REPORT DELTA FARMS RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 2042 BISHOP TRACT FOR URBAN LEVEL OF FLOOD PROTECTION (ULOP)

WHEREAS, State of California Senate Bill 5 has determined that a 200-year level of protection shall be the new standard for urban and urbanizing areas to achieve Urban Level of Flood Protection (ULOP); and,

WHEREAS, this Reclamation District is desirous of achieving said 200-year level of protection for Urban Level of Flood Protection (ULOP); and,

WHEREAS, the Reclamation District's Engineers have conducted an evaluation of its levee system to identify the work needed to comply with the Urban Levee Design Criteria (ULDC); and,

WHEREAS, the City of Stockton has requested the District prepare annually an Adequate Progress Report for Urban Level of Protection (ULOP)to demonstrate the steps RD 2042 is taking to secure adequate funding to implement the levee improvements necessary to achieve 200 Year Urban Levee of Flood Protection; and,

WHEREAS, the Reclamation District's Engineers, under the direction of the Board of Trustees, have prepared a 2017 Adequate Progress Report indicating work to be performed and the funding sources for said work through 2024.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED AND ORDERED by the Board of Trustees of Delta Farms Reclamation District No. 2042 – Bishop Tract, as follows:

- 1. That that certain 2017 Adequate Progress Report prepared by the District Engineers on behalf of this Reclamation District is hereby approved.
- 2. That the officers of the District, the Chairman, and/or the Secretary, be, and either of them individually are, hereby authorized and directed to approve on behalf of this Reclamation District, the said 2017 Adequate Progress Report and any and all other agreements, addenda or other documents associated with the said 2017 Adequate Progress Report.

CERTIFICATE

I, MARC HARDY, Chairman of Delta Farms Reclamation District No. 2042, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution is a full, true and correct copy of a Resolution passed by the Board of Trustees of Delta Farms Reclamation District No. 2042 at a meeting thereof held on the 27th day of April 2017, at which meeting a quorum was present; that said Resolution has never been revoked, and the same is now in full force and effect.

DATED: May 15, 2017

CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF DELTA FARMS RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 2042

Reclamation District No. 2042 Bishop Tract 2017 Adequate Progress Report For Urban Level of Protection

May 4, 2017

Prepared for:

Reclamation District No. 2042 and the City of Stockton

Prepared by:

Kjeldsen, Sinnock & Neudeck, Inc.

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Appendix 1 – Conceptual Improvement Plans

Appendix 2 – Detailed Cost Estimate

Appendix 3 – Financial Report (as of 5/4/2017)

Appendix 4 – 2017/2018 Budget

Overview

Kjeldsen, Sinnock and Neudeck, Inc. (KSN) has been engaged by Reclamation District No. 2042 – Bishop Tract (RD 2042) to prepare this document to support the demonstration of "adequate progress" toward the achievement of an Urban Level of Flood Protection (ULOP) within the RD 2042 basin. This document describes the steps that RD 2042 is taking to generate the local funding needed to advance and implement 200-Year levee improvements in accordance with the requirements of Senate Bill 5 (SB5).

RD 2042 is responsible for operating and maintaining the levee system and drainage facilities that provides flood protection for primarily agricultural land, infrastructure, and urban development (comprised of residential and commercial). RD 2042 was formed in 1909, and currently encompasses an area of approximately 3,100 acres, surrounded by 8.0 miles of levee, all located within San Joaquin County. At the time of formation, RD 2042 originally consisted of nearly 2,200 acres. An annexation occurred in 1989 that extended the District's eastern limits to Interstate 5 thereby adding just over 900 acres to RD 2042. Figure 1 shows the RD 2042 levees and boundary.

The levee system of RD 2042 currently provides a 100-year level of protection and is fully accredited by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as meeting the minimum certification criteria as outlined in Title 44, CFR, Section 65.10. FEMA maintains Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) that delineate special flood hazard areas and assist lending institutions and federal agencies to determine whether flood insurance is required. RD 2042 is currently located on FIRM panel numbers 06077C0285F, 06077C0295F, 06077C0305F, and 06077C0315F

With the passage of SB5, the State of California has determined that a 200-year level of protection shall be the new standard for urban and urbanizing areas. The existing RD 2042 levees currently do not meet the updated Urban Levee Design Criteria (ULDC) standards adopted by the Department of Water Resources, and the existing levees are not currently certified to provide 200-year protection. Accordingly, the City of Stockton as the local land use agency, in coordination with RD 2042, are jointly pursuing efforts to achieve ULOP within the RD 2042 boundary.

On behalf of RD 2042, a team of Professional Engineers consisting of Peterson Brustad Inc. (PBI), KSN, and Kleinfelder has conducted an evaluation of the RD 2042 levee system in accordance with ULDC. The goal of the evaluation was to identify any deficiencies and countermeasures needed to comply with the State's 200-year standards and to meet the requirements of making a ULOP finding for the City of Stockton. The purpose of this Adequate Progress Report is to address the ULOP requirements for adequate requirements:

- 1. Identify the geographic area which will have a ULOP once the improvements are completed
- 2. Describe the scope, schedule, and cost of completing the flood protection improvements described the Engineer's Report
- 3. Identify critical features of the system which are under construction
- 4. Provide evidence that there are revenues sufficient to fund each year of the project improvements.

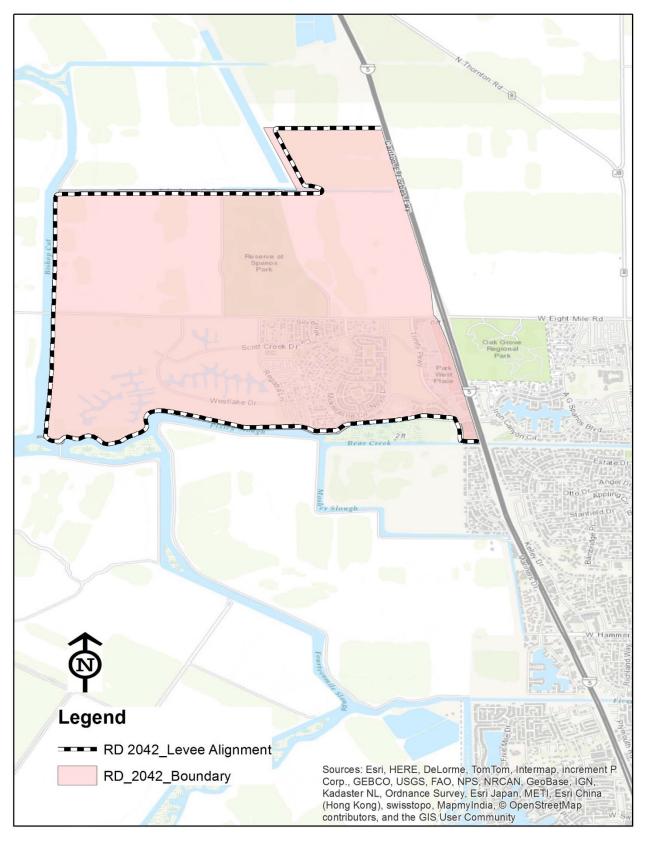


Figure 1 - RD 2042 Levee and Boundary

Project Improvements

In order for the RD 2042 levee system to meet ULDC, improvements are needed to pipe penetrations. Pipe penetration rehabilitation is necessary at various locations, primarily due to deteriorated conditions. The improvements consist of reconstructing pipe penetrations that cross the levee by removing and replacing the portion of pipe through the levee prism and installing a positive closure device (i.e. gate valve). The new pipes will be installed above the Design Water Surface Elevation (DWSE). Conceptual improvement plans are included in Appendix 1. Locations of the pipe penetrations to be rehabilitated are shown on Figure 2 and listed in Table 1.

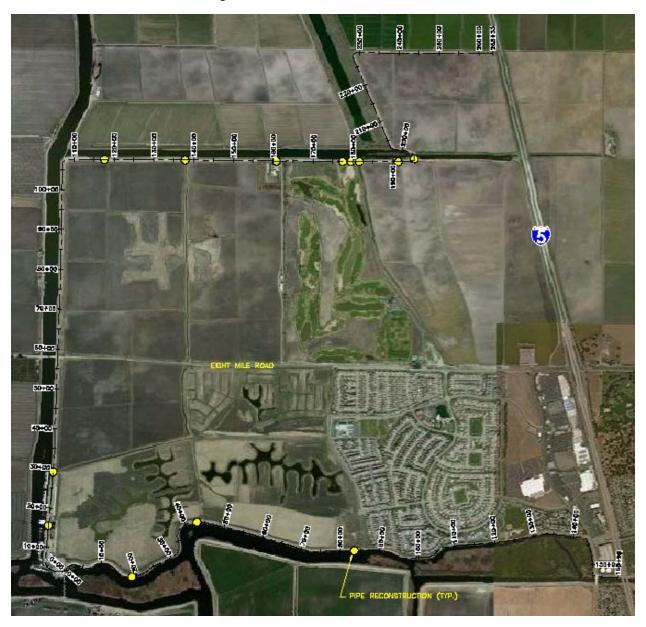


Figure 2 - Pipe Penetration Rehabilitation Locations

Table 1 - Pipe Penetration Rehabilitations

Station	Pipe Diameter (inches)
N 15+50	16
N 29+02	24
N 29+07	24
N 117+57 (underway)	12
N 137+81 (underway)	16
N 160+73	16
N 177+38	16
N 179+51	24
N 181+58	16
N 191+34	16
N 195+72	48
S 18+82	12
S 43+01	16
S 83+49	16

Project Cost

The total cost associated with the pipe penetration rehabilitations amounts to \$2,907,000 in 2017 dollars. This cost represents the total cost to obtain full ULDC compliance for the RD 2042 levee system. A summary of this cost is shown below in Table 2. A more detailed breakdown of the project costs is included in Appendix 2.

Table 2 - Summary of Project Costs

Description		Total Cost (2017\$)
Construction		\$1,730,000
Soft Costs		\$692,000
20% Contingency		\$484,400
	Total:	\$2,907,000

Project Schedule

It is anticipated that two to three pipes will be rehabilitated each year for the next seven years. An estimated schedule of rehabilitation work is shown below in Table 3. An annual escalator of 3% was used to determine the total cost in any given year as shown in Table 3. Work on the 2017 penetrations is currently underway.

Table 3 - Estimated Project Schedule

Year	Pipe Penetration	Total Cost
2017	N 117+57, N 137+81	\$278,800
2018	N 160+73, N 177+38	\$332,100
2019	N 179+51, N 181+58	\$458,400
2020	N 195+72	\$622,800
2021	N 191+34, N 15+50	\$362,900
2022	N 29+02	\$314,100
2023	N 29+07, S 18+82	\$463,700
2024	S 43+01, S 83+49	\$396,600

Project Funding

RD 2042 is the sole funding entity for the ULDC improvements. A current financial report that indicates balances for all RD 2042 funds is included in Appendix 3. There is currently a balance of \$1,222,100 in the contingency fund and \$500,000 in the ULDC fund.

As the sole funding entity, RD 2042 will be responsible for funding the improvements. The primary source of revenue for RD 2042 is from the existing assessment district which generates approximately \$550,000 per year. Other sources of income generate another \$107,000 per year. A copy of this year's RD 2042 budget is included in Appendix 4. In order to fund the improvements, RD 2042 has created a new ULDC fund and will reallocate excess budget funds previously directed to the contingency fund. For the fiscal year 2017/2018, this translates to approximately \$340,000 being available to fund the first year of ULDC improvements.

A cash flow analysis that demonstrates a feasible solution for implementation of the needed 200-year ULDC improvements is shown below in Table 4. Table 4 conservatively assumes that the ULDC fund will be funded at \$340,000 per year. It is expected that this table will be refined over time as the planning and development of the project progress over time.

Table 4 - Cash Flow Analysis

Description	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Beginning Balance	\$0	\$101,200	\$149,100	\$70,700	\$20,000	\$37,100	\$103,000	\$19,300
Revenues:								
ULDC Fund	\$340,000	\$340,000	\$340,000	\$340,000	\$340,000	\$340,000	\$340,000	\$340,000
Transfer from Contingency Fund	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$232,100	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000
Total Revenues	\$380,000	\$380,000	\$380,000	\$572,100	\$380,000	\$380,000	\$380,000	\$380,000
Expenditures:								
ULDC Improvements	\$278,800	\$332,100	\$458,400	\$622,800	\$362,900	\$314,100	\$463,700	\$396,600
Total Expenditures	\$278,800	\$332,100	\$458,400	\$622,800	\$362,900	\$314,100	\$463,700	\$396,600
Ending Balance	\$101,200	\$149,100	\$70,700	\$20,000	\$37,100	\$103,000	\$19,300	\$2,700

Appendix 1
Conceptual Improvement Plans

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 2042

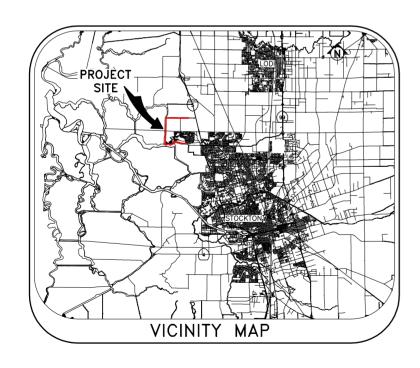
BISHOP TRACT

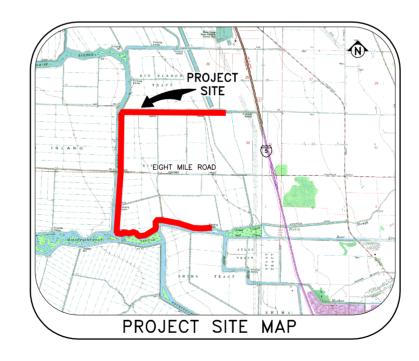
STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA

URBAN LEVEE DESIGN CRITERIA, PROJECT NO. 13.1

PENETRATION REHABILITATION

VARIOUS LOCATIONS





/	SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION	_ //
	1	TITLE SHEET	
	2	BASE MAP	
	3-4	DETAILS	
, \			/
	SH	EET INDEX	

BEFORE YOU	Submittal		
	%	Date	
	10%	9/23/2016	
227			

K | KJELDSEN 711 N. Pershing Avenue Stockton, CA 95203 (209) 946-0268 S SINNOCK_ NEUDECK 1355 Halyard Drive, Suite 180
NEUDECK West Sacramento, CA 95691
INC. Civil Engineers (916) 403-5900 Civil Engineers

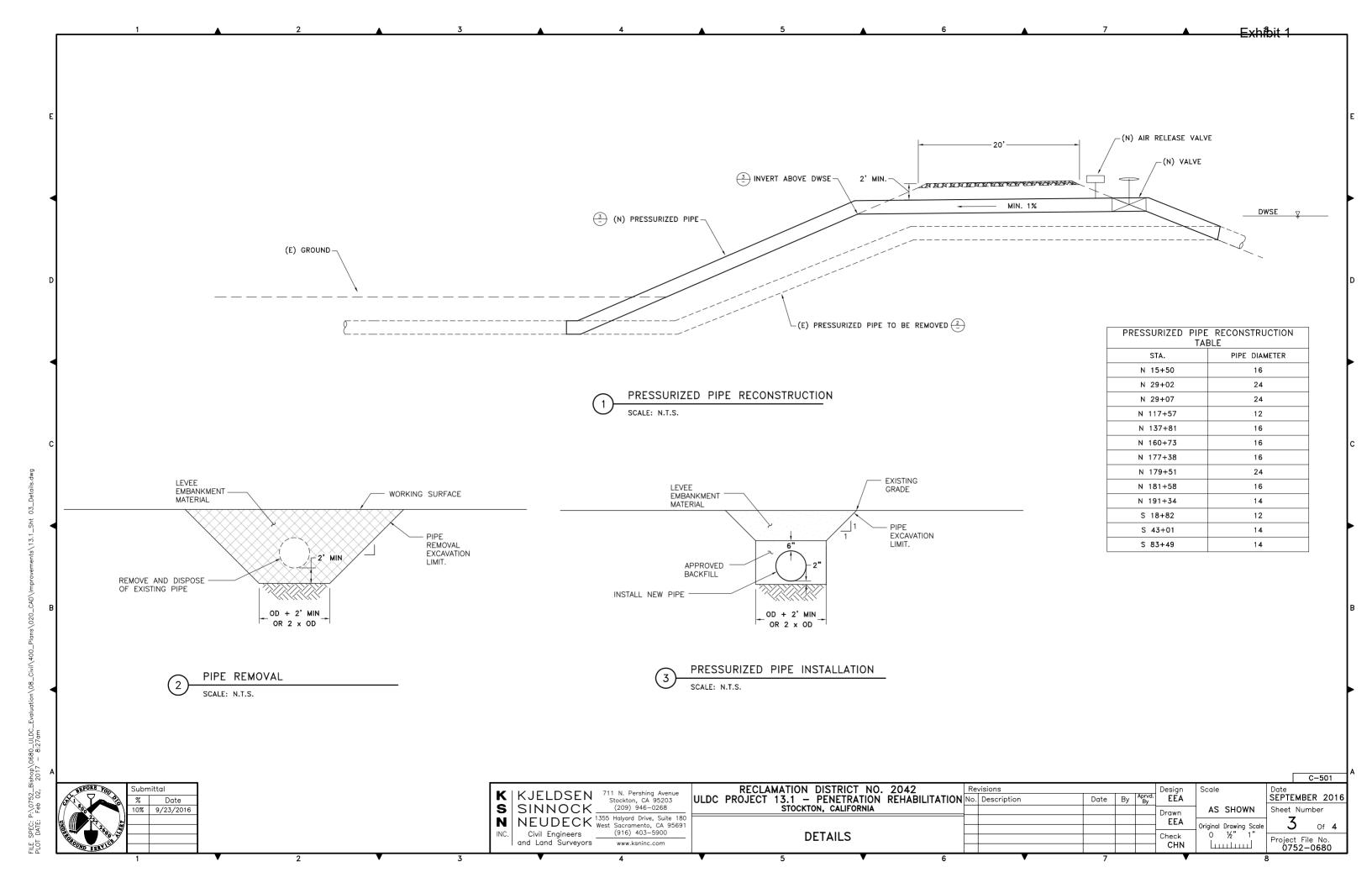
RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 2042

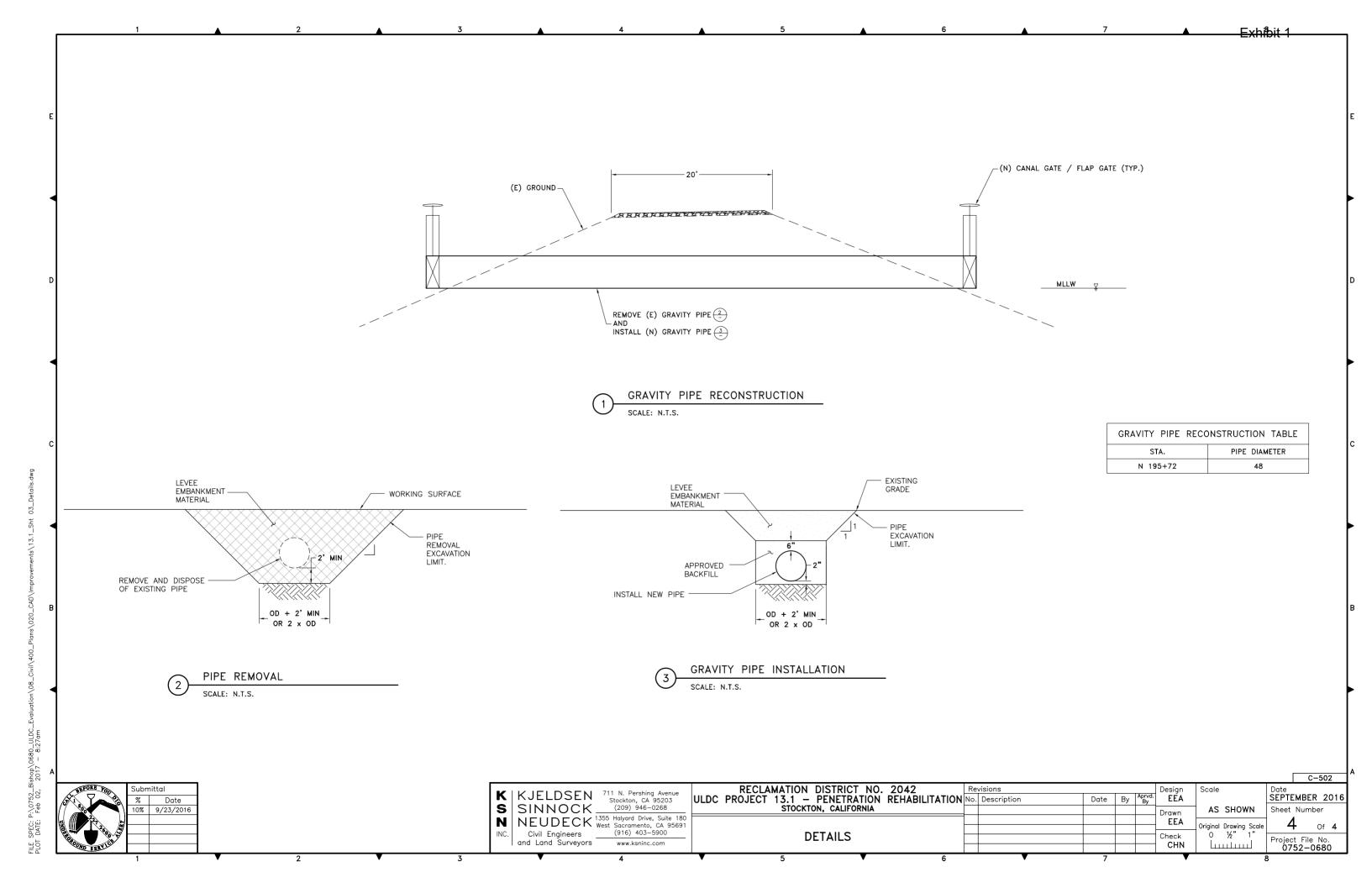
ULDC PROJECT 13.1 — PENETRATION REHABILITATION STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA

Revisions
No. Description TITLE SHEET

C-001 Design **EEA** Date SEPTEMBER 2016 AS SHOWN EEA Check







Appendix 2

Detailed Cost Estimate

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 2042 - BISHOP TRACT ULDC EVALUATION STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA

OPINION OF PROBABLE COSTS DETAILS OF PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

Item Description	Quantity	Unit Unit	Cost Total Cost
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PROJECT NO. 13.1 PENETRATION REHABILITATION

Cons	struction				
1.	Mobilization			3%	\$49,000
2.	Erosion Control			3%	\$49,000
3.	Reconstruct Existing 12" Pipe	2	EA	\$60,000	\$120,000
4.	Reconstruct Existing 16" Pipe	8	EA	\$80,000	\$640,000
5.	Reconstruct Existing 24" Pipe	3	EA	\$125,000	\$375,000
6.	Reconstruct Existing 48" Pipe	1	EA	\$200,000	\$200,000
7.	Air Release Valve	13	EA	\$2,000	\$26,000
8.	12" Valve	2	EA	\$4,000	\$8,000
9.	16" Valve	8	EA	\$8,500	\$68,000
10.	24" Valve	3	EA	\$25,000	\$75,000
11.	48" Valve	2	EA	\$60,000	\$120,000
				Subtotal:	\$1,730,000

Man	gement / Environmental / Engineering		
1.	Administration	5%	\$86,500
2.	Planning	3%	\$51,900
3.	Environmental and Permitting	5%	\$86,500
4.	Geotechnical Engineering	2%	\$34,600
5.	Surveying and Civil Engineering	10%	\$173,000
6.	Construction Management and Inspection	12%	\$207,600
7.	Mitigation	3%	\$51,900
		Subtotal:	\$640 100

SUBTOTAL:	\$2,422,000
CONTINGENCY (20%):	\$484,400
PROJECT TOTAL:	\$2,907,000

Appendix 3

Financial Report (as of 5/4/2017)



Reclamation District 2042

GENERAL LEDGER DATES: 4/1/2017 - 5/5/2017

101 - 0	General	Fund	53501
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Date	Description		Debits	Credits	Ref	Doc#	Trans Title	
4/1/17	Balance Forward		3824.82	0.00)		
		Totals:	3,824.82	0.00	Net:		3,824.82	
106 - Fu	nd 53511 Contingend	:y						
Date	Description		Debits	Credits	Ref I	Doc#	Trans Title	
4/1/17	Balance Forward		1722100.00	0.00	i)		
5/1/17	to fund 53596		0.00	500000.00	Fund transfe 9	937	Fund Transfer	
		Totals:	1,722,100.00	500,000.00	Net:		1,222,100.00	
107 - Fu	nd 53594 Maint & Op							
Date	Description		Debits	Credits	Ref I	Doc#	Trans Title	
4/1/17	Balance Forward		166089.11	0.00	()	,	v.
- Andrews		Totals:	166,089.11	0.00	Net:		166,089.11	
112 - Fu	nd 53596 ULDC							
Date	Description		Debits	Credits	Ref [سر # Doc#	Trans Title	
5/1/17	from fund 53511)	500000.00			937	Fund Transfer	1
		Totals:	500,000.00	0.00	Net:		500,000.00	\mathcal{L}
	Grand	Totals:	2,392,013.93	500,000.00	Net:		1,892,013.93	_

Appendix 4 2017/2018 Budget

RECLAMATION DISTRICT 2042

Proposed 4/27/17

2017/18 BUDGET

UDGET DRAFT

\$252,160 \$544,670 Timated excess to contingency fund 1,000 23,100 50,000 500,000 \$8,400 5,400 11,000 15,200 6,000 9,000 2,400 21,000 8,000 1,200 16,650 340,000 (\$447,950) **TOTAL** 22,500 25,000 (\$131,480) 2,500 1,500 28,000 2,040 8,000 7,000 6,000 20,000 \$500,000 \$1,124,100 1,440 TOTAL TOTAL 25,000 23,100 700 (83,800)100 750 500 750 300 1,000 \$250,000 \$298,100 100 170 500 (\$579,430) Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18 700 80 100 750 500 750 1,000 \$252,160 (\$3,500)150 10,000 170 (\$573,840) 2,000 500 \$826,000 May-18 May-18 May-18 700 80 1,000 5,000 100 750 500 750 300 100 150 (\$8,800)170 1,000 5,000 (87,790)(\$556,550) \$269,450 \$826,000 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 700 80 100 750 500 750 300 1,000 150 (\$4,800)120 (86,790)(\$539,960) 1,000 2,000 170 500 \$826,000 \$286,040 Mar-18 Mar-18 Mar-18 700 0000'9 120 80 100 750 500 750 170 100 (89,500)1,000 500 (\$4,790)(\$528,370) \$297,630 \$826,000 Feb-18 Feb-18 Feb-18 15,000 1,000 80 100 750 500 750 7,000 (\$514,080) 700 (\$40,350)170 500 (\$1,790)\$826,000 \$311,920 Jan-18 Jan-18 Jan-18 100 7,000 500 750 300 150 \$250,000 25,000 700 100 (\$97,250) 1,000 170 500 20,000 (\$21,790)(\$471,940) \$275,000 \$354,060 \$826,000 Dec-17 Dec-17 Dec-17 100 150 85,000 80 700 100 700 500 750 (888,450)500 2,000 6,000 (\$16,290)(\$352,900) 7,000 \$551,000 \$198,100 Nov-17 Nov-17 Nov-17 1,000 50,000 Net of \$150,000 Funds Transferred to Contingency Fund 80 700 450 6,000 100 750 500 750 100 85,000 (\$94,500)10,000 20,000 (\$30,790)(\$248,160) 120 170 500 \$551,000 \$302,840 Oct-17 Oct-17 Oct-17 100 150 85,000 80 700 100 750 500 750 300 (888,800)2,000 (\$10,790)120 170 (\$122,870) 9,000 2,000 500 \$551,000 \$428,130 Sep-17 Sep-17 Sep-17 (to be revised after formal assessment levied) 100 750 500 750 08 700 100 (83,500)2,000 120 (\$13,290)(\$23,280) 170 200 10,000 \$551,000 \$527,720 Aug-17 Aug-17 \$551,000 (\$6,490) 100 750 500 750 200 (\$1,790)500,000 \$700 450 100 (84,700)1,000 120 170 500 \$551,000 \$544,510 Jul-17 Jul-17 Jul-17 Total General Operations Expense - se Office Supplies, Dues, Fees, & Misc Regular Assessment - County roll **Fotal Routine Maint. Expenses** Regular Assessment - Invoiced Routine Maintenance General Operations Subventions Reimbursement R/M Pumps & Pump Station Insurance, E&O & Liability Cumulative Revenue Total Cumulative Expense Total REVENUE Backslope m=Maintenance Pump Maintenance - labor County Operating Funds Worker's Compensation Erosion repairs - rip rap Toe Ditch Maintenance Net Cumulative Total Agency Fees - County SJ Flood Control Checking & Savings Professional Services Professional Services Accounting Services Canal Maintenance Levee Maintenance Vegetation Control Road Maintenance Fotal Revenues Property Taxes Rodent Control ULDC fund Levee Patrol Engineering Engineering PG & E



Urban Levee Design Criteria (ULDC) Evaluation of the RD 2042 Levee System Cover Memorandum/

Prepared for:

Reclamation District 2042: Bishop Tract

November 7, 2016





Prepared by:

Ryan Dunne, EIT and Michael Pantell, EIT

Reviewed by:

Dave Peterson, PE and Mike Rossiter, PE, CFM

1.0 Introduction

Reclamation District 2042 - Bishop Tract (RD 2042) has conducted an evaluation of their levees in accordance with the State of California Urban Levee Design Criteria (ULDC). The goal of the evaluation was to identify any deficiencies and countermeasures needed to comply with the State's 200-year standards and to meet the requirements of making an Urban Level of Protection (ULOP) "finding" set forth by the State. The enclosed technical memoranda are intended to serve as the Engineer's Report which is a key element to support a ULOP finding based on the ULDC EVD-1 finding requirements.

ULOP findings made pursuant to this Engineer's Report must be supported by all 6 findings in the ULOP (FND-1 through FND-6), and also be supported by an Independent Panel of Experts (IPE) report and an Engineers Response to Comments from the IPE report, per the listed requirements of making an EVD-1 finding.

Periodic reviews under FND-3 and FND-4 must be performed at least every 5 years commencing with the initial finding, and consider changes in engineering standards and practice, changing hydrology, sea-level rise, climate change, physical changes in the system, new data, system performance, physical condition, and any other relevant factors affecting sustainable performance.

2.0 Background of the RD 2042 Levee System

RD 2042 is located in San Joaquin County, on the north end of the City of Stockton and just west of Interstate-5. The RD 2042 levees are currently accredited to 100-year FEMA standards per 44CFR 65.10. All ULDC analyses in the enclosed deliverable were performed on the levee system as it stands today.



3.0 Contents of the ULDC Binders

The engineer's report herein includes two (2) volumes of binders covering the subjects that are required for a ULDC evaluation. Table 1 identifies the author and the location of each required ULDC analysis:

Table 1. Responsible party and location of required ULDC analyses.

Required ULDC Section		Responsible Party	Memo Location
7.1	Design Water Surface Elevation	PBI	Volume 1
7.2	Minimum Top of Levee	PBI	Volume 1
7.3	Soil Sampling, Testing and Logging	KLEINFELDER	Volume 2
7.4	Slope Stability for Intermittently Loaded Levees	KLEINFELDER	Volume 2
7.5	Underseepage for Intermittently Loaded Levees	KLEINFELDER	Volume 2
7.6	Frequently Loaded Levees	PBI	Volume 1
7.7	Seismic Vulnerability	KLEINFELDER	Volume 2
7.8	Levee Geometry	KSN	Volume 1
7.9	Interfaces and Transitions	KLEINFELDER	Volume 2
7.10	Erosion	KSN	Volume 1
7.11	Right-of-Way	KSN	Volume 1
7.12	Encroachments	KSN	Volume 1
7.13	Penetrations	PBI	Volume 1
7.14	Floodwalls, Retaining Walls, and Closure Structures	KSN	Volume 1
7.15	Animal Burrows	KSN	Volume 1
7.16	Levee Vegetation	KSN	Volume 1
7.17	Wind Setup and Wave Run-up	PBI	Volume 1
7.18	Security	KSN	Volume 1
7.19	Sea Level Rise	PBI	Volume 1
7.20	Emergency Actions	KSN	Volume 1
8.0	O&M, Inspection, Monitoring, and Remediation of Poor Performance	KSN	Volume 1

All reports and appendices are also provided on a DVD that accompanies this deliverable.



4.0 Summary of ULDC Deficiencies and Proposed Improvements

Each of the required ULDC analyses that are identified in Table 2 concluded that either (a) the RD 2042 levee system met ULDC standards, (b) a long-term remediation plan is required to meet ULDC standards, or (c) levee improvements are required to meet ULDC standards.

Table 2. Levee improvements required in order to meet ULDC standards

ULDC Criteria	Long Term Plan Required	Improvements Required	
7.1 Design Water Surface Elevation			
7.2 Minimum Top of Levee			
7.3 Soil Sampling, Testing, and Logging			
7.4 Slope Stability for Intermittently Loaded Levees			
7.5 Underseepage for Intermittently Loaded Levees			
7.6 Frequently Loaded Levees			
7.7 Seismic Vulnerability	X		
7.8 Levee Geometry			
7.9 Interfaces and Transitions			
7.10 Erosion			
7.11 Right-of-Way	x	x	
7.12 Encroachments	X		
7.13 Penetrations	x	X	
7.14 Floodwalls, Retaining Wall, and Closure Structures			
7.15 Animal Burrows ¹			
7.16 Levee Vegetation ¹			
7.17 Wind Setup and Wave Runup			
7.18 Security	X		
7.19 Sea Level Rise			
7.20 Emergency Actions	X		
8.0 Operations and Maintenance	X		

Several items require long-term plans to meet ULDC criteria. These plans were drafted and are provided in their respective memorandums for each of the ULDC sections.

Improvements to right-of-way and penetrations are required to meet ULDC standards. Table 3 describes the right-of-way deficiencies and Figure 1 summarizes the penetration deficiencies that were found

¹ 7.15 Animal Burrows and 7.16 Levee Vegetation do not require improvements but instead only require a more focused effort in identified reaches during normal operations and maintenance procedures. ULDC Evaluation of the RD 2042 Levee System

through their respective ULDC analyses. This information is discussed further in the individual ULDC sections and in the *Improvements/Cost Estimate* memo, both located in Volume 1 of this deliverable.

Table 3. Existing right-of-way deficiencies

Region	Landside Zone Width	No. of Parcels	Required Acreage	
Developed	10'	7	1.5	
Undeveloped	20'	20	35.7	



Figure 1. Location of pipe penetrations proposed for improvements.



5.0 200-year Floodplains within RD 2042

PBI completed a floodplain mapping study as part of the RD 2042 ULDC analysis. The floodplain mapping TM provided an understanding of the magnitude (depth and extent) of the 200-year floodplain within RD 2042. The PBI memorandum, *RD 2042 Bishop Tract ULDC Evaluation – Floodplain Mapping* is located in Volume 1 of this deliverable and discusses the details of the hydraulics study.

The study resulted in 200-year flood maps under two different scenarios:

- (1) RD 2042 levees do not attain ULDC/ULOP accreditation and are assumed to fail during a 200-year event (Figure 2), and
- (2) RD 2042 levees achieve ULDC/ULOP accreditation and are assumed to hold during a 200-year event (Figure 3).

Under the scenario where RD 2042 levees are ULDC/ULOP accredited, upstream levees along Bear Creek and Pixley Slough are still assumed to be unaccredited and were modeled to fail during a 200-year scenario. Some of this breach water travels through the under crossings of the Interstate-5 embankment and settles within RD 2042, however flood depths in this scenario largely remain less than 3-feet in areas outside of streets and ponds.

6.0 Conclusion

Once the proposed RD 2042 levee improvements are complete, the levee system will meet all ULDC requirements and the 200-year floodplain will be revised as shown in Figure 3.

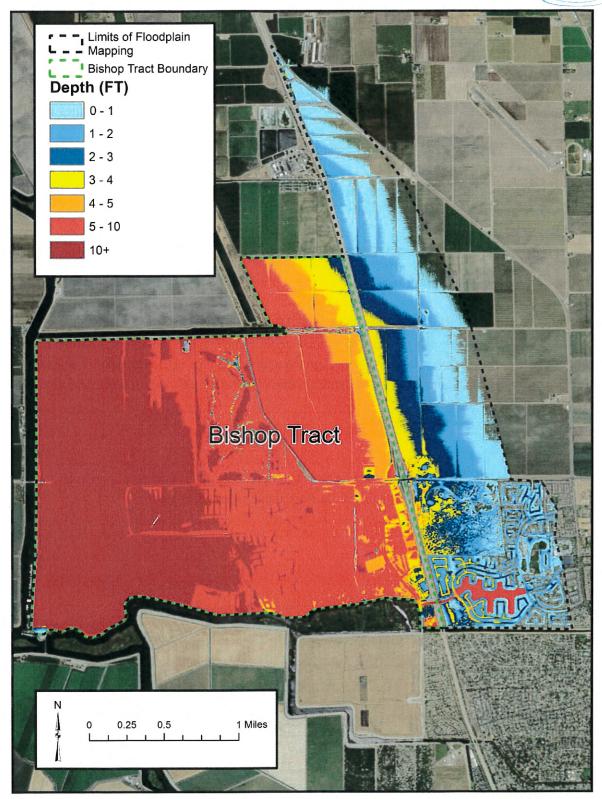


Figure 2. 200-year floodplain depths without ULDC/ULOP accreditation of RD 2042 levees.

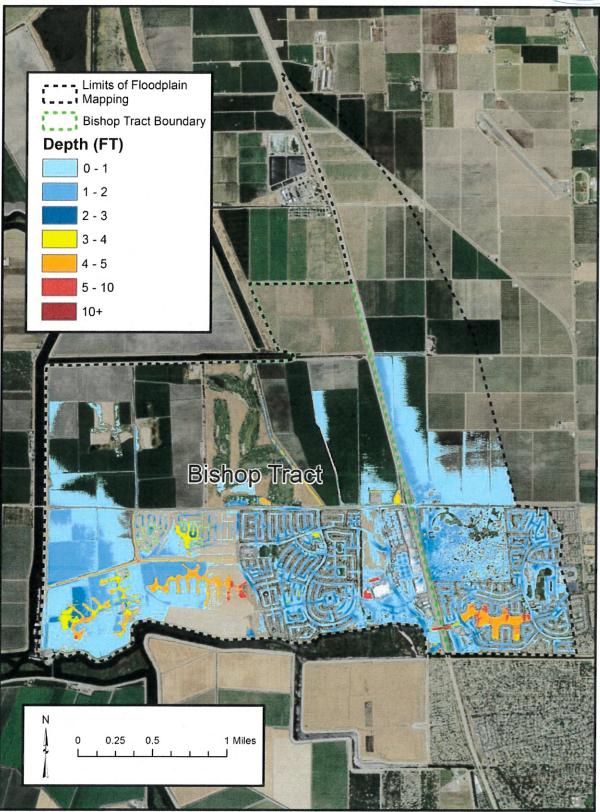


Figure 3. 200-year floodplain depths with ULDC/ULOP accreditation of RD 2042 levees.